John Romero Programming Proverbs

- 9. "Encapsulate functionality to ensure design consistency. This minimizes mistakes and saves design time."
- John Romero, "The Early Days of Id Software John Romero @ WeAreDevelopers Conference 2017"

here is a script you can run from the command line to automatically rebuild and run your touchmap (http://floppsie.comp.glam.ac.uk/download/targz/run)

- you can install it via:
- \$ wget http://floppsie.comp.glam.ac.uk/download/targz/run \$ chmod 755 run
- you can run it via:
- \$./run

- the contents of run is shown on the next slide
- it removes the touchgui cache rebuilds touchmap
- it also reconfigures touchmap
 - necessary if you make significant changes to Makefile.am
- run hides all these and will lastly run your version of touchmap

run

```
#!/bin/bash

VERSION=0.2

cd $HOME
if [ -d .cache ]; then
    cd .cache
    rm -rf touchgui
    mkdir touchgui
fi
```

run

```
cd $HOME/Sandpit/touchmap-${VERSION}
autoreconf

cd $HOME/Sandpit
rm -rf build-touchmap
mkdir build-touchmap
cd build-touchmap
../touchmap-${VERSION}/configure
make
../localrun.sh touchmap.py
```

Adding image assets to touchmap

touchmap-0.2/Makefile.am

```
all: doorh.png doorv.png doorh-bw.png doorv-bw.png hingeh.png \
   wallh.png wallv.png wallh-bw.png wallv-bw.png \
   newname.png

newname.png: $(srcdir)/images/newname.png
   °convert -resize 100x100 $< $@</pre>
```

- notice that o needs to be replaced by a single tab character
 - you might need to alter preferences in gedit to allow you to add a tab character

```
def load_map (name):
    f = open (name, "r")
    f = read_map (f)
    f.close ()

def myimport (name, tap):
    global clicked
    pygame.display.update ()
    load_map (current_map_name)
    clicked = True
    pygame.display.update ()
```

```
def read_floor (lines):
    seen_start = False
    y = 0
    ypos = 0
    for line in lines:
        if len (line) > 0:
            if len (line.split ("#")) > 0:
                 seen_start = True
        if seen_start:
                 add_xaxis (line, y, ypos)
                 y += 1
                 ypos += cell_size
```

```
def read_map (f):
    lines = f.readlines ()
    read_assets (lines)
    read_floor (lines)
    return f
```

```
add xaxis - adds a line of buttons.
               y is the index on the yaxis. posy is the screen coordinate.
def add_xaxis (line, y, ypos):
    global cell_array, button_array
    xpos = 0
    x = 0
    for ch in line:
       b = button (xborder + xpos, yborder + ypos, cell_size)
       if ch == "#":
            cell_array.set_contents (xoffset+x, yoffset+y, "v")
           b.to wall ()
        elif ch == " ":
            cell array.set contents (xoffset+x, yoffset+y, " ")
        button_array.set_contents (xoffset+x, yoffset+y, [b])
        xpos += cell_size
        x += 1
```

```
def read_assets (lines):
    for line in lines:
       words = line.lstrip ().split ()
       if (len (words) > 2) and (words[0] == "define"):
            include_asset (words[1], words[2])
```

Thoughts on Checkpointing and forward/next

- assuming that basic saving and loading is complete
 - we notice that it saves to a file current_map_name
 - therefore we can take advantage of this and create temporary filenames
 - save periodically
- might be good for touchmap to create a directory \$HOME/.cache/touchmap
 - under which the checkpoint files might be kept
 - notice that many applications keep their file cache contents under \$HOME/.cache (including touchgui)

Thoughts on Checkpointing and forward/next

- it would be possible to have a *forward* and *next* button to cycle through the checkpoint files
 - maybe the application should create a new checkpoint file every 5th action?
- might implement a naming scheme
 - for example: touchmap-%3d.txt

Thoughts on Checkpointing and forward/next

using

```
cp_name = os.path.join (".cache", "touchmap")
cp_name = os.path.join (cp_name, "touchmap-%3d.txt" % cp_num)
cp_name = os.path.join (os.getenv ("HOME"), cp_name)
```

notice the cp_num which is the check point number and this should cycle 0-999