Midterm 1

Matthew Tiger

November 10, 2015

Problem 1.a. Consider the process

$$X_t + 0.4X_{t-1} - 0.32X_{t-2} = Z_t - 0.8Z_{t-1} + 0.16Z_{t-2}. \tag{1}$$

Determine whether the model is a stationary process.

Solution. The model $\{X_t\}$ is a stationary process if $\{X_t\}$ is a stationary solution of the equations (1). By the existence and uniqueness theorem of ARMA(p, q) processes, a stationary solution $\{X_t\}$ of the equations

$$X_t - \phi_1 X_{t-1} - \cdots - \phi_p X_{t-p} = Z_t + \theta_1 Z_{t-1} + \cdots + \theta_q Z_{t-q}$$

that define the model exists if and only if

$$\phi(z) = 1 - \phi_1 z - \cdots - \phi_p z^p \neq 0 \quad \text{for all } |z| = 1,$$

i.e. if and only if the roots of $\phi(z)$ do not lie on the unit circle.

For our model, we have $\phi_1 = -0.4$ and $\phi_2 = 0.32$ so that $\phi(z) = 1 + 0.4z - 0.32z^2$. Note that the roots of $\phi(z)$ are $z_1 = -1.25$ and $z_2 = 2.5$. As $|z_i| \neq 1$ for $i = 1, 2$, we conclude that the roots of $\phi(z)$ do not lie on the unit circle and that the model $\{X_t\}$ is a stationary process assuming that $\{Z_t\} \sim \mathrm{WN}(0, \sigma^2)$. $\square$