

5/11/24

Week - 1

## 2. Hotel Management System (SRS)

### 1. Introduction Problem Statement

Traditional hotel management processes often rely on manual methods, leading to inefficiencies, errors, and delays. To address these challenges, there is a need for a comprehensive Hotel Management System (HMS) that automates various tasks, including reservation management, guest services, billing, inventory control, and reporting. The goal is to develop a robust HMS that enhances operational efficiency, improves guest satisfaction, and enables hotel staff to focus on delivering exceptional service.

### i] Introduction

#### 1.1 Purpose of this document:-

To provide a comprehensive understanding of the requirements and functionalities of the HMS.

#### 1.2 Scope of this document:-

Describes the intended users, features, and benefits of the HMS, along with development cost & time estimates.

#### 1.3 Overview:-

Gives a brief summary of the HMS, outlining its primary functions such as room booking, check-in/out, and billing.

### ii] General Description:-

- Objective:- To automate and streamline hotel operations, improving efficiency and guest experience.



- User characteristics: Front desk staff, housekeeping, guests
- Features:
  - Room booking → Allows guests to book rooms
  - Check-in/out → Facilitates the check-in/out for guests
  - Inventory Management → housekeep status, amenities
  - Billing → Generates invoices, processes payments, & manages accounts.
  - Importance → Enhances guest satisfaction, increase revenue
  - User community → Includes hotel staff & guests, with varying levels of access & privileges.

### iii) Functional Requirements:

- Room Booking
  - Users can search for available rooms based on criteria such as date, room type & occupancy.
- Users can select rooms & proceed with the booking process.
- Check in/out
- Inventory management
- Generates invoices for room charges, & taxes.

### iv) Interface Requirements:

- User Interface:
  - Intuitive interfaces for staff and guests, accessible via web browsers or mobile apps.
- Payment Integration:
  - Integration with payment gateways for secure online payments.
- Communication:
  - Email notifications, feedback requests, reminders



## v) Performance Requirements:-

- Response time:

→ System should respond promptly to user requests, with minimal latency.

- Availability:-

→ System should be available 24/7; with scheduled maintenance windows communicated in advance.

- Scalability:-

→ Ability to handle peak loads during high-demand periods

## vi) Design Constraints:-

- Hardware / Software Limitations:

→ compatibility with existing hardware & software infrastructure.

- → Support for multiple platforms (Windows, macOS, etc.)

- Regulatory Compliance:

- compliance with data protection regulations and industry standards.

## vii) Non-Functional Attributes:-

- Encryption of sensitive data (e.g., credit card details)

- Role based access control to restrict unauthorized access.

- Reliability:-

→ System should be robust and resilient, with fail over mechanisms to prevent downtime.

- Usability:-

→ Intuitive user interfaces, with clear navigation &

helpful tips.

- Scalability:-

→ Architecture should support horizontal scaling to accommodate growth in user base and transaction volume.

viii] Preliminary Schedule and Budgets

- Schedule:-

→ Estimated timeline for development, testing & deployment phases.

- Budget:-

→ Cost estimates for development resources,

Software licenses and Infrastructure