Supplementary file supporting the manuscript A benchmarking of workflows for detecting differential splicing and differential expression at isoform level in human RNA-seq studies

1- Tools and workflows for detecting differential isoform expression and differential splicing

A total of nine workflows for RNA-seq analysis at isoform level were studied and compared. Five of those were used to evaluate the occurrence of *Differential Isoform Expression* (DIE), whereas the other four pipelines were used to analyze *Differential Splicing* (DS). Both, alignment against genome and transcriptome reference were required. Pipelines for DIE analysis used expression counts at the isoform level; while exon-level counts were used to perform DS study. The Supplementary Table S1 describes the workflows used here.

Supplementary Table S1: Description of the evaluated workflows for differential expression analysis at isoform and splicing level.

Workflow	DE type	Aligner	Quantifier	DE tool		
EBSeq	DIE			EBSeq (v1.10.0)		
DESeq2		Bowtie (v1.0.0)	DCEM (v. 4. 2. 20)	DESeq2 (v1.10.1)		
NOISeq			RSEM (v.1.2.30)	NOISeq (v2.14.1)		
Limma/LimmaDS	DIE/DS		DEXSeq python script (v. 1.16.10)	Voom-Limma (v3.26.9)		
Cufflinks/CufflinksDS		Tophat2	Cufflinks (v2.1.1)	Cuffdiff (v2.1.1)		
DEXSeq	DS	(v2.0.9)	DEXSeq python script (v. 1.16.10)	DEXSeq (v. 1.16.10)		
SplicingCompass	סם		coverageBed (v2.17.0)	SplicingCompass (v1.0.1)		

DE, Differential Expression; DIE, Differential Isoform Expression; DS, Differential Splicing

2- Simulation study

The study consisted of two main parts, the Simulation and the Differential Expression Analysis. The simulation was based on a typical case-control RNA-seq experiment. We chose a study having 30 samples (GSE22260) involving ten matched samples from Normal (C) and Tumoral (T) tissue and ten Tumoral samples from the remaining ten patients. We decided to conserve 20 non-matched samples, ten from Normal tissue and ten from non-matched Tumor tissue to avoid samples correlation. By means of a quality control procedure, we determined and then filtered out four outlier samples. Thus, a total of 16 samples, eight replicates per each C and T conditions, were considered for the simulation. After that, genome and transcriptome indexes from the human genome/transcriptome fasta and gtf files (downloaded from ENSEMBL, hg19v37) were generated. Using the 16 fastq files from the real data set, we estimated the RSEM model parameters and transcript expression levels, for each sample. Then, the expression matrices were loaded into R in order to simulate expression profiles controlling DIE and DS. The negative binomial distribution was used to obtain the replicated isoform counts for each condition. Sample mean and variance were obtained in two steps. First, these were estimated from the real expression matrix. Then, a

set of genes was randomly chosen and their estimated parameters were modified to simulate differential expression. In this step, the simulation study was divided into four subgroups (see also Supplementary Table S2):

DIE: Differential Isoform Expression, involved genes with absolute expression changes in all their isoforms between C and T, but without changes in isoform proportions. The simulated DIE changes were represented by fold changes of 2, 3, 4 and 5 in both directions; it means that for instance, some genes had their isoforms with the expression increased two times in condition T with respect to their expression in C; whereas others genes had their isoforms with the expression increased two times in condition C in comparison with their expression in T. Let a gene g, n_g (>1) denoted the number of isoforms of this gene. If g was selected to be simulated as DIE, it means that each isoform (i) of g will have a fold change a, equal to 2, 3, 4 or 5, for the TvsC comparison. We simulated the mean and variance for each isoform in condition C and T following Eq. S1:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \mu_{Ci} = \mu_{C0i} \ \ and \ \ \sigma_{Ci}^2 = \sigma_{C0i}^2 & \forall i = 1 \dots n_g \\ \mu_{Ti} = a\mu_{C0i} \ \ and \ \ \sigma_{Ci}^2 = a^2\sigma_{C0i}^2 & \forall i = 1 \dots n_g \end{array} \mbox{Eq S1}.$$

where μ_{C0i} and σ^2_{C0i} are the sample mean and variances, respectively, observed for the isoform *i* in the original expression matrix for condition C. On the opposite, fold changes of 0.5, 0.33, 0.25 and 0.2 corresponded to folds of 2, 3, 4 and 5 for the comparison CvsT. Consequently, these changes were simulated increasing the mean and variances of C, following equation Eq. S2:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \mu_{Ci} = a\mu_{C0i} \ and \ \sigma_{Ci}^2 = a^2\sigma_{C0i}^2 & \forall i=1\dots n_g \\ \mu_{Ti} = \mu_{C0i} \ and \ \sigma_{Ci}^2 = \sigma_{C0i}^2 & \forall i=1\dots n_g \end{array} \text{Eq S2}.$$

DE: Differential Expression, included genes with only one annotated transcript changing its expression between C and T. The considered fold changes were 2 and 4, in both directions. These changes were simulated using Eq. S1 and Eq. S2, with the particularly that n_a =1.

DS: Differential Splicing, involved genes with more than two annotated isoforms changing their proportions between C and T, without changes in the overall gene expression. The major isoform (M) proportion was changed from 0 in condition C to 0.7 in condition T (0-0.7), 0.1-0.4, 0.3-0.6 and 0.5-0.8 in both directions; while the rest of the isoforms (n_g -1) were simulated to have the same relative expression, equal to the remaining proportion (1-p) divided for n_g -1. For instance, a gene with three isoforms had its major isoform with a proportion of 0.5 in condition C (p_c) and of 0.8 in T (p_T). The other two isoforms had proportions of 0.25 and 0.1, in conditions C and T, respectively. To simulate the described changes, we used equation Eq. S3 for the estimation of major isoform parameters and Eq. S4 for the rest of the gene isoforms.

$$\begin{split} \mu_{CM} &= p_C \mu_{Cg} \ \ and \ \ \sigma_{CM}^2 = p_C^2 \sigma_{Cg}^2 \\ \mu_{TM} &= p_T \mu_{Cg} \ \ and \ \ \sigma_{TM}^2 = p_T^2 \sigma_{Cg}^2 \end{split} \quad \text{Eq S3}.$$

$$\mu_{Ci} = p_{Ci}\mu_{Cg} \ \ and \ \ \sigma_{Ci}^2 = p_{Ci}^2\sigma_{Cg}^2 \ , \ \ with \ \ p_{Ci} = \frac{1-p_C}{n_g-1} \quad \forall i=1\dots n_g \ \land \ i \neq M$$
 Eq S4.
$$\mu_{Ti} = p_{Ti}\mu_{Cg} \ \ and \ \ \sigma_{Ti}^2 = p_{Ti}^2\sigma_{Cg}^2 \ , \ \ with \ \ p_{Ti} = \frac{1-p_T}{n_g-1} \quad \forall i=1\dots n_g \ \land \ i \neq M$$

Since human genes have different numbers of isoforms, from one to more than 20, genes were grouped according to their number of isoform and this grouping was considered when DS subgroups were assigned in order to avoid non-biological situations. For instance, we observed that major isoform proportions close to 0.7 were mainly for genes having at most four annotated transcripts; thus, the simulation of 0-0.7 DS case only considered genes fulfilling this.

DIEDS: Differential Isoform Expression and Differential Splicing, genes with two or more transcripts with changes in isoform proportion and in the overall gene expression between C and T conditions. In particular, we simulated the following cases: 0.5-0.8-0.5, 2-0.8-0.5, 4-0.8-0.5, 2-0.8-0.3 and 4-0.8-0.3. Each case has three ordered numbers indicating the fold change (a) TvsC, the proportion of major isoform in C (p_c) and in T (p_T), respectively. To simulate the described changes, we used equation Eq. S5 for the major isoform changes and Eq. S6 for the rest of the gene isoforms.

$$\begin{array}{l} \mu_{CM} = p_C \mu_{Cg} \ \ and \ \ \sigma_{CM}^2 = p_C^2 \sigma_{Cg}^2 \\ \mu_{TM} = a p_T \mu_{Cg} \ \ and \ \ \sigma_{TM}^2 = a^2 p_T^2 \sigma_{Cg}^2 \end{array} \ \ \text{Eq S5}.$$

$$\mu_{Ci} = p_{Ci}\mu_{Cg} \ \ and \ \ \sigma_{Ci}^2 = p_{Ci}^2\sigma_{Cg}^2 \ , \ \ with \ \ p_{Ci} = \frac{1-p_C}{n_g-1}, \quad \forall i=1\dots n_g \ \land \ i \neq M$$
 Eq S6.
$$\mu_{Ti} = ap_{Ti}\mu_{Cg} \ \ and \ \ \sigma_{Ti}^2 = a^2p_{Ti}^2\sigma_{Cg}^2 \ , \ \ with \ \ p_{Ti} = \frac{1-p_T}{n_g-1}, \quad \forall i=1\dots n_g \ \land \ i \neq M$$

For genes simulated as not differentially expressed, we set mean and variance parameters of condition T equal to the parameters observed for condition C. Once all mean and variance parameters for both conditions were defined, we randomly generated negative binomial isoform counts to simulate replication. Finally, the simulated expression profiles were used to call RSEM obtaining simulated paired-end short reads for each sample in each simulated scenario. In order to provide statistical significance, we perform ten simulations for each experimental scenario (S1, S2 and S3).

3- Differential expression analysis.

For the analysis part, we started by preparing annotation files and index files necessary for the subsequent steps. We used Bowtie to generate index file needed to perform the alignments against the reference transcriptome and genome. The annotation file (gff) was flattened using the DEXSeq python script dexseq_prepare_annotation.py (with --aggregate='no') and an R script provided by SplicingCompass developers. We aligned reads against the reference transcriptome, using Bowtie and then we performed the isoforms quantification by means of the rsem-calculate-expression script from RSEM. Tophat2 and Bowtie were used to align reads against the genome reference. Genome alignments and the flattened annotation files were used to bins quantification with the dexseq count.py script and the coverageBed tool for

DEXSeq and SplicingCompass, respectively. Finally, the genome alignments were processed by Cufflinks.

For DE analysis, EBSeq, DESeq2, Limma and NOISeq over the raw counts at isoform level, generated by RSEM, were run. The expression matrices were pre-processed to filter out those isoforms having mean expression value less than four counts per million (cpm) in at least one condition (C or T) and those non-simulated isoforms. For DESeq2, we used the FDR adjusted p-value obtained using the nbinomWaldTest method. In the case of Limma, we first used the voom transformation to model the mean-variance relationship and then, we used the eBayes method to test differential expression obtaining the corresponding p-values. Those p-values were adjusted using the p.adjust R method with the "fdr" option. For EBSEq and NOISeq, the posterior probability of being differentially expressed (PPDE) was used to obtain the list of differential isoforms. Following the recommendations found in vignette packages, we used 1-PPDE as an equivalent to the FDR. In all cases, we used a significance threshold $\alpha = 0.05$.

DS methods were run over the corresponding expression matrices. For SplicingCompass the initSigGenesFromResults method was used to obtain DS genes. DEXSeq and Limma were run over the expression matrices obtained using the DEXSeq python script following the package suggestions. In the case of Limma, exons having more than one cpm in at least three samples were kept to perform differential analysis. The voom transformation, lmFit and diffSplice methods were used to DS evaluation. For DEXSeq, we used the testForDEU and perGeneQValue methods to obtain an FDR adjusted p-value at gene level. In all cases, DS was evaluated considering a significance threshold $\alpha = 0.05$ for gene adjusted p-values.

Finally, Cuffdiff was run generating the isoform_exp.diff and splicing.diff files for DIE and DS respectively. Differential expression was analyzed using the same significance threshold above.

4- Evaluation of workflows performances

The pipelines results in all the simulations of each scenario (S1, S2 and S3) were evaluated using well-known performance measures. Detected differentially expressed isoforms and differentially spliced genes were classified as:

- True Positive (TP): Isoforms/genes simulated as differentially expressed showing adjusted p-values lower than 0.05.
- True Negative (TN): Isoforms/genes simulated without expression changes with adjusted p-values higher than 0.05.
- False Positive (FP): Isoforms/genes simulated without expression changes showing adjusted p-values lower than 0.05
- False Negative (FN): Isoforms/genes simulated as differentially expressed with adjusted p-values higher than 0.05.

In the case of DIE methods, those isoforms simulated as DIE or DS were considered as TP, since DS could cause DIE; but, to the FN definition, only isoforms simulated as DIE were considered because we did not control if the simulated DS changes caused DIE. In the case of DS method,

those genes simulated to have changes in the proportion of their isoforms were considered (DS and DIEDS simulation groups). Then, several performance measures were computed:

- Accuracy: Proportion of true results (TP and TN) among the total number of examined cases.
- Sensitivity: So-called true positive rate (TPR) is the proportion of simulated DE isoforms (genes) correctly detected as such.
- False positive rate (FPR): is the proportion of simulated non-DE isoforms (genes) correctly detected as such.
- Precision: Or positive predicted value (PPV) is the proportion of isoforms (genes) detected as DE that were simulated as DE. In addition, the False Discovery Rate (FDR) is the complement of precision.
- F-score: Is the harmonic mean of precision and sensitivity.

Supplementary Table S3: Performance measures used to compare the evaluated methods. In the context of differential expression results, exist two groups: differentially expressed and not differentially expressed. Thus, an isoform/gene was a *positive* if its classification was the one simulated and a *negative* if it was incorrectly classified.

Measure	Formula
Accuracy, ACC	$ACC = \frac{TP + TN}{TP + TN + FP + FN}$
Sensitivity, TPR	$TPR = \frac{TP}{TP + FN}$
False Positive Rate, FPR	$FPR = \frac{FP}{TN + FP}$
Precision, PPV	$PPV = \frac{TP}{TP + FP}$
False Discovery Rate, FDR	$FDR = \frac{FP}{TP + FP} = 1 - PPV$
F-score	$F = \frac{2TP}{2TP + FP + FN}$

TP, true positives; TN, true negatives; FP, false positives; FN, false negatives.

5- Overall differential expression results

Supplementary Table S4: Overall differential isoform expression results. The differentially expressed isoforms (DI) detected using the five workflows were obtained for the three simulated scenarios (S1, S2 and S3). The first row represents the average of the number of DI detected along the ten simulations of S1, S2 and S3. The next two rows contain the number of DI found in at least one simulation (*All DI*) and the percentage of those found in all the simulations (*%concordant DI*). The fourth and fifth rows show the amount of true DI (*TP*) found in at least one simulation and the percentage of those found in all the simulations (*%concordant TP*), respectively. Finally, the last two rows exhibit the amount of FP identified in at least one simulation and the percentage of those found in all the simulations (*%concordant FP*).

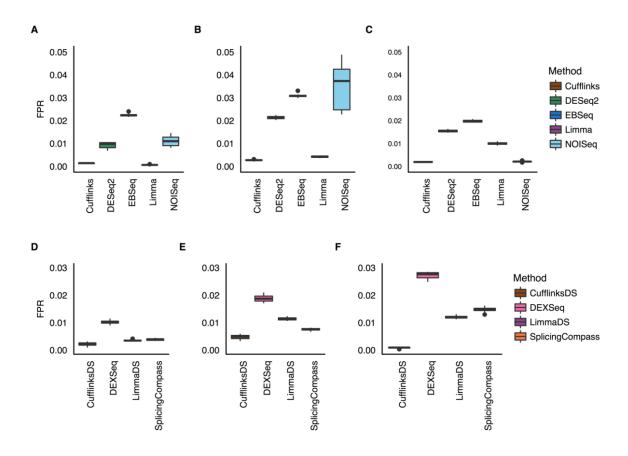
Variable	EBSeq			DESeq2			NOISeq			Cufflinks			Limma		
variable	S1	S2	S3	S1	S2	S3	S1	S2	S3	S1	S2	S3	S1	S2	S3
Mean DI	2679	6086	6305	1948	5577	6054	1961	6388	2882	414	1257	1030	838	3077	5238
All DI	8852	16553	13875	4937	13179	11916	4996	15956	4908	845	2460	1860	1468	5451	9927
%concordant DI	10.8	14.6	17.5	17.7	21.1	45.6	19	19.7	32.4	25.2	27.2	29.9	29.2	31.05	28.3
TP	3155	8037	8155	2739	7483	7770	2556	7742	4342	584	1816	1452	1351	4590	7177
%concordant TP	29.6	29.7	39.4	31.1	36.5	44.7	36.6	40	36.4	35.8	36.3	37.7	31.4	36.2	38.5
FP	5697	8516	5720	2198	5696	4146	2440	8214	566	261	644	408	117	861	2750
%concordant FP	0.4	0.5	0.7	1	1.1	1.4	0.7	0.9	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.5	4.3	3.8	1.6

Supplementary Table S5: Overall differential splicing results. The Alternative Spliced Genes (ASG) detected, using the evaluated four pipelines were obtained for the three simulated scenarios (S1, S2 and S3). The first row represents the mean of ASG detected along the ten simulations of each scenario. The next two rows contain the number of ASG found in at least one simulation (*All ASG*) and the percentage of those found in all the simulations (*%concordant ASG*), for each scenario. The fourth and fifth rows show the amount of true ASG found in at least one simulation (*TP*) and the percentage of those found in all the simulations (*%concordant TP*), respectively. Finally, the last two rows exhibit the amount of false ASG identified in at least one simulation (*FP*) and the percentage of those found in all the simulations (*%concordant FP*).

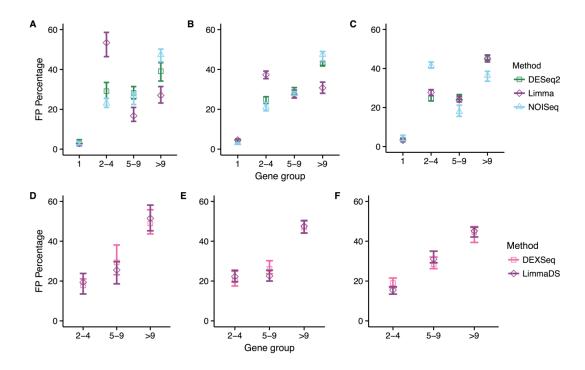
				<u>`</u>								
Variable	CufflinksDS				DEXSeq		L	_immaD	S	SplicingCompass		
Variable	S1	S2	S3	S1	S2	S3	S1	S2	S3	S1	S2	S3
Mean ASG	106	303	226	423	913	1147	233	615	758	149	349	600
All ASG	318	779	468	1134	2027	2630	431	1060	1290	536	923	1256
%concordant ASG	11.3	13	17.3	16.4	22.9	29.6	26.2	28.6	30.7	6.2	9.5	17.5
TP	185	527	437	372	868	908	292	723	842	234	557	714
%concordant TP	19.5	19.4	18.8	44.9	46.8	58.7	34.2	37.6	41.4	11.5	13.5	24.6
FP	133	252	31	762	1159	1722	139	337	448	302	366	542
% concordant FP	0	0.4	3.2	2.5	5	3.4	9.4	15.7	10.5	2	1.6	8

Supplementary Table S6: Overall performance measures for the evaluated workflows. Each cell contains, for the indicated measurement, the average of the ten simulations performed for each scenario.

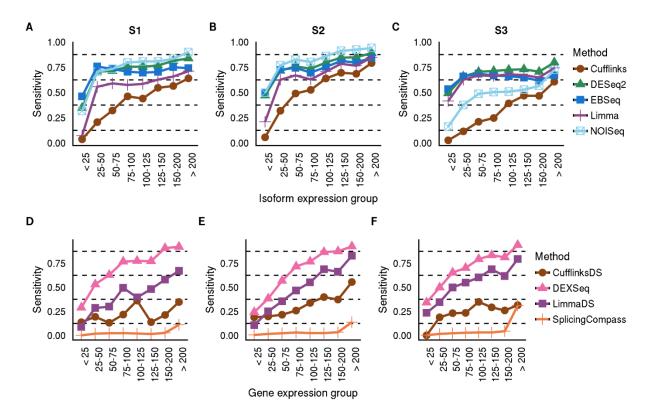
	Variable	Accuracy			Sensitivity			Р	recisio	n	F-score		
	variable	S1	S2	S3	S1	S2	S3	S1	S2	S3	S1	S2	S3
	EBSeq	0.930	0.882	0.899	0.546	0.565	0.585	0.714	0.806	0.863	0.706	0.762	0.808
	DESeq2	0.918	0.875	0.885	0.468	0.550	0.580	0.842	0.856	0.891	0.715	0.777	0.817
DIE	NOISeq	0.923	0.874	0.870	0.454	0.585	0.300	0.811	0.798	0.968	0.708	0.777	0.591
	Cufflinks	0.940	0.873	0.868	0.141	0.193	0.161	0.883	0.927	0.939	0.338	0.430	0.373
	Limma	0.926	0.868	0.897	0.233	0.336	0.516	0.973	0.947	0.917	0.484	0.610	0.781
	SplicingCompass	0.931	0.900	0.908	0.258	0.289	0.482	0.688	0.754	0.725	0.376	0.419	0.579
S	DEXSeq	0.981	0.963	0.963	0.682	0.693	0.823	0.660	0.714	0.671	0.671	0.703	0.739
P	CufflinksDS	0.962	0.922	0.919	0.270	0.347	0.289	0.867	0.903	0.977	0.410	0.501	0.446
	LimmaDS	0.980	0.953	0.965	0.471	0.528	0.669	0.819	0.794	0.814	0.598	0.634	0.734



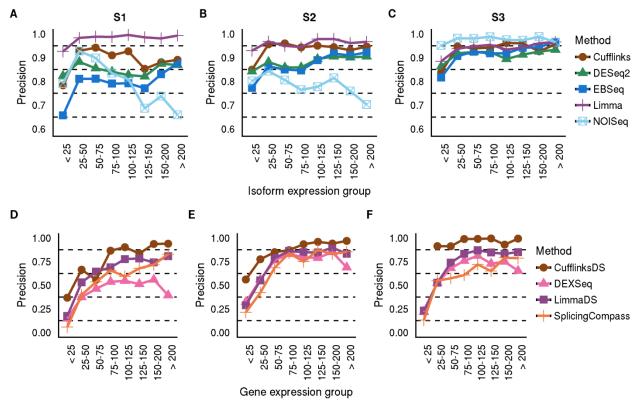
Supplementary Figure S1: False positive rate (FPR) for the compared workflows along ten replications for the three simulated scenarios. Panels correspond to: **A)** S1, **B)** S2 and **C)** S3 for DIE pipelines, and, **D)** S1, **E)** S2 and **F)** S3 for DS workflows.



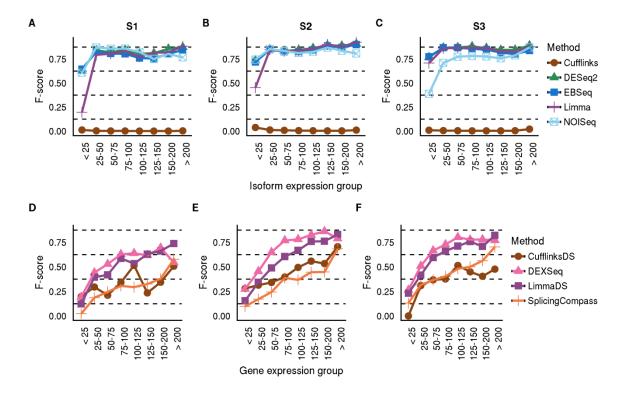
Supplementary Figure S2: Distribution of false positives (FP) along gene groups defined according to the number of isoforms per gene. Panels **A**, **B**, and **C** show the results for the DIE workflows and panels **D**, **E**, and **F** for DS workflows, in S1, S2 and S3 correspondingly.



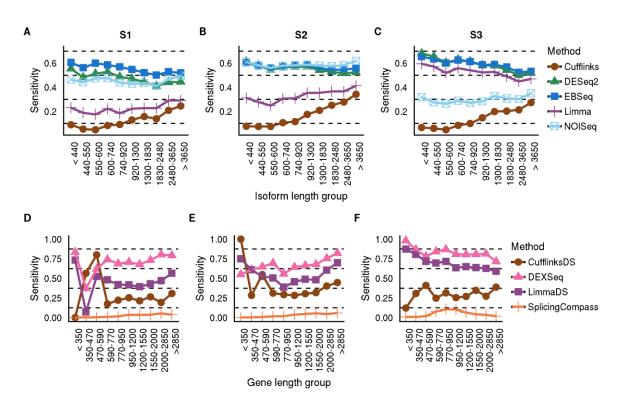
Supplementary Figure S3: Average sensitivity evaluated on groups of isoforms/genes according to their expression level. Gene groups are distributed along the x-axis. Panels **A** to **C** correspond to the results of DIE pipelines on S1, S2 and S3 scenarios. Panels **D** to **F** illustrate DS workflows results.



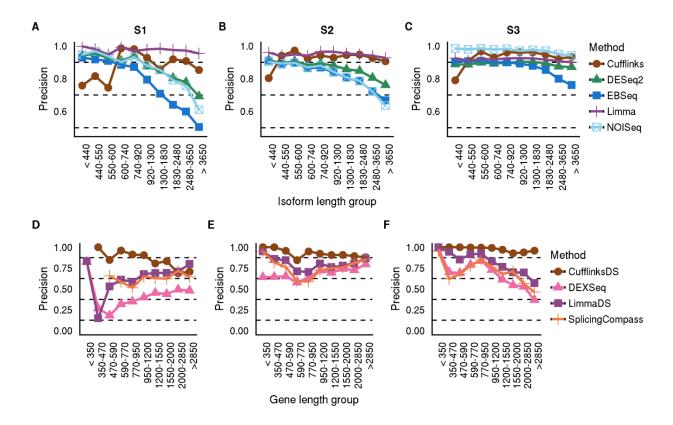
Supplementary Figure S4: Average precision evaluated on groups of isoforms/genes according to their expression level. Gene groups are distributed along the x-axis. Panels **A** to **C** correspond to the results of DIE pipelines on S1, S2 and S3 scenarios. Panels **D** to **F** illustrate DS workflows results.



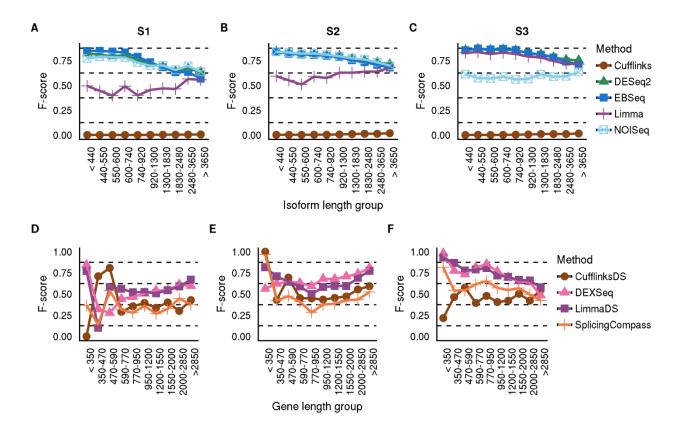
Supplementary Figure S5: Average F-score evaluated on groups of isoforms/genes according to their expression level. Gene groups are distributed along the x-axis. Panels **A** to **C** correspond to the results of DIE pipelines on S1, S2 and S3 scenarios. Panels **D** to **F** illustrate DS workflows results.



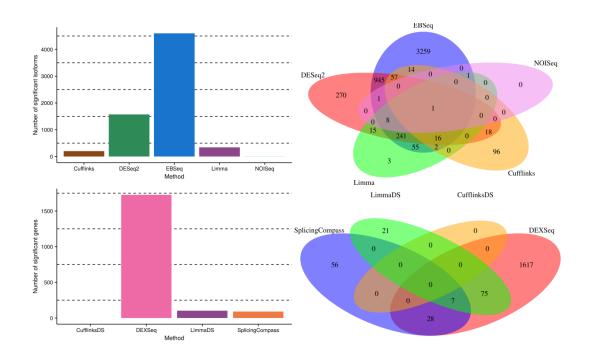
Supplementary Figure S6: Average sensitivity evaluated on groups of isoforms/genes according to their length. Gene groups are distributed along the x-axis. Panels **A** to **C** correspond to the results of DIE pipelines on S1, S2 and S3 scenarios. Panels **D** to **F** illustrate DS workflows results.



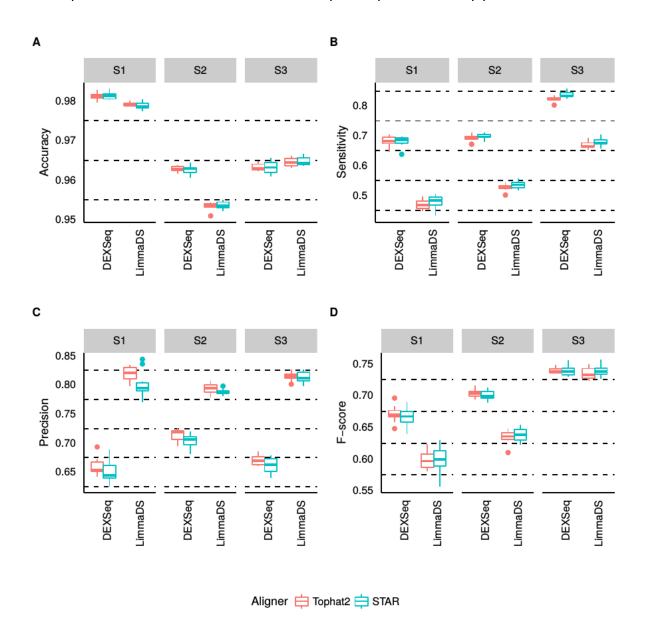
Supplementary Figure S7: Average precision evaluated on groups of isoforms/genes according to their length. Gene groups are distributed along the x-axis. Panels **A** to **C** correspond to the results of DIE pipelines on S1, S2 and S3 scenarios. Panels **D** to **F** illustrate DS workflows results.



Supplementary Figure S8: Average F-score evaluated on groups of isoforms/genes according to their length. Gene groups are distributed along the x-axis. Panels **A** to **C** correspond to the results of DIE pipelines on S1, S2 and S3 scenarios. Panels **D** to **F** illustrate DS workflows results.



Supplementary Figure S9: Number of differentially expressed isoforms and spliced genes detected on real samples. Bar plots indicates the number of significant isoforms (top) /genes (bottom) detected by means of the DIE and DS workflows, respectively. The Venn diagrams illustrate the amount of significant isoforms/genes shared between pipelines. Top graphics correspond to DIE workflows whereas bottom plots represented DS pipelines results.



APPENDIX I

Analysis Steps:

- 1- Samples downloading: Download all samples from the NCBI site https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/query/acc.cgi?acc=GSE22260. The Normal samples were: SRR057649, SRR057650, SRR057651, SRR057652, SRR057653, SRR057654, SRR057655, SRR057656, SRR057657 and SRR057658; whereas, the Tumor samples were: SRR057631, SRR057633, SRR057639, SRR057640, SRR057643, SRR057644, SRR057645, SRR057646, SRR057647 and SRR057648.
- 2- Transcriptome alignment: Each sample was aligned against the HG19 reference transcriptome using Bowtie. Then, aligned reads achieving maping q-value lower than 20 were filtered out. Command lines:

```
> cd path_to_sample_alignment_cdna
> bowtie -q -n 3 -e 99999999 -l 15 -I 30 -X 270 --chunkmbs 512 -p 12 -a -S
/path_to_transcriptome_reference/transcriptome_reference -1
/path_fastq_reads/sample_1.fastq -2 /path_fastq_reads/sample_2.fastq
sample.sam
```

- > samtools view -bh -q20 -S sample.sam > sample.mapq20.bam
- 3- Quantification at isoform level: Aligned reads were quantified to obtain the expression profile of each sample at the isoform level. Command line:

```
> cd path_to_RSEM_real_sample
> rsem-calculate-expression --paired-end --no-bam-output -p 18 --samtools-
sort-mem 8G --temporary-folder tmp --bam
/path_to_sample_alignment_cdna/sample.mapq20.bam
/path_to_transcriptome_reference/transcriptome_reference sample > out.txt
```

- 4- Modification of expression profiles: The sample's expression profiles were used to build the expression matrix where differential expression changes were simulated. This step was performed running the R script: "profilesSimulation.R" listed in the **APPENDIX II**.
- 5- Samples simulation: Each sample for every simulation of each scenario was generated using the next command line, whereas N means the number of simulated reads:

```
> rsem-simulate-reads
/path_to_transcriptome_reference/transcriptome_reference
/path_to_RSEM_real_sample/sample.stat/sample.model
/path to simulated profile sample/sample sim iso.results 0.1 N sample
```

> cd path_to_simulated_sample_sim_scenario

- 6- Bowtie alignment of simulated samples: Each simulated sample was aligned against the HG19 reference transcriptome. Then, the reads achieving maping q-value lower than 20 were filtered out. Command lines:
- > cd path_to_alignment_cdna_sim_scenario

> cd path to alignment genome sim scenario

```
> bowtie -q -n 3 -e 99999999 -l 15 -I 30 -X 270 --chunkmbs 512 -p 12 -a -S
/path_to_transcriptome_reference/transcriptome_reference -1
/path_to_simulated_sample_sim_scenario/sample_1.fq -2
/path_to_simulated_sample_sim_scenario /sample_2.fq sample.sam
```

- > samtools view -bh -q20 -S sample.sam > sample.mapq20.bam
- 7- Quantification of simulated samples at isoform level: Aligned reads were quantified to obtain the expression profile of each sample at the isoform level. Command line:

```
> cd path_to_RSEM_sim_scenario
> rsem-calculate-expression --paired-end --no-bam-output -p 18 --samtools-
sort-mem 8G --temporary-folder tmp --bam
/path_to_alignment_cdna_sim_scenario/sample.mapq20.bam
/path to transcriptome reference/transcriptome reference sample > out.txt
```

- 8- Tophat alignment of simulated samples: Each simulated sample was aligned against the HG19 reference genome. Then, the reads achieving maping q-value lower than 20 were filtered out. Command lines:
- > tophat2 --bowtie1 --no-novel-juncs --no-novel-indels --segment-length 18 -r
 800 -p 22 --no-coverage-search -o sample --transcriptome-index
 /path_to_transcriptome_reference/transcriptome_reference
 /path_to_genome_reference/genome_reference
 /path_to_simulated_sample_sim_scenario/sample_1.fq
 /path_to_simulated_sample_sim_scenario/sample_2.fq
- 9- Exon level quantification for SplicingCompass: This quantification was made using using the coverageBed tool. It was based on a flattened reference annotation file generated by means of an R script provided with the SplicingCompass package.

```
> cd path_to_quantification_covBed_sim_scenario
> coverageBed -split -abam
/path_to_alignment_genome_sim_scenario/sample/accepted_hits.bam -b
/path_to_annotation_files/flattened.splcmp.gtf > sample.covBed.counts
```

10- Exon level quantification for DEXSeq: This quantification was made using using the python script dexseq count.py provided with the DEXSeq package. It was based on a flattened

reference annotation file generated by means of the other python script dexseq prepare annotation.py, also provided with the DEXSeq package.

- > cd path_to_quantification_DEXSeq_sim_scenario
- > python /usr/local/lib/R/library/DEXSeq/python_scripts/dexseq_count.py -p
 yes -f bam -a 20 -r pos /path_to_annotation_files/flattened.dexseq.gtf
 /path_to_alignment_genome_sim_scenario/sample/accepted_hits.bam
 sample.htseq.counts
- 11- Analysis with Cufflinks: This steps involved several stages. I a first stage, the quantification was done using Cufflinks; then, samples assemblies were merged with Cuffmerge and compared against the annotation file using Cuffcompare. Finally, differential expression changes were analyzed by means of Cuffdiff.

```
> cufflinks -p16 -g /path_to_annotation_files/annotation.gtf -b
/path_to_genome_reference/genome_reference -L sample
/path_to_alignment_genome_sim_scenario/sample/accepted_hits.bam
```

> cd cufflinks_sim_scenario

> cd cufflinks sample sim scenario

- > cuffmerge -p 18 -s /path_to_genome_reference/genome_reference -g
 /path_to_annotation_files/annotation.gtf assemblies.txt
- > cuffcompare -p 18 -r /path_to_annotation_files/annotation.gtf -s
 /path_to_genome_reference/genome_reference merged_asm/merged.gtf
 /path_to_annotation_files/annotation.

```
> cuffdiff -p 20 -o cuffdiff_sim_scenario -L C,T -u cuffcmp.combined.gtf
/path_to_alignment_genome_sim_scenario/sample1C/accepted_hits.bam,
/path_to_alignment_genome_sim_scenario/sample2C/accepted_hits.bam,
/path_to_alignment_genome_sim_scenario/sample3C/accepted_hits.bam,
/path_to_alignment_genome_sim_scenario/sample4C/accepted_hits.bam,
/path_to_alignment_genome_sim_scenario/sample1T/accepted_hits.bam,
/path_to_alignment_genome_sim_scenario/sample2T/accepted_hits.bam,
/path_to_alignment_genome_sim_scenario/sample3T/accepted_hits.bam,
/path_to_alignment_genome_sim_scenario/sample4T/accepted_hits.bam,
```

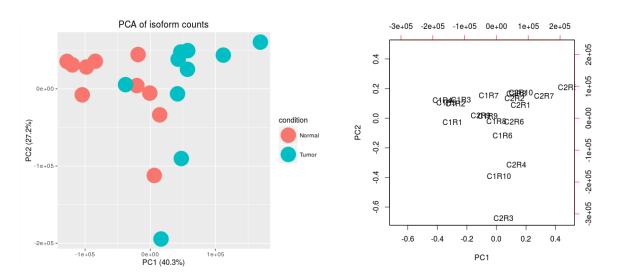
12- Differential expression analysis: This was the last step. It was performed running the DIEAnalysis.R and DSAnalysis.R scripts listed in the **APPENDIX III** and **APPENDIX IV**, respectively.

APPENDIX II

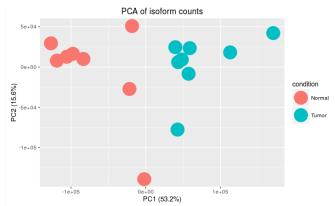
```
# profilesSimulation.R
# This script was designed to perform ten simulations of one experimental
scenario were X replicates per condition and Y% of deregulated genes were
considered. In S1, X=4 and Y=5; in S2, X=4 and Y=10; and in S3, X=8 and Y=10.
library(BiocParallel); library(ggplot2); lirbary(gridExtra)
setwd("/path to simulation scenario")
# read file containing gene/isoforms definition
g2t<-read.delim("gene2transc.txt", header=FALSE)</pre>
head(g2t,3)
               gene id
                           transcript id
# 92274 ENSG00000000000 ENST00000373020
# 92275 ENSG00000000003 ENST00000496771
# 92276 ENSG00000000003 ENST00000494424
## load RSEM quantification for all samples generated in step 3
#gene counts
gene_files<-paste("SRR0576",c(49:58,31,33,39,40,43:48), ".genes.results",</pre>
sep="")
gene_res<-lapply(gene_files, function(gene_f){</pre>
  return(read.delim(gene_f))
})
names(gene_res)<-sapply(gene_files,function(gene_f){</pre>
  return(strsplit(gene f, split="[.]")[[1]][1])
})
gene_cm<-as.data.frame(do.call(cbind, lapply(1:length(gene_res), function(y){</pre>
  gene sample<-gene res[[y]]</pre>
  return(gene sample$expected count)
})))
rownames(gene_cm)<-gene_res[[1]]$gene_id</pre>
colnames(gene_cm)<-names(gene_res)</pre>
gene_tpm<-as.data.frame(do.call(cbind, lapply(1:length(gene_res), function(y){</pre>
  gene_sample<-gene_res[[y]]</pre>
  return(gene_sample$TPM )
})))
rownames(gene tpm)<-gene res[[1]]$gene id
colnames(gene tpm)<-names(gene res)</pre>
dim(gene_cm)
# [1] 44464
                20
# isoform counts
iso_files<-paste("SRR0576",c(49:58,31,33,39,40,43:48), ".isoforms.results",</pre>
sep="")
iso_res<-lapply(iso_files, function(iso_f){</pre>
  return(read.delim(iso_f))
```

```
})
names(iso_res)<-sapply(iso_files,function(iso_f){</pre>
  return(strsplit(iso_f, split="[.]")[[1]][1])
})
iso_cm<-as.data.frame(do.call(cbind, lapply(1:length(iso_res), function(x){</pre>
  iso_sample<-iso_res[[x]]</pre>
  return(iso sample$expected count)
})))
rownames(iso_cm)<-iso_res[[1]]$transcript_id</pre>
colnames(iso_cm)<-c(paste("C1R", c(1:10), sep=""), paste("C2R", c(1:10),</pre>
sep=""))
iso_tpm<-as.data.frame(do.call(cbind, lapply(1:length(iso_res), function(x){</pre>
  iso_sample<-iso_res[[x]]</pre>
  return(iso sample$TPM)
})))
rownames(iso_tpm)<-iso_res[[1]]$transcript_id</pre>
colnames(iso_tpm)<-c(paste("C1R", c(1:10), sep=""), paste("C2R", c(1:10),</pre>
sep=""))
dim(iso_cm)
# [1] 169481
                  20
##Filter not-expressed genes
index_g<-unique(do.call(c,sapply(1:nrow(gene_tpm), function(x){</pre>
   if(any(gene\_tpm[x,1:10] == 0) \mid any(gene\_tpm[x,11:20] == 0)) 
    return(x)
    }else return(NULL)
})))
length(index g)
# [1] 28280
gene_cm<-gene_cm[-index_g,]</pre>
dim(gene_cm)
# [1] 16184
                20
gene_tpm<-gene_tpm[-index_g,]</pre>
dim(gene_tpm)
# [1] 16184
                20
g2t_ok<-g2t[(g2t$gene_id%in% rownames(gene_cm)),]</pre>
iso_cm<-iso_cm[rownames(iso_cm) %in% g2t_ok$transcript_id,]</pre>
dim(iso_cm)
# [1] 119965
                  20
iso tpm<-iso tpm[rownames(iso tpm) %in% rownames(iso cm),]</pre>
# Exploring conditions separability by means of a PCA plot.
pr_comp_y<-prcomp(t(iso_cm))</pre>
resumen <- summary(pr_comp_y)</pre>
labX <- signif((resumen$importance[2,1])*100, 3)</pre>
labY <- signif((resumen$importance[2,2])*100, 3)</pre>
```

```
PCAdata<-cbind(as.data.frame(pr_comp_y$x), condition=factor(c(rep("Normal",
10), rep("Tumor",10)), levels=c("Normal", "Tumor")))
ggplot(PCAdata, aes(x=PC1, y=PC2, fill=condition, color=condition)) +
labs(title="PCA of isoform counts", x=paste("PC1 (",labX,"%)", sep=""),
y=paste("PC2 (",labY,"%)", sep="")) + geom_point(aes(fill = condition),
size=10)
biplot(pr_comp_y,cex=c(1,0.001),xlabs=colnames(iso_tpm),ylabs=rep("",
nrow(iso_tpm)), var.axes=FALSE)</pre>
```



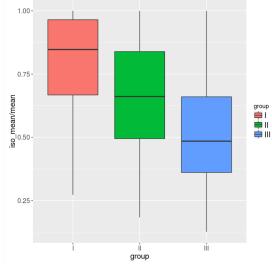
```
# The samples identified as outlier were C1R6, C1R10, C2R3 and C2R9, which
correspond to samples SRR057654, SRR057657, SRR057633 and SRR057647, respectively.
pr_comp_y<-prcomp(t(iso_cm[, c(1:5,7:9,11:12,14:18,20)]))
resumen <- summary(pr_comp_y)
labX <- signif((resumen$importance[2,1])*100, 3)
labY <- signif((resumen$importance[2,2])*100, 3)
PCAdata<-cbind(as.data.frame(pr_comp_y$x), condition=factor(c(rep("Normal",8), rep("Tumor",8)), levels=c("Normal", "Tumor")))
ggplot(PCAdata, aes(x=PC1, y=PC2, fill=condition, color=condition))+labs(title="PCA of isoform counts", x=paste("PC1
(",labX,"%)", sep=""), y=paste("PC2 (",labY,"%)", sep="")) +
geom_point(aes(fill = condition), size = 10)</pre>
```



```
# For S1 and S2, we used: SRR057649, SRR057650, SRR057651 and SRR057652 for
condition C and SRR057631, SRR057643, SRR057645 and SRR057648 for T. For S3 we
used the 16 samples preserved after outlier samples removal
#S1-S2
iso_cm<-iso_cm[, c(1,2,3,4,11,15,17,20)]
iso_tpm<-iso_tpm[, c(1,2,3,4,11,15,17,20)]
gene_cm<-gene_cm[, c(1,2,3,4,11,15,17,20)]
gene_tpm<-gene_tpm[, c(1,2,3,4,11,15,17,20)]
colnames(iso_tpm)<- colnames(iso_cm)<-colnames(gene_tpm)<-colnames(gene_cm)<-</pre>
c(paste("C1R", 1:4, sep="") , paste("C2R", 1:4, sep="" ))
# S3
# iso cm<-iso cm[, c(1:5,7:9,11:12,14:18,20)]
# iso_tpm<-iso_tpm[,c(1:5,7:9,11:12,14:18,20)]
# gene_cm<-gene_cm[,c(1:5,7:9,11:12,14:18,20)]
# gene_tpm<-gene_tpm[,c(1:5,7:9,11:12,14:18,20)]</pre>
# colnames(iso tpm)<- colnames(iso cm)<-colnames(gene tpm)<-colnames(gene cm)<-</pre>
c(paste("C1R", 1:8, sep="") , paste("C2R", 1:8, sep="" ))
#Characterization of the number of isoforms per gene
genes<-as.character(unique(g2t ok$gene id))</pre>
genes<-sort(genes)</pre>
numb_iso<-do.call(c, bplapply(genes, function(gen){</pre>
  return(length(g2t[g2t$gene_id == gen,"transcript_id"]))
  }, BPPARAM=MulticoreParam(20)))
#construct a table with gene information
gene_info<-data.frame(gene_id=genes, numb_iso=numb_iso)</pre>
freq<-data.frame(table(gene_info$numb_iso[!gene_info$numb_iso ==1]),</pre>
accum=cumsum(table(gene_info$numb_iso[!gene_info$numb_iso==1] ))/sum(table(
gene info$numb iso[ !gene info$numb iso==1])))
colnames(freq)<-c("Iso_num", "freq", "cum_rel_freq")</pre>
freq[,"score"]<-cut(freq[,"cum_rel_freq"], breaks=c(0,0.33,0.67,1),</pre>
include.lowest=FALSE, right=TRUE)
g1<-ggplot(freq,aes(x=Iso num, y=freq, fill=as.factor(score))) + geom bar(
stat="identity")+guides(fill=guide_legend(title="intervals"))+
```

```
theme(axis.text=element_text(size=12), axis.title=element_text(size=14),
legend.text=element_text(size=14))
g2<-ggplot(freq,aes(x=Iso num, y=cum rel freq,fill=as.factor(score))) +</pre>
geom_bar(stat="identity")+scale_fill_hue()+guides(fill=guide_legend()
title="intervals"))+theme(axis.text=element_text(size=12),
axis.title=element_text(size=14), legend.text=element_text(size=14))
p<-arrangeGrob(g1,g2, nrow=1, ncol=2)</pre>
plot(p)
                                                1.00
                                                0.75
                                        (0,0.33]
                                                                                       (0,0.33)
fred
                                         (0.33,0.67]
(0.67,1]
                                                                                       (0.33,0.67)
                                                0.25
# genes were clustered in four groups according to the number of annotated
transcripts #that they have:
# "0" = 1 annotated transcript
# "I" = 2-4 annotated transcripts
# "II" = 5-9 annotated transcripts
# "III"= >9 annotated transcripts
# add the gene groups to the gene_info data.frame
gene_info$group<-cut(gene_info[,"numb_iso"], breaks=c(1,2,5,10,Inf),</pre>
include.lowest=TRUE, right=FALSE)
levels(gene info$group)<-c("0","I", "II", "III")</pre>
table(gene_info$group)
           Ι
               II III
# 2397 4444 4717 4626
# add quantification along replicates
gene_info$meanC1<-rowMeans(gene_cm[,1:4])</pre>
gene_info$meanC2<-rowMeans(gene_cm[,5:8])</pre>
gene_info$mean<-rowMeans(gene_cm)</pre>
gene_info$varC1<-apply(gene_cm[,1:4],1,var)</pre>
```

```
gene_info$varC2<-apply(gene_cm[,5:8],1,var)</pre>
gene_info$var<-apply(gene_cm,1,var)</pre>
# create a table with isoform information
iso_info<-merge(x=g2t_ok ,y=gene_info, by="gene_id", sort=FALSE)
iso_info<-iso_info[order(iso_info$gene id,</pre>
iso_info$transcript_id),c(2,1,3:ncol(iso_info))]
iso info$iso meanC1<-rowMeans(iso cm[,1:4]);</pre>
iso_info$iso_meanC2<-rowMeans(iso_cm[,5:8])</pre>
iso_info$iso_mean<-rowMeans(iso_cm)</pre>
iso info$iso varC1<-apply(iso cm[,1:4],1,var)</pre>
iso info$iso varC2<-apply(iso cm[,5:8],1,var)</pre>
iso_info$iso_var<-apply(iso_cm,1,var)</pre>
iso_info$ratiosC1<-iso_info$iso_meanC1/iso_info$meanC1</pre>
iso info$ratiosC2<-iso info$iso meanC2/iso info$meanC2
# determining the major isoform for each gene
id_mayor<-do.call(c, bplapply(1:length(unique(g2t_ok$gene_id)), function(x){</pre>
  maxM<-which.max(iso_info$iso_mean[iso_info$gene_id == as.character(</pre>
unique(g2t_ok$gene_id)[x])])
  return(as.character(iso_info$transcript_id[iso_info$gene_id ==
as.character(unique(g2t_ok$gene_id)[x])])[maxM])
  }, BPPARAM=MulticoreParam(22)))
g2t_ok$mayor<-g2t_ok$transcript_id %in% id_mayor</pre>
# proportion of major isoforms
ggplot(iso_info[iso_info$transcript_id%in%id_mayor,],aes(x=group,
y=iso_mean/mean,fill=as.factor(group)))+geom_boxplot()+scale_fill_hue() +
guides(fill=guide_legend(title="group"))+labs(title="")+theme(
axis.text=element text(size=12),axis.title=element text(size=14),
legend.text=element_text(size=14))
```



Selecting target genes

We only consider those genes having at least a mean tpm of 20 in condition 1!

```
index_exp<-unique(do.call(c,sapply(1:nrow(gene_tpm), function(x){</pre>
   if(mean(gene\_tpm[x,1:4] >= 20)){
    return(x)
    }else return(NULL)
})))
names_NSAgenes<-as.character(gene_info$gene_id[index_exp][gene_info[</pre>
index exp, | $group == "0" | )
names_SAgenesgI<-as.character(gene_info$gene_id[index_exp][gene_info[</pre>
index_exp,]$group=="I"])
names_SAgenesgII<-as.character(gene_info$gene_id[index_exp][gene_info[</pre>
index_exp,]$group=="II"])
names_SAgenesgIII<-as.character(gene_info$gene_id[index_exp][gene_info[</pre>
index exp, | $group == "III" | )
# We simulated 5% (S1) and 10% (S2 and S3) of total genes as deregulated (DE).
As total genes were 16184, we chosen 834 genes in the first case and 1560 in
the last case.
# We selected 120 (250) genes from 0 group and 208(480) from I , II and III
DSI <- sample( 1:length(names_SAgenesgI),208)</pre>
DSgI<-names SAgenesgI[DSI]</pre>
DSII <- sample( 1:length(names_SAgenesgII), 208)</pre>
DSgII<-names_SAgenesgII[DSII]</pre>
DSIII <- sample( 1:length(names SAgenesgIII),208)</pre>
DSgIII<-names_SAgenesgIII[DSIII]</pre>
DS_index<-data.frame(DSgI=DSgI, DSgII=DSgII, DSgIII=DSgIII)</pre>
DE index<- sample( 1:length(names NSAgenes),120)</pre>
DEgenes<-names NSAgenes[DE index]</pre>
DSgenes<-c(DSgI, DSgII, DSgIII)</pre>
DS_iso<-iso_info[iso_info$gene_id %in% as.character(DSgenes),]</pre>
DE_iso<-iso_info[iso_info$gene_id %in% as.character(DEgenes),]</pre>
# Simulation groups: We selected 120 (250) genes from group "0" (1 isoform) to
be simulated as DE, and 208(480) from DSgenes to be simulated as DIE, DIEDS,
DS.
DIE_index<-sample(1:length(DSgenes), 208)</pre>
DIE_genes<-DSgenes[DIE_index]</pre>
table(gene info$group[gene info$gene id %in% DIE genes])
#
    0
        I II III
    0 72 67 69
SDg index<-sample(1:length(DSgenes[-DIE index]), 208)</pre>
SDg_genes<-DSgenes[-DIE_index][SDg_index]</pre>
table(gene_info$group[gene_info$gene_id %in% SDg_genes])
        I II III
    0 72 67 69
SDDIE_genes<-DSgenes[-DIE_index][-SDg_index]</pre>
```

```
table(gene_info$group[gene_info$gene_id %in% SDDIE_genes])
       I II III
    0 64 74 70
gene_info$DIE<-gene_info$gene_id %in% DIE_genes</pre>
gene_info$DS<-gene_info$gene_id %in% SDg_genes</pre>
gene info$DIEDS<-gene info$gene id %in% SDDIE genes
gene info$DE<-gene info$gene id %in% DEgenes
##SIMULATION PROFILES
# 1) Differential isoforms expression
folds<-data.frame(a=2,b=3,d=4,e=5)</pre>
# 52 (120) genes for each fold, and 26 (60) to have up regulation and 26 (60)
down regulated
a<-sample(DIE genes, 52)</pre>
b<-sample(DIE_genes[!DIE_genes %in% a],52)</pre>
d<-sample(DIE_genes[!DIE_genes %in% a & !DIE_genes %in% b],52)</pre>
e<-DIE_genes[!DIE_genes %in% a & !DIE_genes %in% b & !DIE_genes %in% d]
DIE_genesdf<-data.frame(a=a, b=b,d=d,e=e)</pre>
gene_info$DIEgroup<-factor(rep(0, nrow(gene_info)), levels=c(0, folds$a,</pre>
1/folds$a, folds$b, 1/folds$b,folds$d,1/folds$d,folds$e,1/folds$e))
gene_info$DIEgroup[gene_info$gene_id %in% DIE_genesdf[,1]]<-factor(rep(c(</pre>
folds$a, 1/folds$a), 26), levels=c(folds$a,1/folds$a))
gene info$DIEgroup[gene info$gene id %in% DIE genesdf[,2]]<-factor(rep(c(</pre>
folds$b,1/folds$b), 26), levels=c(folds$b,1/folds$b))
gene_info$DIEgroup[gene_info$gene_id %in% DIE_genesdf[,3]]<-factor(rep(c(</pre>
folds$d,1/folds$d), 26), levels=c(folds$d,1/folds$d))
gene info$DIEgroup[gene info$gene id %in% DIE genesdf[,4]]<-factor(rep(c(</pre>
folds$e,1/folds$e), 26), levels=c(folds$e,1/folds$e))
## 2) Differential splicing
ratios<-c("0.8-0.5","0.5-0.8","0.6-0.3","0.3-0.6","0.4-0.1","0.1-0.4","0.7-0",
"0-0.7")
#For the ratio group "0.1-0.4" ("0.4-0.1") we considered only genes from groups
II and III, meanwhile for ratio group "0-0.7" ("0.7-0") we considered only
genes from I group in order to simulate major isoforms proportions observed in
a real situation.
# 68 genes for the first and second ratio groups and 72 for the last two. In S2
and S3 160 genes for each ratio groups were used
a<-sample(SDg genes, 68) #
b<-sample(SDg_genes[!SDg_genes %in% a],68)
d<-SDg_genes[!SDg_genes %in% a & !SDg_genes %in% b]</pre>
DS_genesdf<-data.frame(a="", b="",d=d)</pre>
levels(DS genesdf$a)<-c("", a)</pre>
DS_genesdf$a[1:length(a)]<-a
```

```
levels(DS_genesdf$b)<-c("", b)</pre>
DS_genesdf$b[1:length(b)]<-b
gene info$DSgroup<-0
gene_info$DSgroup[gene_info$gene_id %in% DS_genesdf$a]<-c(rep(ratios[1],34),</pre>
rep(ratios[2], 34))
gene_info$DSgroup[gene_info$gene_id %in% DS_genesdf$b]<-(c(rep(ratios[3],34),</pre>
rep(ratios[4], 34)))
gene_info$DSgroup[gene_info$gene_id %in% DS_genesdf$d&gene_info$group!= "I"]<-</pre>
(c(rep(ratios[5],21), rep(ratios[6], 21)))
gene_info$DSgroup[gene_info$gene_id %in% DS_genesdf$d&gene_info$group=="I" ]<-</pre>
(c(rep(ratios[7],15), rep(ratios[8], 15)))
## 3) Differential isoforms expression ad differential splicing
folds<-c("2-0.8-0.5","0.5-0.8-0.5", "2-0.8-0.3", "4-0.8-0.5", "4-0.8-0.3")
# 41 genes for each fold and 44 for the 0.5-0.8-0.5. In S2 and S3, 96 for each
fold were used
a<-sample(SDDIE_genes, 41)</pre>
b<-sample(SDDIE_genes[!SDDIE_genes %in% a],44)</pre>
d<-sample(SDDIE_genes[!SDDIE_genes %in% a & !SDDIE_genes %in% b],41)</pre>
e<-sample(SDDIE genes[!SDDIE genes %in% a & !SDDIE genes %in% b & !SDDIE genes
%in% d],41)
f<-SDDIE_genes[!SDDIE_genes %in% a & !SDDIE_genes %in% b & !SDDIE_genes %in% d
& !SDDIE genes %in% e]
SDDIE_genesdf<-data.frame(a="", b=b,d="",e="", f="")</pre>
levels(SDDIE_genesdf$a)<-c("", a)</pre>
SDDIE genesdf$a[1:length(a)]<-a
levels(SDDIE genesdf$d)<-c("", d)</pre>
SDDIE_genesdf$d[1:length(d)]<-d</pre>
levels(SDDIE_genesdf$e)<-c("", e)</pre>
SDDIE genesdf$e[1:length(e)]<-e
levels(SDDIE_genesdf$f)<-c("", f)</pre>
SDDIE genesdf$f[1:length(f)]<-f
gene_info$DIEDSgroup<-factor(rep(0, nrow(gene_info)), levels=c(0,folds))</pre>
gene_info$DIEDSgroup[gene_info$gene_id %in% SDDIE_genesdf$a]<-folds[1]</pre>
gene_info$DIEDSgroup[gene_info$gene_id %in% SDDIE_genesdf$b]<-folds[2]</pre>
gene info$DIEDSgroup[gene info$gene id %in% SDDIE genesdf$d]<-folds[3]</pre>
gene_info$DIEDSgroup[gene_info$gene_id %in% SDDIE_genesdf$e]<-folds[4]</pre>
gene_info$DIEDSgroup[gene_info$gene_id %in% SDDIE_genesdf$f]<-folds[5]</pre>
## 4) DE genes
folds<-data.frame(a=2,b=4)</pre>
# 60 (125) genes for each fold, and 28 to have up regulation and 28 dow reg
a<-sample(DEgenes, 60)</pre>
b<-DEgenes[!DEgenes %in% a]
```

```
DEgenesdf<-data.frame(a=a, b=b)</pre>
gene_info$DEgroup<-factor(rep(0, nrow(gene_info)), levels=c(0, folds$a,</pre>
1/folds$a, folds$b, 1/folds$b))
gene_info$DEgroup[gene_info$gene_id %in% DEgenesdf$a]<-factor(c(rep(folds$a,</pre>
30), rep(1/folds$a, 30)), levels=c(folds$a,1/folds$a))
gene_info$DEgroup[gene_info$gene_id %in% DEgenesdf$b]<-factor(c(rep(folds$b,</pre>
30), rep(1/folds$b, 30)), levels=c(folds$b,1/folds$b))
iso_info<-merge(x=gene_info[,c(1,10:17)], y=iso_info, by="gene_id")</pre>
iso_info<-iso_info[,c(10,1,11:ncol(iso_info), 2:9)]</pre>
## Modifying distributional parameters values
# take as reference expression values from condition C (C1)
iso info$meanC1Sim<-iso info$iso meanC1</pre>
iso info$meanC2Sim<-iso info$iso meanC1</pre>
iso info$varC1Sim<-iso info$iso varC1</pre>
iso_info$varC2Sim<-iso_info$iso_varC1</pre>
iso_info$mayor<-(iso_info$transcript_id %in% g2t_ok$transcript_id[ g2t_ok$mayor</pre>
1)
## 1) Differential isoform expression
fold<-2:5
invFold<- c(0.5,0.33333333333333,0.25,0.2)
iso_info$meanC2Sim[iso_info$DIE & iso_info$DIEgroup %in% fold]<-</pre>
iso_info$meanC2Sim[iso_info$DIE & iso_info$DIEgroup %in% fold] * as.numeric(
as.character(iso_info$DIEgroup[iso_info$DIE& iso_info$DIEgroup %in% fold]))
iso info$meanC1Sim[iso info$DIE & iso info$DIEgroup %in% invFold] <-
iso info$iso meanC1[iso info$DIE & iso info$DIEgroup %in% invFold]/as.numeric(
as.character(iso_info$DIEgroup[ iso_info$DIE & iso_info$DIEgroup %in%
invFold]))
iso info$varC2Sim[iso info$DIE & iso info$DIEgroup %in% fold]<-
iso_info$varC2Sim[iso_info$DIE & iso_info$DIEgroup %in% fold]*(as.numeric()
as.character(iso_info$DIEgroup[iso_info$DIE & iso_info$DIEgroup %in% fold])))^2
iso_info$varC1Sim[iso_info$DIE & iso_info$DIEgroup %in% invFold]<-
iso_info$iso_varC1[iso_info$DIE & iso_info$DIEgroup %in% invFold]*(1/
as.numeric(as.character(iso_info$DIEgroup[iso_info$DIE & iso_info$DIEgroup %in%
invFold])))^2
## 2) Differential splicing
#0.8-0.5 mayor isoform ratio 0.8 and ratio 0.5. the rest should have ratio (1-
0.8)/(n-1) and (1-0.5)/(n-1)
altGene<-as.character(iso_info$gene_id[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.8-0.5" &</pre>
iso info$mayor])
#expression of major isoforms
```

```
iso_info$meanC1Sim[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]*0.8
iso info$varC1Sim[iso info$DSgroup == "0.8-0.5" & iso info$mayor]<-
iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]*0.8^2
iso_info$meanC2Sim[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]*0.5
iso info$varC2Sim[iso info$DSgroup == "0.8-0.5" & iso info$mayor]<-
iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]*0.5^2
# the expression values to the rest
restinfo<-do.call(rbind,lapply(as.character(altGene), function(gen){</pre>
  numb_iso<-unique(iso_info$numb_iso[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.8-0.5" &</pre>
  !iso_info$mayor & iso_info$gene_id == gen])
  meanC1 sim<-iso info$meanC1[iso info$DSgroup == "0.8-0.5" & !iso info$mayor &</pre>
  iso info$gene id == gen]*(1-0.8)/(numb iso-1)
  varC1_sim<-iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.8-0.5" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info\gene_id == gen]*((1-0.8)/(numb_iso-1))^2
  meanC2_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.8-0.5" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info\gene_id == gen]*(1-0.5)/(numb_iso-1)
  varC2_sim<-iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.8-0.5" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso info$gene id == gen]*((1-0.5)/(numb iso-1))^2
  index<-which(iso_info$DSgroup == "0.8-0.5" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info$gene_id == gen)
  return(data.frame(index=index, meanC1 sim=meanC1 sim, meanC2 sim=meanC2 sim,
  varC1_sim=varC1_sim,varC2_sim=varC2_sim))
}))
iso_info[restinfo $index,c("meanC1Sim", "meanC2Sim", "varC1Sim", "varC2Sim")]<-</pre>
restinfo[,-1]
#0.5-0.8
altGene <-as.character(iso_info$gene_id[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.5-0.8" &</pre>
iso info$mayor] )
iso info$meanC1Sim[iso info$DSgroup == "0.5-0.8" & iso info$mayor] <-</pre>
iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.5-0.8" & iso_info$mayor] *0.5
iso_info$varC1Sim[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.5-0.8" & iso_info$mayor] <-</pre>
iso info$varC1[iso info$DSgroup == "0.5-0.8" & iso info$mayor] *0.5^2
iso_info$meanC2Sim[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.5-0.8" & iso_info$mayor] <-</pre>
iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.5-0.8" & iso_info$mayor] *0.8
iso info$varC2Sim[iso info$DSgroup == "0.5-0.8" & iso info$mayor] <-</pre>
iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.5-0.8" & iso_info$mayor] *0.8^2
restinfo<-do.call(rbind,lapply(as.character(altGene), function(gen){</pre>
  numb iso<-unique(iso info$numb iso[iso info$DSgroup == "0.5-0.8" &</pre>
  !iso info$mayor & iso info$gene id == gen])
```

```
meanC1_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.5-0.8" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info\gene_id == gen]*(1-0.5)/(numb_iso-1)
  varC1 sim<-iso info$varC1[iso info$DSgroup == "0.5-0.8" & !iso info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info\gene_id == gen]*((1-0.5)/(numb_iso-1))^2
  meanC2_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.5-0.8" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso info$gene id == gen]*(1-0.8)/(numb iso-1)
  varC2 sim<-iso info$varC1[iso info$DSgroup == "0.5-0.8" & !iso info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info\gene_id == gen]*((1-0.8)/(numb_iso-1))^2
  index<-which(iso_info$DSgroup == "0.5-0.8" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso info$gene id == gen)
  return(data.frame(index=index, meanC1_sim=meanC1_sim, meanC2_sim=meanC2_sim,
  varC1_sim=varC1_sim,varC2_sim=varC2_sim))
}))
iso info[restinfo$index,c("meanC1Sim", "meanC2Sim", "varC1Sim", "varC2Sim")]<-</pre>
restinfo[,-1]
# group II: mayor isoform ratio 0.6 and ratio 0.3. the rest should have ratio
(1-0.6)/(n-1) and (1-0.3)/(n-1)
#0.6-0.3
altGene <-as.character(iso info$gene id[iso info$DSgroup == "0.6-0.3" &
iso_info$mayor])
iso_info$meanC1Sim[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.6-0.3" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso info$meanC1[iso info$DSgroup == "0.6-0.3" & iso info$mayor]*0.6
iso_info$varC1Sim[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.6-0.3" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.6-0.3" & iso_info$mayor]*0.6^2
iso info$meanC2Sim[iso info$DSgroup == "0.6-0.3" & iso info$mayor]<-
iso info$meanC1[iso info$DSgroup == "0.6-0.3" & iso info$mayor]*0.3
iso_info$varC2Sim[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.6-0.3" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.6-0.3" & iso_info$mayor]*0.3^2
restinfo<-do.call(rbind,lapply(as.character(altGene), function(gen){</pre>
  numb_iso<-unique(iso_info$numb_iso[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.6-0.3" &</pre>
  !iso info$mayor & iso info$gene id == gen])
  meanC1_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.6-0.3" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info$gene_id == gen]*(1-0.6)/(numb_iso-1)
  varC1_sim<-iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.6-0.3" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso info$gene id == gen]*((1-0.6)/(numb iso-1))^2
  meanC2_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.6-0.3" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info$gene_id == gen]*(1-0.3)/(numb_iso-1)
  varC2 sim<-iso info$varC1[iso info$DSgroup == "0.6-0.3" & !iso info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info\gene_id == gen]*((1-0.3)/(numb_iso-1))^2
  index<-which(iso_info$DSgroup == "0.6-0.3" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso info$gene id == gen)
  return(data.frame(index=index, meanC1 sim=meanC1 sim, meanC2 sim=meanC2 sim,
  varC1_sim=varC1_sim,varC2_sim=varC2_sim))
```

```
}))
iso info[restinfo$index,c("meanC1Sim", "meanC2Sim", "varC1Sim", "varC2Sim")]<-
restinfo [,-1]
altGene <-as.character(iso_info$gene_id[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.3-0.6" &</pre>
iso info$mayor] )
iso info$meanC1Sim[iso info$DSgroup == "0.3-0.6" & iso info$mayor] <-</pre>
iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.3-0.6" & iso_info$mayor] *0.3
iso_info$varC1Sim[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.3-0.6" & iso_info$mayor] <-</pre>
iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.3-0.6" & iso_info$mayor] *0.3^2
iso_info$meanC2Sim[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.3-0.6" & iso_info$mayor] <-</pre>
iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.3-0.6" & iso_info$mayor] *0.6
iso info$varC2Sim[iso info$DSgroup == "0.3-0.6" & iso info$mayor] <-</pre>
iso info$varC1[iso info$DSgroup == "0.3-0.6" & iso info$mayor] *0.6^2
restinfo<-do.call(rbind,lapply(as.character(altGene), function(gen){
  numb_iso<-unique(iso_info$numb_iso[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.3-0.6" &</pre>
  !iso_info$mayor & iso_info$gene_id == gen])
  meanC1_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.3-0.6" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info$gene_id == gen]*(1-0.3)/(numb_iso-1)
  varC1 sim<-iso info$varC1[iso info$DSgroup == "0.3-0.6" & !iso info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info\gene_id == gen]*((1-0.3)/(numb_iso-1))^2
  meanC2_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.3-0.6" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso info$gene id == gen]*(1-0.6)/(numb iso-1)
  varC2_sim<-iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.3-0.6" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info\gene_id == gen]*((1-0.6)/(numb_iso-1))^2
  index<-which(iso info$DSgroup == "0.3-0.6" & !iso info$mayor &
  iso info$gene id == gen)
  return(data.frame(index=index, meanC1_sim=meanC1_sim, meanC2_sim=meanC2_sim,
  varC1_sim=varC1_sim,varC2_sim=varC2_sim))
}))
iso_info[restinfo$index,c("meanC1Sim", "meanC2Sim", "varC1Sim", "varC2Sim")]<-</pre>
restinfo[,-1]
# group III: mayor isoform ratio 0.4 and ratio 0.1. the rest should have ratio
(1-0.4)/(n-1) and (1-0.1)/(n-1)
#0.4-0.1
altGene<-as.character(iso_info$gene_id[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.4-0.1" &</pre>
iso_info$mayor])
iso_info$meanC1Sim[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.4-0.1" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.4-0.1" & iso_info$mayor]*0.4
iso info$varC1Sim[iso info$DSgroup == "0.4-0.1" & iso info$mayor]<-
iso info$varC1[iso info$DSgroup == "0.4-0.1" & iso info$mayor]*0.4^2
```

```
iso_info$meanC2Sim[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.4-0.1" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.4-0.1" & iso_info$mayor]*0.1
iso info$varC2Sim[iso info$DSgroup == "0.4-0.1" & iso info$mayor]<-
iso info$varC1[iso info$DSgroup == "0.4-0.1" & iso info$mayor]*0.1^2
# now should set the expression values to the rest!!
restinfo<-do.call(rbind,lapply(as.character(altGene), function(gen){</pre>
  numb_iso<-unique(iso_info$numb_iso[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.4-0.1" &</pre>
  !iso_info$mayor & iso_info$gene_id == gen])
  meanC1_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.4-0.1" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso info$gene id == gen]*(1-0.4)/(numb iso-1)
  varC1 sim<-iso info$varC1[iso info$DSgroup == "0.4-0.1" & !iso info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info\gene_id == gen]*((1-0.4)/(numb_iso-1))^2
  meanC2 sim<-iso info$meanC1[iso info$DSgroup == "0.4-0.1" & !iso info$mayor &</pre>
  iso info$gene id == gen]*(1-0.1)/(numb iso-1)
  varC2_sim<-iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.4-0.1" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info\gene_id == gen]*((1-0.1)/(numb_iso-1))^2
  index<-which(iso_info$DSgroup == "0.4-0.1" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info$gene_id == gen)
  return(data.frame(index=index, meanC1_sim=meanC1_sim, meanC2_sim=meanC2_sim,
  varC1 sim=varC1 sim,varC2 sim=varC2 sim))
}))
iso_info[restinfo$index,c("meanC1Sim", "meanC2Sim", "varC1Sim", "varC2Sim")]<-</pre>
restinfo[,-1]
# 0.4-0.1
altGene<-as.character(iso_info$gene_id[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.1-0.4" &</pre>
iso info$mayor])
iso info$meanC1Sim[iso info$DSgroup == "0.1-0.4" & iso info$mayor]<-
iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.1-0.4" & iso_info$mayor]*0.1
iso_info$varC1Sim[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.1-0.4" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.1-0.4" & iso_info$mayor]*0.1^2
iso info$meanC2Sim[iso info$DSgroup == "0.1-0.4" & iso info$mayor]<-
iso info$meanC1[iso info$DSgroup == "0.1-0.4" & iso info$mayor]*0.4
iso_info$varC2Sim[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.1-0.4" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.1-0.4" & iso_info$mayor]*0.4^2
restinfo<-do.call(rbind,lapply(as.character(altGene), function(gen){</pre>
  numb iso<-unique(iso info$numb iso[iso info$DSgroup == "0.1-0.4" &</pre>
  !iso_info$mayor & iso_info$gene_id == gen])
  meanC1_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.1-0.4" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso info$gene id == gen]*(1-0.1)/(numb iso-1)
  varC1_sim<-iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.1-0.4" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info\gene_id == gen]*((1-0.1)/(numb_iso-1))^2
  meanC2_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.1-0.4" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso info$gene id == gen]*(1-0.4)/(numb iso-1)
```

```
varC2_sim<-iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.1-0.4" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info\gene_id == gen]*((1-0.4)/(numb_iso-1))^2
  index<-which(iso info$DSgroup == "0.1-0.4" & !iso info$mayor &</pre>
  iso info$gene id == gen)
  return(data.frame(index=index, meanC1_sim=meanC1_sim, meanC2_sim=meanC2_sim,
  varC1_sim=varC1_sim,varC2_sim=varC2_sim))
}))
iso_info[restinfo$index,c("meanC1Sim", "meanC2Sim", "varC1Sim", "varC2Sim")]<-</pre>
restinfo[,-1]
# group IV: mayor isoform ratio 0.7 and ratio 0. the rest should have ratio (1-
0.7)/(n-1) and (1)/(n-1)
#0.7-0
altGene<-as.character(iso info$gene id[iso info$DSgroup == "0.7-0" &</pre>
iso info$mayor])
iso_info$meanC1Sim[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.7-0" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.7-0" & iso_info$mayor]*0.7
iso info$varC1Sim[iso info$DSgroup == "0.7-0" & iso info$mayor]<-
iso info$varC1[iso info$DSgroup == "0.7-0" & iso info$mayor]*0.7^2
iso_info$meanC2Sim[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.7-0" & iso_info$mayor]<-0</pre>
iso_info$varC2Sim[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.7-0" & iso_info$mayor]<-0</pre>
restinfo<-do.call(rbind,lapply(as.character(altGene), function(gen){</pre>
  numb iso<-unique(iso info$numb iso[iso info$DSgroup == "0.7-0" &</pre>
  !iso_info$mayor & iso_info$gene_id == gen])
  meanC1_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.7-0" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso info$gene id == gen]*(1-0.7)/(numb iso-1)
  varC1 sim<-iso info$varC1[iso info$DSgroup == "0.7-0" & !iso info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info\gene_id == gen]*((1-0.7)/(numb_iso-1))^2
  meanC2_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.7-0" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso info$gene id == gen]*(1)/(numb iso-1)
  varC2_sim<-iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0.7-0" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso info$gene id == gen]*((1)/(numb iso-1))^2
  index<-which(iso info$DSgroup == "0.7-0" & !iso info$mayor & iso info$gene id
  == gen)
  return(data.frame(index=index, meanC1_sim=meanC1_sim, meanC2_sim=meanC2_sim,
  varC1 sim=varC1 sim,varC2 sim=varC2 sim))
}))
iso_info[restinfo$index,c("meanC1Sim", "meanC2Sim", "varC1Sim", "varC2Sim")]<-</pre>
restinfo[,-1]
# 0.7-0
altGene<-as.character(iso_info$gene_id[iso_info$DSgroup == "0-0.7" &</pre>
iso info$mayor])
iso info$meanC1Sim[iso info$DSgroup == "0-0.7" & iso info$mayor]<-0
iso_info$varC1Sim[iso_info$DSgroup == "0-0.7" & iso_info$mayor]<-0</pre>
```

```
iso_info$meanC2Sim[iso_info$DSgroup == "0-0.7" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0-0.7" & iso_info$mayor]*0.7
iso info$varC2Sim[iso info$DSgroup == "0-0.7" & iso info$mayor]<-
iso info$varC1[iso info$DSgroup == "0-0.7" & iso info$mayor]*0.7^2
restinfo<-do.call(rbind,lapply(as.character(altGene), function(gen){</pre>
numb iso<-unique(iso info$numb iso[iso info$DSgroup == "0-0.7" &</pre>
!iso info$mayor & iso info$gene id == gen])
meanC1_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0-0.7" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
iso_info$gene_id == gen]*(1)/(numb_iso-1)
varC1 sim<-iso info$varC1[iso info$DSgroup == "0-0.7" & !iso info$mayor &</pre>
iso info$gene id == gen]*((1)/(numb iso-1))^2
meanC2_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DSgroup == "0-0.7" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
iso info$gene id == gen]*(1-0.7)/(numb iso-1)
varC2 sim<-iso info$varC1[iso info$DSgroup == "0-0.7" & !iso info$mayor &</pre>
iso_info\gene_id == gen]*((1-0.7)/(numb_iso-1))^2
index<-which(iso_info$DSgroup == "0-0.7" & !iso_info$mayor & iso_info$gene_id</pre>
== gen)
return(data.frame(index=index, meanC1_sim=meanC1_sim, meanC2_sim=meanC2_sim,
varC1_sim=varC1_sim,varC2_sim=varC2_sim))
}))
iso_info[restinfo$index,c("meanC1Sim", "meanC2Sim", "varC1Sim", "varC2Sim")]<-</pre>
restinfo[,-1]
## 3) Differential isoform expression and differential splicing
altGene<-as.character(iso_info$gene_id[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.5" &
iso info$mayor])
iso info$meanC1Sim[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.5" & iso info$mayor]<-
iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]*0.8
iso_info$varC1Sim[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]*0.8^2
iso_info$meanC2Sim[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso info$meanC1[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.5" & iso info$mayor]*(2*0.5)
iso info$varC2Sim[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.5" & iso info$mayor]<-
iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]*(2*0.5)^2
restinfo<-do.call(rbind,lapply(as.character(altGene), function(gen){</pre>
  numb iso<-unique(iso info$numb iso[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.5" &</pre>
  !iso_info$mayor & iso_info$gene_id == gen])
  meanC1_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.5" &</pre>
  !iso info$mayor \& iso info<math>$gene id == gen]*(1-0.8)/(numb iso-1)
  varC1_sim<-iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.5" &</pre>
  !iso_info$mayor & iso_info$gene_id == gen]*((1-0.8)/(numb_iso-1))^2
  meanC2 sim<-iso info$meanC1[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.5" &</pre>
  !iso info$mayor \& iso info<math>$gene id == gen]*((1-0.5)/(numb iso-1)*2)
```

```
varC2_sim<-iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.5" &</pre>
  !iso_info$mayor & iso_info<math>$gene_id == gen]*((1-0.5)/(numb_iso-1)*2)^2
  index<-which(iso info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.5" & !iso info$mayor &</pre>
  iso info$gene id == gen)
  return(data.frame(index=index, meanC1_sim=meanC1_sim, meanC2_sim=meanC2_sim,
  varC1_sim=varC1_sim,varC2_sim=varC2_sim))
}))
iso_info[altGene $index,c("meanC1Sim", "meanC2Sim", "varC1Sim", "varC2Sim")]<-</pre>
altGene[,-1]
# 0.5-0.8-0.5
altGene<-as.character(iso_info$gene_id[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "0.5-0.8-0.5" &
iso info$mayor])
iso info$meanC1Sim[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "0.5-0.8-0.5" & iso info$mayor]<-
iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "0.5-0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]*2*0.8
iso_info$varC1Sim[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "0.5-0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "0.5-0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]*(2*0.8)^2
iso_info$meanC2Sim[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "0.5-0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso info$meanC1[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "0.5-0.8-0.5" & iso info$mayor]*(0.5)
iso_info$varC2Sim[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "0.5-0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "0.5-0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]*(0.5)^2
restinfo<-do.call(rbind,lapply(as.character(altGene), function(gen){</pre>
  numb iso<-unique(iso info$numb iso[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "0.5-0.8-0.5" &</pre>
  !iso_info$mayor & iso_info$gene_id == gen])
  meanC1_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "0.5-0.8-0.5" &</pre>
  !iso info$mayor \& iso info<math>$gene id == gen]*(1-0.8)/(numb iso-1)*2
  varC1 sim<-iso info$varC1[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "0.5-0.8-0.5" &</pre>
  !iso_info$mayor & iso_info<math>$gene_id == gen]*((1-0.8)/(numb_iso-1)*2)^2
  meanC2_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "0.5-0.8-0.5" &</pre>
  !iso info$mayor \& iso info<math>$gene id == gen]*((1-0.5)/(numb iso-1))
  varC2 sim<-iso info$varC1[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "0.5-0.8-0.5" &</pre>
  !iso_info$mayor & iso_info<math>$gene_id == gen]*((1-0.5)/(numb_iso-1))^2
  index<-which(iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "0.5-0.8-0.5" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info$gene_id == gen)
  return(data.frame(index=index, meanC1_sim=meanC1_sim, meanC2_sim=meanC2_sim,
  varC1_sim=varC1_sim,varC2_sim=varC2_sim))
}))
iso_info[restinfo$index,c("meanC1Sim", "meanC2Sim", "varC1Sim", "varC2Sim")]<-</pre>
restinfo[,-1]
# 2-0.8-0.3
altGene<-as.character(iso info$gene id[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.3" &
iso info$mayor])
```

```
iso_info$meanC1Sim[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.3" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.3" & iso_info$mayor]*0.8
iso info$varC1Sim[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.3" & iso info$mayor]<-
iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.3" & iso_info$mayor]*0.8^2
iso_info$meanC2Sim[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.3" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso info$meanC1[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.3" & iso info$mayor]*(2*0.3)
iso info$varC2Sim[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.3" & iso info$mayor]<-
iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.3" & iso_info$mayor]*(2*0.3)^2
restinfo<-do.call(rbind,lapply(as.character(altGene), function(gen){</pre>
  numb iso<-unique(iso info$numb iso[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.3" &</pre>
  !iso info$mayor & iso info$gene id == gen])
  meanC1_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.3" &</pre>
  !iso info$mayor & iso info$gene id == gen]*(1-0.8)/(numb iso-1)
  varC1 sim<-iso info$varC1[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.3" &</pre>
  !iso info$mayor \& iso info<math>$gene id == gen]*((1-0.8)/(numb iso-1))^2
  meanC2_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.3" &</pre>
  !iso_info$mayor & iso_info$gene_id == gen]*((1-0.3)/(numb_iso-1)*2)
  varC2_sim<-iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.3" &</pre>
  !iso_info$mayor & iso_info<math>$gene_id == gen]*((1-0.3)/(numb_iso-1)*2)^2
  index<-which(iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "2-0.8-0.3" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info$gene_id == gen)
  return(data.frame(index=index, meanC1_sim=meanC1_sim, meanC2_sim=meanC2_sim,
  varC1 sim=varC1 sim,varC2 sim=varC2 sim))
}))
iso_info[restinfo$index,c("meanC1Sim", "meanC2Sim", "varC1Sim", "varC2Sim")]<-</pre>
restinfo[,-1]
# 4-0.8-0.5
altGene<-as.character(iso_info$gene_id[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.5" &</pre>
iso info$mayor])
iso_info$meanC1Sim[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso info$meanC1[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.5" & iso info$mayor]*0.8
iso info$varC1Sim[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.5" & iso info$mayor]<-
iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]*0.8^2
iso_info$meanC2Sim[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso info$meanC1[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.5" & iso info$mayor]*(4*0.5)
iso_info$varC2Sim[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.5" & iso_info$mayor]*(4*0.5)^2
restinfo<-do.call(rbind,lapply(as.character(altGene), function(gen){</pre>
  numb_iso<-unique(iso_info$numb_iso[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.5" &</pre>
  !iso_info$mayor & iso_info$gene_id == gen])
  meanC1 sim<-iso info$meanC1[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.5" &</pre>
  !iso info$mayor & iso info$gene id == gen]*(1-0.8)/(numb iso-1)
```

```
varC1_sim<-iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.5" &</pre>
  !iso_info$mayor & iso_info<math>$gene_id == gen]*((1-0.8)/(numb_iso-1))^2
  meanC2 sim<-iso info$meanC1[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.5" &</pre>
  !iso_info$mayor & iso_info$gene_id == gen]*((1-0.5)/(numb_iso-1)*4)
  varC2_sim<-iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.5" &</pre>
  !iso info$mayor \& iso info<math>$gene id == gen]*((1-0.5)/(numb iso-1)*4)^2
  index<-which(iso info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.5" & !iso info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info$gene_id == gen)
  return(data.frame(index=index, meanC1_sim=meanC1_sim, meanC2_sim=meanC2_sim,
  varC1_sim=varC1_sim,varC2_sim=varC2_sim))
}))
iso_info[restinfo$index,c("meanC1Sim", "meanC2Sim", "varC1Sim", "varC2Sim")]<-</pre>
restinfo[,-1]
# 4-0.8-0.3
altGene<-as.character(iso_info$gene_id[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.3" &</pre>
iso info$mayor])
iso_info$meanC1Sim[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.3" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso info$meanC1[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.3" & iso info$mayor]*0.8
iso_info$varC1Sim[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.3" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.3" & iso_info$mayor]*0.8^2
iso_info$meanC2Sim[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.3" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso info$meanC1[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.3" & iso info$mayor]*(4*0.3)
iso_info$varC2Sim[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.3" & iso_info$mayor]<-</pre>
iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.3" & iso_info$mayor]*(4*0.3)^2
restinfo<-do.call(rbind,lapply(as.character(altGene), function(gen){</pre>
  numb iso<-unique(iso info$numb iso[iso info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.3" &</pre>
  !iso_info$mayor & iso_info$gene_id == gen])
  meanC1_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.3" &</pre>
  !iso_info$mayor & iso_info$gene_id == gen]*(1-0.8)/(numb_iso-1)
  varC1_sim<-iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.3" &</pre>
  !iso info$mayor \& iso info<math>$gene id == gen]*((1-0.8)/(numb iso-1))^2
  meanC2_sim<-iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.3" &</pre>
  !iso_info$mayor & iso_info$gene_id == gen]*((1-0.3)/(numb_iso-1)*4)
  varC2_sim<-iso_info$varC1[iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.3" &</pre>
  !iso info$mayor \& iso info<math>$gene id == gen]*((1-0.3)/(numb iso-1)*4)^2
  index<-which(iso_info$DIEDSgroup == "4-0.8-0.3" & !iso_info$mayor &</pre>
  iso_info$gene_id == gen)
  return(data.frame(index=index, meanC1 sim=meanC1 sim, meanC2 sim=meanC2 sim,
  varC1_sim=varC1_sim,varC2_sim=varC2_sim))
iso info[restinfo$index,c("meanC1Sim", "meanC2Sim", "varC1Sim", "varC2Sim")]<-</pre>
restinfo[,-1]
```

```
iso info$meanC2Sim[iso info$DE & iso info$DEgroup %in% c(2,4)]<-
iso_info$meanC1[iso_info$DE & iso_info$DEgroup %in% c(2,4)] * as.numeric(
as.character(iso_info$DEgroup[iso_info$DE & iso_info$DEgroup %in% c(2,4)]))
iso_info$varC2Sim[iso_info$DE & iso_info$DEgroup %in% c(2,4)]<-</pre>
iso info$varC1[iso info$DE & iso info$DEgroup %in% c(2,4)]*(as.numeric(
as.character(iso_info$DEgroup[iso_info$DE & iso_info$DEgroup %in% c(2,4)]))^2
iso_info$meanC1Sim[iso_info$DE & iso_info$DEgroup %in% c(0.25,0.5)]<-</pre>
iso info$meanC1[iso info$DE & iso info$DEgroup %in% c(0.25,0.5)]/as.numeric(
as.character(iso_info$DEgroup[iso_info$DE & iso_info$DEgroup %in%
c(0.25,0.5))
iso info$varC1Sim[iso info$DE & iso info$DEgroup %in% c(0.25,0.5)]<-
iso info$varC1[iso info$DE & iso info$DEgroup %in% c(0.25,0.5)]/(as.numeric(
as.character(iso_info$DEgroup[iso_info$DE & iso_info$DEgroup %in%
c(0.25,0.5)]))^2
## Generating replicates values
# NB parameters
meansC1<-iso info$meanC1Sim</pre>
meansC2<-iso_info$meanC2Sim</pre>
f.loess.C1<- loess(varC1 ~ mediasC1, data.frame(mediasC1=meansC1,</pre>
varC1=iso info$varC1Sim), degree=2)
f.loess.C2<- loess(varC2 ~ mediasC2, data.frame(mediasC2=meansC2,</pre>
varC2=iso_info$varC2Sim), degree=2)
# variance prediction
var.predict1 <- predict(f.loess.C1, data.frame(mediasC1=meansC1))</pre>
var.predict2 <- predict(f.loess.C2, data.frame(mediasC2=meansC2))</pre>
size<-meansC1^2/(var.predict1+meansC1)</pre>
prob<-size/(size+meansC1)</pre>
numberReplicates<-10
for(nsim in 1:numberReplicates){
  setwd(paste("/path_to_simulation_scenario/sim", "nsim"))
  C1repeticiones10<-t(sapply(1:nrow(iso_info), function(iso){</pre>
   iso cts C1<-t(sapply(1:10, function(x){</pre>
      cond1<-rnbinom(n=4, size=size[iso], prob=prob[iso])</pre>
      return(c(cond1))
    }))
   cero_index_cts<-which(is.na(iso_cts_C1[,1]) | is.na(iso_cts_C1[,2]) |</pre>
   is.na(iso_cts_C1[,3]) | is.na(iso_cts_C1[,4]))
   iso_cts_C1[cero_index_cts,]<-0</pre>
   return(colMeans(iso cts C1))
  }))
```

```
iso_cts_C1<-as.data.frame(C1repeticiones10)</pre>
rownames(iso_cts_C1)<-iso_info$transcript_id</pre>
# Condition2
size<-meansC2^2/(var.predict2+meansC2)</pre>
prob<-size/(size+meansC2)</pre>
C2repeticiones10<-t(sapply(1:nrow(iso_info), function(iso){</pre>
 iso cts C2<-t(sapply(1:10, function(x){</pre>
   cond2<-rnbinom(n=4, size=size[iso], prob=prob[iso])</pre>
   return(c(cond2))
 }))
 cero_index_cts<-which(is.na(iso_cts_C2[,1]) | is.na(iso_cts_C2[,2]) |</pre>
 is.na(iso_cts_C2[,3]) | is.na(iso_cts_C2[,4]))
 iso_cts_C2[cero_index_cts,]<-0</pre>
 return(colMeans(iso cts C2))
}))
iso_cts_C2<-as.data.frame(C2repeticiones10)</pre>
rownames(iso_cts_C2)<-iso_info$transcript_id
iso_cm_sim<-data.frame(iso_cts_C1, iso_cts_C2)</pre>
names(iso_cm_sim)<-c("C1R1", "C1R2", "C1R3", "C1R4", "C2R1", "C2R2", "C2R3",
"C2R4")
rownames(iso_cm_sim)<-rownames(iso_cm)</pre>
# Generate files containing simulation profiles
transcript_ids<-as.character(iso_res[[1]]$transcript_id)</pre>
index<-match(transcript_ids, rownames(iso_cm_sim), nomatch=0)</pre>
iso cm sim complete<-data.frame(matrix(0,nrow=length(transcript ids),</pre>
ncol=ncol(iso cm sim)))
iso_cm_sim_complete[index!= 0,]<-iso_cm_sim[index[index !=0],]</pre>
rownames(iso_cm_sim_complete)<-transcript_ids</pre>
names(iso cm sim complete)<-names(iso cm sim)</pre>
genes<-as.list(unique(as.character(iso_info$gene_id)))</pre>
sampleIndex<-c(1,2,3,4,11,15,17,20)
effect_length<-do.call(cbind,bplapply(sampleIndex, function(sample){</pre>
  return(iso_res[[sample]][,"effective_length"])
}, BPPARAM=MulticoreParam(10)))
effect length<-as.data.frame(effect length)</pre>
rownames(effect_length)<-rownames(iso_cm_sim_complete)</pre>
t_length<-do.call(cbind,bplapply(sampleIndex, function(sample){</pre>
  return(iso_res[[sample]][,"length"])
}, BPPARAM=MulticoreParam(10)))
t_length<-as.data.frame(t_length)</pre>
rownames(t length)<-rownames(iso cm sim complete)</pre>
scale factors<-sapply(1:ncol(iso cm sim complete), function(i){</pre>
```

```
allratio<-sum(iso_cm_sim_complete[effect_length[,i] > 0,i] / effect_length[
effect_length[,i] > 0,i])
  return(allratio)
})
TPM<-do.call(rbind,bplapply(as.list(transcript ids), function(iso){
  tpm<-iso cm sim complete[rownames(iso cm sim complete) ==</pre>
  iso,]/effect_length[rownames(effect_length) == iso,]
  if(any(is.na(tpm)) | any(tpm == Inf)){tpm[is.na(tpm) | tpm == Inf]<-0}</pre>
  tpm<-tpm*10^6/scale factors</pre>
  return(tpm)
}, BPPARAM=MulticoreParam(18)))
sample sizes<-colSums(iso cm sim)</pre>
FPKM<-sapply(1:ncol(iso cm sim complete), function(sample){</pre>
  FPKM<-(iso_cm_sim_complete[,sample]) / (effect_length[,</pre>
  sample])*10^9/sample_sizes[sample]
  FPKM[is.na(FPKM) | FPKM == Inf]<-0</pre>
  return(FPKM)
  })
FPKM<-as.data.frame(FPKM)</pre>
names(FPKM)<-names(TPM)</pre>
rownames(FPKM)<-rownames(TPM)</pre>
index<-match(transcript ids,g2t$transcript id, nomatch=0)</pre>
g2t_ord<-g2t[index,]</pre>
# writing isoform files
sim data<-bplapply(1:ncol(iso cm sim complete), function(sample){</pre>
  sample data<-data.frame(transcript id=transcript ids,</pre>
  gene_id=g2t_ord$gene_id,
  length=as.character(round(t_length[,sample],2)),effective_length=
  as.character(round(effect_length[,sample],2)),
  expected_count=as.character(round(iso_cm_sim_complete[,sample],2)),
  TPM=as.character(round(TPM[,sample],2)),FPKM=as.character(round(FPKM[,
  sample],2)),IsoPct=as.character(round(ratios_complete[,sample]*100,2)))
  return(sample_data)
}, BPPARAM=MulticoreParam(10))
names(sim data)<-names(iso res)[sampleIndex]</pre>
lapply(1:length(sim_data), function(sim){
  write.table(sim_data[[sim]], file=paste(names(sim_data)[sim],
  " sim iso.results", sep=""), row.names=FALSE, col.names=TRUE,dec=".",
  quote=FALSE, sep="\t")
write.table(gene_info, "gene_info.tab", sep="\t", row.names=FALSE,
col.names=TRUE, quote=FALSE)
```

```
write.table(iso_info, "iso_info.tab", sep="\t", row.names=FALSE,
col.names=TRUE, quote=FALSE)
save.image("simulation.RData", compress="xz")
}
```

APPENDIX III

```
# DIEAnalysis.R
library("DESeq2");library("NOISeq");library("EBSeq");library("limma");
library(edgeR)
# This script should be ran over each simulation of each scenario
setwd("/path to DIE scenario sim/")
g2t<-read.delim("gene2transc.txt", header=FALSE)</pre>
colnames(g2t)<-c("gene_id", "transcript_id")</pre>
# Preparing expression matrix
path to RSEM sim scenario
gene_files<-c("SRR057649.genes.results", "SRR057650.genes.results",</pre>
"SRR057651.genes.results", "SRR057652.genes.results",
"SRR057631.genes.results", "SRR057643.genes.results",
"SRR057645.genes.results", "SRR057648.genes.results")
gene_res<-lapply(gene_files, function(gene_f){</pre>
  return(read.delim(gene f))
})
names(gene res)<-sapply(gene files,function(gene f){</pre>
  return(strsplit(gene_f, split="[.]")[[1]][1])
})
gene_cm<-as.data.frame(do.call(cbind, lapply(1:length(gene_res), function(y){</pre>
  gene_sample<-gene_res[[y]]</pre>
  return(gene sample$expected count)
})))
rownames(gene_cm)<-gene_res[[1]]$gene_id
colnames(gene cm)<-names(gene res)</pre>
# isoforms
iso_files<- c("SRR057649.isoforms.results", "SRR057650.isoforms.results",</pre>
"SRR057651.isoforms.results", "SRR057652.isoforms.results",
"SRR057631.isoforms.results", "SRR057643.isoforms.results",
"SRR057645.isoforms.results", "SRR057648.isoforms.results")
iso_res<-lapply(iso_files, function(iso_f){</pre>
  return(read.delim(iso f))
})
names(iso_res)<-sapply(iso_files,function(iso_f){</pre>
  return(strsplit(iso_f, split="[.]")[[1]][1])
})
iso_cm<-as.data.frame(do.call(cbind, lapply(1:length(iso_res), function(x){</pre>
  iso sample<-iso res[[x]]
  return(iso_sample$expected_count)
})))
rownames(iso cm)<-iso res[[1]]$transcript id</pre>
colnames(iso_cm)<-c(paste("C1R", 1:4, sep=""),paste("C2R",1:4, sep=""))</pre>
```

```
# filtering low quality genes. Only consider those that have counts in all
samples
index_g<-unique(do.call(c,sapply(1:nrow(gene_cm), function(x){</pre>
  if(any(gene\_cm[x,1:8]==0) \mid any(gene\_cm[x,9:16]==0)) \{return(x)\} else{
  return(NULL)}
  })))
gene_cm<-gene_cm[-index_g,]</pre>
g2t_ok<-g2t[(g2t$gene_id%in% rownames(gene_cm)),]</pre>
iso_cm<-iso_cm[rownames(iso_cm) %in% g2t_ok$transcript_id,]</pre>
genes<-sort(as.character(unique(g2t_ok$gene_id)))</pre>
# Only consider simulated genes
iso_info_sim<-read.delim("/path_to_simulation_scenario/sim/iso_info.tab",
stringsAsFactor=F)
gene_info_original<-read.delim("/path_to_simulation_scenario/sim/</pre>
gene_info.tab", header=T, stringsAsFactor=F)
sim_genes<-unique(iso_info_sim[, "gene_id"])</pre>
genes<-genes[genes%in% sim_genes]</pre>
gene_cm<-gene_cm[rownames(gene_cm) %in% genes,]</pre>
sim iso<-iso info sim$transcript id
iso_cm<-iso_cm[rownames(iso_cm) %in% sim_iso,]</pre>
rownames(gene_info_original)<-gene_info_original$gene_id</pre>
numb iso<-gene info original[genes, "numb iso"]</pre>
gene_info<-data.frame(gene_id=genes, numb_iso=numb_iso)</pre>
freq<-data.frame(table(gene_info$numb_iso[!gene_info$numb_iso ==1]),</pre>
accum=cumsum(table(gene info$numb iso[!gene info$numb iso
==1]))/sum(table(gene info$numb iso[!gene info$numb iso ==1])))
colnames(freq)<-c("Iso_num", "freq", "cum_rel_freq")</pre>
freq[,"score"]<-cut(freq[,"cum_rel_freq"], breaks=c(0,0.33,0.67,1),</pre>
include.lowest=FALSE, right=TRUE)
gene_info$group<-gene_info_original[genes, "group"]</pre>
all(gene_info$gene_id == rownames(gene_cm))
# [1] TRUE
gene_info$meanC1<-rowMeans(gene_cm[,1:4])</pre>
gene_info$meanC2<-rowMeans(gene_cm[,5:8])</pre>
gene_info$mean<-rowMeans(gene_cm)</pre>
gene_info$varC1<-apply(gene_cm[,1:4],1,var)</pre>
gene_info$varC2<-apply(gene_cm[,5:8],1,var)</pre>
gene_info$var<-apply(gene_cm,1,var)</pre>
iso_info<-merge(x=g2t_ok ,y=gene_info, by="gene_id", sort=FALSE)</pre>
iso_info<-iso_info[order(iso_info$gene_id,</pre>
iso_info$transcript_id),c(2,1,3:ncol(iso_info))]
all(iso info$transcript id == rownames(iso cm))
# [1] TRUE
```

```
iso_info$iso_meanC1<-rowMeans(iso_cm[,1:4])</pre>
iso_info$iso_meanC2<-rowMeans(iso_cm[,5:8])</pre>
iso info$iso mean<-rowMeans(iso cm)</pre>
iso_info$iso_varC1<-apply(iso_cm[,1:4],1,var)</pre>
iso_info$iso_varC2<-apply(iso_cm[,5:8],1,var)</pre>
iso_info$iso_var<-apply(iso_cm,1,var)</pre>
iso_info$ratiosC1<-iso_info$iso_meanC1/iso_info$meanC1</pre>
iso_info$ratiosC2<-iso_info$iso_meanC2/iso_info$meanC2</pre>
id_mayor<-iso_info_sim$transcript_id[iso_info_sim$mayor]</pre>
g2t ok$mayor<-g2t ok$transcript id %in% id mayor
iso_info$mayor<-iso_info$transcript_id %in% g2t_ok$transcript_id[ g2t_ok$mayor]</pre>
DIE_genes<-unique(iso_info_sim[iso_info_sim$DIE , "gene_id"])</pre>
DS_genes<-unique(iso_info_sim[iso_info_sim$DS, "gene_id"])
SDDIE_genes<-unique(iso_info_sim[iso_info_sim$DIEDS , "gene_id"])</pre>
DEgenes<-unique(iso_info_sim[iso_info_sim$DE, "gene_id"])</pre>
gene_info$DIE<-gene_info$gene_id %in% DIE_genes</pre>
gene_info$DS<-gene_info$gene_id %in% DS_genes</pre>
gene_info$DIEDS<-gene_info$gene_id %in% SDDIE_genes</pre>
gene_info$DE<-gene_info$gene_id %in% DEgenes</pre>
gene_info$DIEgroup<-factor(rep(0, nrow(gene_info)), levels=levels(as.factor(</pre>
gene_info_original$DIEgroup)))
idx<-match(gene info$gene id,gene info original$gene id, nomatch=0)
gene_info$DIEgroup[gene_info$gene_id %in% gene_info_original$gene_id]<-</pre>
as.factor(gene_info_original$DIEgroup[idx])
gene_info$DSgroup<-factor(rep(0, nrow(gene_info)), levels=levels(as.factor(</pre>
gene info original$DSgroup)))
idx<-match(gene_info$gene_id,gene_info_original$gene_id, nomatch=0)</pre>
gene_info$DSgroup[gene_info$gene_id %in% gene_info_original$gene_id]<-</pre>
gene_info_original$DSgroup[idx]
gene_info$DIEDSgroup<-factor(rep(0, nrow(gene_info)), levels=levels(as.factor(</pre>
gene_info_original$DIEDSgroup)))
idx<-match(gene_info$gene_id,gene_info_original$gene_id, nomatch=0)</pre>
gene_info$DIEDSgroup[gene_info$gene_id %in% gene_info_original$gene_id]<-</pre>
gene_info_original$DIEDSgroup[idx]
gene_info$DEgroup<-factor(rep(0, nrow(gene_info)), levels=levels(as.factor(</pre>
gene_info_original$DEgroup)))
idx<-match(gene_info$gene_id,gene_info_original$gene_id, nomatch=0)
gene_info$DEgroup[gene_info$gene_id %in% gene_info_original$gene_id]<-</pre>
gene_info_original$DEgroup[idx]
iso_info<-merge(x=gene_info[,c(1,10:17)], y=iso_info, by="gene_id")</pre>
iso_info<-iso_info[,c(10,1,11:ncol(iso_info), 2:9)]</pre>
save(iso_info, file="iso_info_final_sim.RData", compress="xz")
save(iso_cm,file="iso_cm_sim.RData", compress="xz")
```

```
save(gene_info, file="gene_info_final_sim.RData", compress="xz")
# DIE analysis
conditions<-factor(c(rep("Normal",4), rep("Tumor",4)), levels=c("Normal",</pre>
"Tumor"))
isoNames<-rownames(iso cm)</pre>
isoCPM<-sapply(1:ncol(iso_cm),function(x){iso_cm[,x]/sum(iso_cm[,x])*10^6})</pre>
isoCPM<-as.data.frame(isoCPM)</pre>
rownames(isoCPM)<-rownames(iso_cm)</pre>
colnames(isoCPM)<-colnames(iso cm)</pre>
# Consider those isoforms expressed in at least one condition
isoCPM<-isoCPM[rowMeans(isoCPM[,1:4])>=4 | rowMeans(isoCPM[,5:8] >=4),]
iso_cm_expres<-iso_cm[rownames(iso_cm) %in% rownames(isoCPM),]</pre>
# save(iso cm expres, file="iso cm expres.RData")
iso_info_RSEM<-iso_info[iso_info$transcript_id %in% rownames(iso_cm_expres),]</pre>
# save(iso_info_RSEM, file="iso_info_express_sim.RData")
gene info<-gene info[gene_info$gene_id %in% unique(iso_info_RSEM$gene_id),]</pre>
# save(gene_info, file="gene_info_express_sim.RData")
##EBSea
isoGeneNames<-read.delim(iso_files[[1]])[,1:2]</pre>
isoMat<-as.matrix(iso_cm_expres)</pre>
isoNames<-rownames(iso cm expres)</pre>
index<-match(isoGeneNames$transcript_id, isoNames)</pre>
index<-which(!is.na(index))</pre>
isoGeneNames<-as.character(isoGeneNames[index, "gene id"])</pre>
# defining uncertainty groups
ngList<-GetNg(IsoformName=isoNames, GeneName=isoGeneNames, TrunThre=10)</pre>
isoNgTrun<-ngList$IsoformNgTrun #grupo al que pertenece</pre>
isoSizes<-MedianNorm(isoMat)</pre>
isoEBOut<-EBTest(Data=isoMat,</pre>
NgVector=isoNgTrun,Conditions=conditions,sizeFactors=isoSizes, maxround=8,
Qtrm=0.99, QtrmCut=0)
# The posterior probabilities of being DE are obtained is used equivalently to
FDR. Is obtained as follows, where PP is a matrix containing the posterior
isoPP<-GetPPMat(isoEBOut)</pre>
# The matrix PP contains two columns PPEE and PPDE, corresponding to the
posterior probabilities of being EE (equivalent expression) or DE (Differential
expression) for each gene. PP may be used to form an FDR-controlled list of DE
genes with a target FDR of 0.05 as follows:
isoDE<-rownames(isoPP)[which(isoPP[,"PPDE"]>=.95)]
save(isoEBOut,file="ebseq_res.RData")
```

```
sample_data<-data.frame(sample=names(iso_cm_expres), condition=conditions)</pre>
y<-DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(countData=as.matrix(round(iso_cm_expres)),
colData=sample data, design=formula(~condition, sample data))
v<-estimateSizeFactors(y)</pre>
y<-estimateDispersions(y)</pre>
et_y_DES<-nbinomWaldTest(y)</pre>
DESeqres<-results(et_y_DES,c("condition","Tumor", "Normal"))</pre>
isoDESeq<-rownames(DESeqres[DESeqres$padj < 0.05 & !is.na(DESeqres$padj),])</pre>
save(et_y_DES, file="DESeqRes.RData")
## NOISeq
myfactors<-sample_data[,"condition", drop=FALSE]</pre>
mydata <- readData(data = (iso cm expres),factors=myfactors)</pre>
mynoiseqbio <- noiseqbio(mydata, norm = "tmm", k = 0, nclust=15,lc = 0,
conditions = myfactors, factor = "condition", r = 50, plot =FALSE, filter=0,
random.seed=123456789)
mynoiseqbio.deg <- degenes(mynoiseqbio, q=0.95)</pre>
DENoi<-rownames(mynoiseqbio.deg)</pre>
save(mynoisegbio, file="noisegRes.RData")
##Limma
dge <- DGEList(counts=iso_cm_expres)</pre>
dge <- calcNormFactors(dge)</pre>
design<-model.matrix(~condition, data=sample data)</pre>
v <- voom(dge,design,plot=FALSE)</pre>
fit <- lmFit(v,design)</pre>
fit <- eBayes(fit)</pre>
limmaResults<-data.frame(baseMean=exp(fit$coefficients[,1]),</pre>
logFC=fit$coefficients[,2], pval=fit$p.value[,2])
limmaResults$padj<-p.adjust(limmaResults$pval, method="BH")</pre>
isoLimma<-rownames(limmaResults[limmaResults$padj < 0.05,])</pre>
save(fit, file="Limma.RData", compress="xz")
##Cufflinks
cuffresults<-read.delim("cufflinks_sim_scenario/isoform_exp.diff")</pre>
iso track<-read.delim("cufflinks sim scenario isoforms.fpkm tracking")</pre>
cuffresults_exp<-cuffresults[cuffresults$status == "OK",]</pre>
cuffresults_exp$test_id<-as.character(cuffresults_exp$test_id)</pre>
cuffresults exp$gene<-as.character(cuffresults exp$gene)</pre>
rownames(iso_track)<-iso_track$tracking_id</pre>
cuffresults_exp$nearest_ref_id<-as.character(iso_track[cuffresults_exp$test_id,</pre>
"nearest ref id"])
rownames(cuffresults exp)<-cuffresults exp$test id
# there are some ensembl_ids mapping against more than one cuff_id
```

```
duplID<-unique(cuffresults_exp$nearest_ref_id[duplicated(</pre>
cuffresults_exp$nearest_ref_id)])
uniqueID<-unique(cuffresults exp$nearest ref id[!duplicated(</pre>
cuffresults exp$nearest ref id)])
uniqueID<-uniqueID[!(uniqueID %in% duplID)]</pre>
aux<-sapply(1:length(duplID),function(id){</pre>
  dupl<-cuffresults_exp[cuffresults_exp$nearest_ref_id == duplID [id], ,</pre>
  drop=FALSE]
  if(any(dupl$significant == "yes")){
     index<-which(dupl$significant == "yes")[1]</pre>
  }else{index<-which.min(abs(dupl$q_value))[1]}</pre>
  return(as.character(dupl$test_id[index]))
})
cuffresults exp<-
cuffresults_exp[c(cuffresults_exp$test_id[cuffresults_exp$nearest_ref_id %in%
uniqueID], aux),]
iso_info_cuff<-iso_info[iso_info$transcript_id %in%</pre>
cuffresults_exp$nearest_ref_id, ]
cuffresults_exp<-cuffresults_exp[cuffresults_exp$nearest_ref_id %in%</pre>
iso info cuff$transcript id, ]
DEcuff<-unique(cuffresults_exp$nearest_ref_id[cuffresults_exp$q_value <=0.05])</pre>
save(cuffresults_exp, file="cuffdiffIsoSim.RData", compress="xz")
save.image("all.RData", compress="xz")
```

APPENDIX IV

```
# DSAnalysis.R
conditions<-factor(c(rep("Normal",4),rep("Tumor",4)), levels=c("Normal",</pre>
"Tumor"))
library(SplicingCompass); library(DEXSeq); library(limma)
setwd("/path to DS scenario sim/")
expInf<-new("ExperimentInfo")</pre>
expInf<-setDescription(expInf,"NormalVsTumor")</pre>
expInf<-setGroupInfo(expInf, groupName1="Normal", sampleNumsGroup1=1:4,
groupName2="Tumor", sampleNumsGroup2=5:8)
covBedCountFilesNormal<-c(</pre>
"/path to quantification covBed sim scenario/SRR057649.covBed.counts",
"/path to quantification covBed sim scenario/SRR057650.covBed.counts",
"/path_to_quantification_covBed_sim_scenario/SRR057651.covBed.counts",
"/path_to_quantification_covBed_sim_scenario/SRR057652.covBed.counts")
covBedCountFilesTumor<-
c("/path_to_quantification_covBed_sim_scenario/SRR057631.covBed.counts",
"/path to quantification covBed sim scenario/SRR057643.covBed.counts",
"/path to quantification covBed sim scenario/SRR057645.covBed.counts",
"/path to quantification covBed sim scenario/SRR057648.covBed.counts")
expInf<-setCovBedCountFiles(expInf, c(covBedCountFilesTumor,</pre>
covBedCountFilesNormal))
junctionBedFilesNormal<-
c("/path_to_alignment_genome_sim_scenario/SRR057649/junctions.bed",
"/path_to_alignment_genome_sim_scenario/SRR057650/junctions.bed",
"/path_to_alignment_genome_sim_scenario/SRR057651/junctions.bed",
"/path to alignment genome sim scenario/SRR057652/junctions.bed")
junctionBedFilesTumor<-c(</pre>
c("/path_to_alignment_genome_sim_scenario/SRR057631/junctions.bed",
"/path to alignment genome sim scenario/SRR057643/junctions.bed",
"/path_to_alignment_genome_sim_scenario/SRR057645/junctions.bed",
"/path_to_alignment_genome_sim_scenario/SRR057648/junctions.bed")
expInf<-setJunctionBedFiles(expInf, c(junctionBedFilesTumor,</pre>
junctionBedFilesNormal))
expInf<-setReferenceAnnotation(expInf,</pre>
"/path to annotation files/flattened.splcmp.gtf")
referenceAnnotationFormat<-list(IDFieldName="geneSymbol",idValSep=" ")</pre>
expInf<-setReferenceAnnotationFormat(expInf,referenceAnnotationFormat)
checkExperimentInfo(expInf)
## Constructing an object of class CountTable
mycountTable<-new("CountTable")</pre>
mycountTable<-setExperimentInfo(mycountTable, expInf)</pre>
```

```
mycountTable<-constructCountTable(mycountTable,nCores=20, printDotPerGene=TRUE)</pre>
sc<-new("SplicingCompass")</pre>
sc<-constructSplicingCompass(sc, mycountTable, minOverallJunctionReadSupport=5,</pre>
nCores=20)
# obataining significant DE genes
sc<-initSigGenesFromResults(sc, adjusted=TRUE, threshold=0.05)</pre>
sigGenes<-getSignificantGeneSymbols(sc)</pre>
# obtaining a data frame with tested genes and correspoonding p-values
resTab<-getResultTable(sc)</pre>
resTab<-resTab[resTab$gene_id %in% iso_info$gene_id,]</pre>
# tested gene ID
genesTested<-getAllTestedGenes(sc)</pre>
iso_info_SC<-iso_info[iso_info$gene_id %in% genesTested,]</pre>
sigGenes<-getSignificantGeneSymbols(sc)</pre>
sigGenes<-sigGenes[sigGenes %in% iso_info_SC$gene_id]</pre>
save(resTab, file="SCresultTableNOv.RData")
save(sc, file="SCobjectNOv.RData")
save(mycountTable, file="SCCountTableNov.RData")
#DEXSeq
countfiles<-paste("path to quantification DEXSeq sim scenario/htseq sim ",
paste("SRR0576", c(49:52, 31, 43, 45, 48),".htseq.counts", sep="")
# building design matrix
sample_data<-data.frame(condition= conditions, levels=c("Normal","Tumor")))</pre>
design<-~sample+exon+condition:exon</pre>
row.names(sample_data)<-c(paste("C1R", 1:8, sep=""), paste("C2R", 1:8, sep=""))</pre>
# build dexseq count matrix from HTseq output
count_matrix<-DEXSeqDataSetFromHTSeq(countfiles, sample_data,design,</pre>
flattenedfile="/path_to_annotation_files/flattened.dexseq.gtf")
count matrix<-estimateSizeFactors(count matrix)</pre>
count matrix<-estimateDispersions(count matrix, maxit=500,</pre>
BPPARAM=MulticoreParam(workers=18))
fullModel<- ~sample + exon + condition:exon</pre>
reducedModel<- ~sample + exon</pre>
count matrix<-testForDEU(count matrix, fullModel=fullModel,</pre>
reducedModel=reducedModel, BPPARAM=MulticoreParam(workers=20))
count matrix<-estimateExonFoldChanges(count matrix, fitExpToVar="condition",</pre>
BPPARAM=MulticoreParam(workers=20), denominator="Normal")
myresults<-DEXSeqResults( count_matrix )</pre>
perGeneQ<-perGeneQValue(myresults)</pre>
myresultsDF<-as.data.frame(myresults)</pre>
myresultsDF<-myresultsDF[!is.na(myresultsDF$padj) ,]</pre>
```

```
myresultsDF$qvalGene<-do.call(c, lapply(1:nrow(myresultsDF), function(i){</pre>
return(perGeneQ[names(perGeneQ) == myresultsDF$groupID[i]])
}))
myresultsDF<-myresultsDF[myresultsDF[,"groupID"]%in%unique(iso_info$gene_id), ]</pre>
iso_info_dexseq<-iso_info[iso_info$gene_id %in%</pre>
unique(myresultsDF[,"groupID"]), ]
DEXGenes<-unique(myresultsDF[myresultsDF$qvalGene < 0.05, "groupID"])</pre>
save(count_matrix, file="DEXSeqCountMatrixSim.RData")
#LimmaDS
cm<-counts(count_matrix)[,1:8]</pre>
cm2<-as.data.frame(rowRanges(count_matrix))</pre>
geneInfo<-cm2[,c(1:7)]
y.all <- DGEList(counts=cm, genes=geneInfo)</pre>
isexpr <- rowSums(cpm(y.all) > 1) >=3
y <- y.all[isexpr,,keep.lib.sizes=FALSE]</pre>
save(y , file="expressCMNover.RData", compress="xz")
y <- calcNormFactors(y)</pre>
design <- model.matrix(~ conditions)</pre>
v <- voom(y,design,plot=FALSE)</pre>
fit <- lmFit(v, design)</pre>
fit.de <- eBayes(fit, robust=TRUE)</pre>
limmaResults<-data.frame(gene=fit.de$genes,</pre>
baseMean=exp(fit.de$coefficients[,1]), logFC=fit.de$coefficients[,2],
pval=fit.de$p.value[,2])
limmaResults$padj<-p.adjust(limmaResults$pval, method="BH")</pre>
ex <- diffSplice(fit[,"conditionTumor"], geneid = "groupID", exonid = "start")</pre>
DSRes<-topSplice(ex, test="simes", n=length(ex))</pre>
iso_info_limma<-iso_info[iso_info$gene_id %in% DSRes[,"groupID"],]</pre>
DSRes<-DSRes[DSRes$groupID %in% unique(iso info$gene id ),]
DELimma<-DSRes[DSRes$FDR < 0.05, "groupID"]</pre>
save(ex, file="limmaDSNOver.RData", compress="xz")
save(fit.de, file="fitdeLimmaNOver.RData", compress="xz")
save(DSRes, file="LimmaDSRes.RData", compress="xz")
##CufflinksDS
cuffresults<-read.delim("cufflinks_sim_scenario/splicing.diff")</pre>
cuffresults_exp<-cuffresults[cuffresults$status == "OK",]</pre>
cuffresults exp$test id<-as.character(cuffresults exp$test id)</pre>
cuffresults_exp$gene<-as.character(cuffresults_exp$gene)</pre>
rownames(cuffresults_exp)<-cuffresults_exp$test_id
duplIDs<-duplicated(paste(cuffresults_exp$gene, cuffresults_exp$locus,</pre>
sep="_"))
```

```
duplIDs<-data.frame(test_id=cuffresults_exp$test_id, gene=cuffresults_exp$gene,</pre>
locus=cuffresults_exp$locus, duplicados=duplicados)
duplIDs<- duplIDs[duplIDs$duplIDs,]</pre>
dim(duplIDs)
# [1] 1968
uniqID<-cuffresults_exp$test_id[!(paste(cuffresults_exp$gene,</pre>
cuffresults_exp$locus, sep="_") %in% paste(duplIDs$gene, duplIDs$locus,
sep="_"))]
aux<-sapply(1:nrow(duplIDs), function(id){</pre>
  dupl<-cuffresults_exp[(cuffresults_exp$locus == duplIDs[id, "locus" ]) &</pre>
  cuffresults_exp$gene == duplIDs[id, "gene"],,drop=FALSE]
  if(any(dupl$significant == "yes")){
    id<-dupl$test_id[which(dupl$significant == "yes")[1]]</pre>
  }else{id<-dupl$test_id[which.min(abs(dupl$q_value))[1]]}</pre>
  return(as.character(id))
})
cuffresults_exp<-cuffresults_exp[cuffresults_exp$test_id %in% c(uniqID, aux),]</pre>
# convert gene name to ensembl
conversion info<-
read.delim("~/prostate3case/simulation/DIE_results/moreRestrictive/gene_names_a
nd_entrez_interest2.tab", header=TRUE)
rownames(conversion info)<-conversion info$gene name
cuffresults_exp<-cuffresults_exp[cuffresults_exp$gene %in%</pre>
cuffresults_exp$gene[(cuffresults_exp$gene %in% rownames(conversion_info))] ,]
cuffresults exp$gene id<-
as.character(conversion info[cuffresults exp$gene,"gene id"])
table(cuffresults_exp$significant == "yes")
DEcuff<-unique(cuffresults_exp$gene_id[cuffresults_exp$q_value <=0.05])</pre>
cuffresults_exp<-cuffresults_exp[cuffresults_exp$gene_id %in%</pre>
unique(iso info$gene id),]
iso_info_cuff<-iso_info[iso_info$gene_id %in% cuffresults_exp$gene_id,]</pre>
save(cuffresults_exp, file="cuffresults_expDS.RData", compress="xz")
sessionInfo()
# R version 3.2.5 (2016-04-14)
# Platform: x86_64-pc-linux-gnu (64-bit)
# Running under: Ubuntu 14.04.5 LTS
#
# locale:
# [1] LC_CTYPE=en_US.UTF-8
                                LC NUMERIC=C
                                                         LC TIME=C
# [4] LC COLLATE=en US.UTF-8 LC MONETARY=C
                                                         LC MESSAGES=en US.UTF-8
# [7] LC_PAPER=C
                                LC_NAME=C
                                                         LC_ADDRESS=C
```

```
# [10] LC_TELEPHONE=C
                               LC_MEASUREMENT=C
                                                        LC_IDENTIFICATION=C
#
# attached base packages:
  [1] splines
                 stats4
                           parallel stats
                                               graphics grDevices utils
  [8] datasets
                 methods
                           base
#
# other attached packages:
  [1] edgeR_3.12.1
                                  EBSeq_1.10.0
  [3] testthat_1.0.2
                                  gplots_3.0.1
  [5] blockmodeling_0.1.8
                                  NOISeq_2.14.1
  [7] Matrix_1.2-7.1
                                  limma_3.26.9
# [9] DEXSeq_1.16.10
                                  DESeq2_1.10.1
                                  Rcpp_0.12.7
# [11] RcppArmadillo_0.7.400.2.0
# [13] SummarizedExperiment 1.0.2 GenomicRanges 1.22.4
# [15] GenomeInfoDb_1.6.3
                                  IRanges_2.4.8
# [17] S4Vectors_0.8.11
                                  Biobase_2.30.0
# [19] BiocGenerics_0.16.1
                                  SplicingCompass_1.0.1
# [21] BiocParallel_1.4.3
                                  gridExtra_2.2.1
# [23] ggplot2_2.1.0
# loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
  [1] locfit_1.5-9.1
                            lattice_0.20-34
                                                  gtools_3.5.0
# [4] Rsamtools_1.22.0
                            Biostrings_2.38.4
                                                  digest_0.6.10
# [7] R6_2.1.3
                            plyr_1.8.4
                                                  chron_2.3-47
# [10] futile.options_1.0.0 acepack_1.3-3.3
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# [13] zlibbioc_1.16.0
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# [16] annotate 1.48.0
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# [19] statmod_1.4.26
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# [22] foreign_0.8-67
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# [25] munsell_0.4.3
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                                                  Hmisc_3.17-4
# [28] XML_3.98-1.4
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# [31] grid_3.2.5
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                                                  gtable_0.2.0
# [34] DBI_0.5-1
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# [37] KernSmooth_2.23-15
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# [40] hwriter_1.3.2
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# [43] futile.logger_1.4.3
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# [46] RColorBrewer_1.1-2
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# [49] AnnotationDbi_1.32.3 colorspace_1.2-6
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# [52] caTools_1.17.1
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