CeDoSIA SS2020 - Exercise Sheet 2: Data Analysis and Visualization

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Package

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Contents

1	Setup	2
2	Introduction to ggplot	2
3	data.table operations	2
4	Reading and cleaning up data	2
5	Understanding a messy dataset	3
6	Fixing a messy dataset	3

1 Setup

```
library(data.table)
library(magrittr) # Needed for %>% operator
library(tidyr)
library(readxl)
library(dplyr)
```

2 Introduction to ggplot

The iris data is included in the ggplot2 package. First load ggplot2 package, then load iris data by data(iris). Check iris data with head(iris).

- 1) Are there any relationships/correlations between petal length and width? How would you show it?
- 2) Do petal lengths and widths correlate in every species?
- 3) Fit a regression model and visualize the regression line <code>geom_smooth()</code>. Add this as an extra layer on the plot of 1).

3 data.table operations

Load iris data, which comes with ggplot2. Compute step by step the standard deviation $s=\sqrt{\frac{1}{N-1}\sum_{i=1}^{N}(x_i-\overline{x})^2}$ of the **petal length** by **species**.

- Copy the iris data.table into a new one, in order not to mess with it. Use copy().
- Then, add columns with
 - petal length mean per species: \overline{x}
 - petal length petal length mean, squared: $(x_i \overline{x})^2$
 - sum of this squared difference by species
 - number of occurrences N per species
 - s computed as in the formula. Use sqrt().
- Add another column using the sd() by species and compare your results with it using identical().

4 Reading and cleaning up data

Load pokemon data with readRDS. Open the data.tables to check the information inside them.

CeDoSIA SS2020 - Exercise Sheet 2: Data Analysis and Visualization

```
cat(getwd())
poke_dt <- readRDS('../../extdata/tidy_pokemon_poke_dt.RDS')
evolution_dt <- readRDS('../../extdata/tidy_pokemon_evolution_dt.RDS')</pre>
```

- 1. Add a column to the poke_dt with the **evolutions** of each pokemon and the **level** it requires to evolve. *Hint*: merge() or join()
- 2. Sort the table with Attack scores. Which pokemon has the highest Attack?

5 Understanding a messy dataset

The following file describes the number of times a person bought a product "a" and "b"

```
messy_file <- file.path('../../extdata', 'example_product_data.csv')
messy_dt <- fread(messy_file)
messy_dt</pre>
```

Why is this data-set messy? Which columns should a tidy version of this table have?

6 Fixing a messy dataset

Read the weather dataset weather.txt. It contains the minimal and maximal temperature on a certain city (id) over different dates (year, month, d1-d31). Why is this dataset messy? How would a tidy version of it look like? Create its tidy version.

```
messy_dt <- fread("../../extdata/weather.txt")
messy_dt %>% head
dim(messy_dt)
```