

# Homework Assignment 2

Matthew Tiger

February 21, 2016

**Problem 1.** Use the method of variation of parameters to find the general solution of

$$y'' + 2y' + 2y = \sin x.$$

*Solution.* Suppose that  $Ly = y'' + 2y' + 2y$ . The general solution to  $Ly = \sin x$  is given by  $y = y_0 + y_h$  where  $y_0$  is a particular solution of  $Ly = \sin x$  and  $y_h$  is the solution to the homogeneous equation  $Ly = 0$ .

The characteristic equation of the equation  $Ly = 0$  is  $m(x) = x^2 + 2x + 2$ , the roots of which are  $m_1 = -1 - i$  and  $m_2 = -1 + i$ . As the roots of the characteristic equation are complex, the solution to  $Ly = 0$  is given by

$$y_h = c_1 e^{-x} \sin x + c_2 e^{-x} \cos x. \quad (1)$$

The method of variation of parameters can be used to find a particular solution  $y_0$ . We wish to find functions  $u_1(x), u_2(x)$  such that

$$y_0 = u_1(x)y_1(x) + u_2(x)y_2(x) \quad (2)$$

satisfies  $Ly_0 = \sin x$  where  $y_1(x)$  and  $y_2(x)$  are solutions to the homogeneous equation  $Ly = 0$ . If the functions  $u_1(x)$  and  $u_2(x)$  are solutions to the system

$$\begin{cases} u_1' y_1 + u_2' y_2 = 0 \\ u_1' y_1' + u_2' y_2' = \sin x \end{cases} \quad (3)$$

then (2) will satisfy the original differential equation  $Ly = \sin x$  equation. The solution to the system (3) is

$$u_1(x) = - \int \frac{y_2(x) \sin x}{W[\{y_1, y_2\}]} dx \quad u_2(x) = \int \frac{y_1(x) \sin x}{W[\{y_1, y_2\}]} dx \quad (4)$$

where  $W[\{y_1, y_2\}]$  is the Wronskian of the functions  $y_1$  and  $y_2$ .

Using (1), we know that  $y_1(x) = e^{-x} \sin x$  and  $y_2(x) = e^{-x} \cos x$  so the particular solution has the form  $y_0 = u_1(x)e^{-x} \sin x + u_2(x)e^{-x} \cos x$ . Further, the Wronskian of  $y_1$  and  $y_2$  is

$$W[\{y_1, y_2\}] = \begin{vmatrix} e^{-x} \sin x & e^{-x} \cos x \\ e^{-x} \cos x - e^{-x} \sin x & -e^{-x} \cos x - e^{-x} \sin x \end{vmatrix} = -e^{-2x}.$$

Thus, using (4), we know that

$$\begin{aligned} u_1(x) &= - \int \frac{y_2(x) \sin x}{W[\{y_1, y_2\}]} dx \\ &= \int \frac{e^{-x} \cos x \sin x}{e^{-2x}} dx \\ &= \frac{e^x}{10} (-2 \cos 2x + \sin 2x) + C \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} u_2(x) &= \int \frac{y_1(x) \sin x}{W[\{y_1, y_2\}]} dx \\ &= - \int \frac{e^{-x} \sin^2 x}{e^{-2x}} dx \\ &= \frac{e^x}{10} (-5 + \cos 2x + 2 \sin 2x) + C. \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, a particular solution to  $Ly = \sin x$  is

$$y_0(x) = \frac{1}{10} (-2 \cos 2x + \sin 2x) \sin x + \frac{1}{10} (-5 + \cos 2x + 2 \sin 2x) \cos x$$

and the general solution to  $Ly = \sin x$  is

$$\begin{aligned} y(x) &= y_0(x) + y_h(x) \\ &= \frac{1}{10} (-2 \cos 2x + \sin 2x) \sin x + \frac{1}{10} (-5 + \cos 2x + 2 \sin 2x) \cos x \\ &\quad + c_1 e^{-x} \sin x + c_2 e^{-x} \cos x \end{aligned} \tag{5}$$

□

**Problem 2.** Find the Green function of the IVP

$$y'' + 2y' + 2y = f(x), \quad y(0) = y'(0) = 0.$$

*Solution.*

□

**Problem 3.** Use your answer to Problem 2 to solve the IVP

$$y'' + 2y' + 2y = \sin x, \quad y(0) = y'(0) = 0.$$

*Solution.*

□

**Problem 4.** Show that if  $y_1$ ,  $y_2$ , and  $y_3$  are three linearly independent solutions of the linear ODE

$$y''' + p_2(x)y'' + p_1(x)y' + p_0(x)y = 0$$

and  $u_1$ ,  $u_2$ ,  $u_3$  are solutions of the system

$$\begin{cases} u_1'y_1 + u_2'y_2 + u_3'y_3 = 0, \\ u_1'y_1' + u_2'y_2' + u_3'y_3' = 0, \\ u_1'y_1'' + u_2'y_2'' + u_3'y_3'' = f(x), \end{cases}$$

then the function  $u = u_1y_1 + u_2y_2 + u_3y_3$  is a solution of

$$y''' + p_2(x)y'' + p_1(x)y' + p_0(x)y = f(x)$$

*Solution.*

□

**Problem 5.** Find the eigenvalues and the respective eigenfunctions for the BVP

$$x^2 y'' + xy' + \lambda y = 0, \quad y'(1) = 0, \quad y'(b) = 0$$

where  $b > 1$ .

*Solution.*

□