John Romero Programming Proverbs

- 7. "Use a development system that is superior to your target."
- John Romero, "The Early Days of Id Software John Romero @ WeAreDevelopers Conference 2017"

- add a doom3 button which runs chisel and doom3
- firstly it needs to compile the .txt file into a .map file
- secondly it needs to dmap tile .map into the doom3 format

```
def buttons ():
    return [touchqui.image tile (button list ("power"),
                                 touchqui.posX (0.95), touchqui.posY (1.0),
                                 100, 100, myquit),
            touchqui.image tile (button list ("export"),
                                 touchqui.posX (0.0), touchqui.posY (1.0),
                                 100, 100, myexport),
            touchqui.image tile (private list ("doom3"),
                                 touchgui.posX (0.05), touchqui.posY (1.0),
                                 100, 100, mydoom3),
            touchqui.image tile (button list ("smaller"),
                                 touchqui.posX (0.0), touchqui.posY (0.10),
                                 100, 100, myzoom, True),
            touchqui.image tile (button list ("larger"),
                                 touchqui.posX (0.95), touchqui.posY (0.10),
                                 100, 100, myzoom, False)]
```

Sandpit/touchmap/touchmap.py

```
def mydoom3 (param, tap):
    pygame.display.update () # flush all graphic changes to screen
    pygame.time.delay (toggle_delay * 2) # pause
    pygame.quit () # shutdown pygame
    dmap () # run chisel and dmap doom3 compile
    exec_doom_map () # now run doom3
    quit () # quit python
```

```
def dmap ():
    os.system ("d3 +dmap tiny.map +quit")

def exec_doom_map ():
    os.system ("d3 +map tiny.map")
```

- maybe you can improve the code so that it checks whether it needs to export the map
- the whole area of check pointing and saving maps has not been addressed
 - you might want to consider this aspect of the touchmap

Sandpit/touchmap/touchmap.py

blank_t, wall_t, door_t, spawn_t, hell_t, tick_t = range (6) # enumerated types

```
class button:
    ...
    def to_blank (self):
        self._tile.set_images (blank_list ("wallv", cell_size))
    def to_wall (self):
        self._tile.set_images (wall_list ("v", cell_size))
    def to_door (self):
        self._tile.set_images (door_list ("v", cell_size))
    def to_hell (self):
        self._tile.set_images (private_list ("hellknight"))
    def to_tick (self):
        self._tile.set_images (private_list ("tick"))
    ...
```

```
def cellback (param, tap):
    global clicked, cell_array, button_array, double_tapped_cell
    clicked = True
    ...
    elif old == "|":
        # door -> blank
        button.to_blank ()
        cell_array.set_contents (x + xoffset, y + yoffset, " ")
    elif old in ["H", "S", "T"]:
        # remove asset
        button.to_blank ()
        cell_array.set_contents (x + xoffset, y + yoffset, " ")
        exclude_asset (old)
    ...
```

Adding room numbers

- ideally would like the button to remember which room has been allocated
 - touchmap should reuse old deleted room numbers appropriately

```
blank_t, wall_t, door_t, spawn_t, hell_t, tick_t, room_t = range (7)
...
rooms_available = [] # any room number which was deleted is placed here
next_room = 1 # the next available room number to be used.
```

Adding a to_room method to the button class

- require a specific delroom callback to remember the room number for next time a room is created
 - alternatively we could use cellback, however cellback would become much more complex



```
def delroom (param, tap):
    global clicked, cell_array, button_array, double_tapped_cell, rooms_available
    clicked = True
    mouse = pygame.mouse.get_pos ()
    x, y = get_cell (mouse)
    button = button_array.get (x + xoffset, y + yoffset)
    button.spawn_to_blank ()
    rooms_available += [cell_array.get (x + xoffset, y + yoffset)]
    cell_array.set_contents (x + xoffset, y + yoffset, " ")
```



```
def myroom (name, tap):
    global next_tile
    pygame.display.update ()
    if tap == 1:
        next_tile = room_t
```



Tutorial

- try integrating this code into your touchmap
- you might need to work through the previous weeks tutorial
- do not be afraid to deviate away from the notes or improve on the ideas
- optional extra, if you finish this task see if you can modify touchgui
 - so that it allows a text tile to be created with a background
 - but this button changes the foreground text, rather than the background colour

Tutorial

- consider how the program might save the map every 5 or so changes
 - make this configurable
 - how might you implement a back/forward button which switches between maps?