

# TRAINING TR-102 REPORT DAY 2

12 JUNE 2024

## Overview:

The second day of training introduced us to the basic concepts of HTML.

## INTRODUCTION TO HTML

**HTML (Hyper Text Markup Language)** is the standard markup language used to create and structure web pages. It defines the structure and content of a web page by using a set of elements (tags) to describe the different parts of a document. Here's an overview of HTML's basic concepts:

### 1. HTML Document Structure:

- An HTML document is structured using tags enclosed in angle brackets (<>).
- Every HTML document begins with a <!DOCTYPE html> declaration, which specifies the version of HTML being used (HTML5 in this case).
- The document is enclosed within <html> tags, with two main sections:
  - <head>: Contains meta-information about the document (e.g., title, metadata, links to CSS or JavaScript files).
  - <body>: Contains the content of the web page (e.g., text, images, links).

## 2.HTML Elements:

- HTML elements are the building blocks of a web page and consist of:
  - **Tags:** Enclosed in angle brackets, indicating the start and end of an element (e.g., <p> for paragraphs).
  - **Attributes:** Provide additional information about an element (e.g., href attribute in <a> tags specifies the URL for hyperlinks).
  - **Content:** Text or other elements nested within the opening and closing tags of an element.

## 3. Commonly Used HTML Tags:

- **<p>:** Defines a paragraph.
- **<h1>, <h2>, ..., <h6>:** Heading tags for defining headings of different levels.
- **<a>:** Defines a hyperlink with the href attribute pointing to the URL of the link.
- **<img>:** Embeds an image in the document with attributes like src (source) and alt (alternative text).
- **<ul>, <ol>, <li>:** Used for unordered lists, ordered lists, and list items, respectively.

## Conclusion:

HTML forms the foundation of web development, providing a structure that browsers interpret to display content. Understanding these basic concepts allows developers to create well-structured, accessible, and semantically meaningful web pages. As you continue learning, you'll explore how CSS and JavaScript complement HTML to enhance design and functionality on the web.