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/*
 * Array.h
 * Created on: Nov 12, 2013
        Author: Nathaniel Gallinger
 * /
#ifndef ARRAY H
#define ARRAY_H_
#include <stdexcept>
using std::invalid_argument;
namespace NathanielGallinger
  template <typename ElemType, int SIZE>
  class Array
  {
  public:
    // Default Constructor
    Array()
      // Empty Constructor
    // Copy Constructor
    Array(ElemType source[SIZE])
      this->elements = source;
    // Overloaded = operator
    Array<ElemType, SIZE> operator=(ElemType source[SIZE])
      ElemType retval[SIZE];
      for (int idx = 0; idx < SIZE; idx++) {
       retval[idx] = source[idx];
      }
      return retval;
    // Overloaded == operator
    bool operator==(const Array<ElemType, SIZE> other)
      bool retval = true;
      for (int idx = 0; idx < SIZE; idx++) {
        if(!(this->elements[idx] == other[idx]))
          retval = false;
      return retval;
```

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}
    // Overloaded != operator
    bool operator!=(const Array<ElemType, SIZE> other)
      bool retval = true;
      for (int idx = 0; idx < SIZE; idx++) {
        if(!(this->elements[idx] == other[idx]))
          retval = false;
      }
     return !retval;
    // Overloaded [] operator, L-value
    ElemType &operator[](int index)
    {
      if((index < 0) \mid | (index >= SIZE))
        throw invalid_argument("subscript index is out of range");
     return this->elements[index];
    }
    // Overloaded [] operator, L-value
    ElemType operator[](int index) const
      if((index < 0) \mid | (index >= SIZE))
        throw invalid_argument("subscript index is out of range");
      return this->elements[index];
    }
  private:
    ElemType elements[SIZE];
  };
#endif /* ARRAY_H_ */
/*
 * hw6.c
   Created on: Nov 12, 2013
        Author: Nathaniel Gallinger
 * /
#include "Array.h"
#include <iostream>
#include <stdexcept>
using std::cerr;
using std::cout;
```

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using std::invalid_argument;
using namespace NathanielGallinger;
int main()
  const char ARRAY_LENGTH = 5;
  // Default constructor
  Array<int, ARRAY_LENGTH> arrayOfFiveInts;
  // Modify with L-value subscript operator
  for (int idx = 0; idx < ARRAY_LENGTH; idx++) {</pre>
    arrayOfFiveInts[idx] = idx;
  // Output with R-value subscript operator
  for (int idx = 0; idx < ARRAY_LENGTH; idx++) {</pre>
    cout << arrayOfFiveInts[idx] << "\n";</pre>
  // Const array using copy constructor
  const Array<int, ARRAY_LENGTH> constArray(arrayOfFiveInts);
  // Test copy assignment operator
  Array<int, ARRAY_LENGTH> arrayOfFiveInts2;
  arrayOfFiveInts2 = arrayOfFiveInts;
  // Compare arrays using == and !=
  cout << "Are these == ? : " << (arrayOfFiveInts2 == arrayOfFiveInts) << "\n";</pre>
  cout << "Are these != ? : " << (arrayOfFiveInts2 != arrayOfFiveInts) << "\n";</pre>
  // L-value access < 0
  try
    arrayOfFiveInts[-1] = 10;
  catch (invalid_argument &ex)
   cerr << ex.what() << "\n";</pre>
  // L-value access >= SIZE< 0
  try
    arrayOfFiveInts[ARRAY LENGTH] = 10;
  catch (invalid_argument &ex)
   cerr << ex.what() << "\n";</pre>
  // R-value access < 0
  try
```

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cout << arrayOfFiveInts[-1] << "\n";</pre>
  catch (invalid_argument &ex)
    cerr << ex.what() << "\n";</pre>
  // R-value access >= SIZE
  try
   cout << arrayOfFiveInts[ARRAY_LENGTH] << "\n";</pre>
  catch (invalid_argument &ex)
   cerr << ex.what() << "\n";</pre>
Output:
1
2
3
4
Are these == ? : 1
Are these !=?:0
subscript index is out of range
```