Computer Fundamentals Questions and Answers – Cloud Computing

This set of Computer Fundamentals Multiple Choice Questions & Answers (MCQs) focuses on "Cloud Computing".

1. _____ is a paradigm of distributed computing to provide the customers on-demand, utility based computing service.
a) Remote Sensing
b) Remote Invocation
c) Cloud Computing
d) Private Computing

2. Cloud providers provide cloud services to the cloud users.
a) True
b) False

3. Which of the following is not a cloud stakeholder?
a) Cloud providers
b) Clients
c) End users
d) Cloud users

4. These cloud services are of the form of utility computing i.e. the _____ uses these services pay-as-you-go model.
a) Cloud providers
b) Clients
c) End users
d) Cloud users

5. Which of the following is not a type of cloud?
a) Private
b) Public
c) Protected
d) Hybrid

6. In this type of cloud, an organization rents cloud services from cloud providers on-demand basis.
a) Private
b) Public
c) Protected
d) Hybrid

7. In this type of cloud, the cloud is composed of multiple internal or external cloud.
a) Private
b) Public
c) Protected
d) Hybrid

8. _____ enables the migration of the virtual image from one physical machine to another.
a) visualization
b) virtualization
c) migration
d) virtual transfer

9. Most of the cloud architectures are built on this type of architecture.
a) skeleton
b) grid
c) linear
d) template

10. Saas stands for?
a) Software as a service
b) System Software and services
c) Software as a system
d) System as a service

11.This set of Basic Computer Fundamentals Questions and Answers focuses on "Types of Computers".

1. Which of the following is not a type of computer on the basis of operation?
a) Remote
b) Hybrid
c) Analog
d) Digital

12. Remote computers work on continuous range of values.
a) True
b) False

13. A computer that operates on digital data.
a) remote
b) hybrid
c) analog
d) digital

14. This type of computer is mostly used for automatic operations.
a) remote
b) hybrid
c) analog
d) digital

15. _____ are used for solving complex application such as Global Weather
Forecasting.
a) Super Computers
b) Public computers
c) Mobile computers
d) Hybrid computers

16. The invention of _____ gave birth to the much cheaper micro computers.
a) Mainframes
b) Microcomputers
c) Microprocessors
d) PDAs

17. They can operate on batteries and hence are very popular with travelers.
a) Mainframes
b) Laptops
c) Microprocessors
d) Hybrid

18. PDA stands for?
a) personal digital applications
b) private digital applications
c) personal digital assistants
d) private digital assistants

19. PDAs are also called?
a) PCs
b) Laptops
c) Tablets
d) Handheld

20. _____computers are lower to mainframe computers in terms of speed and storage
capacity.
a) Mini
b) Super
c) Mainframes
d) Hybrid