

## WEEK 7

Configure OSPF routing protocol.

OBSERVATION:

27/7/20

### LAB - 7

Aim:  
Configure OSPF routing Protocol.

Diagram illustrating the network topology for OSPF configuration:

- R1 (Area 1) is connected to R2 (Area 2) via a serial link.
- R2 (Area 2) is connected to R3 (Area 2) via a serial link.
- R1 has a loopback interface 10.0.0.1/24 (Area 3) and a serial interface 20.0.0.1/24.
- R2 has serial interfaces 20.0.0.2/24 and 30.0.0.1/24 (Area 2).
- R3 has a serial interface 30.0.0.2/24 and a loopback interface 40.0.0.1/24 (Area 2).
- PCs are connected to R1 and R3. The PC under R1 has IP 10.0.0.10. The PC under R3 has IP 40.0.0.10.

### PROCEDURE

- Config the PCs with the IP Address & gateway.
- Config each of the routers according to IP Address given in the topology.
- Enabling Encapsulation PPP and clock rate need to be set as done in RIP protocol experiment.

In router R1

```
R1 (config) # router ospf 1
R1 (config-router) # router-id 1.1.1.1
R1 (config-router) # network 10.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 3
R1 (config-router) # network 20.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 1
R1 (config-router) # exit
```

In Route R2

```
R2(Config)#router ospf 1
R2(Config-router)#router-id 2.2.2.2
# network 20.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 1
# network 30.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 0
# exit.
```

In Route R3

```
R3(Config)#router ospf 1
R3(Config-router)#router-id 3.3.3.3
# network 20.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 0
# network 40.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 2
# exit.
```

```
R1(Config-if)#interface loopback 0
# ip add 172.16.1.252.255.255.0.0
# no shutdown
```

```
R2(Config-if)#interface loopback 0
# ip add 172.16.1.253.255.255.0.0
# no shutdown
```

```
R3(Config-if)#interface loopback 0
# ip add 172.16.1.254.255.255.0.0
# no shutdown.
```

In Route R1.

```
R1(Config)#router ospf 1
R1(Config-router)#area 1 virtual-link 2.2.2.2
R1(Config-router)#
```



In Route R2

R2 (config)# router ospf 1

R2 (config-router)# area 1 virtual-link 1-1-1-1

" " # exit

R3 (config) #

checking the routing table, show ip route  
lastly ping messages from PC to PC

### PING OUTPUT

Packet Tracer PC - Command line 1.0

PC > ping 40.0.0.10

pinging 40.0.0.10 with 32 bytes of data  
Request timed out

Reply from 40.0.0.10: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=125

Reply from 40.0.0.10: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=125

Reply from 40.0.0.10: bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=125

Ping statistics for 40.0.0.10

Packets: sent=4 Received=3, lost=1 (25% loss)

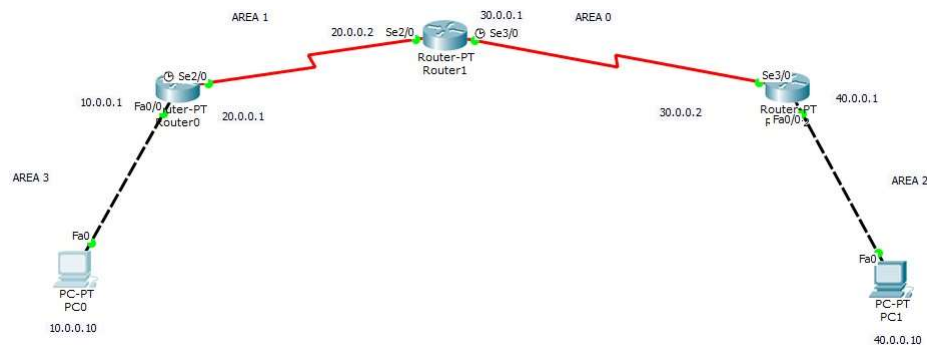
Approximate round trip times in milliseconds

Minimum=8ms, Maximum=11ms Average=10ms

### OBSERVATION.

- OSPF is a link-state routing protocol that is used to find the best path between source & destination router using its own SPF algorithm.
- This network is divided into 4 areas, where area 0 is the backbone.
- After we make the virtual-link between the area which is not connected to the backbone area, we can ping messages successfully.

## TOPOLOGY:



## OUTPUT:

