

The future is today

Kamil Gałek
BigPicture

Platinum Sponsor



A long, long, time ago...

JS was used to detect
Internet Explorer browser

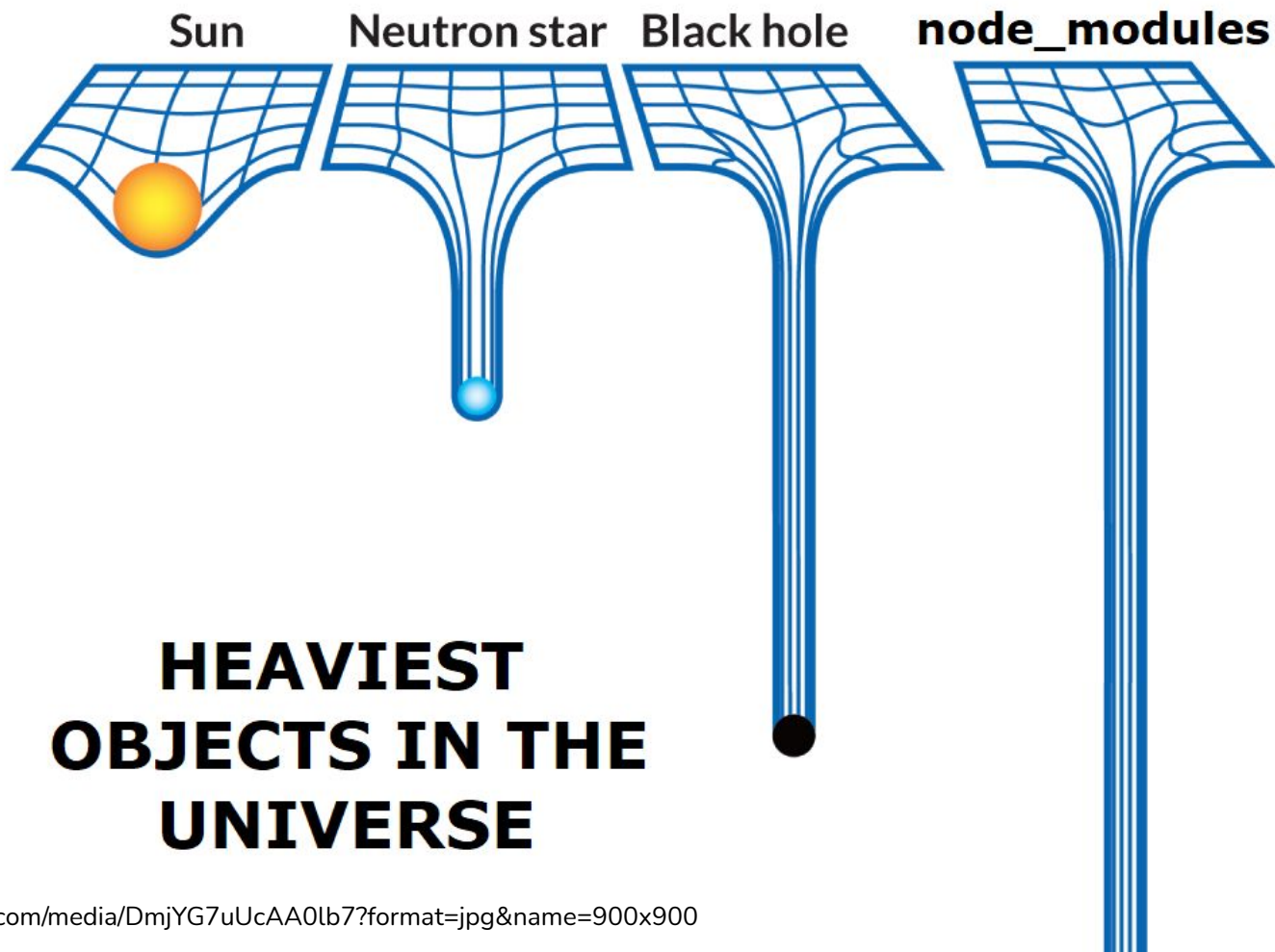


It ain't much, but it's honest work

src: https://miro.medium.com/max/1280/1*8jE0o_rd1ahG2IRADAvgAg.jpeg

PREPARING JAVASCRIPT TO DEPLOY

IN A NUTSHELL





npm



node
package
manager



yarn't

Tomorrow 🐱



Kamil Gałek

Frontend Developer
BigPicture



The future is today



esbuild revolution is near

Rules

Questions After - 45 min - Repo



github.com/galczo5/future-is-now

Bundlers?

Why?

Complexity

Browsers

Minify/Uglify?

Size is the most important optimization

Who want to have shorter builds?

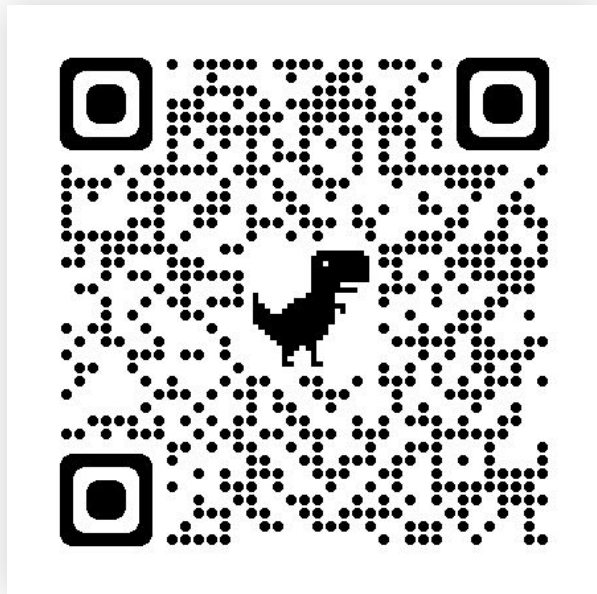
Let's count React developers!

esbuild is production-ready



@angular-devkit/build-angular
use esbuild as a CSS optimizer for
component styles

Angular



Snowpack
The faster frontend build tool.

Alibaba, Intel, Internet Archive



Vite
Next Generation Frontend Tooling

Vue.js

“Talk is cheap. Show me the code.”

Demo #1

node generator - package.json - generation results - dist

Unrealistic examples again 🥲

Small apps are not the problem,
but nobody develop small
apps on production

< 5s

Let's go for real-world cases!

Demo #2

react generator - small example - huge app



Let's compare the results

Demo #3

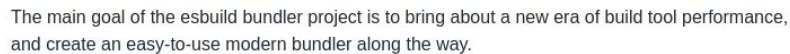
comparator script - comparator demo - node app - react app

Official benchmarks



[Website](#) | [Getting started](#) | [Documentation](#) | [Plugins](#) | [FAQ](#)

Our current build tools for the web are 10-100x slower than they could be:

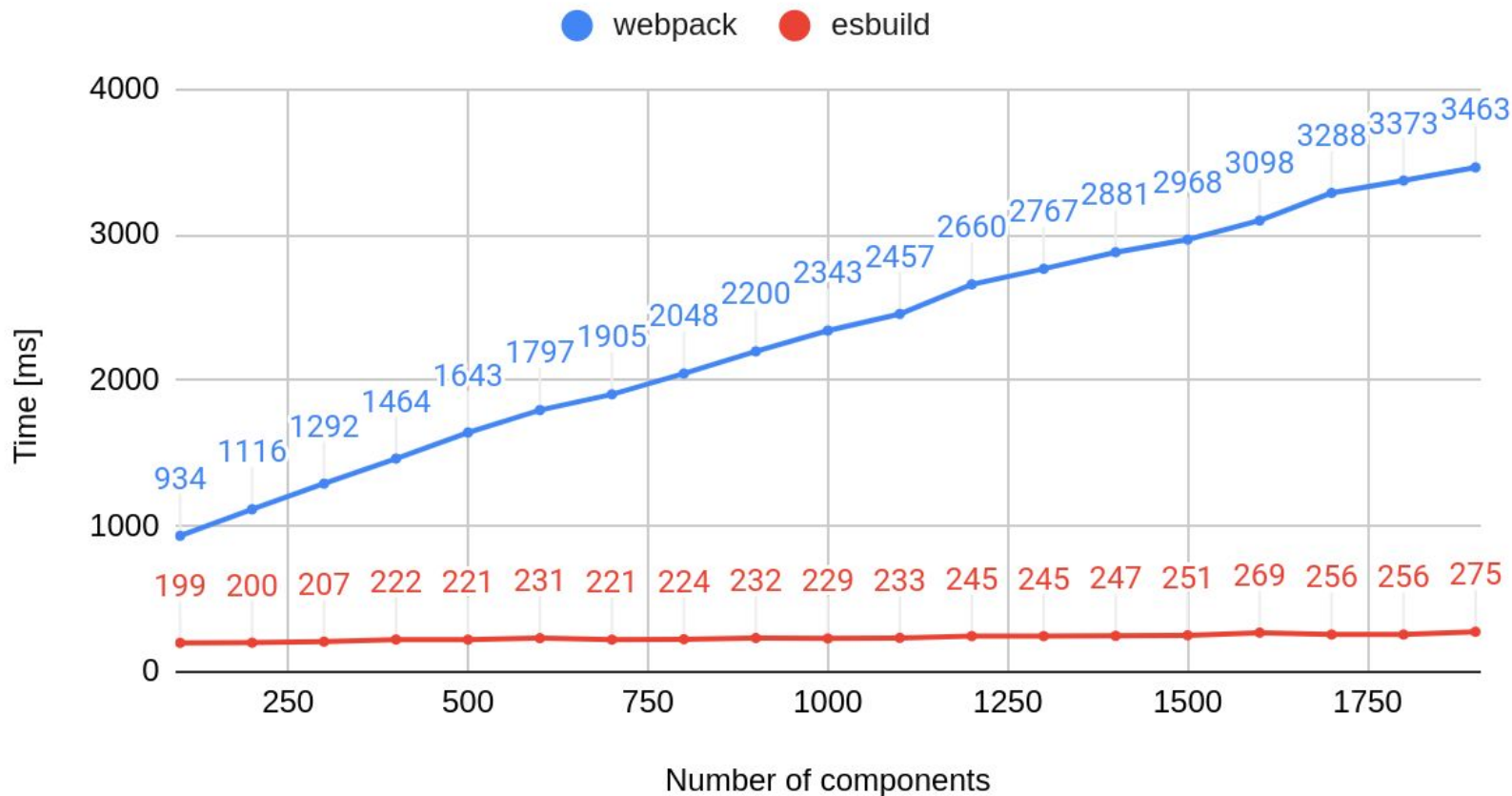


- Extreme speed without needing a cache
- ES6 and CommonJS modules
- Tree shaking of ES6 modules
- An **API** for JavaScript and Go
- **TypeScript** and **JSX** syntax
- **Source maps**

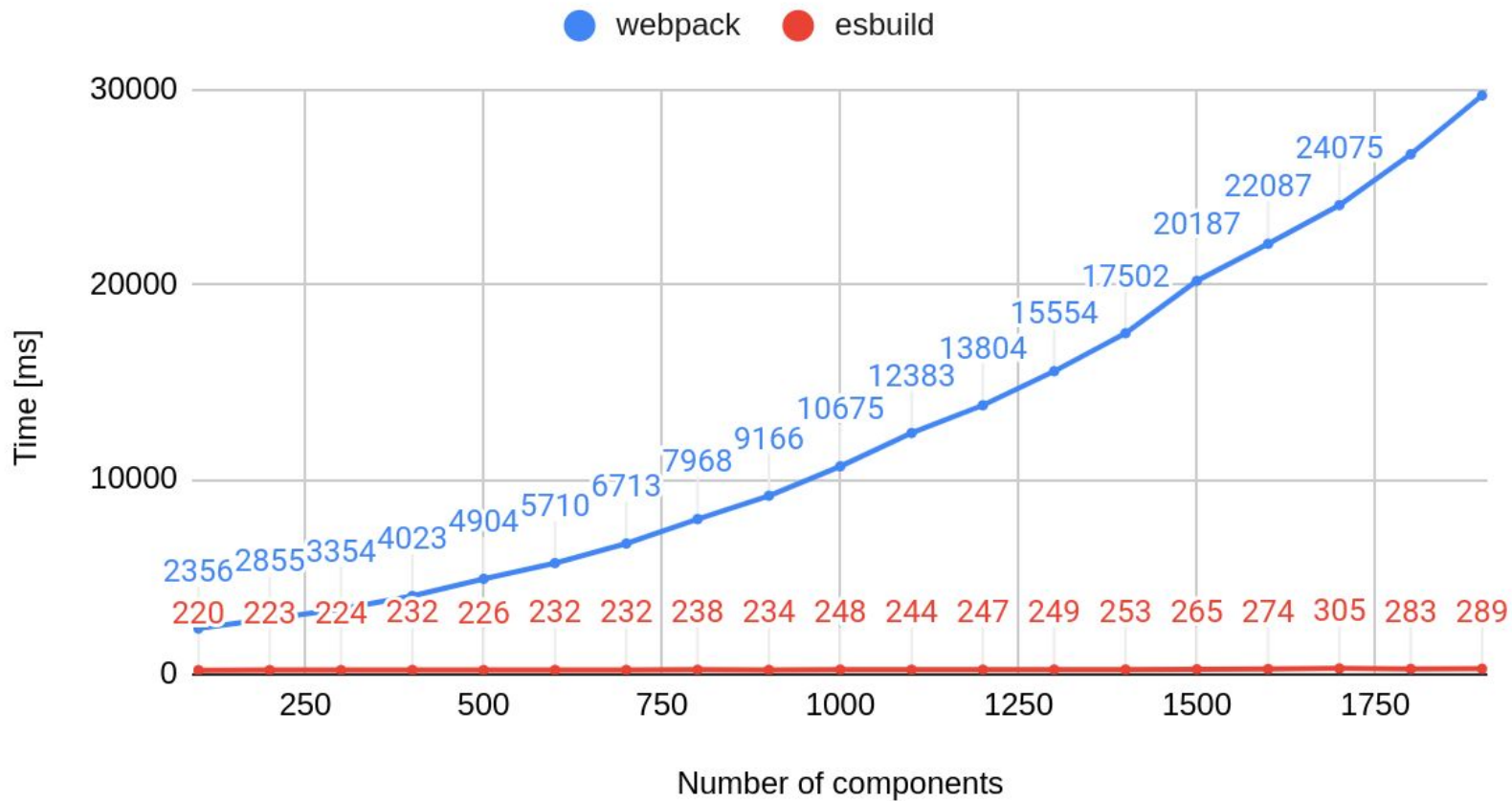
My results

AMD Ryzen 3600 and 32Gb RAM

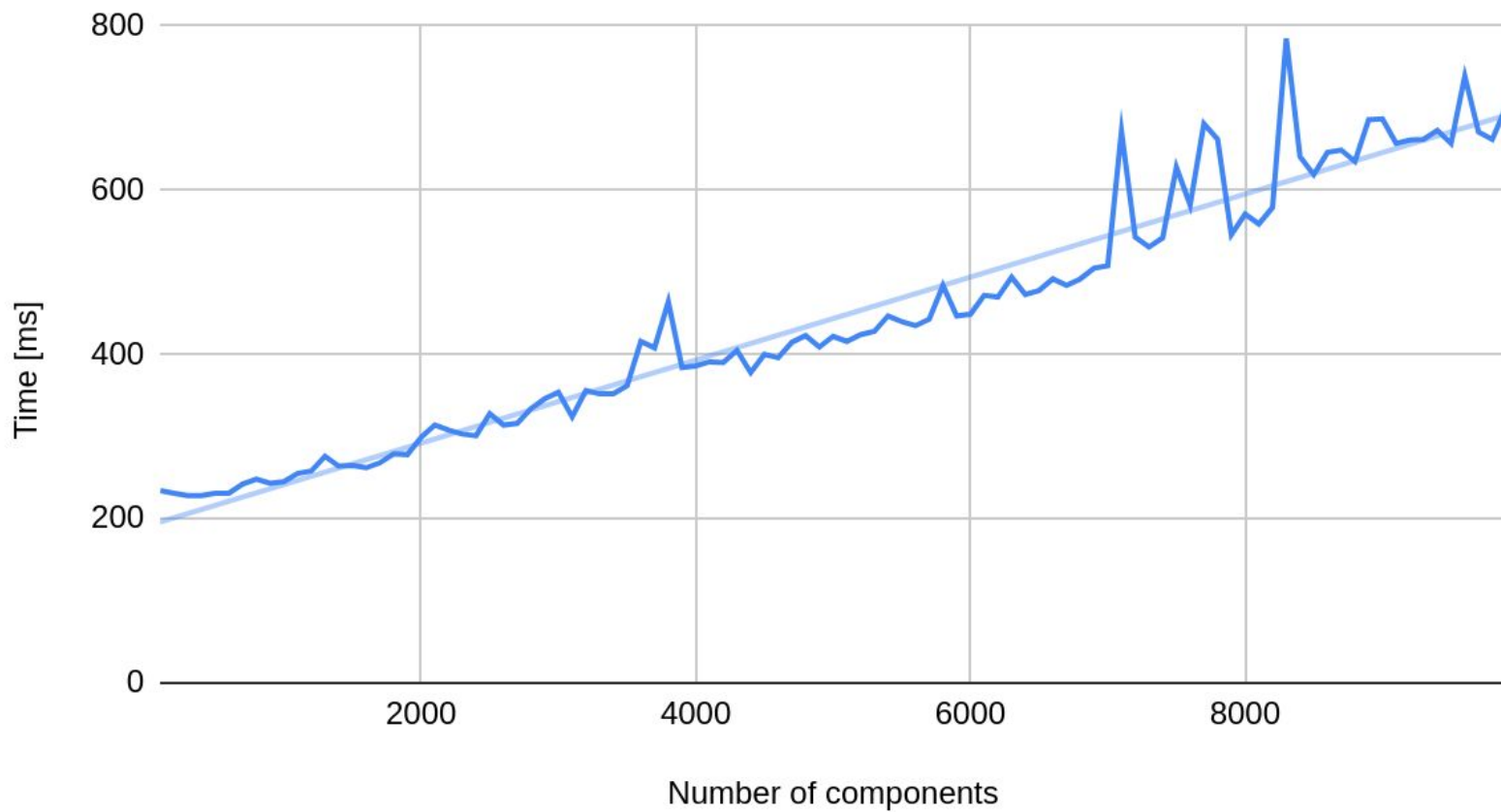
Node app build time



React app build time



React app build time



Let's be crazy one more time...



100 000 COMPONENTS

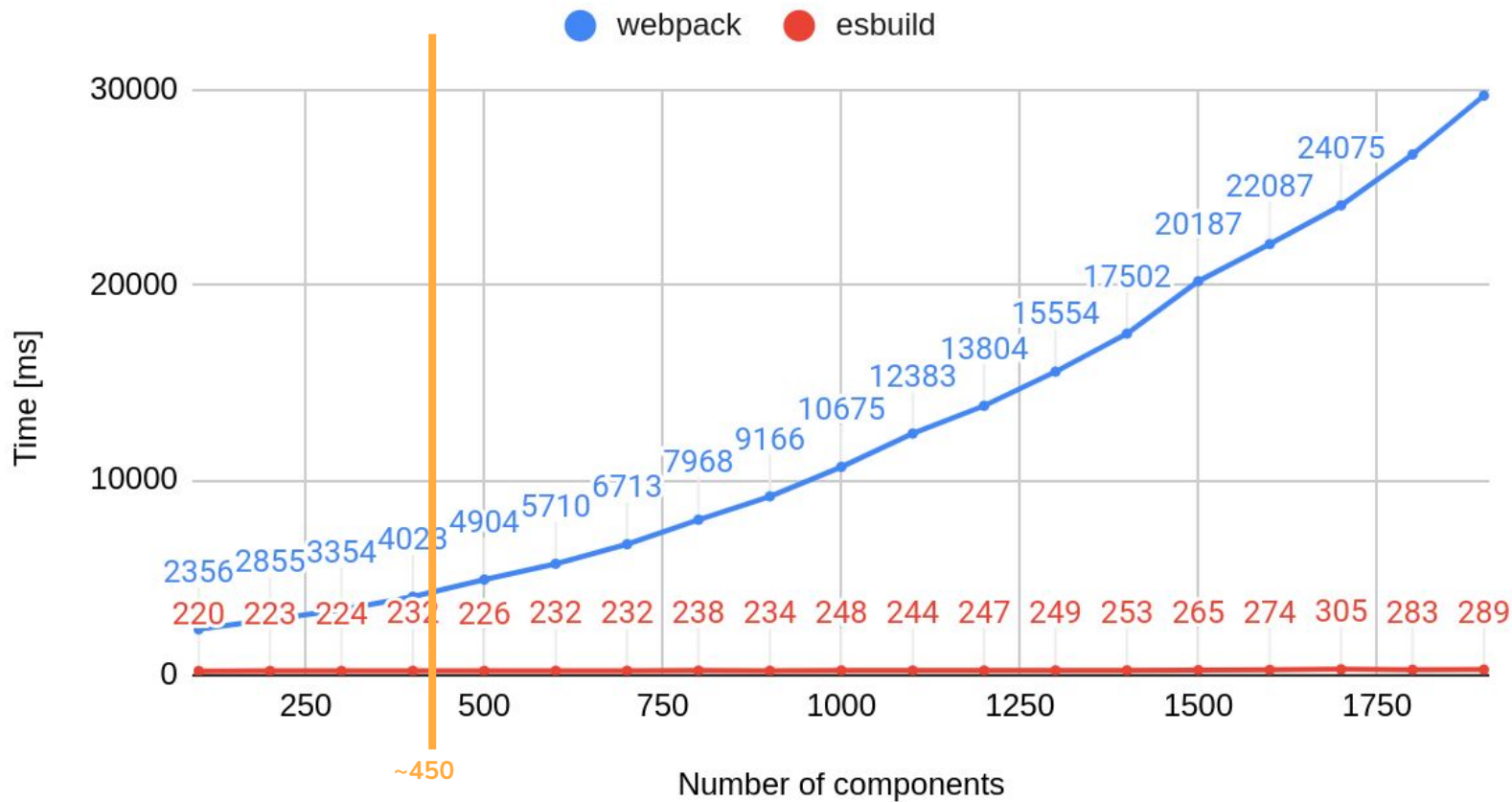
```
fish /home/kamil/Dev/future-is-now
generated ./src/react/module99975.jsx
generated ./src/react/module99976.jsx
generated ./src/react/module99977.jsx
generated ./src/react/module99978.jsx
generated ./src/react/module99979.jsx
generated ./src/react/module99980.jsx
generated ./src/react/module99981.jsx
generated ./src/react/module99982.jsx
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generated ./src/react/module99989.jsx
generated ./src/react/module99990.jsx
generated ./src/react/module99991.jsx
generated ./src/react/module99992.jsx
generated ./src/react/module99993.jsx
generated ./src/react/module99994.jsx
generated ./src/react/module99995.jsx
generated ./src/react/module99996.jsx
generated ./src/react/module99997.jsx
generated ./src/react/module99998.jsx
generated ./src/react/module99999.jsx
saved ./src/react/main.jsx
saved ./src/react/App.jsx
> ~/D/future-is-now npm run react:esbuild:build

> future-is-now@1.0.0 react:esbuild:build /home/kamil/Dev/future-is-now
> node ./config/react.esbuild.js

esbuild compiled 4198 ms
> ~/D/future-is-now
```

4198 ms

React app build time



Is it possible to run so huge app...?

ESBUILD

100k components



Console



2

1



top



Filter



Default levels



1 Issue: 1

✖ Uncaught SyntaxError: Too many arguments in function call (only 65535 allowed) main.js:9

✖ Failed to load resource: the server favicon.ico:1 responded with a status of 404 (Not Found)

> |

esbuild

127.0.0.1:4200/index.esbuild.html

ESBUILD

50k components



Console



2



1



top ▼



Filter



Default levels ▼

1 Issue: 1

at main.js:9

```
✖ ▶ Uncaught RangeError: Maximum call stack size exceeded    main.js:9
    at nTz (main.js:9)
    at Km (main.js:5)
    at Uf (main.js:9)
    at jf (main.js:9)
    at Hsv (main.js:9)
    at Yt (main.js:9)
    at ve (main.js:7)
    at Jo (main.js:7)
    at sp (main.js:9)
    at main.js:9
```



esbuild

127.0.0.1:4200/index.esbuild.html

ESBUILD

Elements

Console

1

top

Filter

Default levels

1 Issue: 1

>

25k components, success!

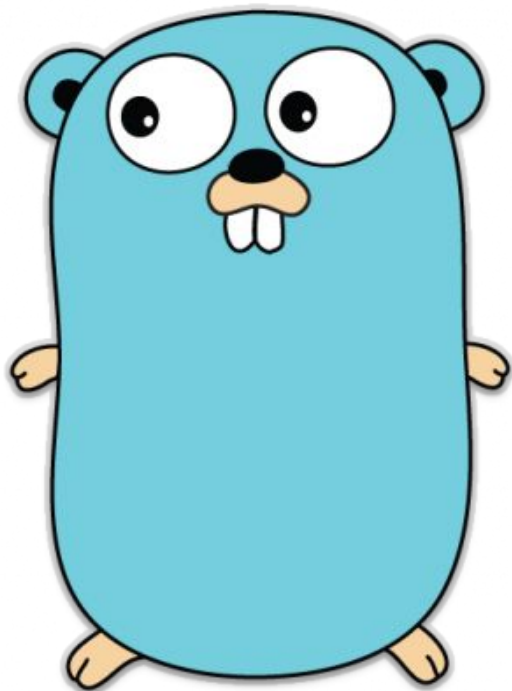
I'M NOT CRAZY!

MY MOTHER HAD ME TESTED!

25k components
1,16s esbuild vs NaN* Webpack

*I resigned after 10 minutes, so we'll never find out how long it takes

How it's possible?



esbuild - FAQ

esbuild.github.io/faq/#why-is-esbuild-fast

>> esbuild

Getting Started

Install esbuild

Your first bundle

Build scripts

Bundling for the browser

Bundling for node

Other ways to install

API

Transform API

Build API

Simple options

Advanced options

JS-specific details

Content Types

JavaScript

TypeScript

JSX

JSON

CSS

Text

Binary

Base64

Data URL

External file

Plugins

Finding plugins

Using plugins

Concepts

Resolve callbacks

Load callbacks

Start callbacks

End callbacks

Why is esbuild fast?

Several reasons:

- It's written in [Go](#) and compiles to native code.

Most other bundlers are written in JavaScript, but a command-line application is a worst-case performance situation for a JIT-compiled language. Every time you run your bundler, the JavaScript VM is seeing your bundler's code for the first time without any optimization hints. While esbuild is busy parsing your JavaScript, node is busy parsing your bundler's JavaScript. By the time node has finished parsing your bundler's code, esbuild might have already exited and your bundler hasn't even started bundling yet.

In addition, Go is designed from the core for parallelism while JavaScript is not. Go has shared memory between threads while JavaScript has to serialize data between threads. Both Go and JavaScript have parallel garbage collectors, but Go's heap is shared between all threads while JavaScript has a separate heap per JavaScript thread. This seems to cut the amount of parallelism that's possible with JavaScript worker threads in half [according to my testing](#), presumably since half of your CPU cores are busy collecting garbage for the other half.

- Parallelism is used heavily.

The algorithms inside esbuild are carefully designed to fully saturate all available CPU cores when possible. There are roughly three phases: parsing, linking, and code generation. Parsing and code generation are most of the work and are fully parallelizable (linking is an inherently serial task for the most part). Since all threads share memory, work can easily be shared when bundling different entry points that import the same JavaScript libraries. Most modern computers have many cores so parallelism is a big win.

- Everything in esbuild is written from scratch.

There are a lot of performance benefits with writing everything yourself instead of using 3rd-party libraries. You can have performance in mind from the beginning, you can make sure everything uses consistent data structures to avoid expensive conversions, and you can make wide architectural changes whenever necessary. The drawback is of course that it's a lot of work.

For example, many bundlers use the official TypeScript compiler as a parser. But it was built to serve the goals of the TypeScript compiler team and they do not have performance as a top priority. Their code makes

Why now? Why not earlier?

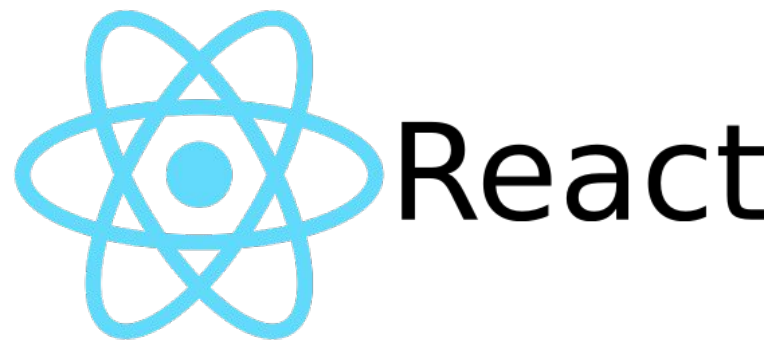


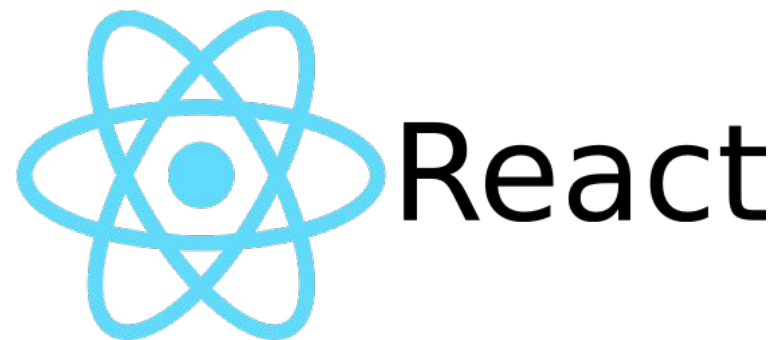
I'm limited by the technology of my time.

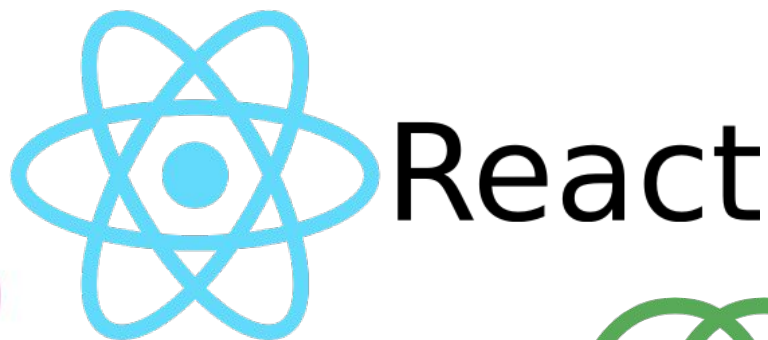
Frontend  Javascript

It's not a bad thing

Where I can use it?







SVELTE

Angular case 🤔

Use esbuild for ts/js bundling

github.com/angular/angular-cli/issues/18395


☆ 🔔 ⚙️ 👤

Closed

Use esbuild for ts/js bundling #18395

sp90 opened this issue on 29 Jul 2020 · 4 comments

Maybe esbuild could replace terser & babel for the production builds. But that would only attack a fraction of the actual build time. So in the grand scheme not a order magnitude improvement sadly.



alan-agius4 commented on 29 Jul 2020

Collaborator ⋮

Hi @sod and @sp90,

Thanks for the request and interest in this.


We are following closely the development of ESBUILD, Rollup, Webpack and other bundlers.


That being said, we are not planning to move away from Webpack yet. At least not in the near future. In fact currently we actively working on adding support for the next major version of Webpack.

Let's come back to this in the future.

Thanks again 😊

Closed

 alan-agius4 closed this on 29 Jul 2020



angular-automatic-lock-bot bot commented on 29 Aug 2020

⋮

This issue has been automatically locked due to inactivity.

Please file a new issue if you are encountering a similar or related problem.

Read more about our [automatic conversation locking policy](#).

This action has been performed automatically by a bot.

How to build minimal ang

dev.to/marcinwosinek/how-to-build-minimal-angular-12-app-with-esbuild-54cc

Log inCreate account

DEV

Search...

2

2

0


...

How to build minimal angular 12 app with esbuild

#angular

#esbuild

#javascript



Marcin Wosinek

9 lip • 2 min read

esbuild (7 Part Series)

1

How to build minimal angular 12 app with esbuild

2


How to build angular cli application with esbuild

...

3 more parts...

6

How to lazy load with esbuild



Marcin Wosinek

Javascript developer

Follow

JOINED

3 maj 2021

More from Marcin Wosinek

How to start building a project with esbuild

#javascript #bundling

How to make SolidJS application work from a subfolder

#solidjs #javascript

Day.js vs date-fns

Is it hard to configure?

Demo #4

configuration files

Is it hard to configure?

Not really, if you know what
you doing is quite simple.

Roadmap

esbuild - FAQ

esbuild.github.io/faq/#upcoming-roadmap

API

Transform API

Build API

Simple options

Advanced options

JS-specific details

Content Types

JavaScript

TypeScript

JSX

JSON

CSS

Text

Binary

Base64

Data URL

External file

Plugins

Finding plugins

Using plugins

Concepts

Resolve callbacks

Load callbacks

Start callbacks

End callbacks

Accessing build options

Example plugins

Plugin API limitations



FAQ

Why is esbuild fast?

Benchmark details

Upcoming roadmap

Production readiness



Upcoming roadmap

These features are already in progress and are first priority:

- Code splitting ([#16, docs](#))
- CSS content type ([#20, docs](#))
- Plugin API ([#111](#))

These are potential future features but may not happen or may happen to a more limited extent:

- HTML content type ([#31](#))
- Lowering to ES5 ([#297](#))
- Bundling top-level await ([#253](#))

After that point, I will consider esbuild to be relatively complete. I'm planning for esbuild to reach a mostly stable state and then stop accumulating more features. This will involve saying "no" to requests for adding major features to esbuild itself. I don't think esbuild should become an all-in-one solution for all frontend needs. In particular, I want to avoid the pain and problems of the "webpack config" model where the underlying tool is too flexible and usability suffers.

For example, I am *not* planning to include these features in esbuild's core itself:

- Support for other frontend languages (e.g. [Elm](#), [Svelte](#), [Vue](#), [Angular](#))
- TypeScript type checking (just run `tsc` separately)
- An API for custom AST manipulation
- Hot-module reloading
- Module federation

I hope that the extensibility points I'm adding to esbuild ([plugins](#) and the [API](#)) will make esbuild useful to include as part of more customized build workflows, but I'm not intending or expecting these extensibility points to cover all use cases. If you have very custom requirements then you should be using other tools. I also hope esbuild inspires other build tools to dramatically improve performance by overhauling their implementations so that everyone can benefit, not just those that use esbuild.

I am planning to continue to maintain everything in esbuild's existing scope even after esbuild reaches stability. This

Where I can get help?



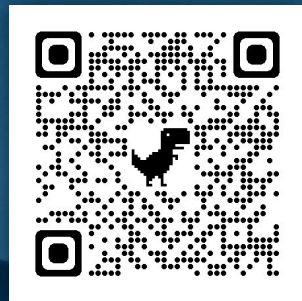
One more thing...

Other projects worth to follow



▲ Snowpack

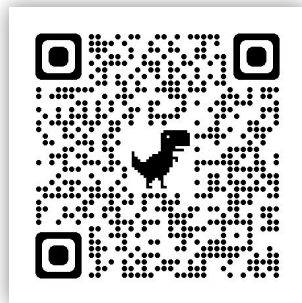
Snowpack











So, why I think that the future is now?

jQuery revolution

MVC boom

Components

Future > Webpack

(deeper) Future > Future > Webpack

“Frontend is changing every two weeks”

Predictions:

It's going to be fantastic!

Thank you! 🧐

