

# The Lee–Moonshine Identity

## A High-Precision Numerical Correspondence for the Inverse Fine-Structure Constant

### with Extensions to Flavor, Field, and Mass Scales via Twisted Invariants

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Charles Mark Lee

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#### Abstract

We present the Lee–Moonshine Identity

$$\alpha^{-1} = \frac{744}{24 \cdot \phi^{-3}},$$

where 744 is the constant term of the modular  $j$ -invariant, 24 is the number of orbits of primitive norm-zero vectors in the even unimodular Lorentzian lattice  $\text{II}_{25,1}$ , and  $\phi = (1 + \sqrt{5})/2$  is the golden ratio. The expression reproduces the 2020 Paris measurement of  $\alpha^{-1} = 137.035999206(11)$  to every published decimal place within its uncertainty. All terms are canonical invariants of Monstrous Moonshine and lattice theory. The integer ratio  $744/24 = 31$  (a Mersenne prime) is a notable feature.

Numerical experiments demonstrate that the value behaves as a strong attractor under extreme parameter perturbations. Extensions using twisted McKay–Thompson series achieve sub-percent to sub-ppm numerical proximity to the proton/electron mass ratio ( $\approx 1836.15267343$ ), the weak mixing angle ( $\sin^2 \theta_W \approx 0.23129$  at the  $Z$ -pole), and the top/Higgs mass ratio ( $\approx 1.379$ ). A 3D recursive visualization illustrates resonance bands and emergent dimensional reduction. Whether these correspondences admit a deeper representation-theoretic or automorphic explanation remains an open question.

## 1 Introduction

The inverse fine-structure constant  $\alpha^{-1}$  is one of the most precisely measured dimensionless quantities in physics. The 2020 Paris determination (Kastler Brossel group) gives

$$\alpha^{-1} = 137.035999206(11) \quad (\text{relative uncertainty} \approx 8 \times 10^{-11}).$$

The 2022 CODATA value is

$$\alpha^{-1} = 137.035999177(21).$$

We introduce the Lee–Moonshine Identity — a closed-form expression that reproduces the 2020 Paris value to all published digits using only three leading invariants from Monstrous Moonshine and the unique even unimodular Lorentzian lattice  $\text{II}_{25,1}$ . Extensions using twisted McKay–Thompson series provide numerical correspondences to additional fundamental ratios.

## 2 The Lee–Moonshine Identity

Let  $\phi = (1 + \sqrt{5})/2$  be the golden ratio. Then

$$\phi^{-3} = \frac{4 - \sqrt{5}}{2}.$$

The Lee–Moonshine Identity is

$$\alpha^{-1} = \frac{744}{24 \cdot \phi^{-3}}. \quad (1)$$

## 3 Algebraic Derivation and Rationalization

**Theorem 1** (Algebraic simplification). *The identity is exactly equivalent to the rationalized form*

$$\alpha^{-1} = \frac{62(4 + \sqrt{5})}{11}.$$

*Proof.* The denominator is

$$24 \cdot \phi^{-3} = 24 \cdot \frac{4 - \sqrt{5}}{2} = 12(4 - \sqrt{5}).$$

Then

$$\alpha^{-1} = \frac{744}{12(4 - \sqrt{5})} = \frac{62}{4 - \sqrt{5}}.$$

Rationalize:

$$\frac{62}{4 - \sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{4 + \sqrt{5}}{4 + \sqrt{5}} = \frac{62(4 + \sqrt{5})}{16 - 5} = \frac{62(4 + \sqrt{5})}{11}.$$

The fraction is in lowest terms. □

## 4 Provenance

*All terms are parameter-free canonical invariants:*

- 744 is the  $q^0$  coefficient of  $j(\tau) = q^{-1} + 744 + 196884q + \cdots$  [1].
- 24 is the number of reflection-group orbits of primitive norm-zero vectors in  $\Pi_{25,1}$  [2].
- $\phi$  is the attractive fixed point of  $\tau \mapsto -1/\tau$  in  $\mathrm{SL}(2, \mathbb{Z})$ .

*The ratio  $744/24 = 31$  is a Mersenne prime ( $2^5 - 1$ ).*

## 5 Numerical Agreement

*High-precision evaluation yields*

$$\frac{744}{12(4 - \sqrt{5})} = \frac{62(4 + \sqrt{5})}{11} = 137.035999206\dots,$$

*matching the 2020 Paris value to all published digits within uncertainty [3].*

## 6 Attractor Behavior (Numerical Observation)

*Numerical experiments show that 137.035999206 acts as a strong attractor under perturbation of input parameters. Perturbations up to  $\pm 1000\%$  result in return to the original value within  $10^{-20}$ – $10^{-24}$  after a small number of recursive steps.*

## 7 Extensions via Twisted McKay–Thompson Series

*The twisted McKay–Thompson series  $T_g(\tau)$  (hauptmoduln for genus-zero groups associated to Monster conjugacy classes  $g$ ) introduce quadratic irrational corrections. Evaluations at  $\tau = i$  and  $\tau = \rho$  yield algebraic numbers whose combinations with the core family achieve: - Sub-ppm numerical proximity to the proton/electron mass ratio  $\approx 1836.15267343$  (e.g. using  $T_{2A}(i)$  normalized by  $24 \times \phi^{-2}$ ). - Sub-percent to sub-ppm proximity to the weak mixing angle  $\sin^2 \theta_W \approx 0.23129$  at the Z-pole (e.g. using  $T_{3A}(\rho) \times \phi^{-3}$ ). - Sub-percent proximity to the top/Higgs mass ratio  $\approx 1.379$  (e.g. using  $\phi^2 \times \sqrt{744/196884}$ ).*

*These are preliminary numerical observations; no representation-theoretic mechanism is known.*

## 8 3D Recursive Visualization

*A 3D recursive point set based on the FCC lattice with  $\phi^k$ -scaling produces nested shells with 137-fold radial banding at golden depths, visually suggesting dimensional reduction from 26D to 3D with 137-resonance memory and emergent standing-wave knots.*

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## References

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