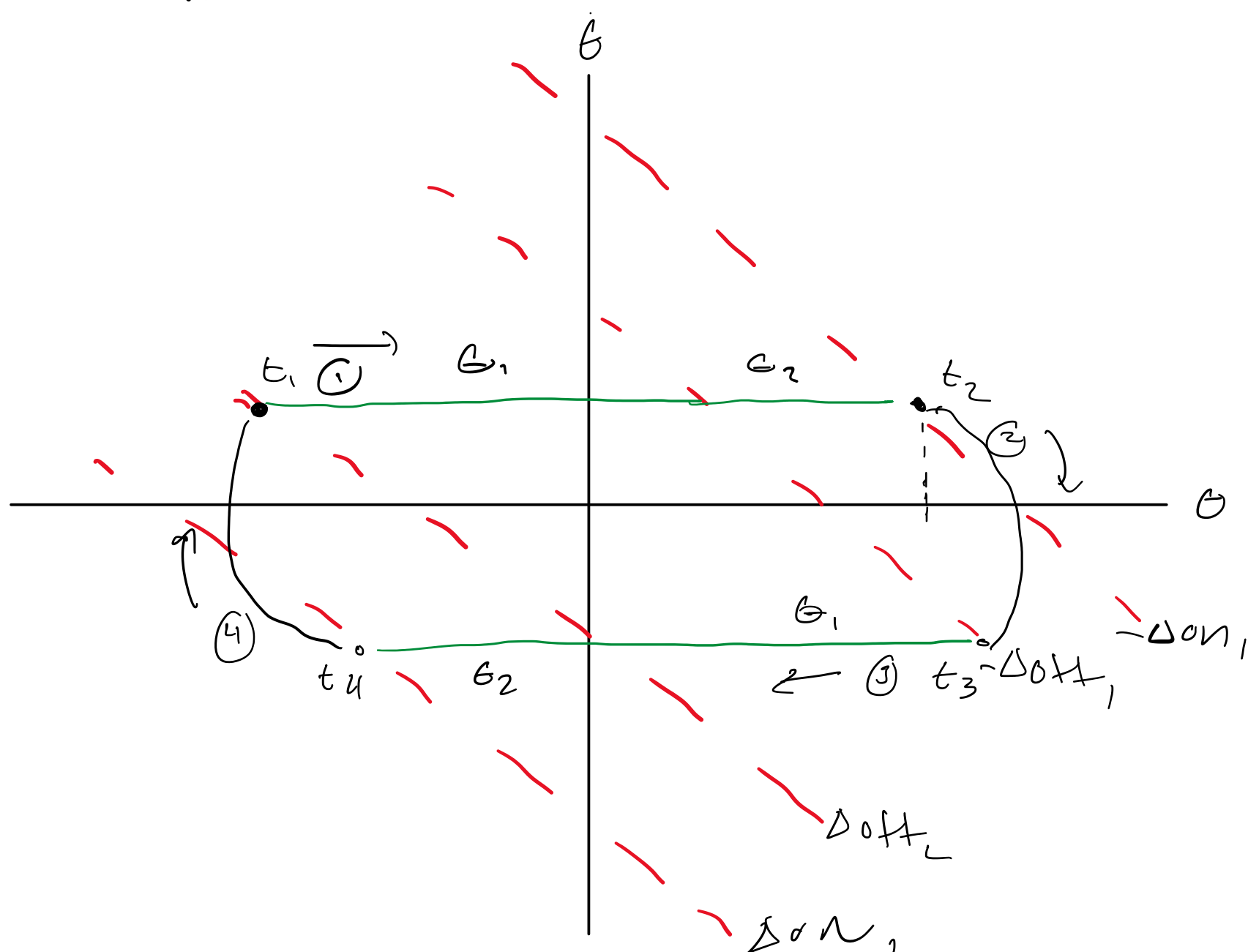


Sunday, November 13, 2022 8:34 PM

Gagandeep Thapar

- 1) a) Duty Cycle of Switch = 100% (never turns off)

b) Schmitt Trigger



$$\Delta \alpha_1 \sim e + \tau \dot{e} = \theta + \tau \dot{\theta}$$

$$\Delta_{011} \sim e + \tau \dot{e} = \theta - \tau \dot{\theta}$$

$$\Delta \mathcal{O} n_1 \sim e^+ \tau \dot{e} = -\theta - \tau \dot{\theta} = -\Delta \mathcal{O} n$$

$$\Delta_{off_2} \sim e^{\tau \dot{\theta}} = -\theta + \tau \dot{\theta} = -\Delta_{off}$$

recall:  $T = J\ddot{\theta} \quad \therefore \ddot{\theta} = \frac{T}{J}$  where  $T = m$   $\left[ \ddot{\theta} = \frac{m}{J} \right]$

notice:  $\Delta_{on} + \Delta_{off} = \theta + \tau\dot{\theta} + \theta - \tau\dot{\theta}$

$$\frac{2E}{2} = \frac{\Delta \sigma_n + \Delta \sigma_{ff}}{2}$$

$$\Delta_{on} - \Delta_{off} = \theta^* \tau \theta - \theta^* \tau \bar{\theta}$$

$$\dot{\theta} = \frac{\Delta \omega - \Delta \phi}{2\tau}$$

notice:  $t_{\text{rest}} = t_1 + t_3$  and  $t_1 = t_3$

$$t_{\text{front}} = t_2 + t_4 \quad \text{and} \quad t_2 = t_4$$

$$\therefore t_{\text{rest}} = 2t_1$$

$$t_{\text{turnoff}} = 2t_2$$

$$DC = \frac{t_{\text{thrust}}}{t_{\text{rest}} + t_{\text{thrust}}} = \frac{2t_2}{2t_1 + 2t_2} = \frac{t_2}{t_1 + t_2}$$

notice:  $\Theta(t) = \Theta_0 + \dot{\Theta}(t)$   $\odot$

$$\theta(t_1) = -\theta + \dot{\theta} t_1 + \frac{1}{2} \ddot{\theta} t_1^2$$

$$\dot{\theta} t_1 = 2\theta$$

$$t_1 = \frac{-2G}{\dot{A}}$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \frac{\Delta \sigma_{on} + \Delta \sigma_{off}}{2} \right)}{\frac{\Delta \sigma_{on} - \Delta \sigma_{off}}{2\tau}} = \frac{2\tau (\Delta \sigma_{on} + \Delta \sigma_{off})}{\Delta \sigma_{on} - \Delta \sigma_{off}} = b_1$$

notice:  $\theta(t) = \theta_0 + \ddot{\theta} t$

$$\dot{\Theta}(t_2) = \dot{\Theta} + \ddot{\Theta} t_2 = -\dot{\Theta}$$

$$\dot{\theta} t_2 = -2\theta$$

$$t_2 = \frac{-2\dot{\theta}}{\ddot{\theta}}$$

$$= \frac{-2 \left( \frac{\Delta \sigma_{on} - \Delta \sigma_{off}}{2\tau} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{\tau}}}$$

$$DC = \frac{t_2}{t_1 + t_2}$$

$$= \frac{\Delta_{on-off}}{\tau_{\frac{m}{5}}} \cdot \left( \frac{\Delta_{on-off}}{\tau_{\frac{m}{5}}} + \frac{2\tau(\Delta_{on} + \Delta_{off})}{\Delta_{on-off}} \right)^{-1}$$

$$= \frac{\Delta \alpha - \Delta \sigma t}{\tau^{\frac{m}{5}}} \cdot \left( \frac{(\Delta \alpha - \Delta \sigma t)^2 + 2\tau^2 \frac{m}{5} (\Delta \alpha + \Delta \sigma t)}{(\Delta \alpha - \Delta \sigma t)(\tau^{\frac{m}{5}})} \right)^{-1}$$

$$= (\Delta_{on} - \Delta_{off}) \cdot (\Delta_{on} - \Delta_{off}) \left( \cancel{\tau_{\frac{m}{3}}} \right)$$

$$\left(2\frac{m}{\hbar}\right) (\Delta_{on} - \Delta_{off})^2 + 2\tau^2 \frac{m}{\hbar} (\Delta_{on} + \Delta_{off})$$

$$= \frac{(\Delta_{on} - \Delta_{off})^2}{(\Delta_{on} - \Delta_{off})^2 + 2\tau^2 \frac{w}{j} (\Delta_{on} + \Delta_{off})}$$

---

# Gagandeep Thapar

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AERO 560; HW 4

## Housekeeping

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
```

## Givens and Setup

```
% problem 2
trigger.delOff = 0.1;
trigger.delOn = 0.2;
trigger.mag = 1;

trigger2.delOff = 0.001;
trigger2.delOn = 0.002;

sat.J = 100;

sat.p1.command = 0;
sat.p1.initial = 5;
sat.p1.tau = 5;

% problem 3
sat.mass = 750;
sat.side = 1;
sat.dx = sat.side/2;
sat.dy = sat.side/2;
sat.dz = sat.side/2;

sat.p3.J = sat.mass * sat.side^2 / 6 * eye(3);

sat.zeta = 0.65;    % [~] Dampening Coefficient
```

```
sat.ts = 30;      % [sec] settling time
sat.wn = log(0.02*sqrt(1 - sat.zeta^2))/(-1*sat.zeta*sat.ts);
sat.zeta = sat.zeta*eye(3);
sat.wn = sat.wn*eye(3);

sat.Kd = 2*sat.p3.J*sat.zeta*sat.wn;
sat.Kp = 2*(sat.p3.J)*(sat.wn^2);

sat.T = 50;
sat.HF = sat.T * [-1 0 0 -1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0;
                  0 1 0 0 -1 0 0 1 0 0 -1 0;
                  0 0 1 0 0 -1 0 0 -1 0 0 1];
sat.HM = [0 sat.dz -sat.dy 0 sat.dz -sat.dy 0 -sat.dz sat.dy 0 -sat.dz sat.dy;
          sat.dz 0 -sat.dx -sat.dz 0 sat.dx sat.dz 0 -sat.dx -sat.dz 0 sat.dx;
          -sat.dy sat.dx 0 sat.dy -sat.dx 0 sat.dy -sat.dx 0 -sat.dy sat.dx
          0];

sat.H = [sat.HF;sat.HM];

sat.p3.psi0 = 23;
sat.p3.theta0 = -16;
sat.p3.phi0 = 42;

sat.p3.euls0_lvlh = [sat.p3.psi0;sat.p3.theta0;sat.p3.phi0];
sat.p3.w0_lvlh = [0;0;0];

sat.p3.quat0 = eul_quat(sat.p3.phi0, sat.p3.theta0, sat.p3.psi0);
sat.p3.des_quat = [0;0;0;1];
```

## Simulation

```
p1 = sim('HW4Model.slx', 1000);
p3_sim = sim('HW4ThrusterModel.slx', 100);
```

## Unpack data

P2

```
time = p1.tout;

sat.switch.theta = p1.switch_theta;
sat.switch.thetaDot = p1.switch_thetaDot;

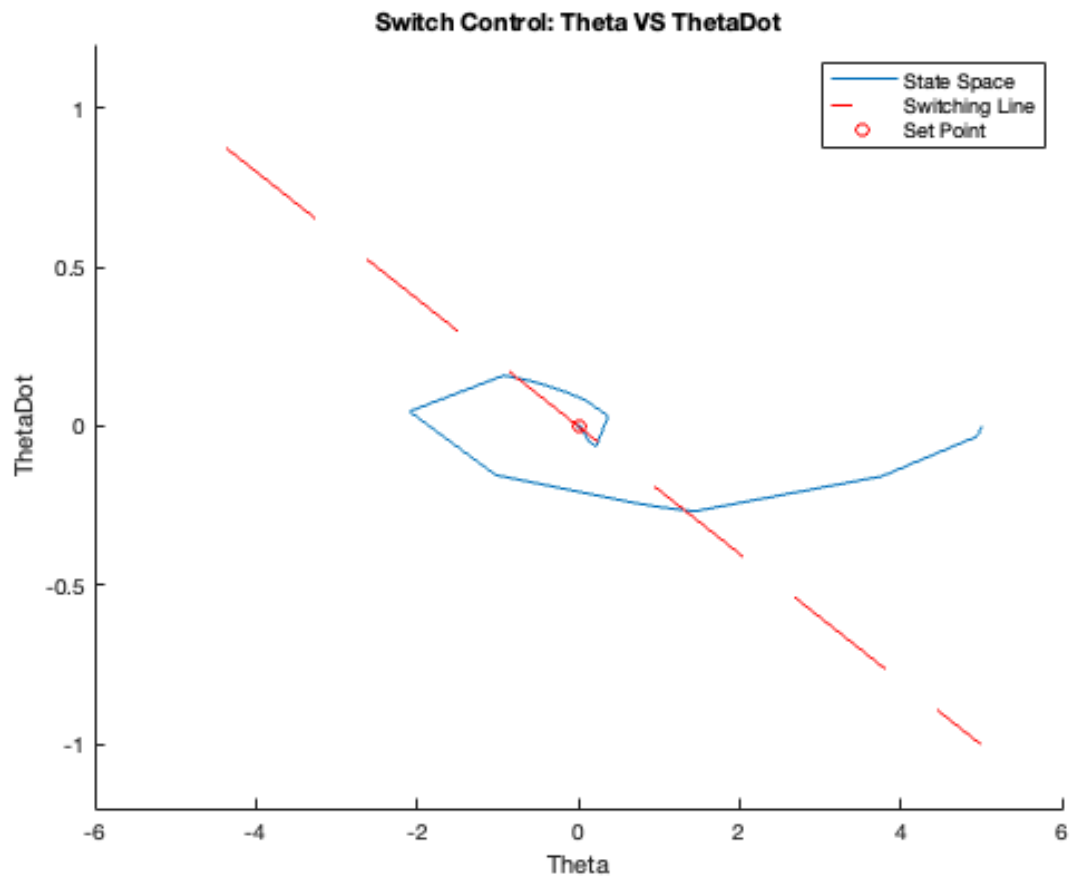
sat.schmitt.theta = p1.schmitt_theta;
sat.schmitt.thetaDot = p1.schmitt_thetaDot;

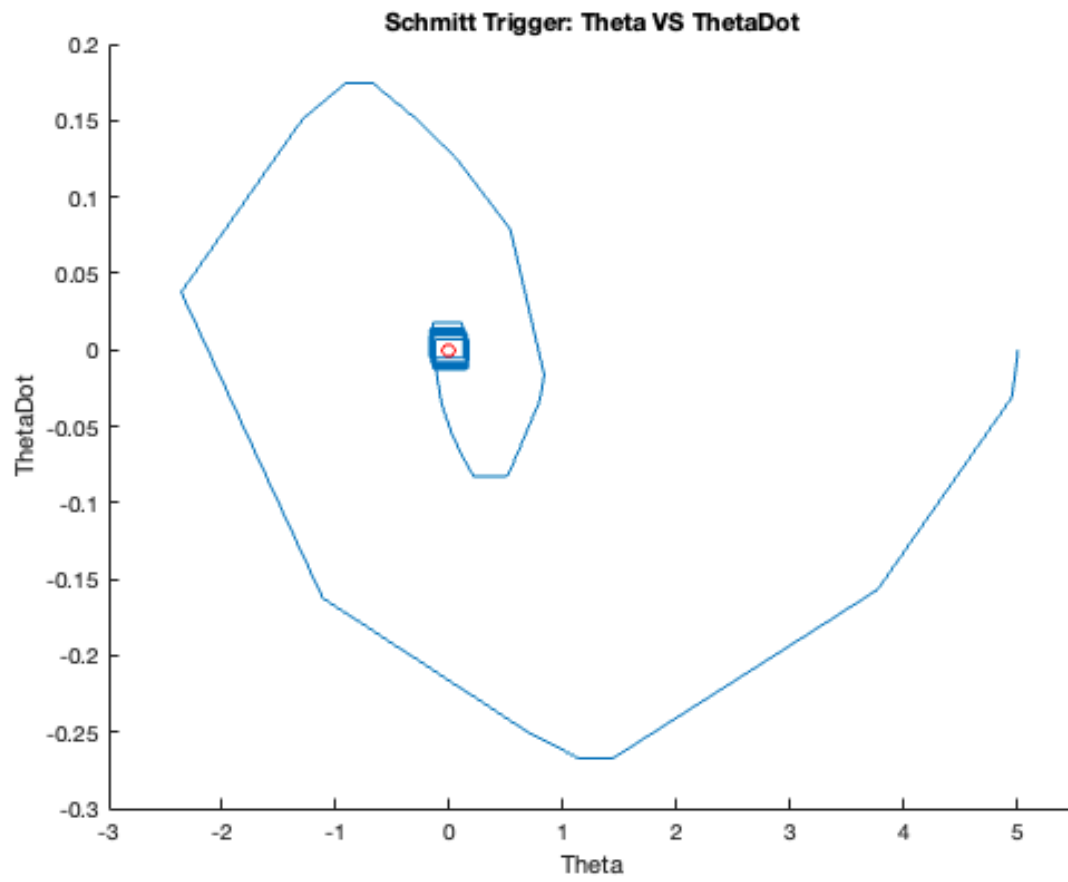
% P3
p3.time = squeeze(p3_sim.tout)';
p3.req_torque = squeeze(p3_sim.command_torque)';
p3.sat.w = squeeze(p3_sim.w_Body_LVLH)';
p3.sat.eul = squeeze(p3_sim.eul_Body_LVLH)';
p3.sat.q = squeeze(p3_sim.q_Body_LVLH)';
```

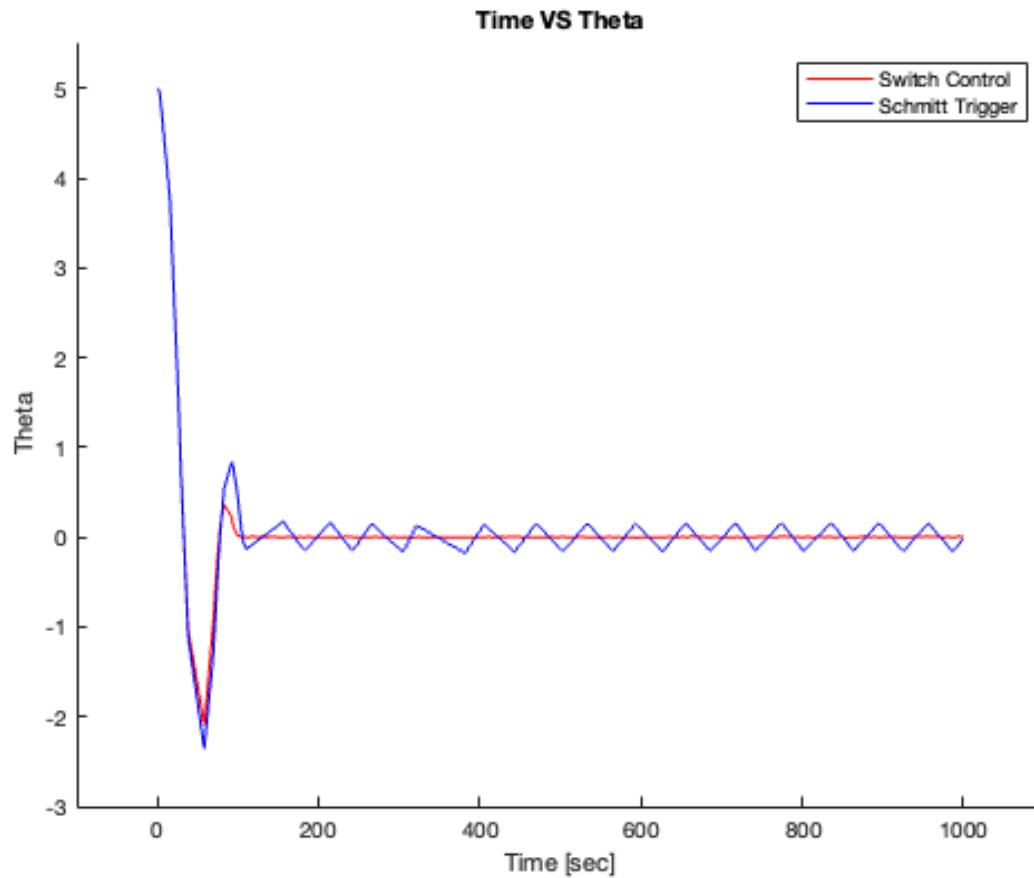
```
p3.allocation = squeeze(p3_sim.thrust_alloc)';  
p3.thrust_sol = squeeze(p3_sim.thrust_sol)';
```

## Plot Data

```
% switch switching lines  
x = [-5 5];  
tau_line = -1/sat.p1.tau * x;  
  
figure  
hold on  
plot(sat.switch.theta, sat.switch.thetaDot);  
plot(x, tau_line, 'r--')  
scatter(0,0,'ro')  
hold off  
xlabel('Theta')  
ylabel('ThetaDot')  
title('Switch Control: Theta VS ThetaDot')  
legend('State Space', 'Switching Line', 'Set Point')  
axis padded  
  
figure  
hold on  
plot(sat.schmitt.theta, sat.schmitt.thetaDot);  
% plot(x, tau_line, 'r--')  
scatter(0,0,'ro')  
hold off  
xlabel('Theta')  
ylabel('ThetaDot')  
title('Schmitt Trigger: Theta VS ThetaDot')  
axis padded  
% legend('State Space', 'Switching Line', 'Set Point')  
  
figure  
hold on  
plot(time, sat.switch.theta, 'r')  
plot(time, sat.schmitt.theta, 'b')  
hold off  
xlabel('Time [sec]')  
ylabel('Theta')  
title('Time VS Theta')  
axis padded  
legend('Switch Control', 'Schmitt Trigger')
```







## Plot Data (P3)

close all;

```
figure
subplot(3,1,1)
plot(p3.time, p3.sat.q);
xlabel('Time [s]')
ylabel('Quaternion')
title('Body/LVLH Quaternion')
legend('\epsilon_1', '\epsilon_2', '\epsilon_3', '\eta')
```

```
subplot(3,1,2)
plot(p3.time, p3.sat.eul);
xlabel('Time [s]')
ylabel('Euler Angle')
title('Euler Angles [deg]')
legend('Phi', 'Theta', 'Psi')
```

```
subplot(3,1,3)
plot(p3.time, p3.sat.w);
xlabel('Time [s]')
ylabel('Angular Rates [deg/s]')
```

```
title('Angular Velocity')
legend('\omega_1', '\omega_2', '\omega_3')

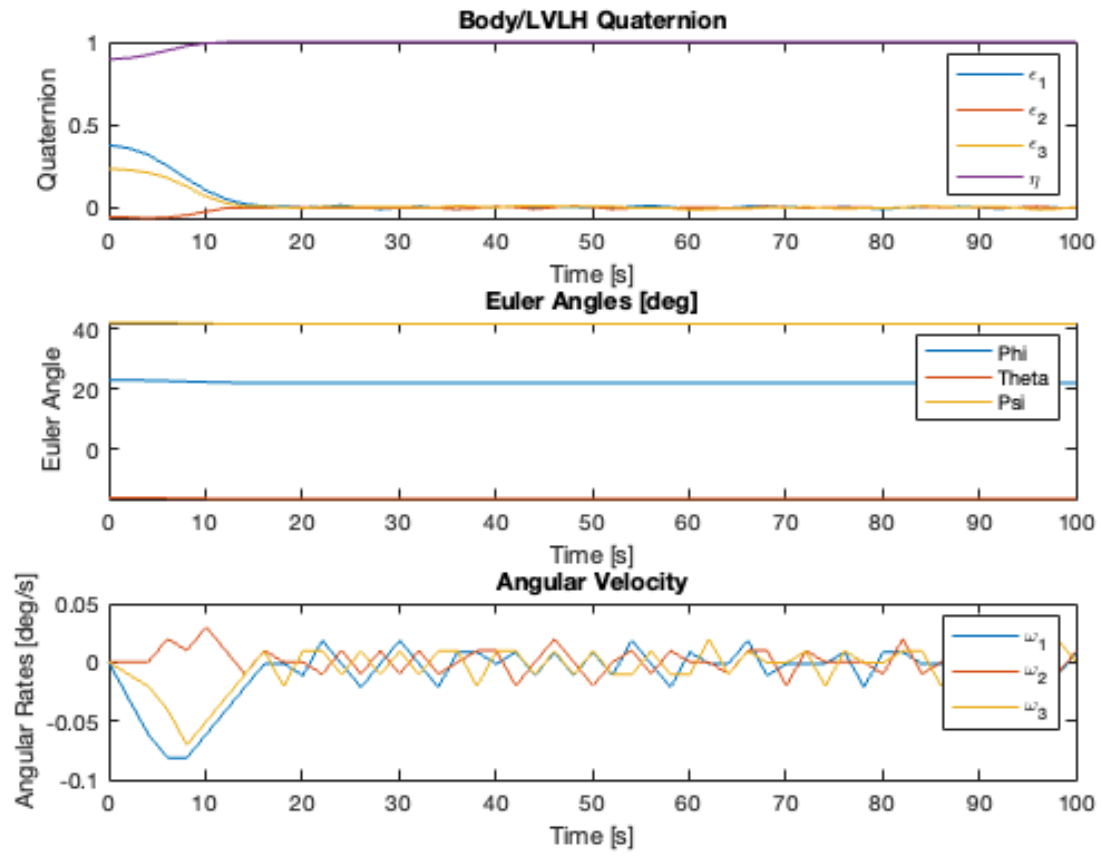
figure
subplot(3,1,1)
plot(p3.time, p3.req_torque);
xlabel('Time [s]')
ylabel('Torque [Nm]')
title('Required Torque')

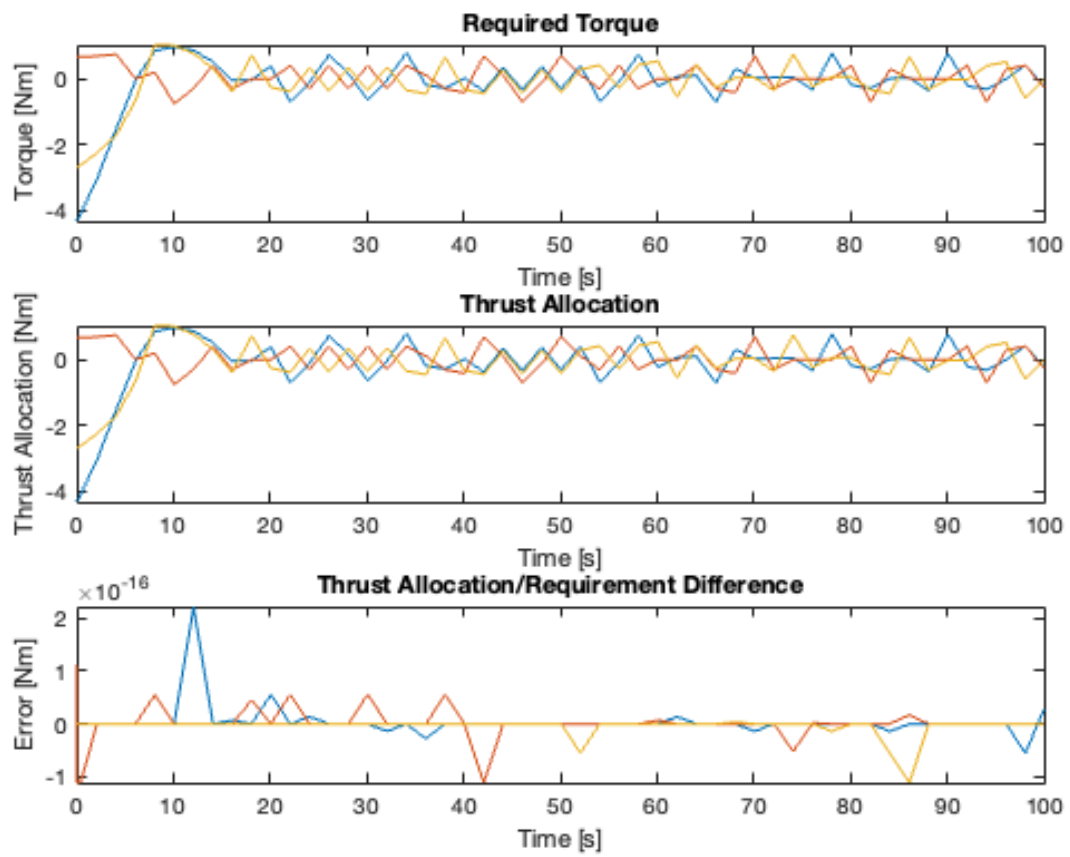
subplot(3,1,2)
plot(p3.time, p3.thrust_sol);
xlabel('Time [s]')
ylabel('Thrust Allocation [Nm]')
title('Thrust Allocation')

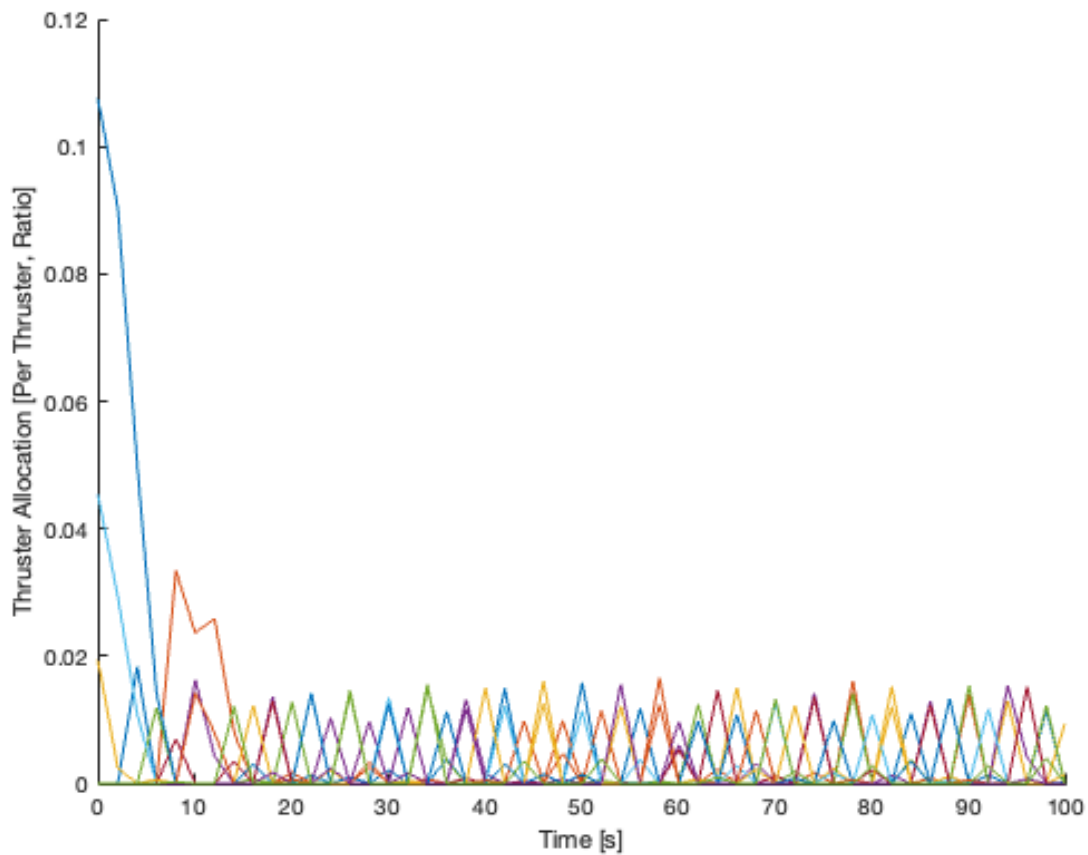
subplot(3,1,3)
plot(p3.time, p3.req_torque-p3.thrust_sol);
xlabel('Time [s]')
ylabel('Error [Nm]')
title('Thrust Allocation/Requirement Difference')

figure
[~,a] = size(p3.allocation);
hold on
for i = 1:a
    p3.allocation(:,i) = p3.allocation(:,i)/sat.T;
    plot(p3.time, p3.allocation(:,i));
end
hold off
xlabel('Time [s]')
ylabel('Thruster Allocation [Per Thruster, Ratio]')
```









## functions

```
function eul = quat_eul(q)

    n = q(4);
    e = q(1:3);

    q = [n, e(1), e(2), e(3)];

    phi = atan2(2*(q(1)*q(2) + q(3)*q(4)), 1 - 2*(q(2)^2 + q(3)^2));
    theta = asin(2*(q(1)*q(3) - q(4)*q(2)));
    psi = atan2(2*(q(1)*q(4) + q(2)*q(3)), 1-2*(q(3)^2 + q(4)^2));

    eul = [phi; theta; psi];

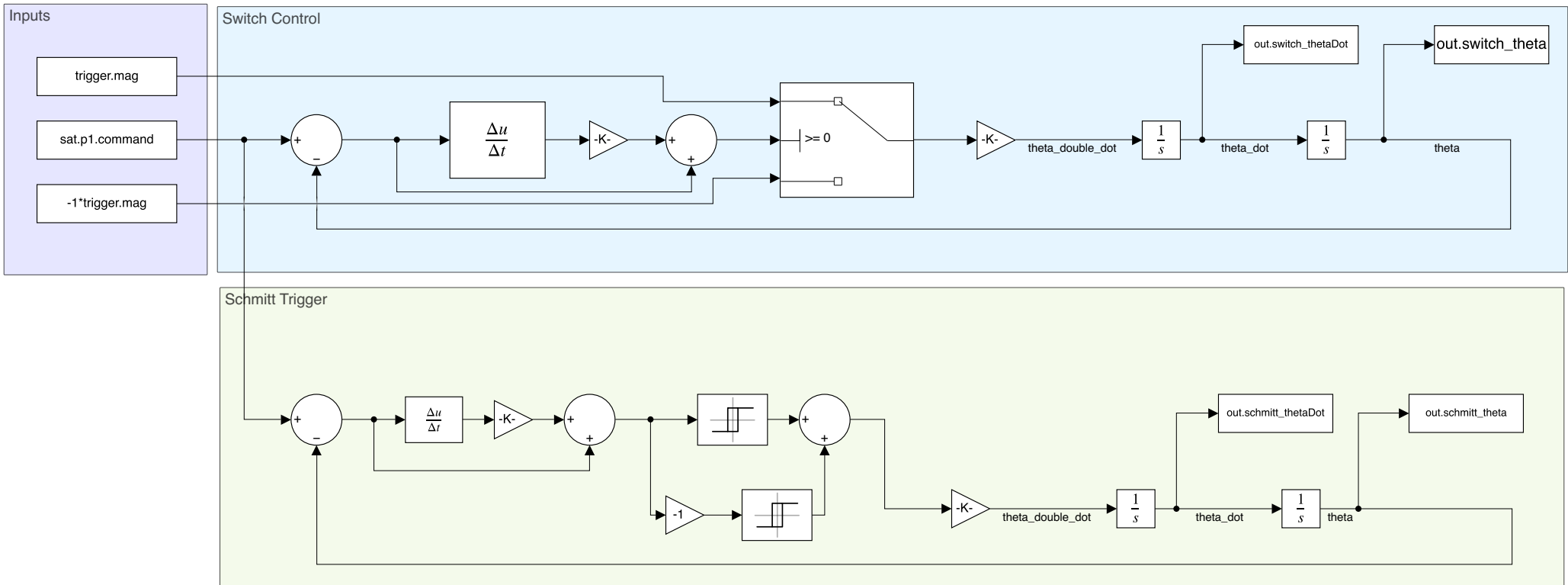
end

function quat = eul_quat(phi, theta, psi)

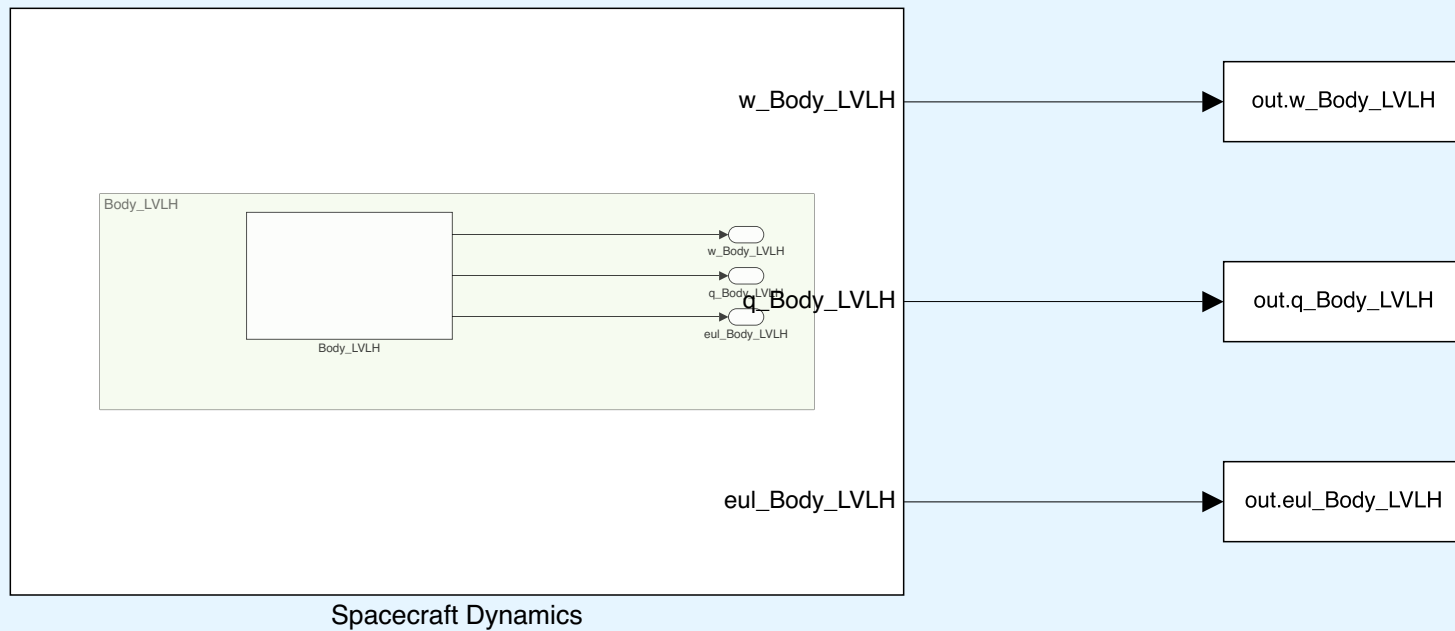
    function Q = Qx(theta)
        Q = [1 0 0;
            0 cosd(theta) sind(theta);
```

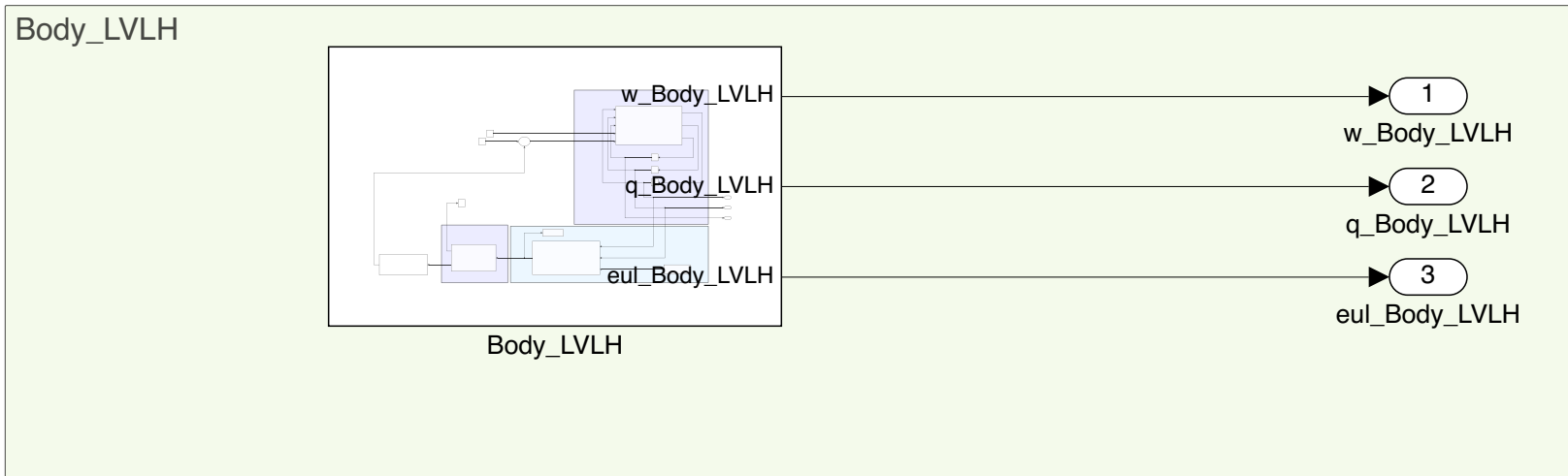
```
        0 -sind(theta) cosd(theta)];  
end  
  
function Q = Qy(theta)  
    Q = [cosd(theta) 0 -sind(theta);  
         0 1 0;  
         sind(theta) 0 cosd(theta)];  
end  
  
function Q = Qz(theta)  
    Q = [cosd(theta) sind(theta) 0;  
         -sind(theta) cosd(theta) 0;  
         0 0 1];  
end  
  
C = Qx(phi)*Qy(theta)*Qz(psi);  
  
e = zeros(3,1);  
  
eta = 0.5 * sqrt(1 + trace(C));  
e(1) = 0.25 * (C(2,3) - C(3,2))/eta;  
e(2) = 0.25 * (C(3,1) - C(1,3))/eta;  
e(3) = 0.25 * (C(1,2) - C(2,1))/eta;  
  
quat = [e;eta];  
  
end
```

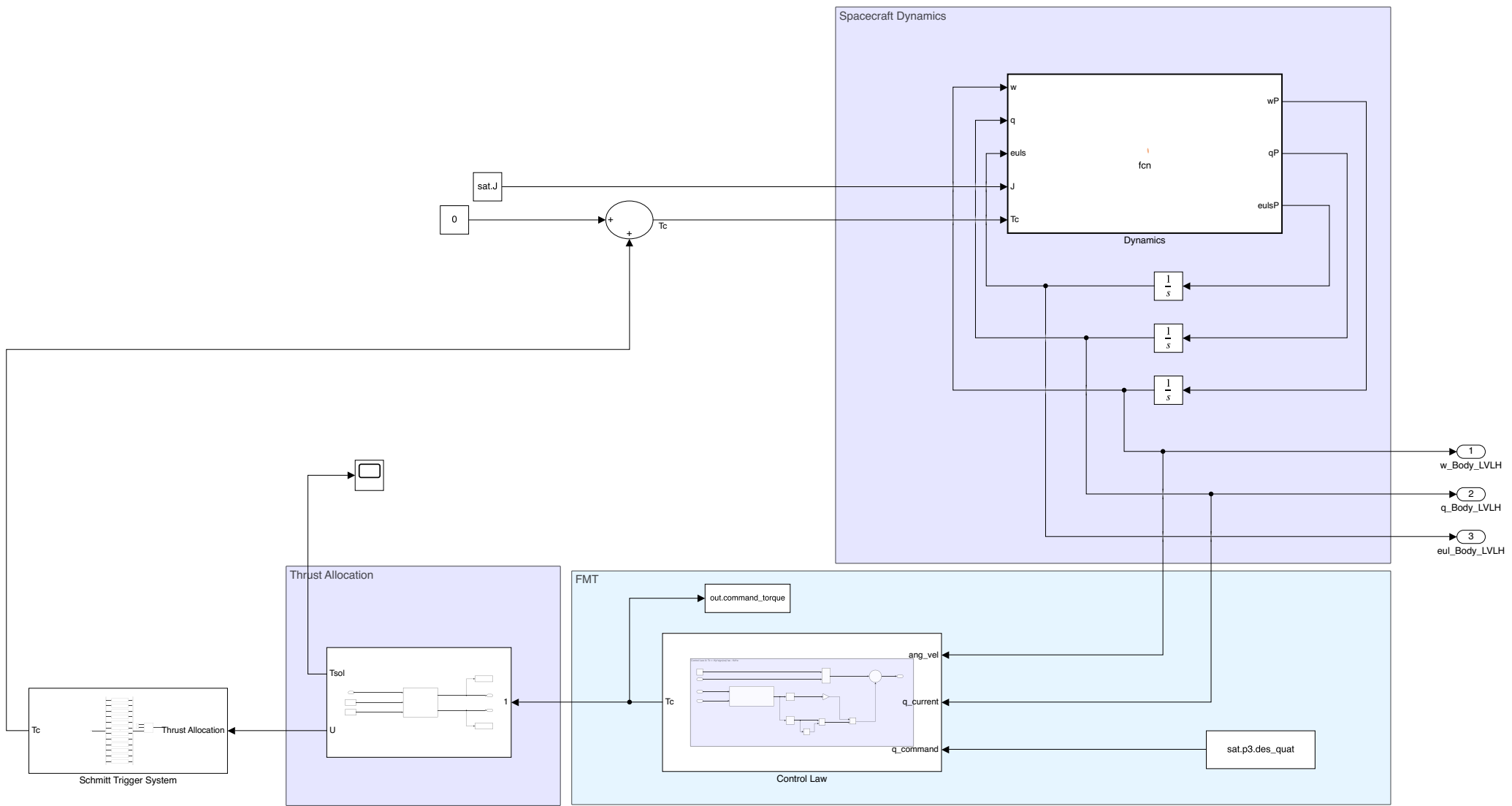
*Published with MATLAB® R2022b*



## Spacecraft Dynamics

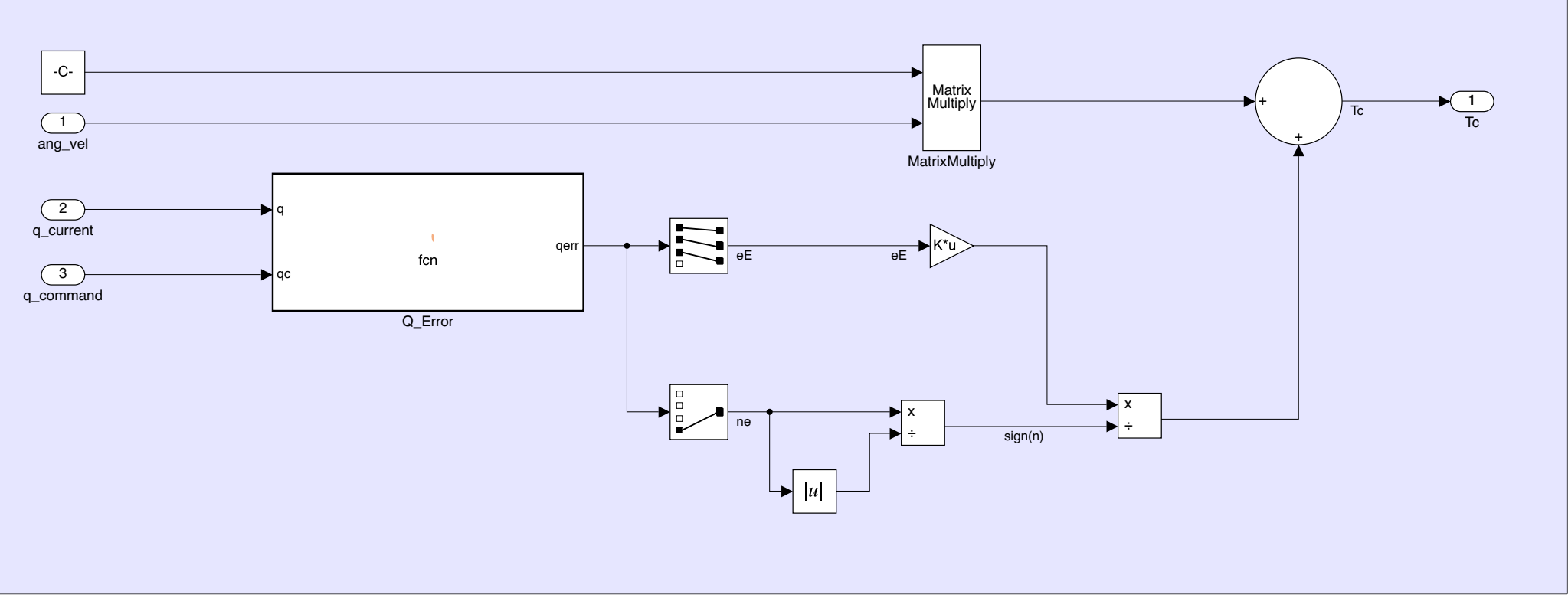








Control Law A:  $T_c = -K_p \text{sign}(n_e) e_e - K_d w$



```

function qerr = fcn(q, qc)

%     function wx = skewSymmetric(w)
%         wx = [0, -1*w(3), w(2);
%               w(3), 0, -1*w(1);
%               -1*w(2), w(1), 0];
%     end

function qp = quatmult(q, p)

    function wx = skewSymmetric(w)
        wx = [0, -1*w(3), w(2);
              w(3), 0, -1*w(1);
              -1*w(2), w(1), 0];
    end

    qn = q(4);
    qe = q(1:3);

    pn = p(4);
    pe = p(1:3);

    n = pn * qn - pe'*qe;
    e = pn * qe + qn*pe + skewSymmetric(pe)*qe;

    qp = [e(1);e(2);e(3);n];

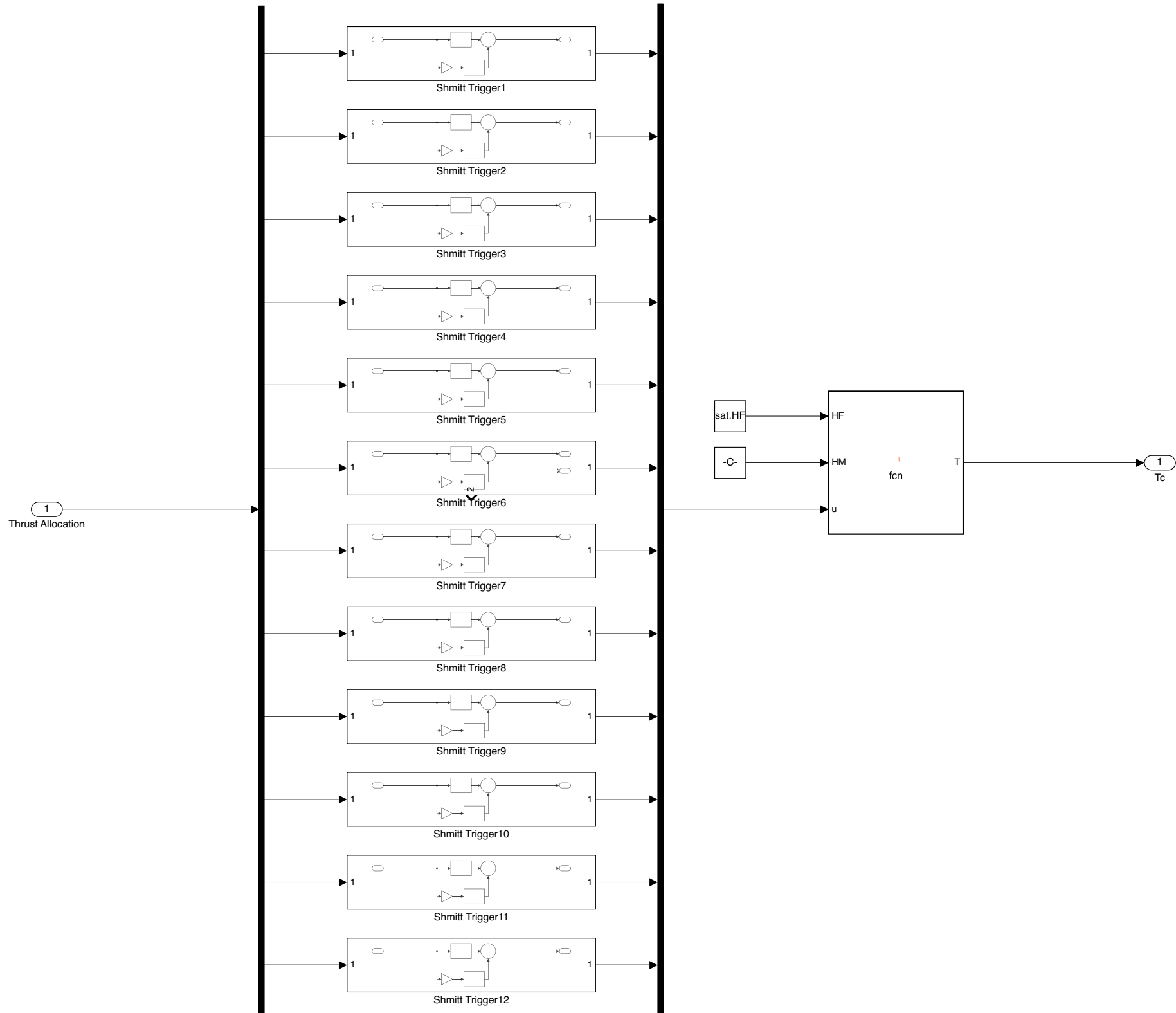
end

qc(1:3) = -1*qc(1:3);
qerr = quatmult(qc, q);

end

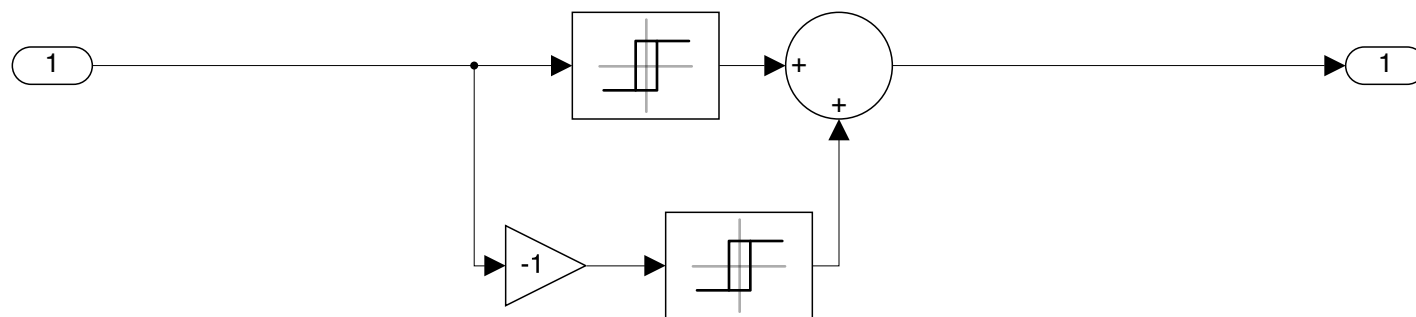
```

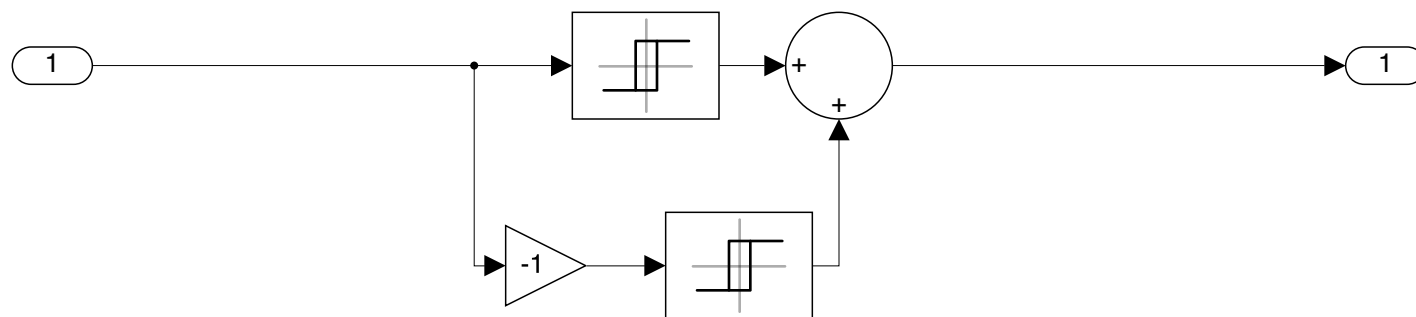


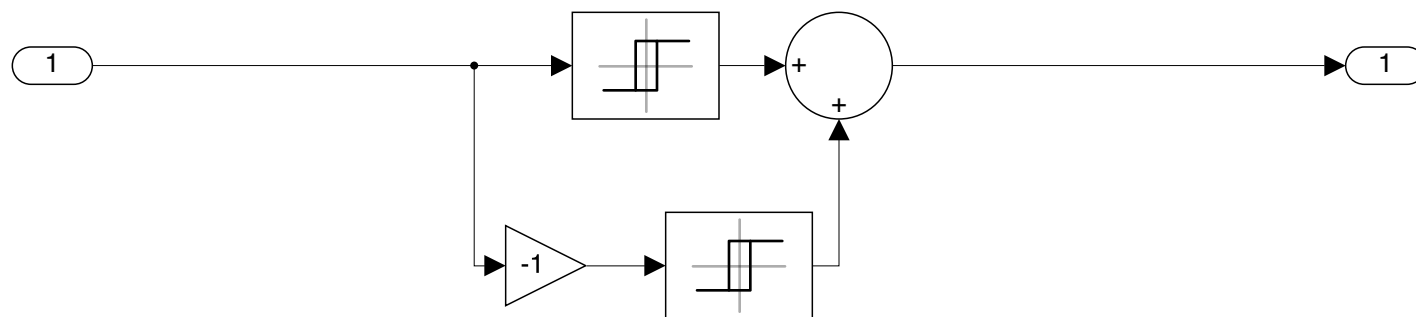


```
function T = fcn(HF, HM, u)
```

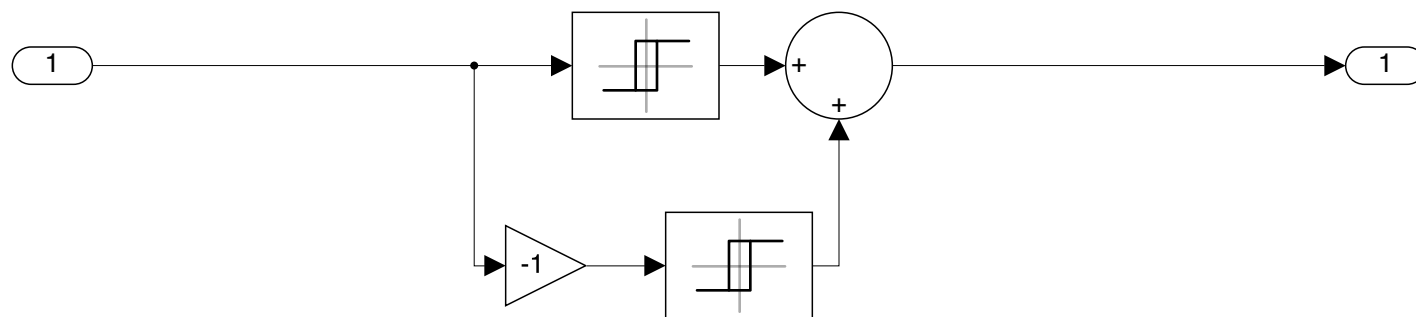
```
H = [HF;HM];  
T = HM*u;
```

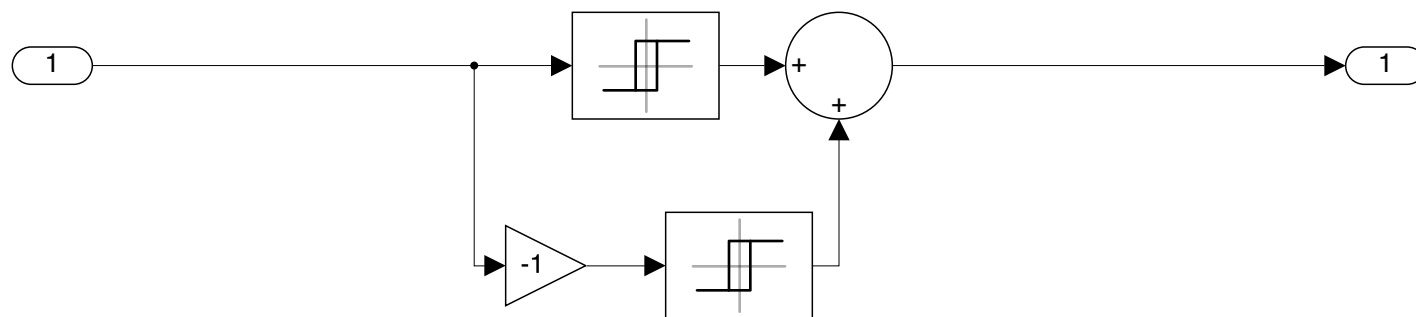


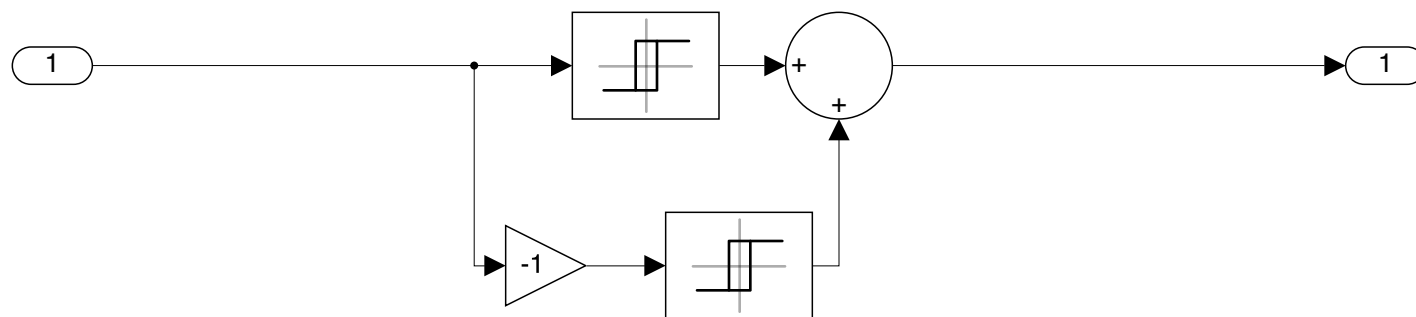


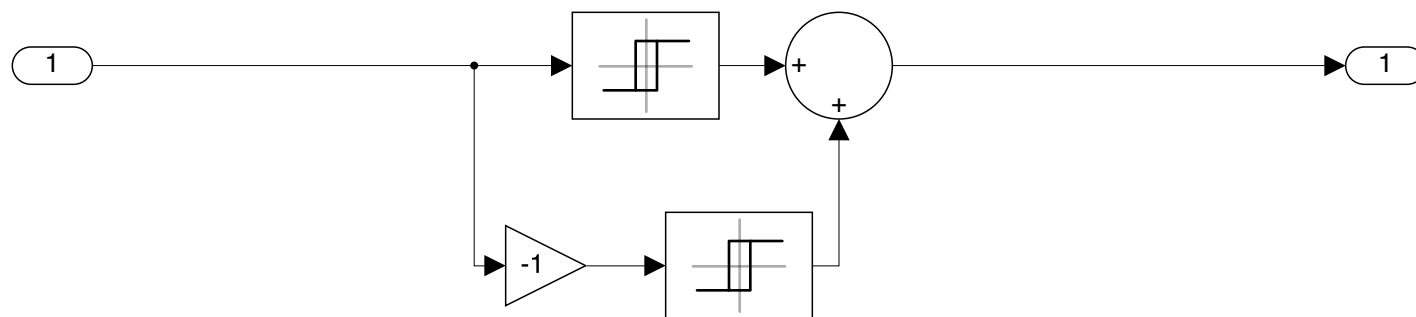


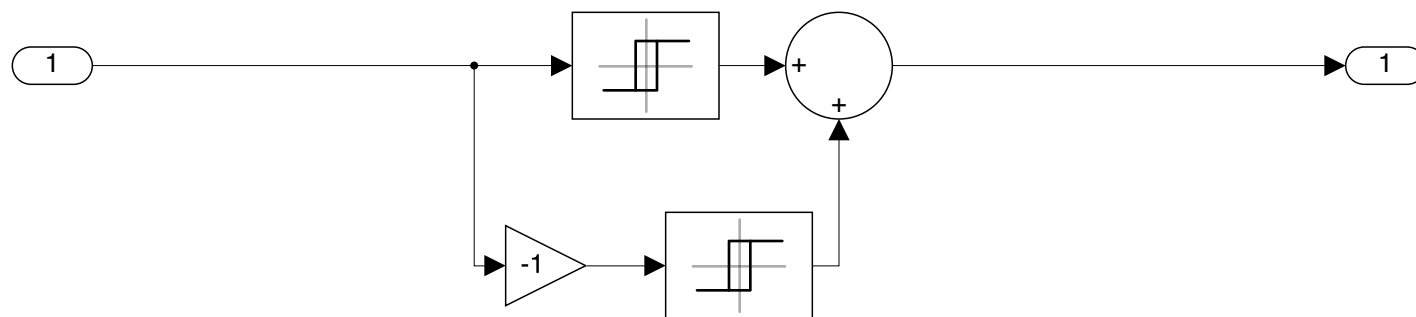


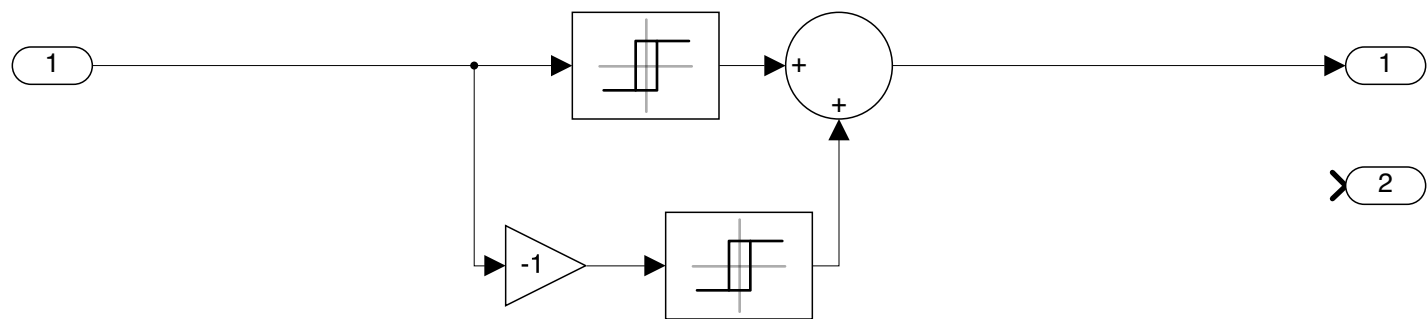


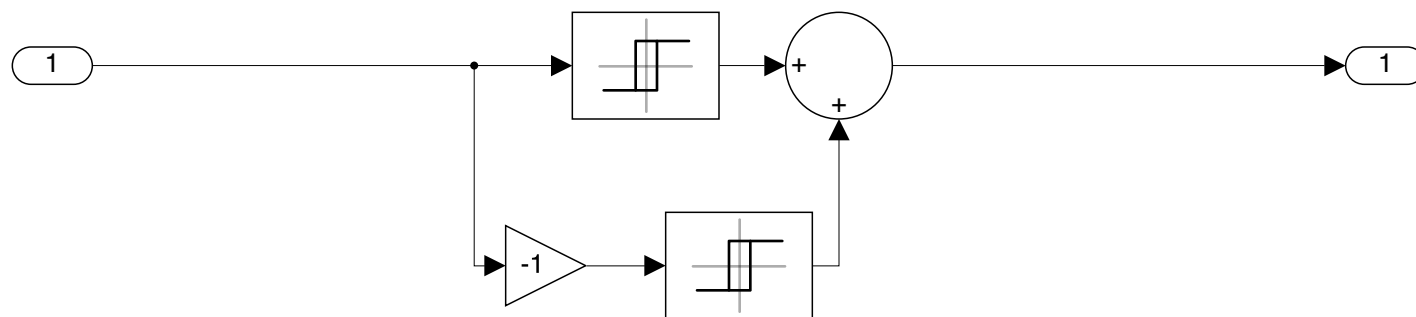


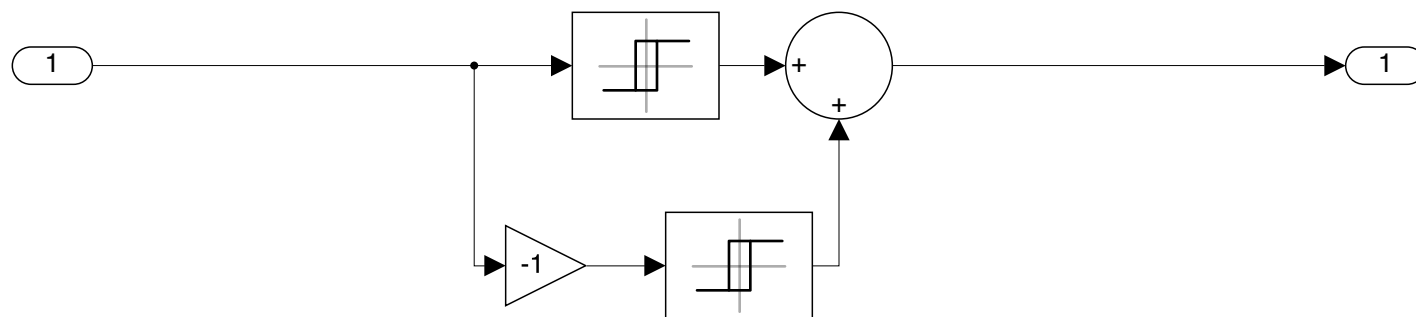




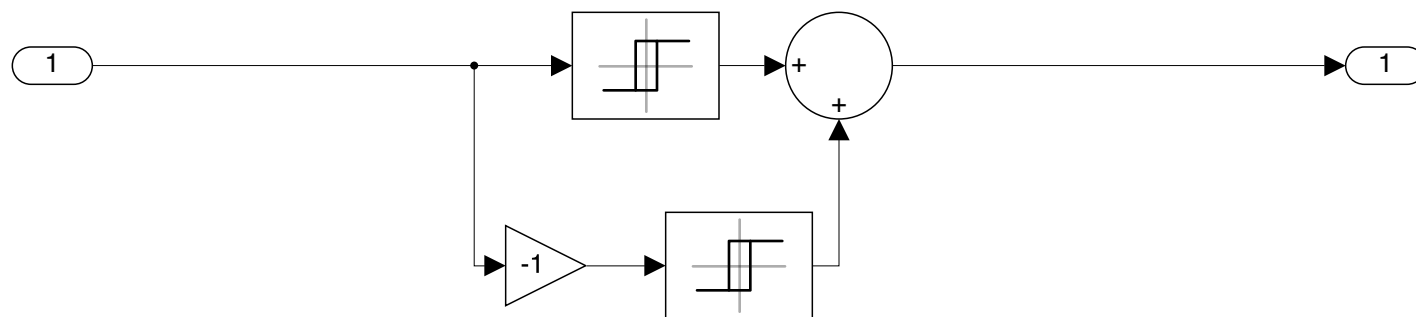


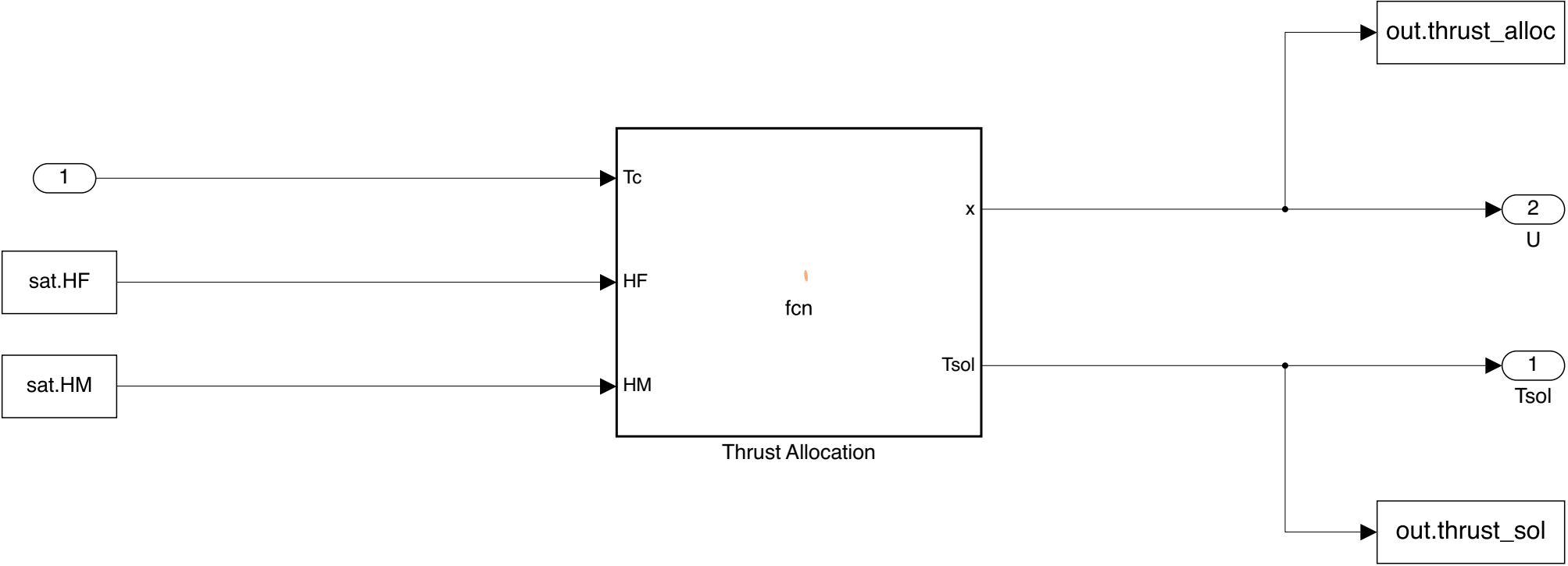












```

function [x, Tsol] = fcn(Tc, HF, HM)

coder.extrinsic('linprog');
coder.extrinsic('intlinprog');
coder.extrinsic('optimoptions')

intlinprogflag = 0;

x = zeros(12,1);
lb = zeros(12,1); % lower bound
ub = 50 * ones(12,1); % upper bound
f = ones(1,12); % cost function to minimize is the sum of all thrusters

translate_sol = zeros(3,1); % want 0 translation
moment_sol = Tc; % need to reach ideal Tc using thruster alloc

H = [HF;HM]; % combine translate/moment matrices

%Aeq = H; % allocation matrix
Aeq = HM;

%Beq = [translate_sol;moment_sol]; % solution matrix
Beq = moment_sol;

if intlinprogflag == 1
    intcon = 1:12;
    options = optimoptions('intlinprog', 'Display', 'off');
    x = intlinprog(f, intcon, [], [], Aeq, Beq, lb, ub, [], options); % solves linprog problem
else
    options = optimoptions('linprog', 'Display', 'off');
    x = linprog(f, [], [], Aeq, Beq, lb, ub, options);
end

Tsol = Aeq * x;

Tsol = HM*x; % gets torque from thruster allocation

```