

Experiment-1.2

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Subject Name: PBLJ Subject Code: 23CSH-304

Easy Level

1. Aim: Write a Java program to create a Product class with attributes id, name, and price. The program should: Demonstrate the use of constructors and methods to display product details

2. Objective: Understand the use of classes, constructors, and methods in Java.

3. Input/Apparatus Used: Java class definition, constructor, and method usage.

4. Procedure:

Step1: Define a class named 'Product' with attributes 'id', 'name', and 'price'.

Step2: Use a parameterized constructor to initialize these attributes.

Step3: Define a method 'displayDetails()' to print product information.

Step4: In the main method, create an object and display its details.

Sample Input:

Product ID: 101 Name: Laptop Price: 75000

Sample Output:

Product Details:

ID: 101

Name: Laptop Price: 75000

5. Code:

```
/*EASY LEVEL*/
class Product { 2 usages
String name; 2 usages
 double price; 2 usages
 public Product(int id, String name, double price) { 1usage
 this.id = id;
 this.name = name;
 this.price = price;
 public void displayDetails() { 1usage
 System.out.println("Product Details:");
 System.out.println("ID: " + id);
 System.out.println("Name: " + name);
  System.out.println("Price: " + price);
class ProductDemo {
public static void main(String[] args) {
 // Sample input (hardcoded)
  Product p1 = new Product(id: 101, name: "Laptop", price: 75000);
  p1.displayDetails();
```

6. Output:

Product Details:

ID: 101

Name: Laptop Price: 75000.0

Process finished with exit code 0

Medium Level

- **1. Aim:** Write a Java program to implement a library management system. The program should: Use a base class Book and derived classes Fiction and NonFiction
- 2. Objective: Understand inheritance and dynamic method invocation in Java.
- 3. Input/Apparatus Used: Java inheritance using base and derived classes.

4. Procedure:

Step1: Define a base class 'Book' with common attributes like title, author, and price.

Step2: Create two derived classes: 'Fiction' and 'NonFiction' extending the 'Book' class.

Step3: Override method in each subclass to display respective book details. Step4: Instantiate objects of each subclass and invoke their display methods.

Sample Input: Book 2:

Book 1: Type: Non-Fiction
Type: Fiction Title: Sapiens

Title: Harry Potter Author: Yuval Noah Harari

Author: J.K. Rowling Price: 700

Price: 500

Sample Output:

Fiction Book Details: Non-Fiction Book Details:

Title: Harry Potter Title: Sapiens

Author: J.K. Rowling Author: Yuval Noah Harari

Price: 500 Price: 700

5. Code:

```
Class Book { 4 usages 2 inheritors
       String title; 4usages
       public Book(String title, String author, double price) { 2 usages
        System.out.println("Title: " + title);
System.out.println("Author: " + author);
      class Fiction extends Book {    1usage
public Fiction(String title, String author, double price) {    1usage
       public NonFiction(String title, String author, double price) { 1usage
        System.out.println("Author: " + author);
```

```
class LibraryManagement {

public static void main(String[] args) {

// Sample input

Book b1 = new Fiction( title: "Harry Potter", author: "J.K. Rowling", price: 500);

Book b2 = new NonFiction( title: "Sapiens", author: "Yuval Noah Harari", price: 700);

b1.displayDetails();

System.out.println();

b2.displayDetails();

}

}
```

6. Output:

```
Fiction Book Details:
Title: Harry Potter
Author: J.K. Rowling
Price: 500.0

Non-Fiction Book Details:
Title: Sapiens
Author: Yuval Noah Harari
Price: 700.0

Process finished with exit code 0
```

Hard Level

- 1. Aim: Design a student information system using Java with the following features: Use an abstract class Person with attributes name, age, and methods like displayDetails(). Create derived classes Student and Teacher to override displayDetails() and add unique attributes like rollNumber for students and subject for teachers.
- **2. Objective:** Demonstrate abstraction and polymorphism using abstract classes and derived classes.



3. Input/Apparatus Used: Abstract classes, inheritance, and overriding in Java.

4. Procedure:

Step1: Define an abstract class 'Person' with attributes 'name' and 'age', and an abstract method 'displayDetails()'.

Step2: Create a 'Student' class extending 'Person', with an additional attribute 'rollNumber', and implement 'displayDetails()'.

Step3: Create a 'Teacher' class extending 'Person', with an additional attribute 'subject', and implement 'displayDetails()'.

Step4: In the main method, create objects of `Student` and `Teacher`, and invoke `displayDetails()` on each.

Sample Input:

Add Student: Name: Alice Age: 20

Roll Number: 101

Add Teacher: Name: Mr. Smith

Age: 40

Subject: Mathematics

Sample Output:

Student Details: Name: Alice

Age: 20

Roll Number: 101

Teacher Details: Name: Mr. Smith

Age: 40

Subject: Mathematics

5. Code:

```
String name; 3 usages
 int age; Susages
 public Person(String name, int age) { 2 wsages
  this.name = name;
  this.age = age;
public abstract void displayDetails(); 2 usages 2 implementations
class Student extends Person { 2 usages
 this.rollNumber = rollNumber;
 public void displayDetails() {
  System.out.println("Student Details:");
  System.out.println("Name: " + name);
  System.out.println("Age: " + age);
  System.out.println("Roll Number: " + rollNumber);
class Teacher extends Person { 2 usages
 String subject; 2 usages
 public Teacher(String name, int age, String subject) { lusage
  super(name, age);
 public void displayDetails() {
  System.out.println("Teacher Details:");
  System.out.println("Subject: " + subject);
```

6. Output:

```
Student Details:

Name: Alice
Age: 20
Roll Number: 101

Teacher Details:
Name: Mr. Smith
Age: 40
Subject: Mathematics

Process finished with exit code 0
```