# Asadullah Hill Galib

#### **Education**

Ph.D. in Computer Science

August 2020 - Present

Michigan State University, MI, USA

Advisor: Pang-Ning Tan, Domain: Deep Learning, Representation Learning, Time Series, Extreme Values, Generative Modeling

M.Sc. in Software Engineering

January 2019 - December 2020

University of Dhaka, Dhaka, Bangladesh

Thesis: Significant Features Analysis For Android Malware Detection Using Machine Learning Techniques

B.Sc. in Software Engineering

November 2014 - December 2018

University of Dhaka, Dhaka, Bangladesh

Technical Skills (\* PROFICIENT)

Programming Languages: Python\*, Java\*, C\*, C++, PHP, JavaScript, Assembly

AI & Machine Learning: PyTorch\*, Lightning\*, SK-learn\*, Pandas\*, NumPy\*, Matplotlib\*, Anaconda\*, MATLAB, Keras Miscellaneous: Android\*, GCP\*, MySQL, Oracle, SQLite, jQuery, React Native, Laravel, Selenium, Git\*, Agile, MVC, SRS\*

### Experience

Researcher (Internship), Frontier Development Lab (FDL) 2022 by NASA and the SETI Institute 
June 2022 - August 2022

- Collaborated with a multi-disciplinary team on the NASA challenge: Seismic Insight from Geomagnetic and Ionospheric Data.
- Carried out a statistical analysis that shows promising links between major earthquakes and ionospheric perturbations.
- Developed the first machine learning-ready dataset and statistical tool comprising spatiotemporally varying precursory data sources for studying pre-seismic and post-seismic disturbances.
- Built machine learning models for forecasting and detecting earthquakes from heterogeneous multivariate time series data.
- Developed a probabilistic model to learn the spatial variability of ionospheric observations around seismic locations.
- Research outcomes: 3 AGU abstracts, 1 paper in NeurIPS 2022 workshop ICBINB, 1 technical memo, and 1 NASA NTR.

## **Graduate Research Assistant**, Michigan State University (CSE)

January 2022 - Present

- Working in the NSF project:Prediction and Characterization of Extreme Events in Spatio-Temporal Data at DMiner Lab .
- Developing novel deep learning algorithms addressing extreme events within spatio-temporal and time series data.

**Graduate Teaching Assistant**, *Michigan State University (CSE)* 

August 2020 - December 2021

• Lead classes and labs of 260+ students in CSE 102: Algorithmic Thinking and Programming (Python)

## Software Developer & Executive Assistant (Internship), Brain Station 23

January 2018 - June 2018

- Developed from scratch and maintained a web application and a mobile application, using Laravel Framework, PHP, MySQL, React-Native, Redux-Saga, Android Studio, Postman and proper version-controlling (Git, SourceTree).
- Analyzed requirement specification and design of an existing system for re-engineering. Analyzed two e-commerce frameworks.

#### **Selected Publications** (Full List with Details)

- Galib, A. H., McDonald, A., Tan, P. N. & Luo, L. (2023, Aug.). Self-Recover: Forecasting Block Maxima in Time Series from Predictors with Disparate Temporal Coverage using Self-Supervised Learning. In IJCAI 2023 (15% acceptance rate).
- Galib, A. H., McDonald, A., Wilson, T., Luo, L., & Tan, P. N. (2022, Jul.). DeepExtrema: A Deep Learning Approach for Forecasting Block Maxima in Time Series Data. In IJCAI 2022 (15% acceptance rate).
- Wilson, T., McDonald, A., **Galib, A. H.**, Luo, L., & Tan, P. N. (2022, Aug.). Beyond Point Prediction: Capturing Zero-Inflated & Heavy-Tailed Spatiotemporal Data with Deep Extreme Mixture Models. In **KDD 2022** (14.99% acceptance rate).
- Cullen\*, L., Galib\*, A. H., Smith\*, A. W., Varshney\*, D., Brown, E., Chi, P., ... & Svobodà, F. (2022, Dec.). Can We Forecast And Detect Earthquakes From Heterogeneous Multivariate Time Series Data? In ICBINB@ NeurIPS 2022.

#### Academic and Research Projects (Full LIST WITH DETAILS)

- Predicting GitHub Issues Lifetime using Machine Learning and Topic Modeling (LDA): It outperforms the previous approach with a high precision and f1- measure. Also, it extracts distinguishable and comprehensible topics from issues. PDF.
- Pre-birth Factors in the Early Assessment of Child Mortality using Machine Learning Techniques: It achieves an AUC score of 0.947 which outperforms the clinical standards. Also, it assesses the relative importance of the factors. PDF.
- Optimizing Search Space in Code Smells Detection using a Novel Metric: Significantly reducing search space (i.e., 93% to 21%) using a novel metric called NCPC, while maintaining the performance of code smells detection. PDF.
- Analyzing co-authorship network: Centrality Measure, Link Prediction, and Community Detection: It analyzes a network of co-authorship relations, predicts missing link with 64% accuracy and detect community using the network modularity algorithm.