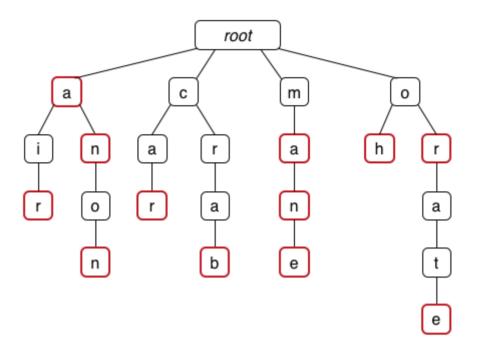
Data Structures and Algorithms

COMP9024 20T0

Week 4b Problem Set Tries and Pattern Matching

[Solutions]

1. Consider the following trie, where finishing nodes are shown in red:



What are the keys?

2. If the following keys were inserted into an initially empty trie

```
jaws boots axe boo so sore boot boon
```

what would the final trie look like? Does the order of insertion matter?

3. For every character in the following pattern, calculate the last-occurrence function (L) used in the Boyer-Moore algorithm and display it as a table:

```
хумараѕwуу
```

See: Visualizing String Matching. Enter the pattern in both "Text" and 'Pattern", and click on "Search", see "Last" array.

4. Compute a table representing the Knuth-Morris-Pratt failure function for the following pattern:

cgtacgttcgtac

See: Visualizing String Matching. Click the bottom "Build failure function" in the top panel.

5. Consider the following text and pattern:

Text:

ABCACBBDABCADD

Pattern:

ABCAD

Identify the sequence of character comparisons required for the Boyer-Moore algorithm. You also need to report total number of character comparisons required.

See: Visualizing String Matching. Use the bottom panel to "Pause" and "Step Forward" to **slowly visualise** each step.

6. Consider the following *text* and *pattern*:

Text:

aaabaadaabaaa

Pattern:

aabaaa

Identify the sequence of character comparisons required for the Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm. You also need to report total number of character comparisons required.

See: Visualizing String Matching. Use the bottom panel to "Pause" and "Step Forward" to **slowly visualise** each step.

7. For the following string, calculate frequency array and draw Huffman tree:

ababbcdcbaabcacbbbs

Also provide the huffman code table for each character.

See: Visualizing String Matching. Use the bottom panel to "Pause" and "Step Forward" to **slowly visualise** each step.