#### **Programming Proverbs**

- 13 Do not recompute constants within a loop
- 14 Avoid implementation-dependent features
- Henry F. Ledgard, "Programming Proverbs: Principles of Good Programming with Numerous Examples to Improve Programming Style and Proficiency", (Hayden Computer Programming Series), Hayden Book Company, 1st edition, ISBN-13: 978-0810455221, December 1975.

## Know your tools

"a bad workman blames his tools",

Cambridge Idioms Dictionary

- we will examine:
  - emacs, etags, grep, diff, patch, gcc, gm2, cvs, gdb, git

#### emacs customisation (\$HOME/.emacs) for ioquake

```
;; F5 loads in the .gdbinit file ready for debugging ioquake
(defun my-find-file-debug ()
  "load a file"
  (interactive)
  (find-file (concat (getenv "HOME") "/Sandpit/ioguake-latest/ioguake3/.gdbinit")))
(global-set-key [f5] 'my-find-file-debug)
;; F12 compiles ioquake
(setg compile-command "make")
(defun my-compile ()
  "run the compile command after moving to the correct directory"
  (interactive)
  (find-file (concat (getenv "HOME") "/Sandpit/ioquake-latest/ioquake3/.gdbinit"))
  (compile compile-command))
;; compile ioquake by pressing
(global-set-key [f12] 'my-compile)
;; F8 moves to the next error in the source file.
(global-set-key [f8] 'next-error)
```

#### emacs

- in conclusion you *need* to use an editor which is capable of running gdb, etags and grep.
- there are other candidates codeblocks, kdevelop and elipse.
- however emacs is the most mature and also it can be used for many other activities (other than programming).

## etags

- the etags program is used to create a tag table file, in a format understood by emacs
- it understands the syntax for the following languages:
  - C, Objective C, C++, Java, Fortran, Ada, Cobol, Erlang, LaTeX, Emacs Lisp/Common Lisp, makefiles, Pascal, Perl, Postscript, Python, Prolog, Scheme and most assembler

#### Obtaining the modified ioquake tarball

- you will need this to undertake the following tutorial and also the coursework
- open up a terminal and type:

```
$ cd $HOME

$ mkdir -p Sandpit

$ cd Sandpit

$ wget http://floppsie.comp.glam.ac.uk/download/c/ioquake-latest.tar.gz

$ tar zxf ioquake-latest.tar.gz
```

### Running etags

- open up a terminal and change directory to the ioquake-latest directory
- \$ cd \$HOME/Sandpit/ioquake-latest \$ cd ioquake3 \$ etags \*/\*.[ch] \*/\*/\*.[ch]
- the last command requests etag scan each C .c and .h file in all directories one level below the current
- etags builds an index for every type, function, variable declaration
  - it also builds indices for #define's

## **Using etags**

- now start emacs and press <F5>
- now load in a new file: ^x^f code/server/sv\_game.c
- cursor down to the declaration of the function SV\_GameSystemCalls
- now continue further and find the call to function SV\_CheckRPC
  - place the cursor on top of this function
  - now press <Esc> . <enter>
  - emacs will request you enter the TAGS file, you can delete the last path entry. So the path will match the location where you invoked the etags program
  - ie the path must match ~/Sandpit/ioquakelatest/ioquake3
  - now emacs will now take you to the declaration of

SV\_CheckRPC

## **Using etags**

- now split the screen into two and continue to follow the function calls
- updatePy -> testFor -> execFunction
- now use etags to find the function putPacket

# grep

- or how to find where functions are called
- read the manual page for grep
  - this can be done from within emacs via M-x man <enter> grep <enter>
- return back to the buffer sv\_game.c
- now type: M-x grep <enter> putPacket ../\*/\*.[ch]
  <enter>
- now you can use the <F8> key to move to the next occurrence of putBuffer



the previous grep command was instructed to find all occurrences of putPacket in all C .c and .h files and output these findings in an emacs compatible format

- read the manual pages for diff and patch
- see if you can do this from within emacs

- now switch to the sv\_game.c buffer and split the screen into two
- now move to the end of the buffer and copy the whole file into the yank buffer <esc>w
- move to the other window ^xo and open up a new file ^x^f sv\_game.c-test

- now yank the internal buffer into this file ^y
- now make a single line change (maybe just add your name in a comment)
  - anywhere in the file
- save the file ^xs

- now make emacs run the bash shell via M-x shell <enter>
- and type:
- \$ diff sv\_game.c sv\_game.c-test
- note the output

- diff's are a useful method of transferring textual changes and posting changes to co-developers
- nearly all free software/open source projects operate on this principle
  - this has had a major impact on keeping these free software/open source projects highly portable
- give the flexibility of diff and patch it is often possible to apply textual patches to later releases of the same project
  - not always, and sometimes a few *hunks* require fixing

- in the early days of free software projects were maintained by creating patches and diffs by hand
- fortunately now there are tools which perform most of this automatically
  - and coordinate all the source files in a project
- these are content management systems such as:
  - cvs, git, svn

- svn or subversion \( \text{http://subversion.tigris.org/} \)
- git \( http://git-scm.com/ \)
- cvs (http://www.nongnu.org/cvs/)
- we will be concentrating on git as it is used by the ioquake3 project



open up a terminal and type in the following:

```
$ mkdir -p $HOME/Sandpit/ioquake3-git
$ cd $HOME/Sandpit/ioquake3-git
$ git clone git://github.com/ioquake/ioq3.git
```

- these commands create a new directory \$HOME/Sandpit/ioquake3-git and change your current working directory to this location
- finally it checks out the latest copy of the development version of ioquake3



- now type:
- \$ cd ioquake3
  - \$ make
- this builds the latest ioquake3
- you should be able to run this by typing:
- \$ ./build/debug-linux-x86\_64/ioquake3.x86\_64



- run it, load up the level pom\_bots and play against alien or legoman
- take note at the smoke and blood when using the grenade launcher and the rocket launcher



- now open up another terminal and type:
- \$ cd \$HOME/Sandpit/ioquake-latest/ioquake3
  - \$ ./compilequake
  - \$ ./build/debug-linux-x86\_64/ioquake3.x86\_64
- run it, load up the level pom\_bots and play against alien or legoman
- take note at the smoke and blood when using the grenade launcher and the rocket launcher



- open up another terminal and type:
- \$ cd \$HOME/Sandpit/ioquake-latest/ioquake3
  - \$ svn diff
- this will yield the code changes which were made in order that the blood, smoke, gibs and Python bot work

#### **Tutorial** work

- see if you can create a patch set from the modified ioquake3 which can be applied to the ioquake3-svn tree
- hint you need to capture the diff's and use patch to apply them
  - however you also need to make copies of some new files which are not in the syn tree
- the new files can be found by typing:
- \$ cd \$HOME/Sandpit/ioquake-latest/ioquake3
  - \$ svn status

#### **Tutorial**

read through the code: \$HOME/Sandpit/ioquakelatest/python-bot/botlegoman/botfiles/bots/legoman.py \$HOME/Sandpit/ioquake-latest/python-bot/botlegoman/botfiles/bots/botlib.py \$HOME/Sandpit/ioquakelatest/ioquake3/code/botlib/be\_ai\_py.[ch] \$HOME/Sandpit/ioquakelatest/ioquake3/code/botlib/be\_ai\_char.c also read the directed reading at the end of lecture 0

## gdb

- GNU debugger
  - online documentation is avilable here \( \http:// \) sourceware.org/gdb/current/onlinedocs/gdb\\.
- read the
  - summary
  - sample session
  - GDB commands and
  - stopping and continuing

- you will need two computers, side by side
- on the left computer log in, open a terminal and change directory to ioquake-latest
- \$ cd \$HOME/Sandpit/ioquake-latest/ioquake3
- and start the debugging version of ioquake3 under the debugger

- \$ ./debugquake
- at this point the debugger (GDB) is split into two
  - the server is manipulating ioquake3
- the GDB client will being controlled by you

- on the right computer login and start emacs
  - maximise it to its rightful size, full screen
  - press F5

- the first line requires modifying, change localhost for the FQDN of the computer running ioquake3 under the debugger
- you should be given a GDB prompt
  - now type
- (qdb) cont
- and debug the ioquake3 as you would debug an ordinary binary
  - there are a few differences
  - never type run
  - and always finish the debugging session by typing quit