

## **Assignment 6**

Due: 26.5.2021 (25.10.1443 AH)

**Q1-** The following table shows the distance of a moving object from a fixed point at intervals of 2 seconds:

Time (sec)	0	2	4	6	8
Distance (m)	0	8.25	13.9	22.7	34.5

- a- Use forward difference to approximate the object's velocity at time=0
- b- Use backward difference to approximate the object's velocity at time=8.
- c- Use central difference to approximate the object's velocity at time=6.

**Q2-** Approximate the integral:

$$\int_0^6 x^3 e^{-x} dx$$

using 7 points (6 intervals) by the following techniques:

- Trapezoidal rule.
- Simpson's 1/3 rule.
- Simpson's 3/8 rule.

and by:

- The antiderivative:  $(-x^3-3x^2-6x-6)e^{-x}+C$
- Compare and comment on the results.
- **Q3-** Using the same h, suppose the central difference approximation of a function at a point was 50.5 and the backward difference approximation at the same point was 39. Compute the forward difference approximation at this point.

## Hint:

First, find a general relationship between the 3 kinds of approximations by finding the sum of the formulas of the backward and the forward approximations and comparing it to the central difference formula.