

FACE RECOGNITION SYSTEM

Computer Vision Project



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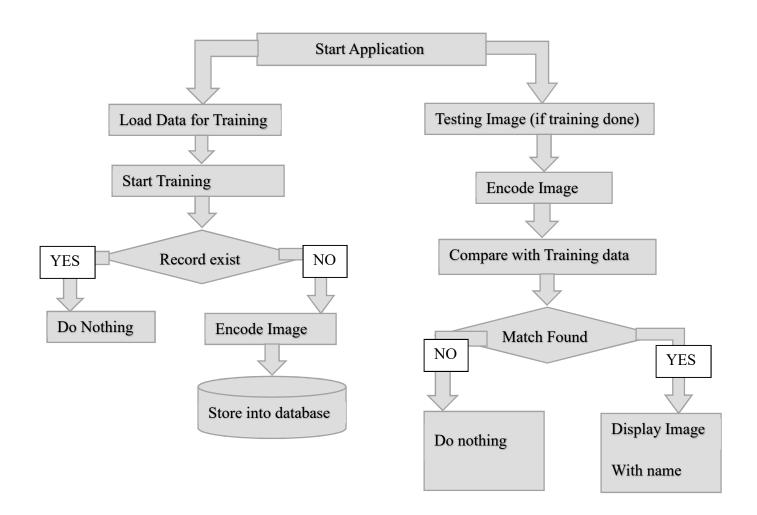
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PROJECT REPORT

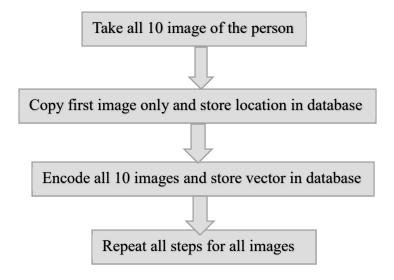
Problem Statement:

Use face recognition library (https://pypi.org/project/face-recognition/) to implement a face recognition system that detects multiple faces from an image and identify those persons. Test it for 500 persons.

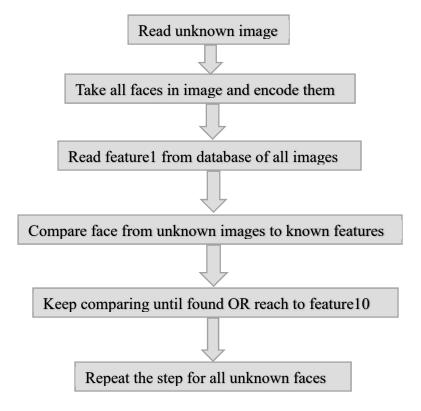
Flow Diagram of Application:



Flow Diagram of inside working of Training Images:



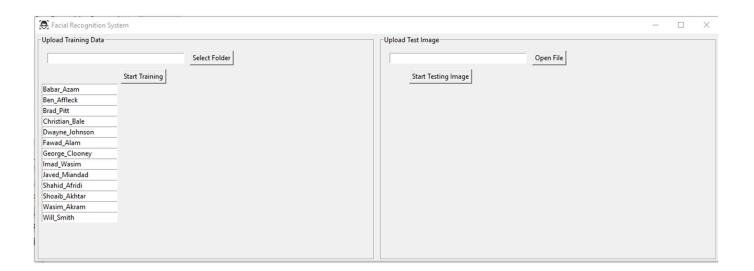
Flow Diagram of inside working of Testing Image:



First of all importing necessaries libraries:

```
import ast
import re
import tkinter as tk
from PIL import ImageTk, Image
import face_recognition
import os
import cv2
import mysql.connector
from PIL import ImageTk, Image
from tkinter import filedialog
import shutil
import numpy as np
```

For GUI Main Window:



Training GUI Area:

Following code is only for creating Graphical User Interface of Training Area. As also shown in previous diagram.

```
my train frame = tk.LabelFrame(root, text="Upload Training Data",
padx=5, pady=5, width=600, height=400)
my train frame.grid(row=0, column=0, padx=5, pady=2)
my train frame.grid propagate(False)
def load_train_images():
    root.dirname = filedialog.askdirectory(initialdir="./", title="Select a
folder")
    train img entry box.insert(0, root.dirname)
    my train img label = tk.Label(my train frame, text=root.dirname)
    my train img label.grid(row=1, column=0, columnspan=5)
train img entry box = tk.Entry(my train frame, width=40)
train img entry box.grid(row=0, column=0, columnspan=5, padx=10, pady=10)
train img load btn = tk.Button(my train frame, text="Select Folder",
command=load train images)
train img load btn.grid(row=0, column=6)
def load data():
    mycursor.execute("SELECT name FROM frs")
    uname = mycursor.fetchall()
    uname lst = [uname[i][0] for i in range(len(uname))]
    rows = []
    for i in range(len(uname lst)):
        cols = []
        for j in range(1):
            e = tk.Entry(my train frame, relief=tk.GROOVE)
            e.grid(row=i+7, column=j, sticky=tk.NSEW)
            e.insert(tk.END, uname lst[i])
            cols.append(e)
        rows.append(cols)
load data()
```

Testing GUI:

Following code is to display Graphical User Interface of testing area as also shown in previous diagram.

```
my test frame = tk.LabelFrame(root, text="Upload Test Image", padx=5,
pady=5, width=600, height=400)
my test frame.grid(row=0, column=1, padx=5, pady=2)
my test frame.grid propagate(False)
def load test image():
   global my_test_img
   global my test img label
   root.filename = filedialog.askopenfilename(initialdir="./",
title="Select a file",
                                              filetypes=(("all files",
"*.*"), ("jpg files", "*.jpg")))
    # my test img label = tk.Label(my test frame, text=root.filename)
    # my test img label.grid(row=2, column=0)
   test img entry box.insert(0, root.filename)
   WIDTH, HEIGHT = 300, 300
   resize_img = Image.open(root.filename).resize((WIDTH, HEIGHT),
Image.ANTIALIAS)
   my test img = ImageTk.PhotoImage(resize img)
   # my test img = ImageTk.PhotoImage(Image.open(root.filename))
   my test img label = tk.Label(my test frame, image=my test img)
   my test img label.grid(row=1, column=1)
test_img_entry_box = tk.Entry(my_test_frame, width=40)
test img entry box.grid(row=0, column=0, columnspan=5, padx=10, pady=10)
test img load btn = tk.Button(my test frame, text="Open File",
command=load test image)
test img load btn.grid(row=0, column=6)
```

Database Connection:

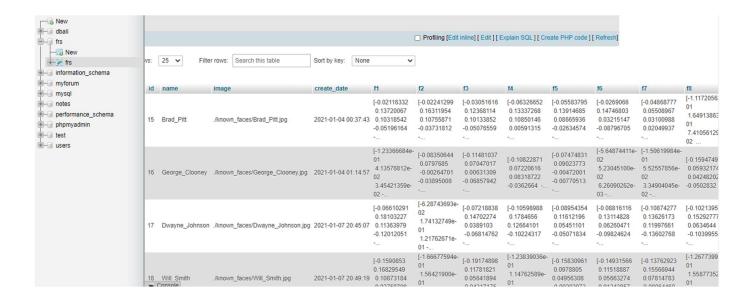
Following code for creating database connection.

```
conn = mysql.connector.connect(
  host="localhost",
  user="root",
  password="",
  database = "frs"
)
```

To insert a record in the database:

Following code is for inserting record in the database.

```
def insert record(uname, img path, known images):
   NAME = uname
   IMAGE = img_path
   print("Length of known images: ", len(known_images))
   print("Type of known images: ", type(known_images))
   print(len(known_images[0]))
   print(type(known images[0]))
   f = []
   for img in known images:
       f.append(np.array str(img))
   print(f[0])
   print(type(f[0]))
   print(len(f))
   # INSERT INTO TABLES
   sql = "INSERT INTO frs (name, image, f1, f2, f3, f4, f5, f6, f7, f8, f9,
f10) " \
         val = (NAME, IMAGE, f[0], f[1], f[2], f[3], f[4], f[5], f[6], f[7],
f[8], f[9])
   mycursor.execute(sql, val)
   conn.commit()
   print(mycursor.rowcount, "record inserted.")
   # conn.close()
```



This is the database on mysql and has following fields as show in above diagram:

- **Id** (auto generated) uniquely indentifier
- Name name of a person
- Image it's store a single image of the person (store location where image reside)
- Create date (auto generated) It's hold the creation time of the record
- $\mathbf{f1} \mathbf{f2}$ Hold the encoded vector of each 10 image from f1 to f10

Train Images:

For Start training click on training data button but before load the image by browsing the root folder where all images have been stored. Following code is for do the training, which means it will encode each image and call the insert record function to store it into the database:

```
def training data():
   print("Loading known faces...")
   print(root.dirname)
   TRAINING DIR = root.dirname
   mycursor.execute("SELECT name FROM frs")
   name exist = mycursor.fetchall()
   print(name exist[0][0])
   print(type(name exist[0][0]))
   ne = [name exist[i][0] for i in range(len(name exist))]
   print(ne)
   for name in os.listdir(TRAINING DIR):
        print("\nName of Person: ",name)
       known faces = []
        if name not in ne:
            for i, filename in enumerate(os.listdir(f"{TRAINING DIR}/{name}")):
                if i == 0:
                    dest dir = KNOWN FACES DIR
                    src dir = f"{TRAINING DIR}/{name}"
                    print(src_dir, " -- ", dest_dir)
                    src file = src dir + "/" + filename #os.path.join(src dir,
filename)
                    print("source file: ", src file)
                    shutil.copy(src file, dest dir) # copy file to destination dir
                    os.chdir(dest dir)
                                                    # change directory to
destination folder
                    dest file = filename
                    oldfname, ext = filename.split(".")
                    print(oldfname, ext)
                    newfname = name + "." + ext
                    os.rename(dest file, newfname) # rename
                    print("destination file:", newfname)
                    img path = KNOWN FACES DIR + "/" + newfname
                print("Images: ",filename)
face recognition.load image file(f"{TRAINING DIR}/{name}/{filename}")
                print(type(image), len(image))
                try:
                    encoding = face_recognition.face_encodings(image)[0]
                    print("encoding: \n", encoding)
                except:
                    print("Error in processing image", i, filename)
```

This code perform following task:

- Check if record exist or not
- If record already exist then skip it to load the next training image
- If record does not found then Copy only first image and store it in local folder and keep the location in the database
- Encode all 10 images and store it into database in vector form
- Keep doing this process for all the person that is given by user

Testing the image:

Following code is for testing image to recognize faces on it.

- First of all it read unknown image
- Encode all the faces in the image, and store the location of each face
- Compare the faces to all image known faces available in the database. For that it's actually use "CNN" model as defined, and it compare with all at once.
- Inside, it is using "Euclidean Distance" to compare the face encoding of unknown faces with known faces.
- While loop is here to check until found all faces. As soon as all faces found in the image, it
 will out from the loop and does not need to check further.
- To compare, fetches feature "f1" of all image and compare it and so on if needed.
- For loop only works if unknown image has multiple faces to recognize.

```
def testing data():
   global my_test img
   global my test img label
   print("Processing test image...", root.filename)
   # for filename in os.listdir(UNKNOWN FACES DIR):
   image = face recognition.load image file(root.filename)
    # print("before encoding: \n", image)
   locations = face recognition.face locations(image, model=MODEL)
    # print("Locations: ", locations)
   print("Length of locations(Number of person in testing image): ",
len(locations))
   encodings = face recognition.face encodings(image, locations)
   image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR RGB2BGR)
    # print("after encoding: \n", image)
   mycursor.execute("SELECT id, name FROM frs")
   name exist = sorted(mycursor.fetchall())
   print("\n name exist:---->>>>", type(name exist), name exist)
   ne = [name exist[i][1] for i in range(len(name exist))]
   print("Name Exist: ", ne)
   num unknown = len(locations)
   to break = []
   print("To break list and its length: ", to break, len(to break))
```

```
# Actual Code to Compare the unkown face from training data (known faces)
    img feature = 1
   while(len(to break) <= num_unknown and img_feature<=10):</pre>
       print("img feature no: ---->", img feature)
       print("To Break List: ", to break)
       mycursor.execute("SELECT f" + str(img feature) + " FROM frs")
       myresult = mycursor.fetchall()
        print(type(myresult), len(myresult))
       print(myresult[0])
       kfaces = []
        for i in range(len(myresult)):
            f = myresult[i]
            flst = re.sub('\s+', ',', f[0])
            farr = np.array(ast.literal_eval(flst))
            kfaces.append(farr)
        for face encoding, face location in zip(encodings, locations):
            results = face recognition.compare faces(kfaces, face encoding,
TOLERANCE)
            match = None
            print(type(results), "--> ", results)
            if True in results:
                  match = ne[results.index(True)]
                  print(f"match found: {match}")
                  # to break[results.index(True)] = True
                  to break.append(True)
                  top left = (face location[3], face location[0])
                  bottom right = (face location[1], face location[2]+22)
                  color = [0, 255, 0]
                  cv2.rectangle(image, top left, bottom right, color,
FRAME THICKNESS)
                  top left = (face location[3], face_location[2])
                  bottom right = (face location[1], face location[2])
                  cv2.rectangle(image, top_left, bottom_right, color, cv2.FILLED)
                  cv2.putText(image, match, (face_location[3]+10,
face location[2]+15),
                                              cv2.FONT HERSHEY SIMPLEX, 0.5,
(255,0,0), FONT_THICKNESS)
        img feature = int(img feature) + 1
   cv2.imshow("Test image", image)
   cv2.waitKey(0)
start testing btn = tk.Button(my test frame, text="Start Testing Image",
command=testing data)
start testing btn.grid(row=3, column=1)
```

- After select an image, click on testing image button to recognize face in image.
- It will open image in another window with draw a rectangle and display the name, as shown below:

