

Homework Assignment 10

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Problem 12.1. Find the Z -transform of the following functions:

a. $f(n) = n^3$,

b. $f(n) = \frac{a^n}{n!}$

Solution. For a function $f(n)$, the Z -transform of $f(n)$ is defined as

$$Z \{f(n)\} = F(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} f(n)z^{-n}.$$

a. Let $g(n) = n^2$ and $f(n) = n^3 = ng(n)$. From our table of Z -transforms we know that

$$G(z) = Z \{g(n)\} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n^2 z^{-n} = \frac{z(z+1)}{(z-1)^3}$$

given that $|z| > 1$. The multiplication theorem states that if $F(z) = Z \{f(n)\}$, then

$$Z \{nf(n)\} = -z \frac{d}{dz} [F(z)].$$

Thus, we have that

$$\begin{aligned} F(z) &= Z \{f(n)\} = Z \{ng(n)\} \\ &= -z \frac{d}{dz} \left[\frac{z(z+1)}{(z-1)^3} \right] \\ &= \frac{z(z^2 + 4z + 1)}{(z-1)^4} \end{aligned}$$

b. Let $g(n) = \frac{1}{n!}$ and $f(n) = \frac{a^n}{n!} = a^n g(n)$. From our knowledge of infinite series, we know from the definition of the Z -transform that

$$G(z) = Z \{g(n)\} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^{-n}}{n!} = e^{\frac{1}{z}}.$$

From the multiplication theorem, if $F(z) = Z \{f(n)\}$, then

$$Z \{a^n f(n)\} = F\left(\frac{z}{a}\right).$$

Therefore, we have that

$$F(z) = Z \{f(n)\} = Z \{a^n g(n)\} = G\left(\frac{z}{a}\right) = e^{\frac{a}{z}}.$$

□

Problem 12.3. Show that

$$Z \{na^n f(n)\} = -z \frac{d}{dz} \left[F \left(\frac{z}{a} \right) \right].$$

Solution. Suppose that $G(z) = Z \{g(n)\}$. Then the multiplication theorem states that

$$Z \{a^n g(n)\} = G \left(\frac{z}{a} \right) \tag{1}$$

and

$$Z \{ng(n)\} = -z \frac{d}{dz} [G(z)]. \tag{2}$$

Let $g(n) = a^n f(n)$ and suppose that $F(z) = Z \{f(n)\}$. By (1), we have that

$$G(z) = Z \{g(n)\} = Z \{a^n f(n)\} = F \left(\frac{z}{a} \right).$$

Therefore, by (2), we have that

$$Z \{na^n f(n)\} = Z \{ng(n)\} = -z \frac{d}{dz} [G(z)] = -z \frac{d}{dz} \left[F \left(\frac{z}{a} \right) \right]$$

□

Problem 12.5.*Solution.*

Problem 12.6.*Solution.*

Problem 12.7.*Solution.*

Problem 12.11.*Solution.*