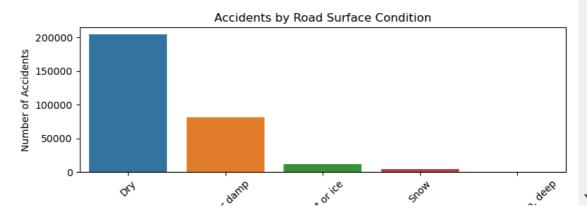
```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import seaborn as sns
        import os
        # File path
        file path = r"C:/Users/nidhi/Downloads/Road Accident Data (1).csv"
        # Check if file exists
        if not os.path.exists(file_path):
            print(f" X File not found: {file_path}")
        else:
            # Load dataset
            df = pd.read_csv(file_path)
            # Show available columns
            # Drop missing values from important columns
            df.dropna(subset=['Road_Surface_Conditions', 'Weather_Conditions', 'Time
            # Accidents by Road Condition
            road_condition_counts = df['Road_Surface_Conditions'].value_counts()
            plt.figure(figsize=(8, 4))
            sns.barplot(x=road_condition_counts.index, y=road_condition_counts.value)
            plt.title("Accidents by Road Surface Condition")
            plt.xlabel("Road Surface Condition")
            plt.ylabel("Number of Accidents")
            plt.xticks(rotation=45)
            plt.tight_layout()
            plt.show()
            # Accidents by Weather Condition
            weather_counts = df['Weather_Conditions'].value_counts()
            plt.figure(figsize=(8, 4))
            sns.barplot(x=weather counts.index, y=weather counts.values)
            plt.title("Accidents by Weather Condition")
            plt.xlabel("Weather Condition")
            plt.ylabel("Number of Accidents")
            plt.xticks(rotation=45)
            plt.tight_layout()
            plt.show()
            # Accidents by Time of Day
            df['Hour'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Time'], format='%H:%M', errors='coerce')
            df = df.dropna(subset=['Hour'])
            df['Hour'] = df['Hour'].astype(int)
            hourly_accidents = df['Hour'].value_counts().sort_index()
            plt.figure(figsize=(10, 4))
            sns.lineplot(x=hourly_accidents.index, y=hourly_accidents.values, market
            plt.title("Accidents by Hour of Day")
            plt.xlabel("Hour of Day")
            plt.ylabel("Number of Accidents")
            plt.xticks(range(0, 24))
            plt.tight_layout()
            plt.show()
```

```
# Accident Hotspots (Geospatial)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.scatterplot(x=df['Longitude'], y=df['Latitude'], alpha=0.3)
plt.title('Accident Hotspots')
plt.xlabel('Longitude')
plt.ylabel('Latitude')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
# Correlation Matrix (Contributing Factors)
factors = ['Road_Surface_Conditions', 'Weather_Conditions', 'Hour']
factor_data = pd.get_dummies(df[factors], drop_first=True)
corr_matrix = factor_data.corr()
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 10))
sns.heatmap(corr matrix, annot=False, cmap='coolwarm', cbar=True)
plt.title("Correlation Between Contributing Factors")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

Columns in dataset:

['Accident_Index', 'Accident Date', 'Month', 'Day_of_Week', 'Year', 'Ju nction_Control', 'Junction_Detail', 'Accident_Severity', 'Latitude', 'Li ght_Conditions', 'Local_Authority_(District)', 'Carriageway_Hazards', 'L ongitude', 'Number_of_Casualties', 'Number_of_Vehicles', 'Police_Force', 'Road_Surface_Conditions', 'Road_Type', 'Speed_limit', 'Time', 'Urban_or_Rural_Area', 'Weather_Conditions', 'Vehicle_Type']



In []: