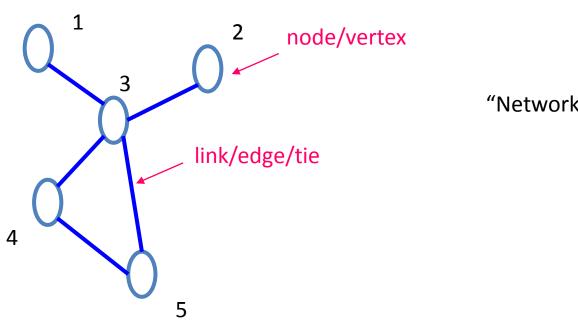
# COMP9311 Advanced Topics: Social Network Analysis

## INTRODUCTION – What are Networks

Networks are collections of points joined by lines.



"Network" ≡ "Graph"

## INTRODUCTION – Why we study networks

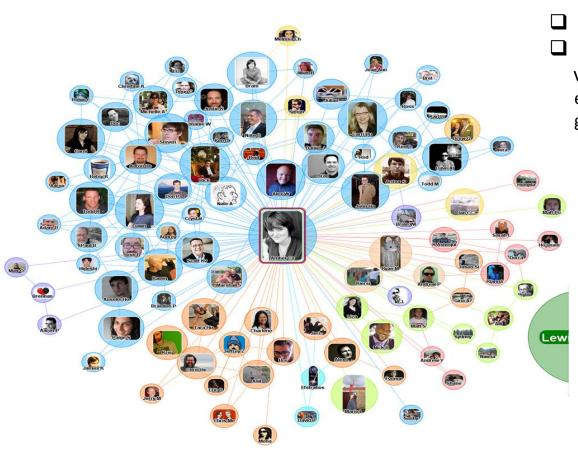
- Networks are everywhere, and we live in a highly-connected world.
- Social Network

A social network is a social structure made up of a set of social actors (such as individuals or organizations), sets of dyadic ties, and other social interactions between actors.

-- wikipedia



#### Social Networks – Facebook ego-network



- Find your communities
- ☐ Know how to approach a person via Facebook.
  - e.g., how to increase the chance of getting your friend invitation accepted?

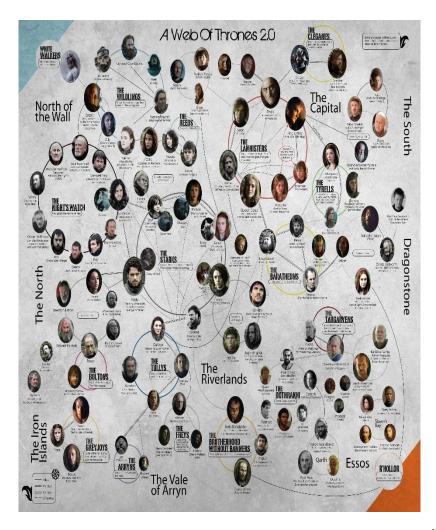
## Social Networks – Facebook

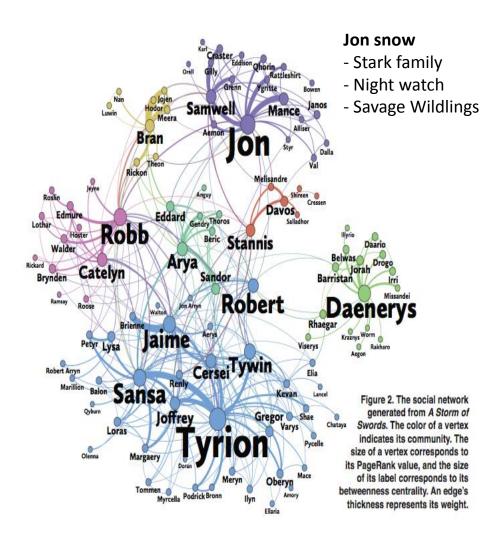
Monthly active users: around 1 billion in 2012 and now around 1.86 billion (Google+: 440 million)



Facebook social graph, **4-degrees of separation** [Backstrom-Boldi-Rosa-Ugander-Vigna, **2011**]

### Social Networks – Network of thrones





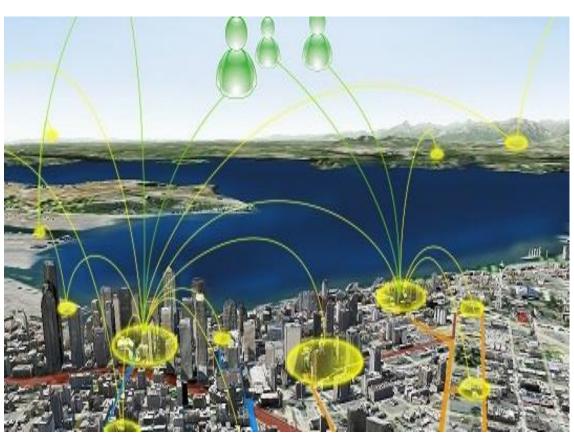
http://www.chartgeek.com/game-of-thrones-family-tree/

http://www.maa.org/sites/default/files/pdf/Mathhorizons/NetworkofThrones%20 %281%29.pdf

## Social Networks - Location Based Social Network (LBSN)





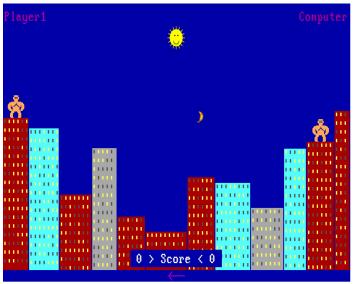


https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/research/project/location-based-social-networks

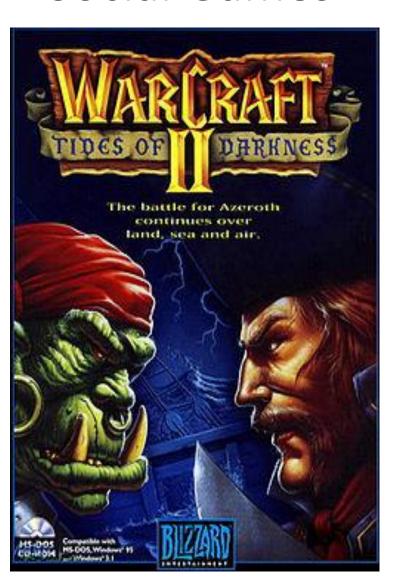
Yelp data challenge!

## Social Networks – Social Games

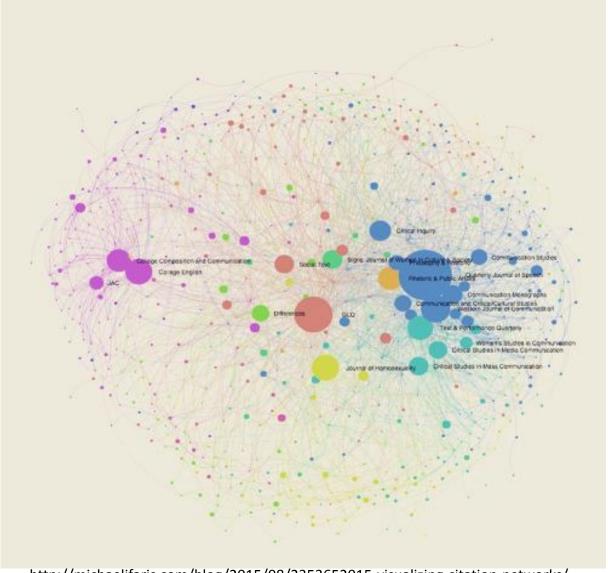




Hit your opponent with an exploding banana.



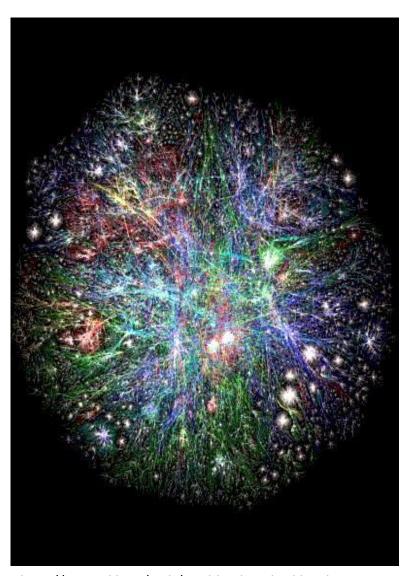
## Social Networks - Citation network



**Citation Network** is a social network which contains paper sources and linked by co-citation relationships

http://michaeljfaris.com/blog/2015/08/2353652015-visualizing-citation-networks/

## Information Networks – WWW

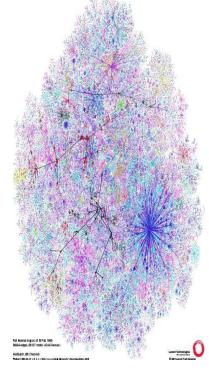


http://www.vlib.us/web/worldwideweb3d.html

#### 3D Map of the World Wide Web

This illustrates in 3-D the actual domains and connections of the world wide web. **Colors** have been added to represent .edu, .gov, .com, etc. domains.

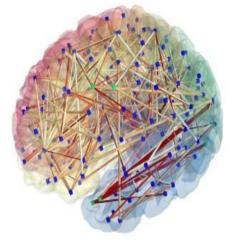
Many other Networks



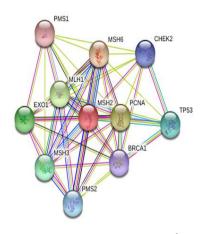
Internet



Sydney Road Network http://www.brt.cl/opinion-pieces-i-tolled-you-so

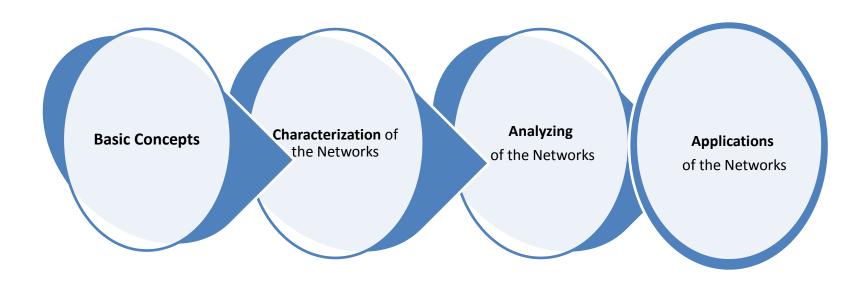


Human Brain Network (10-100 billion neurons) http://blog.myesr.org/mri-reveals-the-human-connectome



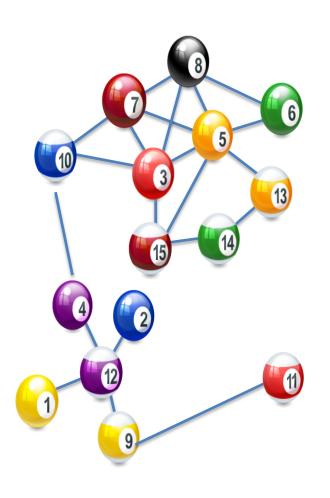
Protein interaction network

#### **Social Network Analysis**



- ☐ What are networks? Basic concepts
- How to characterize networks?
- ☐ How to **analyse** social and information network data?
  - Methods and tools;
- ☐ Applications of social and information network analysis

#### **CHARACTERIZATION**



- **Degree**: how many friends do I have?
- Weights: how strong are the ties?
- Path: how far am I from another vertex?
- **Connectivity**: can I reach all other vertices?
- **Diameter**: how dense are they?
- <u>Centrality</u> (e.g., betweenness, closeness): Am I in the center of everyone?

#### Average shortest path

How close is everyone from everyone?

Six degree of separation: only six hops separate any two people in the world

"Three and a half degrees of separation" recently reported by Facebook research <a href="https://research.fb.com/three-and-a-half-degrees-of-separation/">https://research.fb.com/three-and-a-half-degrees-of-separation/</a>

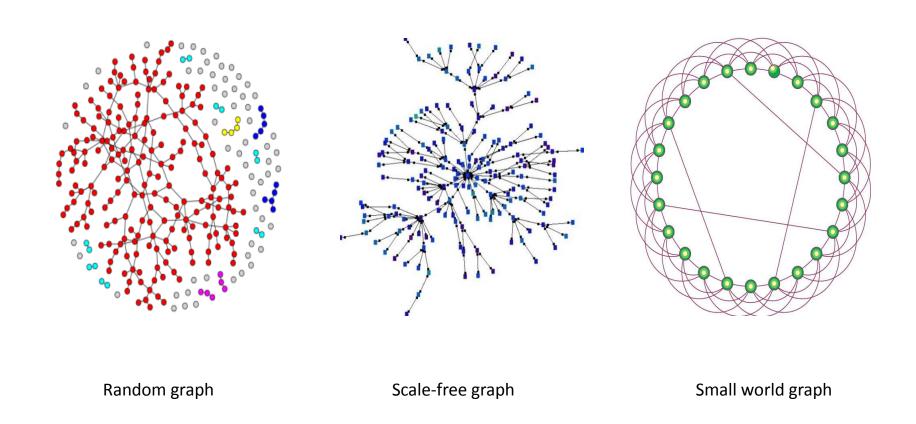


Mark Zuckerberg
3.17 degrees of separation

#### **Graph Modelling**

**Network modelling** is to find the **right generative process** of networks that **explains the observations** of network properties.

- Degree distribution, average shortest path, community structure, etc.



#### <u>Search</u>

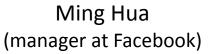
☐ Find the (shortest) path between two people.



Wenjie Zhang

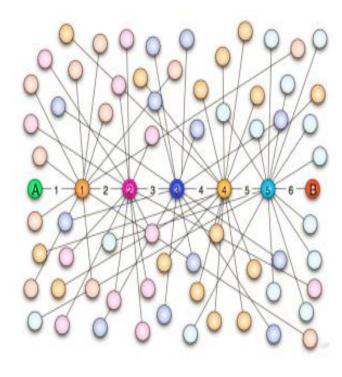


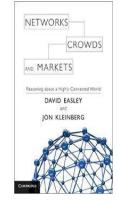






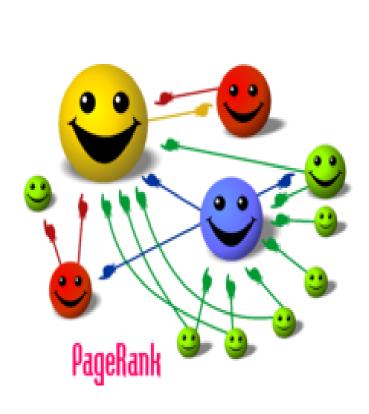
Mark Zuckerberg



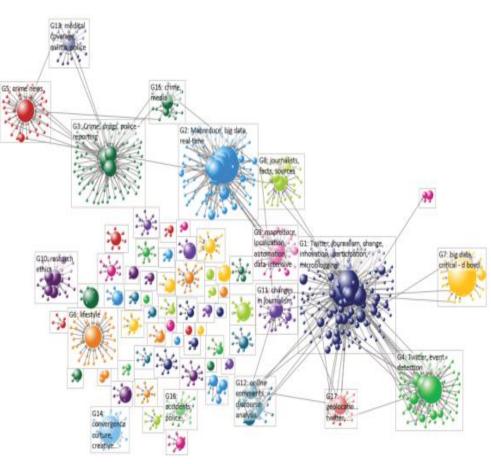


#### **Ranking**

☐ Importance of the vertices. E.g., which is the most influential paper in a co-citation network



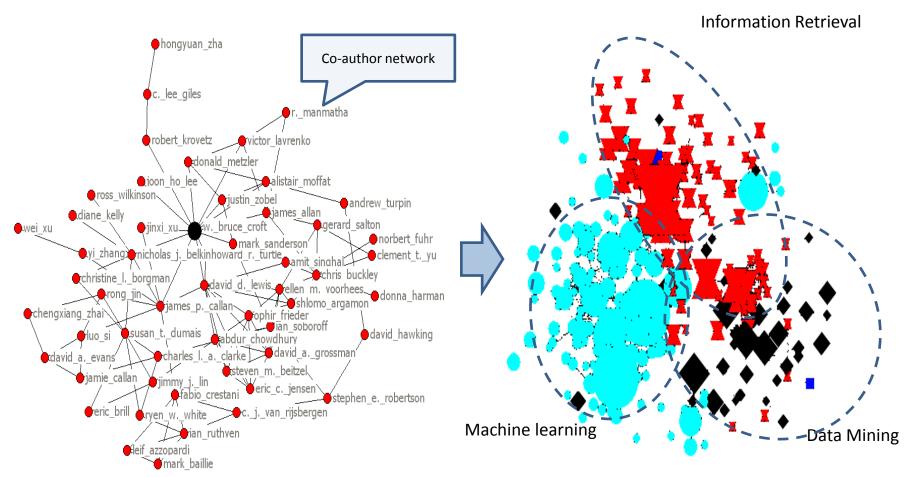
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/PageRank



https://www.researchgate.net/

#### **Finding Communities**

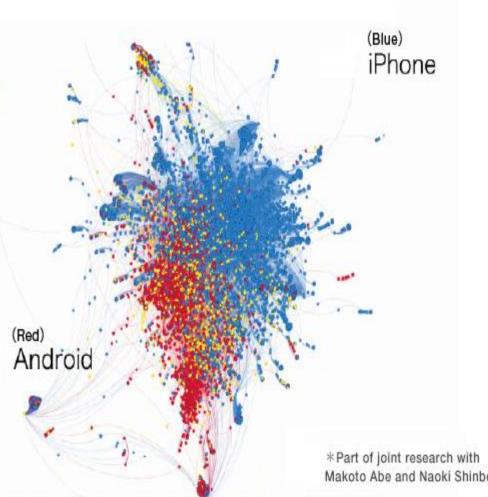
☐ Who tend to work together



#### **Network Dynamic Analysis**

Cascade behaviour from node to node like an epidemic E.g.,

- Marketing, online advertising
- News, opinions, rumors, diseases
- Adoption of innovation;
- Joining a community, buying a book

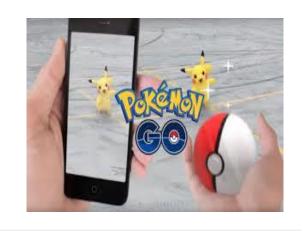


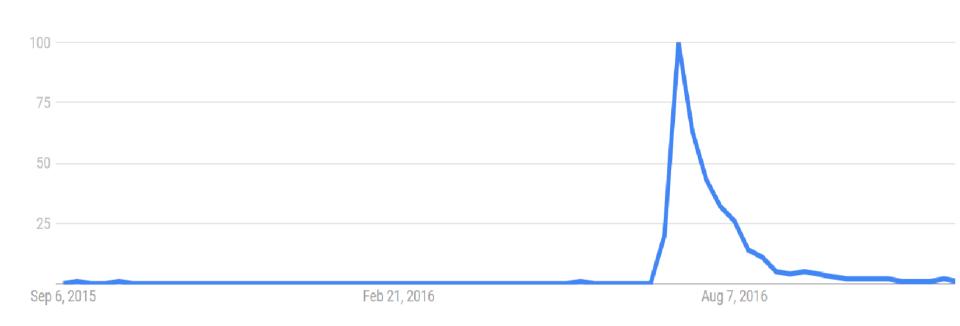
Information diffusion network on Twitter

#### **Network Dynamic Analysis**

Our survey: around 50% used to play, now no active user any more

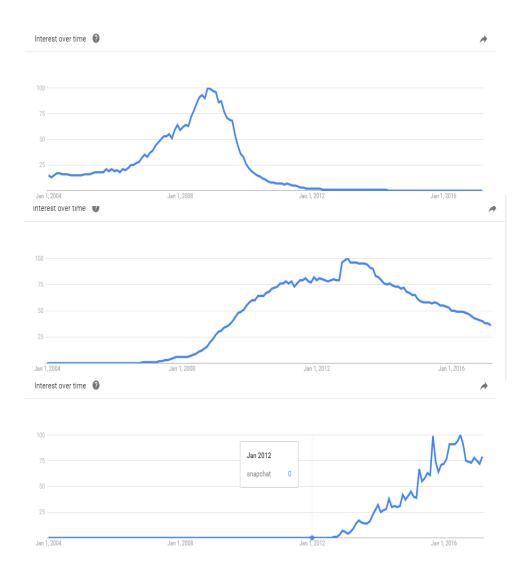






Google Trend "Pokémon Go"

#### **Network Dynamic Analysis**

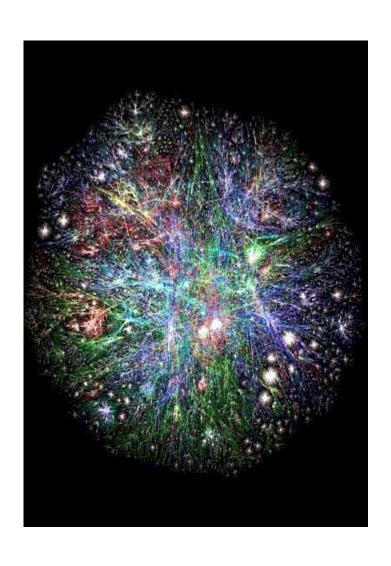


**Google trend** for

Friendster,
Facebook and
Snapchat

Since 2004

#### Web search



☐ Understand the user intent

"Please translate these roman numerals mcmxcviii thank you."

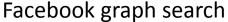
☐ Find the **relevant** webpages (relevance)

☐ Rank the search results (by importance)

#### Social search

**Social Search** is **an enhanced version of web search**, also takes into account **social relationships** between the results and the searcher, such as *work for the same companies, belong to the same social groups* etc.





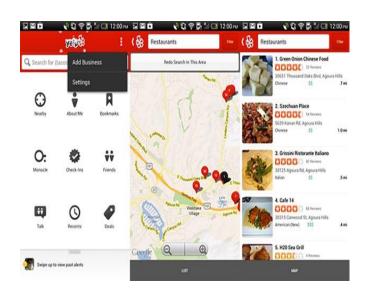


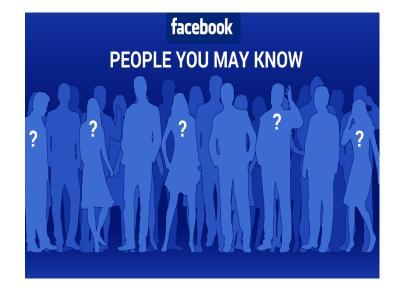
#### **Recommendation**





http://www.kis.kansai-u.ac.jp/res\_music\_e.html





#### **Many other applications**

☐ Sentiment analysis (e.g., US presidential election prediction)
☐Social behaviour (pattern) analysis
□Rumour detection and source detection (Facebook and Twitter)
☐Social network privacy
□Viral marketing
☐Sponsored search
□Ftc.