# Certified Ethical Hacking With Penetration Testing CEHWPT

# LABS Course LAB3 working with Reconnaissance tools Prepared by Eng. Khaled Gamo

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# Recon-ng v5

In this recon-ng v5 tutorial, you will discover open source intelligence and easily pivot to new results. Find targets and move to discovering vulnerabilities.

# What is recon-ng?

Recon-ng is a full-featured Web Reconnaissance framework written in Python. Complete with independent modules, database interaction, built in convenience

Running recon-ng from the command line, you enter a shell like environment where you can configure options, perform recon and output results to different report types.

The interactive console provides a number of helpful features such as command completion and contextual help.

Recon-ng 5 comes without modules, which is also one of the major differences. In addition, the parameters, commands, etc. have changed a bit to the previous versions.

#### Let us start our LAB

1- Starting recon ng using recon-ng command



2- Check available command using?

```
[recon-ng][default] > ?
Commands (type [help|?] <topic>):
back
                Exits the current context
dashboard
                Displays a summary of activity
db
                Interfaces with the workspace's database
exit
                Exits the framework
help
                Displays this menu
index
                Creates a module index (dev only)
                Manages third party resource credentials
keys
                Interfaces with the module marketplace
marketplace
                Interfaces with installed modules
modules
options
                Manages the current context options
dba
                Starts a Python Debugger session (dev only)
script
                Records and executes command scripts
                Executes shell commands
shell
show
                Shows various framework items
snapshots
                Manages workspace snapshots
                Spools output to a file
spool
workspaces
                Manages workspaces
```

3- Options list command will displays the current settings and with options set the parameters (e.g. Name Server, Proxy, User-Agent) can be changed

```
[recon-ng][default] > options list
             Current Value Required Description
 Name
 NAMESERVER 8.8.8.8
                                      default nameserver for the resolver m
                            yes
xin
 PROXY
                                      proxy server (address:port)
                            no
 THREADS
             10
                                      number of threads (where applicable)
                            yes
 TIMEOUT
             10
                            yes
                                      socket timeout (seconds)
 USER-AGENT Recon-ng/v5
                            yes
                                      user-agent string
 VERBOSITY
                            yes
                                      verbosity level (0 = minimal, 1 = ver
ose, 2 = debug
```

4- Since version 5 <u>no modules are available by default</u>, we add them using the command **marketplace**.

But first, the module list should be updated with the command **marketplace refresh**.

And then we will search for module called hackertarget using the command

Marketplace search hackertarget

5- To install the module "hackertarget" the command marketplace install recon/domains-hosts/hackertarget or marketplace install hackertarget can be used.

```
[recon-ng][default] > marketplace install recon/domains-hosts/hackertarget
[*] Module installed: recon/domains-hosts/hackertarget
[*] Reloading modules...
[recon-ng][default] >
```

6- To use a module the syntax is **modules load recon/domains- hosts/hackertarget** and the command **info** to display the options as seen below

```
[recon-ng][default] > modules load recon/domains-hosts/hackertarget
[recon-ng][default][hackertarget] > info
     Name: HackerTarget Lookup
   Author: Michael Henriksen (@michenriksen)
  Version: 1.0
Description:
 Uses the HackerTarget.com API to find host names. Updates the 'hosts' table with the results.
 Name Current Value Required Description
 SOURCE
                       yes source of input (see 'show info' for details)
Source Options:
 default SELECT DISTINCT domain FROM domains WHERE domain IS NOT NULL
 <string> string representing a single input

              path to a file containing a list of inputs
 <path>
 query (sql) database query returning one column of inputs
[recon-ng][default][hackertarget] >
```

7- To change the "SOURCE" option use the command options set SOURCE for example options set SOURCE rapid7.com to display the hosts of rapid7.com.

Type **run** to execute the module.

```
[recon-ng][default][hackertarget] > options set SOURCE rapid7.com
SOURCE => rapid7.com
[recon-ng][default][hackertarget] > run

RAPID7.COM
------
[*] [host] rapid7.com (13.249.47.238)
[*] [host] scanner1.labs.rapid7.com (71.6.233.2)
[*] [host] scanner2.labs.rapid7.com (71.6.233.129)
[*] [host] scanner3.labs.rapid7.com (31.24.231.211)
[*] [host] scanner4.labs.rapid7.com (31.24.231.223)
[*] [host] sonar.labs.rapid7.com (34.236.82.205)
...
```

8- Now we have begun to populate our hosts. Typing show hosts will give you a summary of the resources discovered

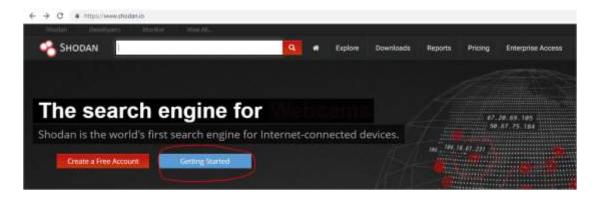
# **Working with Shodan**

**Step1:** browsing <a href="https://www.shodan.io/">https://www.shodan.io/</a>

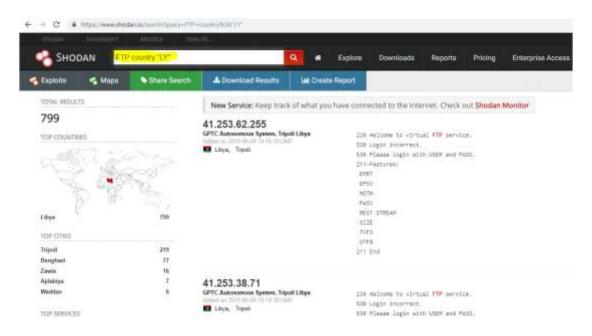


- Basic Operations: Login
- Login using one of several other options (Google, Twitter, Yahoo, AOL, Facebook, OpenID
- Login is not required, but country and net filters are not available unless you login.
- Export requires you to be logged in.

Step 2: press Getting Started

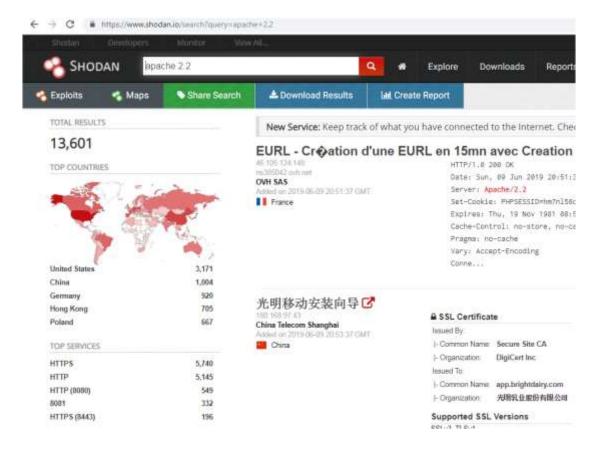


**Step 3:** exploring Shodan for example we looking for FTP server in Libya we will use filter FTP country: "LY" we found 799 FTP servers



Step 3: looking for Apache/2.2

We found 13,601 apache 2.2 all over the world top country USA, China, Germany



## **Using Shodan for penetration Testing**

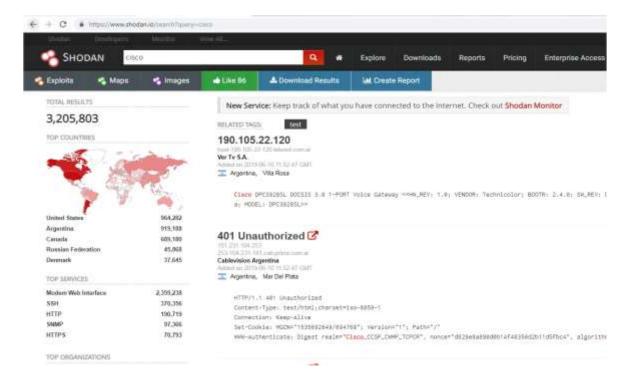
- Using SHODAN for penetration testing requires some basic knowledge of banners including HTTP status codes.
- Banners advertise service and version

#### **HTTP Status Codes**

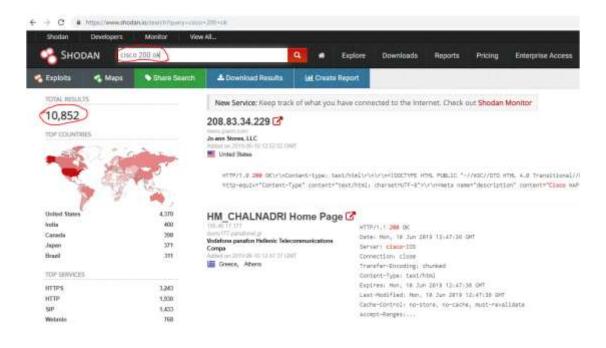
Status Code	Description
200 OK	Request succeeded
401 Unauthorized	Request requires authentication
403 Forbidden	Request is denied regardless of authentication

# **Case Study: Cisco Devices**

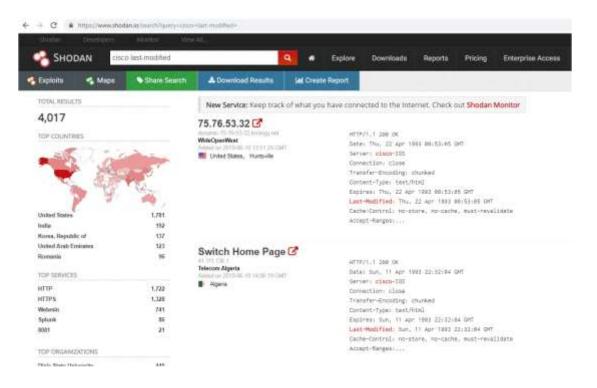
Step1: In shodan search write cisco and press enter



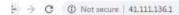
#### Step2: let us try using filter cisco 200 ok



#### Step3: let us try cisco last modified



We can found many cisco device without authentication in the internet using shodan such as



### Cisco Systems

#### accessing Cisco WS-C3560G-24TS "Switch"

Telnet - to the router.

Show interfaces - display the status of the interfaces. Show diagnostic log - display the diagnostic log.

Monitor the router - HTML access to the command line interface at level 0.1.2.3.4.5.6.7.8.9.10.11.12.13.14.15

<u>Show tech-support</u> - display information commonly needed by tech support. <u>Extended Ping</u> - Send extended ping commands.

Web Console - Manage the Switch through the web interface.

#### elp resources

- CCO at www.cisco.com Cisco Connection Online, including the Technical Assistance Center (TAC).
   tac @cisco.com e-mail the TAC.
   1-800-553-2447 or +1-408-526-7209 phone the TAC.
   cs-lutni@cisco.com e-mail the HTML interface development group.

```
← → C @ Not secure | 41.111.136.1/level/10/evec/-
```

#### Switch

None Exec

Command

Output

Command base-IRL was: /level/10/exec/complete UNL was: /level/10/exec/-

```
Exec commends:
access-enable
Create a temporary Access-List entry
access-explain
Create a temporary Access-List entry
archive
manage archive files

Change current directory
clear
Heset functions
Cock
Manage the system clock
Cns agents
configura
Enter configuration mode
COCY
Copy from one file to another
cryoto
Encryption related commands.
debug
Debugging functions (see also 'undebug')
delete
Delete a file
diagnostic commands
dir
List files on a filesystem
dotts

IEEE 802.1% Exec Commands

EAPOUDP
```

#### Switch

Home Exec

Command show ip interface

#### Output

Command base-URL was: /level/10/exec/-Complete URL was: /level/10/exec/-/show/ip/interface/CR Command was: show ip interface

Vlan1 is up, line protocol is down Internet protocol processing disabled GigabitEthernet0/1 is up, line protocol is up Internet address is 192.168.160.234/30 Broadcast address is 255.255.255.255 Address determined by setup command MTU is 1500 bytes Helper address is not set Directed broadcast forwarding is disabled Outgoing access list is not set Inbound access list is not set Proxy ARP is enabled Local Proxy ARP is disabled Security level is default Split horizon is enabled . ICMP redirects are always sent ICMP unreachables are always sent ICMP mask replies are never sent IP fast switching is enabled IP CEF switching is enabled IP CEF switching turbo vector IP multicast fast switching is enabled IP multicast distributed fast switching is disabled IP route-cache flags are Fast, CEF Router Discovery is disabled IP output packet accounting is disabled IP access violation accounting is disabled TCP/IP header compression is disabled RTP/IP header compression is disabled Probe proxy name replies are disabled Policy routing is disabled

#### **Working with the harvester Tools**

The objective of this program is to gather emails, subdomains, hosts, employee names, open ports and banners from different public sources like search engines, PGP key servers and SHODAN computer database.

This tool is intended to help Penetration testers in the early stages of the penetration test in order to understand the customer footprint on the Internet. It is also useful for anyone that wants to know what an attacker can see about their organization.

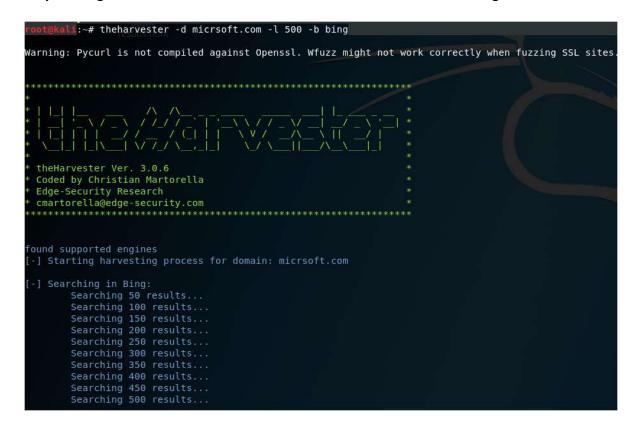
This is a complete rewrite of the tool with new features like:

- Time delays between request
- All sources search
- Virtual host verifier
- Active enumeration (DNS enumeration, Reverse lookups, TLD expansion)
- Integration with SHODAN computer database, to get the open ports and banners
- Save to XML and HTML
- Basic graph with stats
- New sources

**Step1:** starting the tools we can use command theharvester in kali terminal.

```
The the treating of the treati
```

#### **Step2**: using the command theharvester –d Microsoft.com –l 500 –b bing



```
Harvesting results
No IP addresses found
[+] Emails found:
hcjang@micrsoft.com
dotnetnative@micrsoft.com
billgates@micrsoft.com
edwardgates@micrsoft.com
leans@micrsoft.com
tell_fs@micrsoft.com
a-sr...@micrsoft.com
xxxxxxx@micrsoft.com
MsftConn@micrsoft.com
jsmith@micrsoft.com
bns@micrsoft.com
Research, dechakr@micrsoft.com
some...@micrsoft.com
winpx@micrsoft.com
inclusivedesign@micrsoft.com
5kentoy@micrsoft.com
mavern@micrsoft.com
prcfd@micrsoft.com
b-adrijs@micrsoft.com
j-jorgep@micrsoft.com
ammons@micrsoft.com
someone@micrsoft.com
a-savk@micrsoft.com
Vishal.Joshi@micrsoft.com
tonyone23@micrsoft.com
snipped-for-privacy@micrsoft.com
inet@micrsoft.com
t...@micrsoft.com
tfwst@micrsoft.com
a-bswan@micrsoft.com
jiawgu@micrsoft.com
gray@micrsoft.com
```

**Step3**: using the command theharvester –d Microsoft.com –l 500 –b google

```
Warning: Pycurl is not compiled against Opensal. Wfuzz might not work correctly when fuzzing SSL sites.

* the state of th
```

```
[+] Emails found:
gates@micrsoft.com
msnhst@micrsoft.com
account-security-noraply@micrsoft.com
josegonzalez@micrsoft.com
rlawrence@micrsoft.com
mcphelp@micrsoft.com
inclusivedesign@micrsoft.com
zdeng@online.micrsoft.com
v-siwils@micrsoft.com
houwen.peng@micrsoft.com
leans@micrsoft.com
dinei@micrsoft.com
scottr@micrsoft.com
edwardgates@micrsoft.com
morons@micrsoft.com
quarantine@messaging.micrsoft.com
[+] Hosts found in search engines:
Total hosts: 24
[-] Resolving hostnames IPs...
Account.micrsoft.com:empty
XXX.micrsoft.com:empty
account.micrsoft.com:empty
connect.micrsoft.com:empty
demos.micrsoft.com:empty
docs.micrsoft.com:empty
fareast.corp.micrsoft.com:empty
go.micrsoft.com:empty
login.micrsoft.com:empty
messaging.micrsoft.com:empty
msdn.micrsoft.com:empty
office.micrsoft.com:empty
online.micrsoft.com:empty
```

Step4: using the command theharvester -d Microsoft.com -l 500 -b linkedin