### **Gambit Modules**

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### 1. Our Motivation

- Code sharing between different users
- Code distribution
- Compiling and loading compiled code on the fly to nodes of a distributed system

### 2. Termite Scheme

- Created by Guillaume Germain
- A distributed programming language in Gambit
- Was inspired by the Erlang programming language
- In Gambit, most objects are serializable

### 2.1 Termite Scheme and Modules

#### Transmitting module

For correct operation, modules need to have a globally unique name (module-ref)

## 3. Modularization Approaches

#### Definition

A module is component of a system and is composed of variables, procedures and macros

#### Different kind of Scheme modules

- Old-fashionned modules
- Primitive modules
- R7RS compatible modules

#### 3.1 Old-fashionned modules

```
;; hello.scm
(define (hi name)
  (display
        (string-append "hello " name "!"))
  (newline))
```

```
;; main.scm
(load "hello.scm")
(hi "marc")
```

#### Flaws

- Codes duplication if a module is loaded more than once
- Loading a module requires knowing its location on the filesystem which hinder code sharing among programs and users
- The global environment is polluted with all the definitions inside the module

### 3.2 Primitive Modules

### Special forms

- (##import <module-ref>)
- (##supply-module <module-ref>) and (##demand-module <module-ref>)
- (##namespace ("<ns>" ...))

#### Advantages

- The import uses a search algorithm to find where the module is in the filesystem
- Multiple imports of the same module will result in only one load. There is no duplicate execution
- The use of namespaces removes the pollution of the global environment from the internal procedures of the module

## 3.3 Special Form ##namespace

The ##namespace form creates symbol aliases lexically

```
(##namespace ("foo#"))
;; <symbol-name> -> foo#<symbol-name>
(##namespace ("X#" A B))
;; only A and B are affected
;; A -> X#A
:: B -> X#B
(##namespace ("X#" (old new)))
:: old -> X#new
```

## 3.3.1 Primitive Modules (Example)

#### Stack Module Example

```
;; stk#.scm (##namespace ("stk#" empty push pop))
```

```
:: stk.scm
(##supply-module stk)
(##namespace ("stk#"))
(##include "~~lib/gambit#.scm")
(##include "stk#.scm")
(define (empty) '())
(define (push x s) (cons x s))
(define (pop s) (cdr s))
(define (test)
  (if (equal? (push 1 (empty))
              (1))
      "good!"
      "bad!"))
```

```
stk
empty
push test
pop
```

```
empty --> stk#empty
push --> stk#push
pop --> stk#pop
test --> stk#test
```

## 3.3.2 Primitive ##import

```
(##import stk)

(define s (empty))

(set! s (push 1 s))
(set! s (push 3 s))
(set! s (push 5 s))

(set! s (pop s))
```

## 3.3.3 Primitive ##import Expansion

```
(##include "/some/path/stk#.scm")
(##demand-module stk)
(define s (empty))
(set! s (push 1 s))
(set! s (push 3 s))
(set! s (push 5 s))
(set! s (pop s))
```

## 3.4 Compatible R7RS Modules

### Syntax

```
(define-library <library-name>
     library-declarations...>)
```

#### Library declarations kind

```
■ (import <import-set> ...)
```

- (export <export-spec> ...)
- (begin <code>)
- (<include-kind> <filename> ...)
  - include and include-ci
  - include-library-declarations
- (cond-expand <ce-clause\_1> <ce-clause\_2> ...)

# 3.4.1 Export Declaration

#### Syntax

```
(export <export-spec> ...)
```

### <export-spec> kinds

- (rename <identifier\_1> <identifier\_2>)
- <identifier>

### 3.4.2 Import declaration

### Syntax

```
(import <import-set> ...)
```

#### <import-set> kinds

- library-name>
- (only <import-set> <identifier> ...)
- (except <import-set> <identifier> ...)
- (rename <import-set> (<id1> <id2>) ...)

## 3.5 Define Library Example

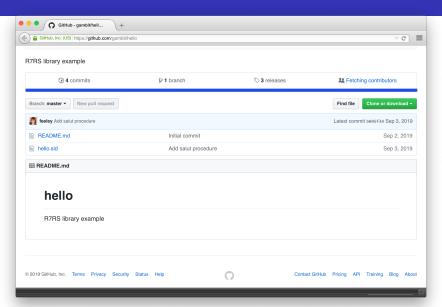
#### Module hello

```
(define-library (hello)
  (import (scheme base) (scheme write))
  (export hi salut)
  (begin
    (define (exclaim msg1 msg2) (display msg1) (display msg2) (display
    (define (hi name) (exclaim "hello " name))
    (define (salut name) (exclaim "bonjour " name))
    ;; it is best for a library to not have side-effects...
   #;(salut "le monde")))
```

## 3.5.1 Define Library Example (Expansion)

```
;; expansion of (define-library (hello) ...)
(##declare (block))
(##supply-module github.com/gambit/hello)
(##namespace ("github.com/gambit/hello#"))
(##namespace ("" ... define ...))
(##namespace ("" display write write-shared write-simple))
(define (exclaim msg1 msg2)
        (display msg1) (display msg2) (display "!\n"))
(define (hi name) (exclaim "hello " name))
(define (salut name) (exclaim "bonjour " name))
(##namespace (""))
```

# 3.6 Module Hello Example (Github Page)



### 3.7 Gambit Extensions to R7RS Modules

#### Gambit library declarations

- (namespace <ns>)
- Native compiler options

```
■ (cc-options <c-flags> ...)
```

- (ld-options <ld-flags> ...)
- (ld-options-prelude <ld-flags> ...)
- Native library options
  - (pkg-config <libname> ...)
  - (pkg-config-path <path> ...)

### 3.7.1 Namespaces Declaration

#### R7RS (scheme time) Library Example

```
(define-library (scheme time)
  (namespace "")
  (export
        current-jiffy
        current-second
        jiffies-per-second))
```

## 3.7.2 Platform Specific Options

### SDL2 Library Example

```
(define-library (SDL2)
  (export SDL_Init SDL_Quit ...)
  (cc-options "-03")
  (ld-options "-lGL")
  (pkg-config "sdl2")
  (pkg-config-path "/usr/local/X11/pkg")
  (include "sdl2.scm"))
```

# 4. Module Management

Modules installation is done with gsi (Gambit Software Installer!)

- Module name syntax
- Module search-order
- Installation/uninstallation
- Execution/compilation
- Testing modules
- Update

## 4.1 Module Name Syntax

#### Syntax of Module References (module-ref)

- Hosted module, e.g. github.com/gambit/hello
  - $\blacksquare$  <id1> = domain (with  $\ge 1$  dot)
  - <id2> = account
  - <id3> = repository
- Local module otherwise, e.g. clock and my/app

### 4.2 Module search-order

#### Search-order

- ~~lib contains the system libraries
- ~~userlib contains all user libraries
- gsi -:search=/my/lib ...

### 4.3 Installation/Uninstallation of Hosted Modules

```
% gsi -install github.com/gambit/hello installing github.com/gambit/hello to ~/.gambit_userlib/
```

```
% gsi -install github.com/gambit/hello@1.0 installing github.com/gambit/hello@1.0 to ~/.gambit_userlib/
```

```
% gsi -uninstall github.com/gambit/hello uninstalling github.com/gambit/hello from ~/.gambit_userlib/
```

```
% gsi -uninstall github.com/gambit/hello@1.0
uninstalling github.com/gambit/hello@1.0.0 from ~/.
    gambit_userlib/
ERROR -- Module github.com/gambit/hello@1.0 is not installed
```

### 4.4 Execution/Compilation

```
% gsi github.com/gambit/hello@1.0 hello world!
```

```
% gsi github.com/gambit/hello@2.0 # auto install! bonjour le monde!
```

```
% gsc github.com/gambit/hello@2.0  # build module with gsc % gsi github.com/gambit/hello@2.0  # execute compiled module bonjour le monde!
```

```
% gsi /my/lib/ hello # add /my/lib to search-order bonjour!
% gsi . hello # add . to search-order hola!
```

# 4.5 Installing/Uninstalling Local Modules

```
% gsi -install A/B  # install module B
installing A/B to ~/.gambit_userlib/

% gsi -install B@1.0.0  # install module B@1.0.0
installing B@1.0.0 to ~/.gambit_userlib/

% gsi -uninstall B
uninstalling B from ~/.gambit_userlib/
```

## 4.6 Testing Modules

#### Module (\_test)

This module contains macros to help writing unit tests

- check-equal? and check-not-equal?
- check-eqv? and check-not-eqv?
- check-eq? and check-not-eq?
- check-=
- check-true and check-false
- check-not-false
- check-exn and check-tail-exn

## 4.7 Testing Module (Example)

```
(define-library (github.com/gambit/hello test)
  (import (.. hello)) ;; relative import (preserves the version)
  (import (_test)) ;; for check-equal? and check-tail-exn
  (import (gambit)) ;; for lambda, with-output-to-string, and
                      ;; wrong-number-of-arguments-exception?
  (begin
    (check-equal? (with-output-to-string (lambda () (hi "you")))
                  "hello you!\n")
    (check-equal? (with-output-to-string (lambda () (salut "hi")))
                  "bonjour hi!\n")
    (check-tail-exn wrong-number-of-arguments-exception?
                    (lambda () (hi)))
    (check-tail-exn wrong-number-of-arguments-exception?
                    (lambda () (hi "foo" "bar")))))
```

## 4.8 Update

```
% gsi -update github.com/gambit/hello updating github.com/gambit/hello in ~/.gambit_userlib/
```

```
% gsi -update B # updating module B updating B in ~/.gambit_userlib/
```

### 5. Demo

- hello/demo
- Xlib/demo
- Clock (termite-clock)

# 5.1 Xlib Demo

