Predictive Modeling in Education

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Throughout our project, we focused on answering the following questions:

1. How can we use demographic information and past performance to predict academic success?

2. Would it be possible to predict students' performance in midterms to help predict future grades?

3. Could a program such as ours be used to identify at-risk students?

4. How could we use data to identify the most influential factors contributing to academic success?

5. Could we eventually extrapolate our model to identify success in higher education?

6. Could we compare various sub-groups and their outcomes to identify potential disparities?

```
# Add column for average score
df['total score'] = df['math score'] + df['reading score'] + df['writing score']
df['success'] = df['total score'].apply(lambda x: 0 if x < 210 else 1)
df.head()
```

	gender	race/ethnicity	parental level of education	lunch	test preparation course	math score	reading score	writing score	total score	success
0	female	group D	some college	standard	completed	59	70	78	207	0
1	male	group D	associate's degree	standard	none	96	93	87	276	1
2	female	group D	some college	free/reduced	none	57	76	77	210	1
3	male	group B	some college	free/reduced	none	70	70	63	203	0
4	female	group D	associate's degree	standard	none	83	85	86	254	1

```
df = df.drop(['math score', 'reading score', 'writing score','total score'], axis=1)
df.head()
```

	gender	race/ethnicity	parental level of education	lunch	test preparation course	success
0	female	group D	some college	standard	completed	0
1	male	group D	associate's degree	standard	none	1
2	female	group D	some college	free/reduced	none	1
3	male	group B	some college	free/reduced	none	0
4	female	group D	associate's degree	standard	none	1

Georgia Data

Gender	Ethnicity	ELL	SWD	ED	SST	Gifted	Absences	Lexile	MATH 21 Scale Score	ELA 21 Scale Score	ELA 22 Pass	MATH 22 Pass	SCIE 22 Pass	SOCI 22 Pass	Subjects Passed	Overall Pass
FEMALE	WHITE, NOT OF HISPANIC ORIGIN	N	N	Y	Y	N	2	1155	492	494	1	1	0	1	3	0
MALE	WHITE, NOT OF HISPANIC ORIGIN	N	N	Y	N	N	40	885	494	443	0	1	1	1	3	0
FEMALE	WHITE, NOT OF HISPANIC ORIGIN	N	N	Y	N	N	28	1205	486	507	1	1	1	1	4	1
MALE	WHITE, NOT OF HISPANIC ORIGIN	N	Y	N	N	N	1	955	472	455	0	0	0	0	0	0
FEMALE	WHITE, NOT OF HISPANIC ORIGIN	N	N	Y	N	N	10	1305	494	525	1	1	1	0	3	0

	Grade	English Grade	Math Grade	Science Grade	Humanities Grade	Computer Science A
0	12	92.47	90.86	92.95	93.96	1
1	9	96.56	90.75	87.52	94.93	1
2	11	92.98	96.70	93.15	95.58	1
3	11	92.98	96.70	93.15	96.00	1
4	10	85.08	81.70	86.12	89.27	0

Compile, Train and Evaluate the Model

In [13]:
```python
# Define the model - deep neural net, i.e., the number of input features and hidden nodes for each layer.
input = X_train_scaled.shape[1]
nn = tf.keras.models.Sequential()

# First hidden layer
nn.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=10, activation="relu", input_dim=input))

# Output layer
nn.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=1, activation='sigmoid'))

# Check the structure of the model
nn.summary()
```

```
Model: "sequential"

_____
 Layer (type)                Output Shape              Param #
=================================================================
 dense (Dense)               (None, 10)                220

 dense_1 (Dense)             (None, 1)                 11

=================================================================
Total params: 231
Trainable params: 231
Non-trainable params: 0
_____
```

In [14]:
```python
# Compile the model
nn.compile(loss='mse', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
```

In [15]:
```python
# Train the model
fit_model = nn.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train, epochs=50, verbose=1)
```

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Compile, Train and Evaluate the Model

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# Check the structure of the model
nn.summary()
```

```
Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)                 Output Shape              Param #
=================================================================
dense (Dense)                (None, 10)                60

dense_1 (Dense)              (None, 1)                 11

=================================================================
Total params: 71
Trainable params: 71
Non-trainable params: 0
_____
```

In [7]:
```python
# Compile the model
nn.compile(loss='mse', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
```

In [8]:
```python
# Train the model
fit_model = nn.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train, epochs=50, verbose=1)
```

Model Accuracy

Kaggle Data Set:
- Reading: 0.616
- Writing: 0.672
- Math: 0.608

- Overall (average >= 70): 0.640

Georgia Milestones Data:
- English Language Arts (ELA): 0.867
- Math (MATH): 0.933
- Science (SCIE): 0.667
- Social Studies (SOCI): 0.900

- Overall (pass all four tests): 0.833

Florida Computer Science Data:
- Computer Science: 0.829