

# The U.S. Election:

# A Game Changer For Financial Markets

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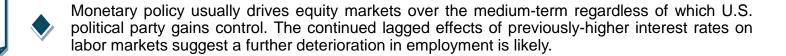
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# **Executive Summary**

**Monetary Policy Still Matters** 



The Implications Of Fiscal Policy Proposals

The implications of the incoming Trump administration's major policy proposals on tariffs, immigration, and fiscal austerity add up to likely headwinds to economic growth – both in the U.S. and abroad – and higher inflation.

A Very Bullish USD Setup

We are very bullish the USD over the medium term. It remains our top-pick based on slowing global growth prospects post-tariff enactment, potentially higher interest rates, and a higher share of currency flows remaining in the U.S.

Challenging Macro Backdrop Internationally

Despite near-term exuberance, U.S. equity markets are not immune from issues overseas which may be exacerbated by new trade policies. History is littered with instances where U.S. economic growth was solid, but equity market returns still suffered due to issues abroad.

Emphasize Pricing Power, U.S.-Centricity, Quality

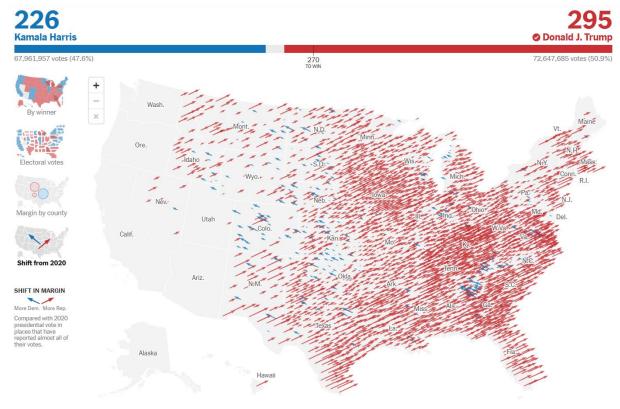
Depending on the scope and severity of new fiscal policy proposals, investors should highlight equity factors such as pricing power, U.S.-centricity, and quality. In the case of the latter, the TMI F&G Score model is great option as it emphasizes profitability within both Value and Growth.





# The End Of Election Uncertainty And Introduction Of New Policies

### A Broad-Based Victory For The Republican Party

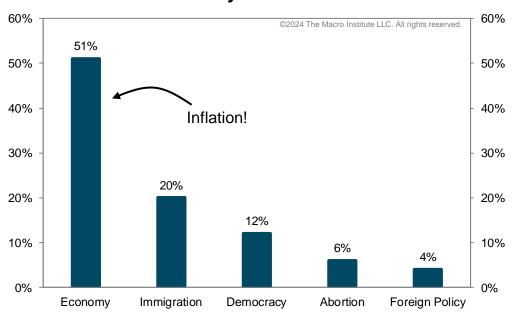






# The Election Narrative And Its Commonalities With The Reagan Era

### Exit Polls Show Key Roll Of Inflation In 2024



■Top Issue For Trump Voters

Source: NBC News Exit Poll

### **Unrest Over Inflation Led To Two Reagan Victories**

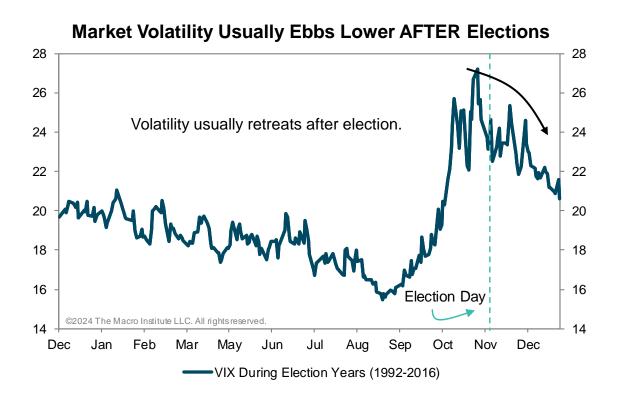
| 1980 Presidential<br>Debate Reagan vs<br>Carter | "Are you better off than you were four years ago" Is there more or less unemployment than there wa four years ago?"   |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| 1981 Reagan's<br>Inaugural Address              | "Ending inflation means freeing all Americans<br>from the terror of runaway living costs We have<br>every right to dream heroic dreams."  |  |  |
| General Quote In<br>Office                      | "Inflation is as violent as a mugger, as frightening as an armed robber and as deadly as a hit man."  |  |  |
| 1984 Campaign Ad<br>"Morning In<br>America"     | "This afternoon 6,500 young men and women will be married, and with inflation at less than half of what it was just four years ago, they can look forward with confidence to the future." |  |  |

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# **Volatility Trends And The U.S. Election Cycle**

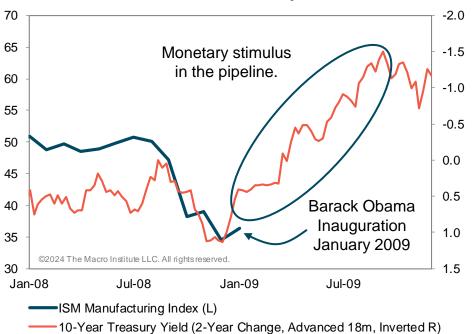




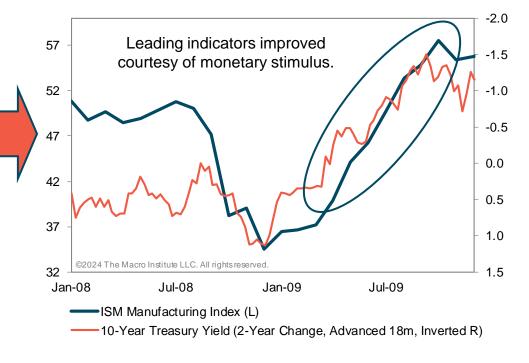


# **Presidential Inaugurations Vs The State Of Monetary Policy**

### **Obama Inherited An Economy With Stimulus**



#### PMIs Rebounded In 2009 Thanks To Earlier Stimulus

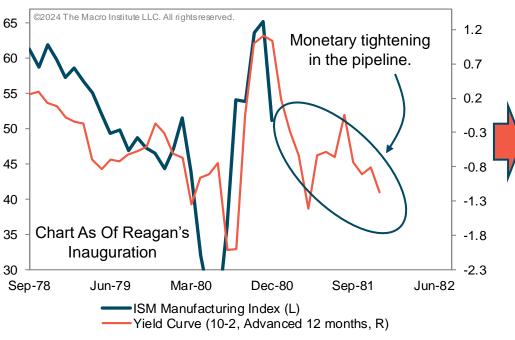




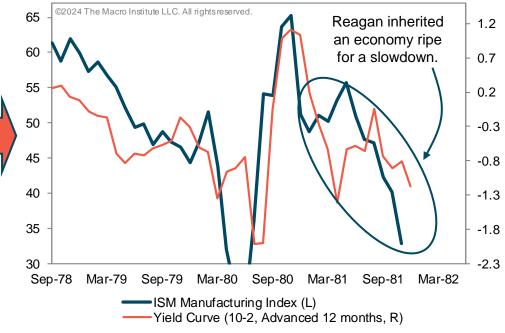


# **Presidential Inaugurations Vs The State Of Monetary Policy**

### **Reagan Inherited An Economy With Tightening**



#### PMIs Declined In 1981 Courtesy Of Earlier Tightening

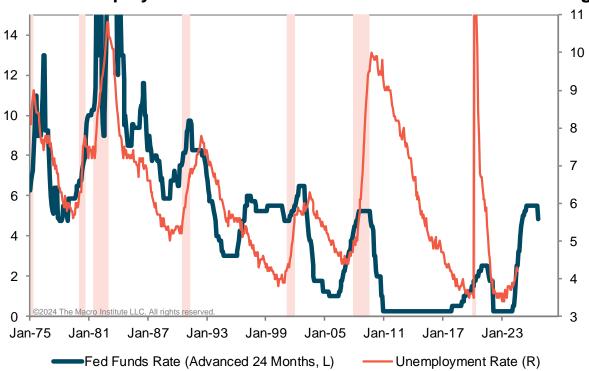




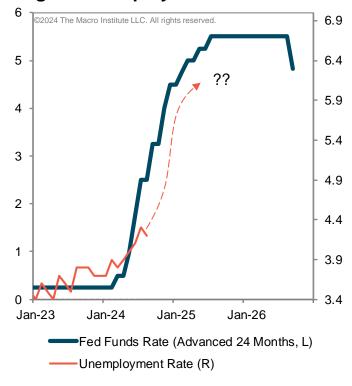


# **Monetary Tightening STILL An Issue In The Near Future**

#### Trends In Employment Follow Trends In Rates With A 24-Month Lag



### **Higher Unemployment Rate Ahead?**

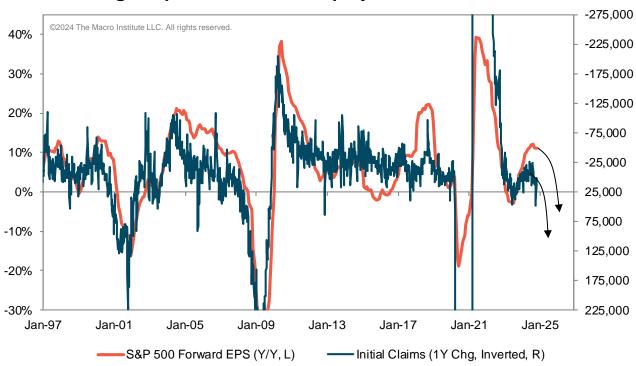






# When It Comes To EPS Risk, It's All About Employment

### **Earnings Expectations And Employment Go Hand In Hand**

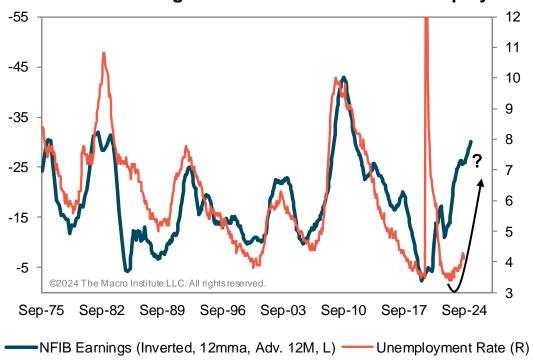




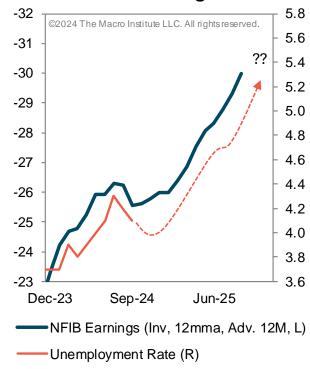


# **Small Business Earnings Are A Key Driver Of Labor Market Trends**

#### Slowdown In Earnings Points To Increases In Unemployment



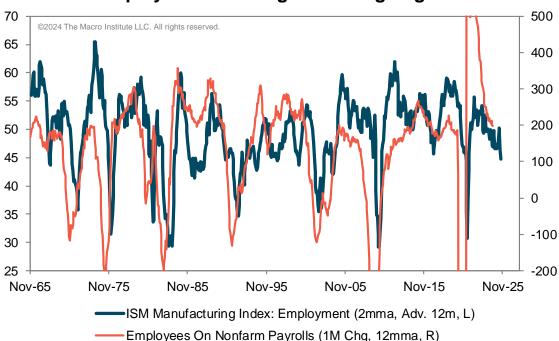
### **UR Headed Higher?**





# Independent Surveys Will Tell Us A Lot About Future Labor Market Trends

#### **LEIs Of Employment Pointing To An Ongoing Slowdown**



Next ISM Release:

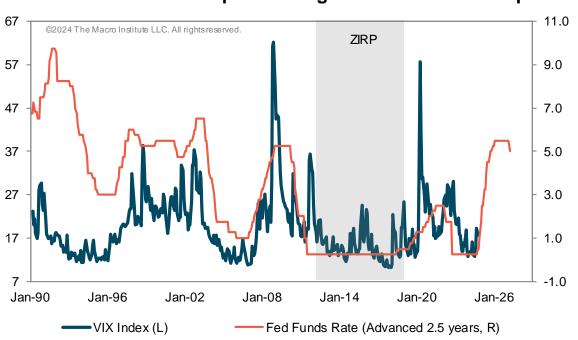
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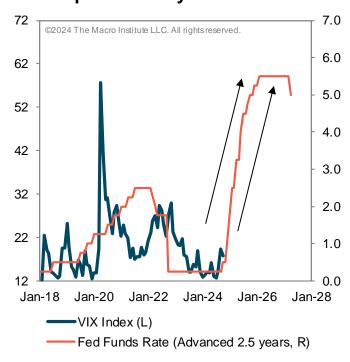


# Fed's Monetary Tightening WAS Just Starting To Catch Up To Market Volatility

### Will The Election Dampen Or Heighten This Relationship?



### **Keep A Close Eye On This One**







### Rarely Used Policy Tools And Their Potential Consequences







# On Paper: The New Trump Administration's Policies Would Add A Lot Of Debt

### **The Proposed Trump Plan**

| Policy Proposals                         | Trump Plan<br>(Billions) |
|--|--------------------------|
| Extend TCJA                              | -\$5,350                 |
| Exempt Overtime Income From Tax          | -\$2,000                 |
| Exempt Social Security From Tax          | -\$1,300                 |
| Lower Corporate Tax Rate To 15%          | -\$200                   |
| Exempt Tips From Tax                     | -\$300                   |
| Strengthen Military                      | -\$400                   |
| Secure Border And <b>Deportations</b> #2 | -\$350                   |
| Housing Reforms                          | -\$150                   |
| Boost Support For Health Care            | -\$150                   |
| Revenue & Spending Reductions            | +\$3,700                 |
| Total Estimated Budget Impact            | -\$7,500                 |

Source: Committee for a Responsible Federal Budget

#1 Tariffs
#2 Deportations
#3 Austerity

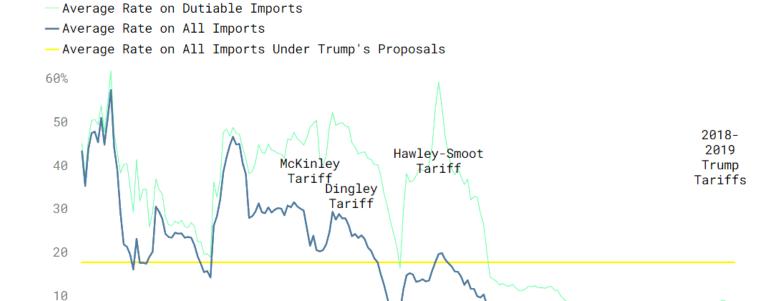




### #1: Tariffs

# **Until Now Tariffs Commonly Considered An Outdated Concept**

The U.S. Has Not Imposed Significant Tariffs Since The 1930s



1920



1840

1860

1880

1900

1820



1940

1960

2000

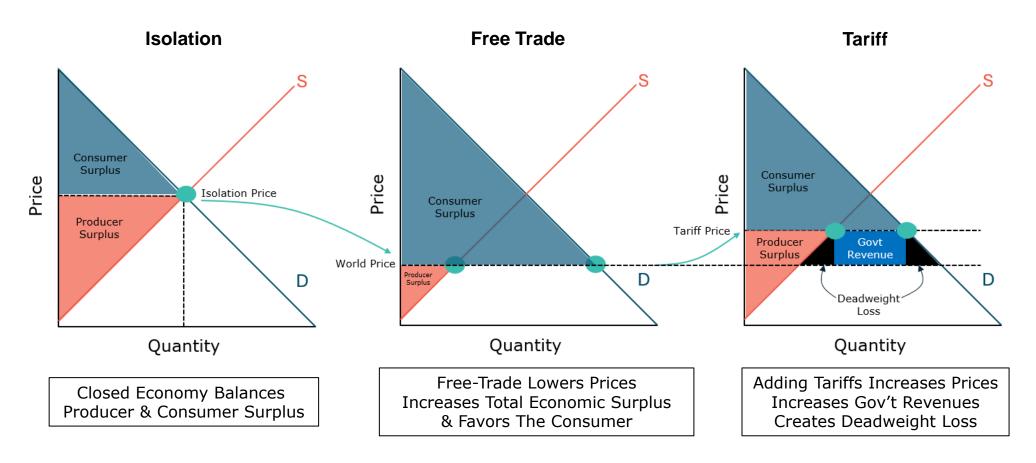
2020

1980



## #1: Tariffs

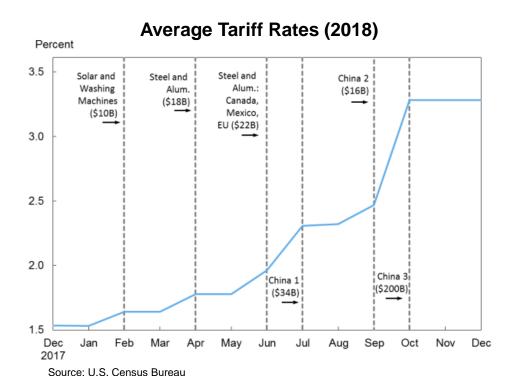
# **Typically Cost Of Trade Tariffs Are Disproportionately Borne By Consumers**





### #1: Tariffs

# A Constant Drip Of Protectionist Policies Emerged In 2018



### **Tariffs Are A Two-Way Street**

| Tariff Wave      | Date Enacted  | Products  | 2017 Imports |      | Tariff $(\%)$ |      |
|------------------|---------------|-----------|--------------|------|---------------|------|
|                  |               | (# HS-10) | (mil USD)    | (%)* | 2017          | 2018 |
| Solar Panels     | Feb 7, 2018   | 8         | 5,782        | 0.2  | 0.0           | 30.0 |
| Washing Machines | Feb 7, 2018   | 8         | 2,105        | 0.1  | 1.3           | 32.2 |
| Aluminum         | Mar-Jun, 2018 | 67        | 17,685       | 0.7  | 2.0           | 12.0 |
| Iron and Steel   | Mar-Jun, 2018 | 753       | 30,523       | 1.3  | 0.0           | 25.0 |
| China 1          | Jul 6, 2018   | 1,672     | 33,510       | 1.4  | 1.3           | 26.2 |
| China 2          | Aug 23, 2018  | 433       | 14,101       | 0.6  | 2.7           | 27.0 |
| China 3          | Sep 24, 2018  | 9,102     | 199,264      | 8.3  | 3.3           | 12.9 |
| Total            |               | 12,043    | 302,970      | 12.7 | 2.6           | 16.6 |

| Table 21 Tecanically Table on C.O. Experte Endered by Trading Lateries in 2010 |               |           |              |      |            |      |
|--|---------------|-----------|--------------|------|------------|------|
| Retaliating Country  | Date Enacted  | Products  | 2017 Exports |      | Tariff (%) |      |
|  |               | (# HS-10) | (mil USD)    | (%)* | 2017       | 2018 |
| China  | Apr-Sep, 2018 | 7,474     | 92,518       | 6.0  | 8.4        | 18.9 |
| Mexico   | Jun 5, 2018   | 232       | 6,746        | 0.4  | 9.6        | 28.0 |
| Turkey   | Jun 21, 2018  | 244       | 1,554        | 0.1  | 9.7        | 31.8 |
| European Union   | Jun 22, 2018  | 303       | 8,244        | 0.5  | 3.9        | 29.2 |
| Canada   | Jul 1, 2018   | 325       | 17,818       | 1.2  | 2.1        | 20.2 |
| Russia   | Aug 6, 2018   | 163       | 268          | 0.0  | 5.2        | 36.8 |
| Total  |               | 8,073     | 127,149      | 8.2  | 7.3        | 20.4 |
|  |               |           |              |      |            |      |

Source: UCLA



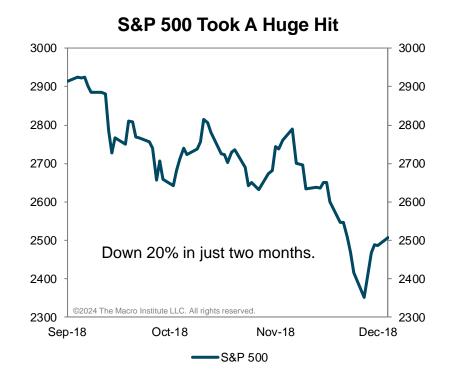
#1: Tariffs

# Wall Street Eventually Spooked By 2018 Rounds Of Tariffs

#### 2018 Tariffs Raised Purchase Costs For U.S. Consumers

| 2018 Tariffs                 | Tax<br>Payments | Deadweight<br>Loss | Total Cost To<br>Consumers |
|------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| Monthly Cost                 | \$3.0 Bn        | \$1.4 Bn           | \$4.4 Bn                   |
| Annual Cost                  | \$36.0 Bn       | \$16.8 Bn          | \$52.8 Bn                  |
| Per Household<br>Annual Cost | \$282           | \$132              | \$414                      |

In 2018, this added up approximately to .0.8% for an average income of about \$50k



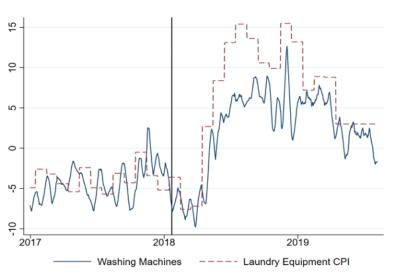




## #1: Tariffs

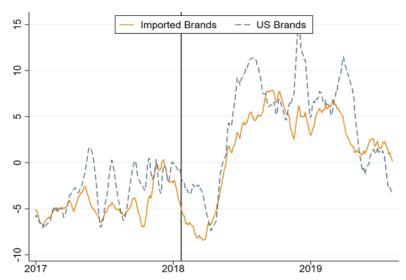
# **Normal: The 2018 Trade Tariffs Led To Higher Inflation**

#### **Washing Machine Prices Spiked Due To Tariffs**



Source: Cavallo, Alberto, *Tariff Passthrough At The Border And At The Store:* Evidence From US Trade Policy, 2019.

### **Both Imported & U.S. Brands Got More Expensive**



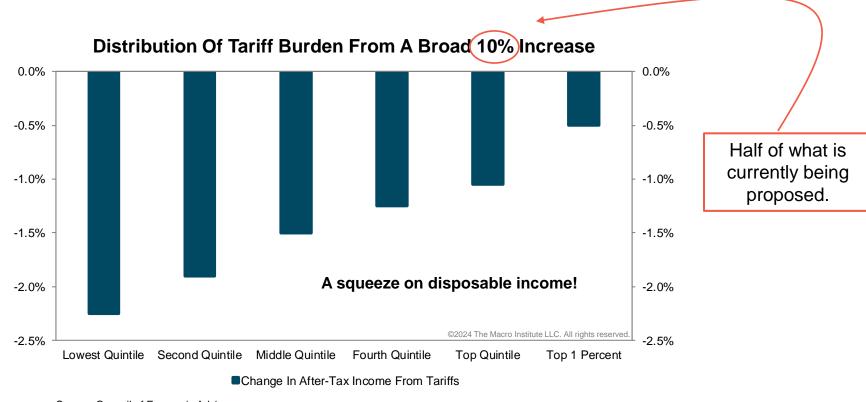
Source: Cavallo, Alberto, *Tariff Passthrough At The Border And At The Store: Evidence From US Trade Policy*, 2019.





### #1: Tariffs

# Lower-Income Households Usually Bear The Biggest Burden From Tariffs



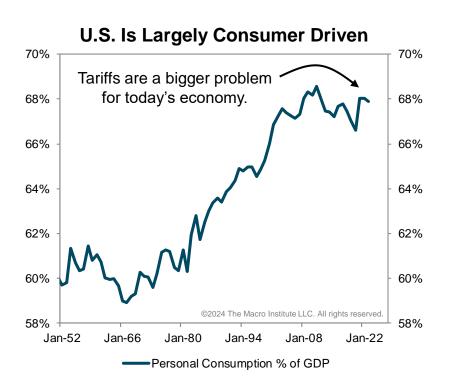


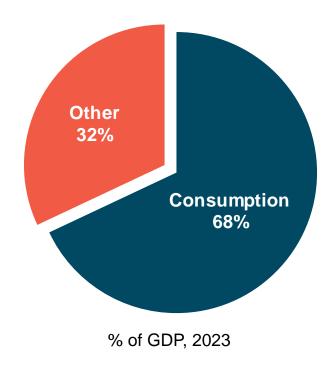




### #1: Tariffs

# Few Modern-Day Economists Are Trained In The Economics Of Tariffs





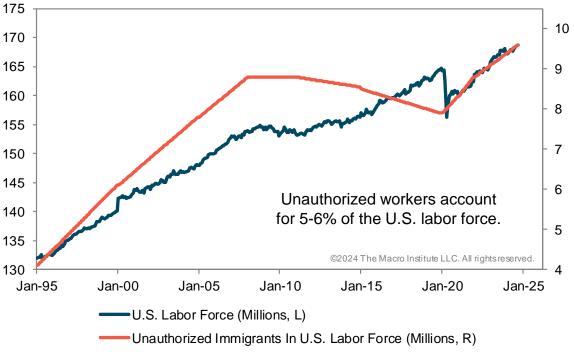
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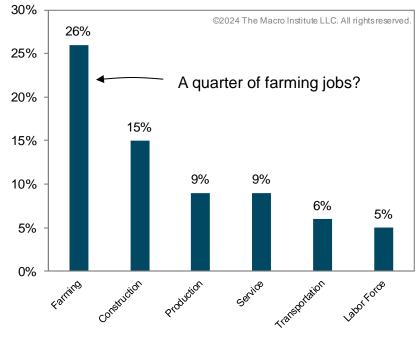
### **#2: Deportations**

# **Immigration Policy Could Also Alter The Traditional Election Playbook**

# Unauthorized Workers In The U.S. Number Almost 10 Million



#### A Real Problem In Some Industries!



■% of Workers Who Are Unauthorized Immigrants (2014)

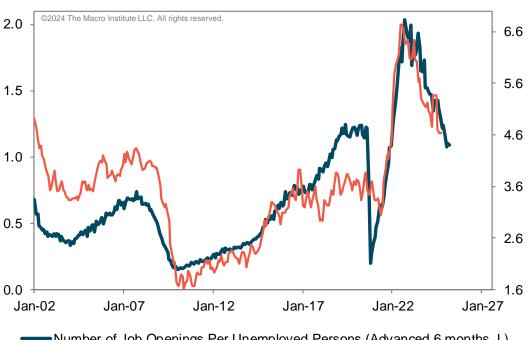




### #2: Deportations

# **Inflation Trends Largely At The Mercy Of Labor Market Dynamics**

#### Looser Labor Markets Have Led To Slower Inflation Overall



Number of Job Openings Per Unemployed Persons (Advanced 6 months, L)U.S. Wage Growth (R)

#### 2.2 6.7 2.0 6.2 1.8 5.7 1.6 ??? 5.2 1.4 1.2 4.7 1.0 4.2 0.8 3.7 0.6 3.2 0.4 0.2 2.7

**Immigration Policy Uncertainty?!?** 

Job Openings Per Unemployed Persons (Adv. 6m, L)U.S. Wage Growth (R)

Feb-25

Nov-23



May-21

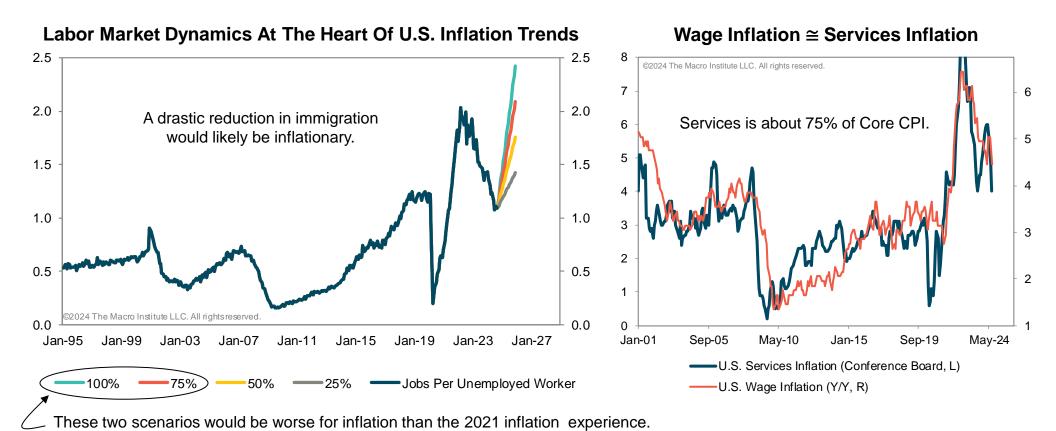
Aug-22

May-26



### **#2: Deportations**

# An Immigration Policy Change Would Alter The Dynamics Of U.S. Labor Markets



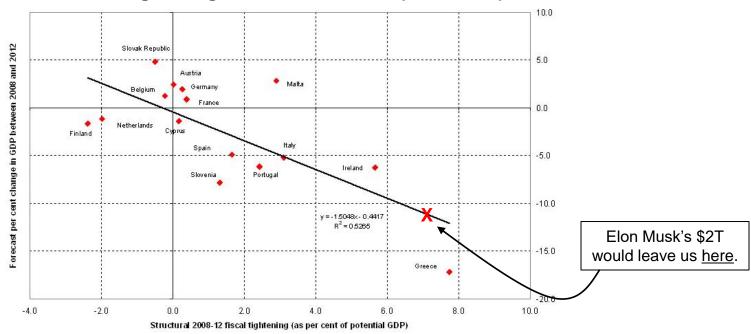




### #3: Austerity

# **Extreme Austerity Always A Headwind For The Economy**

### Fiscal Tightening And Eurozone GDP (2008–2012)



Source: IMF, World Economic Outlook

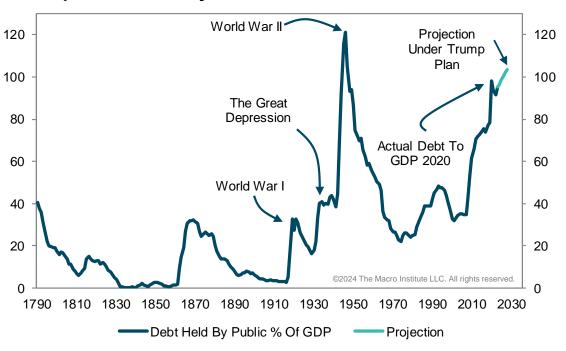




### #3: Austerity

# The Dire State Of U.S. Public Finances Could Alter The Fiscal Playbook

### Trump's Policies Projected To Exacerbate U.S. Debt Issues

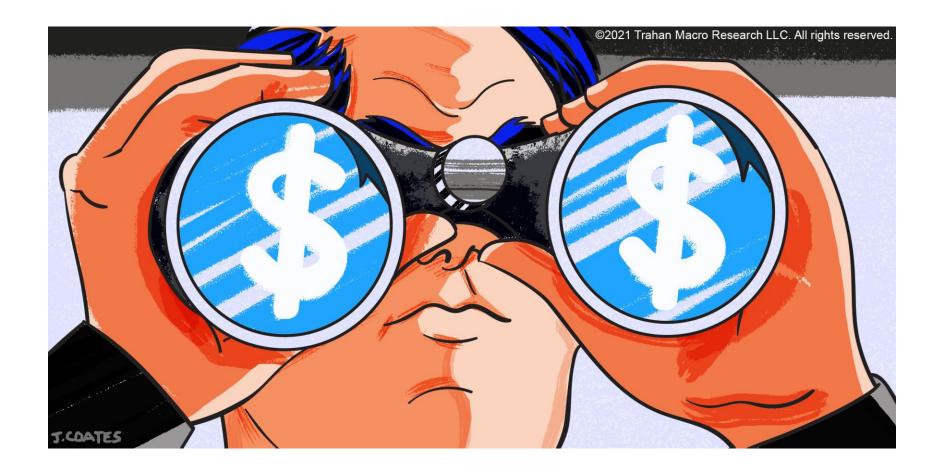


| YC<br>Un-Inversion<br>Dates | Deficit<br>% Of GDP |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| 1989                        | -2.75%              |
| 2000                        | +2.34%              |
| 2007                        | -1.12%              |
| 2019                        | -4.62%              |
| Current                     | -6.73%              |

Will the next downturn widen the deficit even further?











### Three Frameworks With The Same Bullish Conclusion For The USD

**Growth Prospects** 

Likely To Slow More In RoW Due To Tariff Drag

Tariffs

**Interest Rates** 

Likely To End Up Higher Than Otherwise

- Tariffs
- Deportations

### **Flows**

More \$\$\$ Likely To Remain In The U.S.

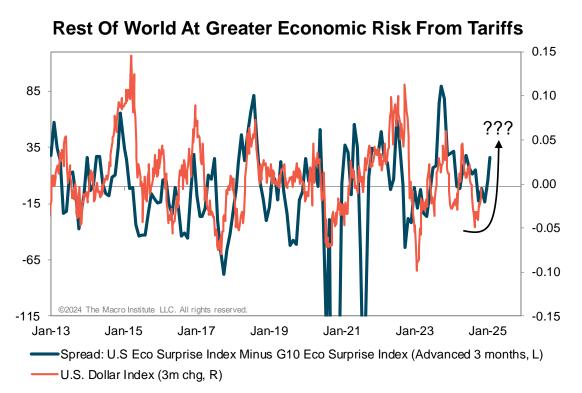
- Tariffs
- Deportations
- Austerity

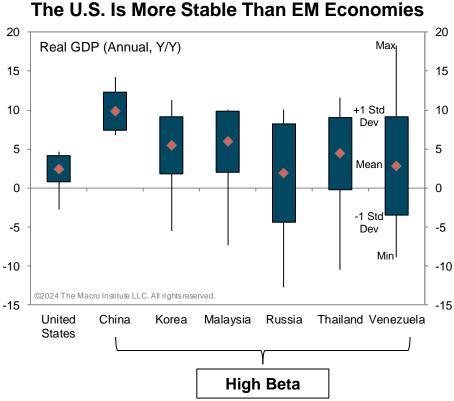




### **#1: Growth Prospects**

# **Differentials In Economic Performance Key To Currency Trends**

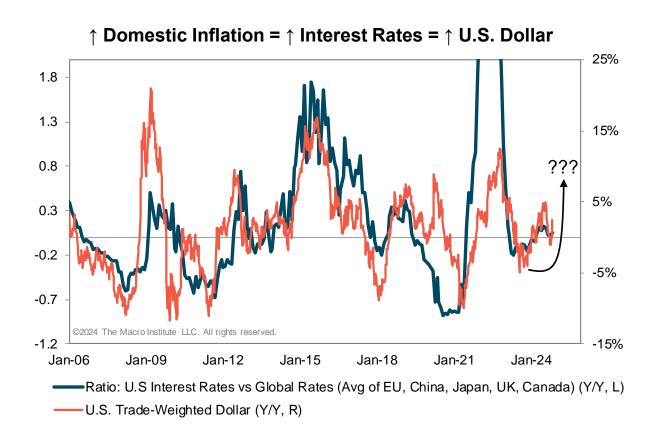






### **#2: Interest Rates**

# Inflationary Pressures On U.S. Interest Rates Generally USD Bullish



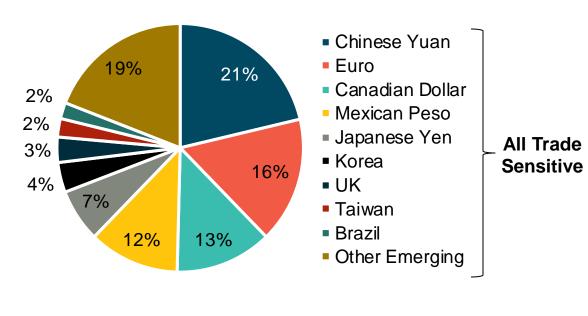




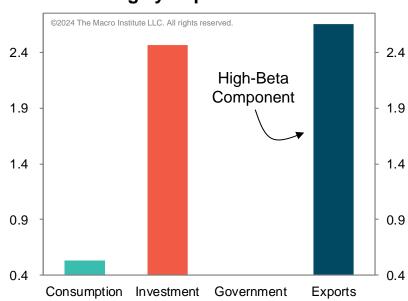
**#3: Flows** 

### U.S. Trade Partners At Real Risk From Protectionist Policies

#### **U.S. Trade-Weighted Dollar Composition**



### **EM Largely Dependent On Trade**

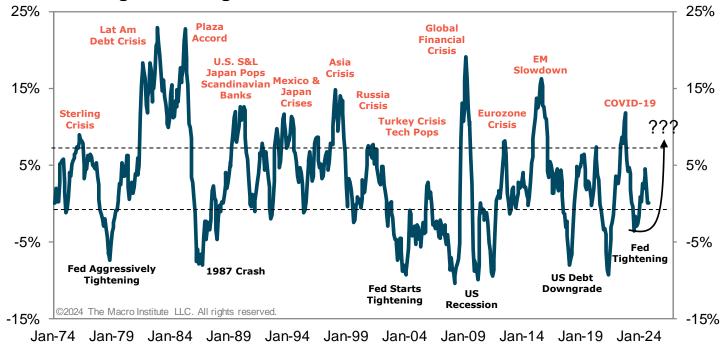


**EM Economies: Beta Of Economic Sectors** 



# **USD Swings Create Problems In Different Parts Of The Global Economy**

#### Stronger USD Regimes Often A Problem In The West Of The World



Strong USD →
Global Tightening Territory

Problem for the rest of world as a stronger USD weighs on global PMIs

Weak USD → U.S. Tightening Territory

Problem for the U.S. as a weaker USD weighs on the U.S. consumer

U.S. Trade-Weighted Dollar (Y/Y)



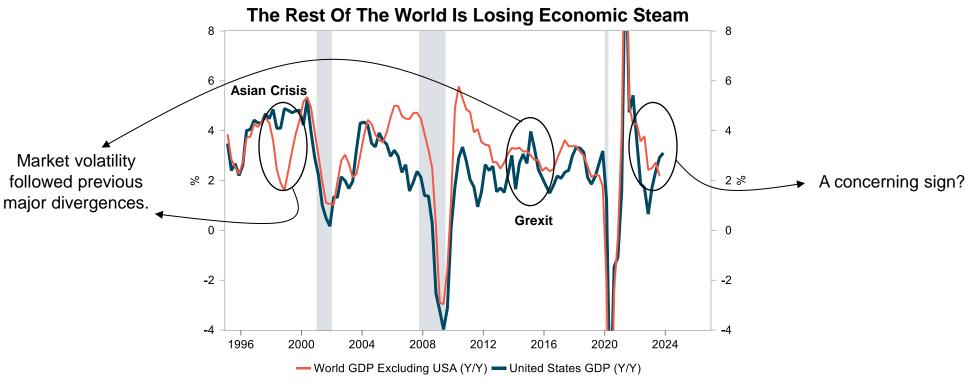








# An Already Shaky Backdrop In The Rest Of The World



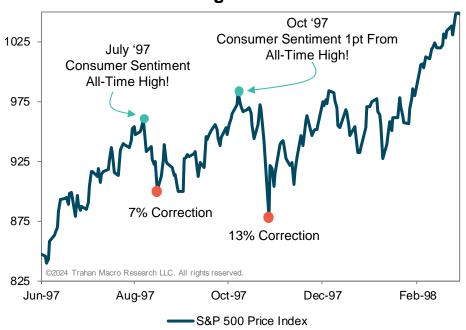
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# The S&P 500 Is Not Always Immune From Global Issues

#### 1997 Global Contagion: S&P 500 Down 13%



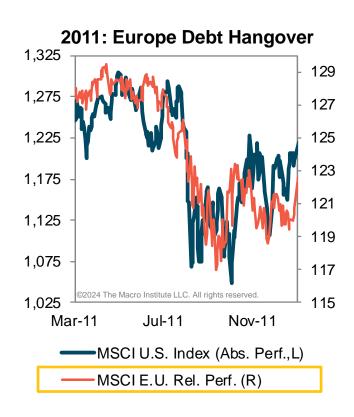
#### 1998 Global Contagion: S&P 500 Down 22%

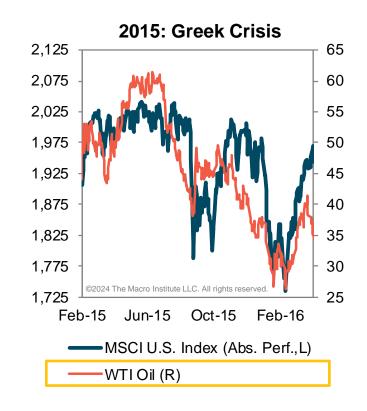






# Foreign Issues Weighed On U.S. Equities Throughout The 2010s









# **China's GDP: Only One Place To Turn (Devaluation?)**

$$GDP = C + I + G + (X - M)$$

46%

Investment: Excess Capacity, Housing Crisis, "Ghost Cities"

38%

**Consumption:** Small Employment Multiplier, Poor Consumer Confidence

22%

Exports: Slowing ROW Volumes ← More Tariffs Coming???

13%

**Government Spending:** High Government Debt Levels

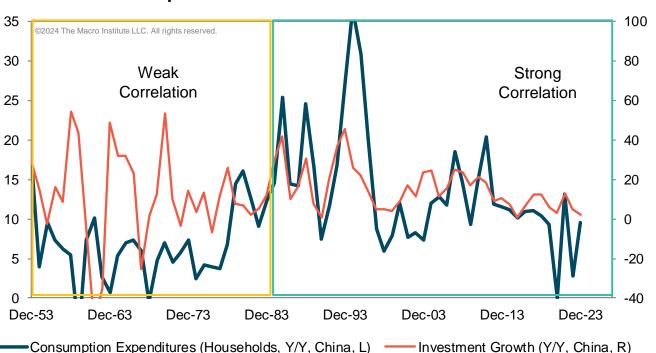
(As of 2015)

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# **Investment:** Can Consumption Fill The Gap Left By Slowing Investments?

#### **Consumption Growth Linked To Investment Growth**



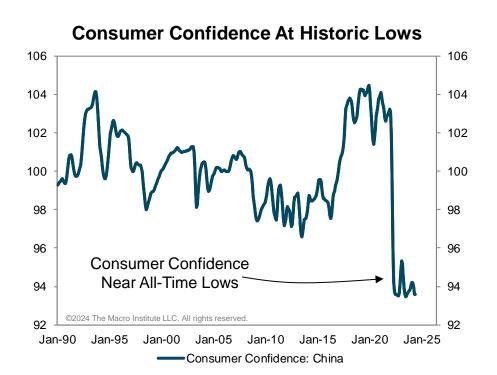
| Multiplier Effect<br>Employees/\$1Mn Of GDP |      |  |  |  |
|---|------|--|--|--|
| Consumption                                 | 3.7  |  |  |  |
| Investments                                 | 12.2 |  |  |  |
| Government                                  | 6.9  |  |  |  |
| Exports                                     | 16.8 |  |  |  |

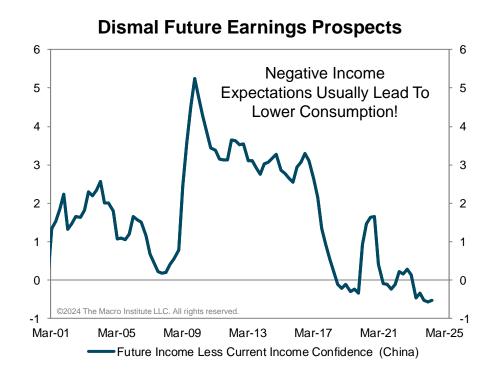
The employment multiplier is much smaller for **Consumption** than **Investments**.





# **Consumption: Weaker Employment Erodes Consumer Confidence**





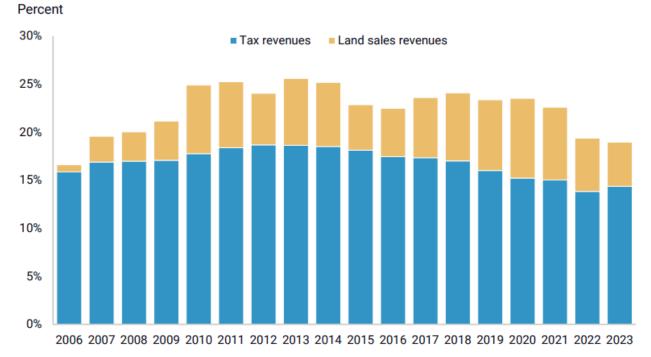




# **Government: China's Housing Issues Limit Fiscal Policy Options**

#### **Major Revenue Sources Continue To Wane**

China's tax revenues and revenues from land sales as a share of GDP, 2006 - 2023



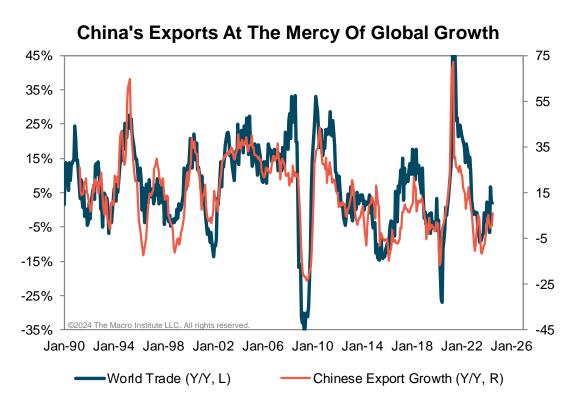
Total Debt-to-GDP in China around 305%!

Source: RHG

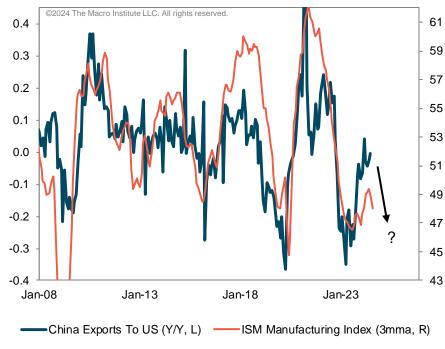




# **Exports**: China Unwillingly Levered To The Rest Of The World Via Trade



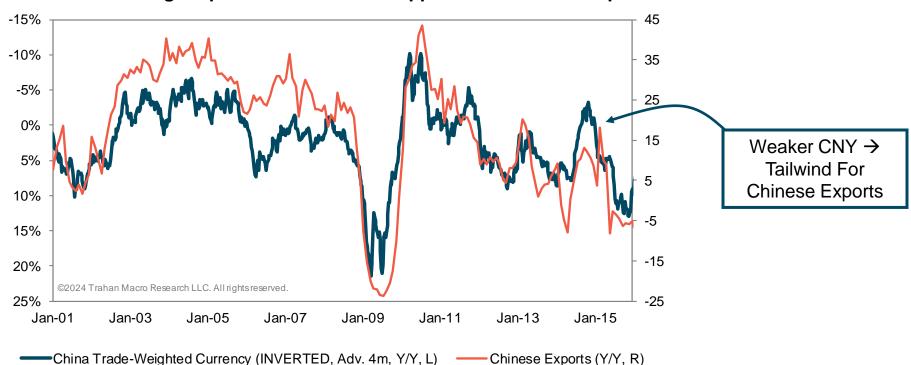
#### **U.S. Slowdowns Are Dire For China's Prospects**





# One "Inevitable" China Risk To Consider ... A Major Currency Devaluation?

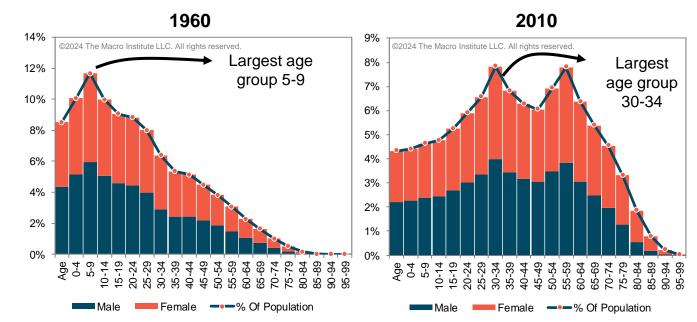
#### All Other Things Equal: A Weaker CNY Supportive Of China's Exports

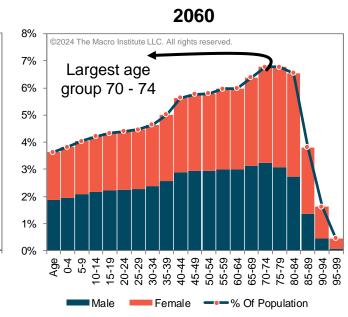






# A Demographic Timebomb – Just One Of Many Structural Issues In <u>Japan</u>



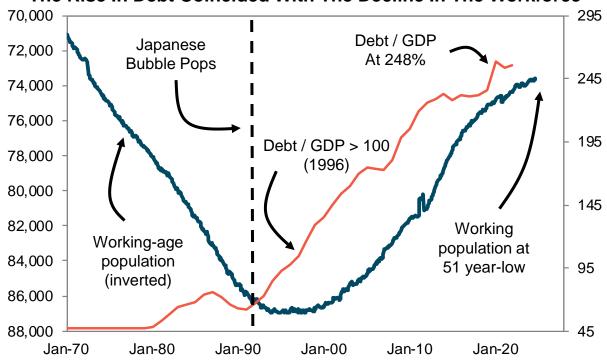


Source: PopulationPyramid



# **Debt And Demographic Trends Are Difficult To Untangle In Japan**





# \_\_\_\_Japan Working Age Population (Inv, L) \_\_\_\_\_Japanese Debt % Of GDP (IMF, R)

#### **Structural Headwind:**

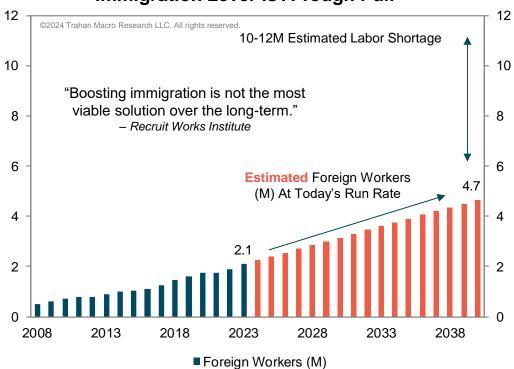
Japanese population shrunk at a time when debt made up 248% of its GDP.





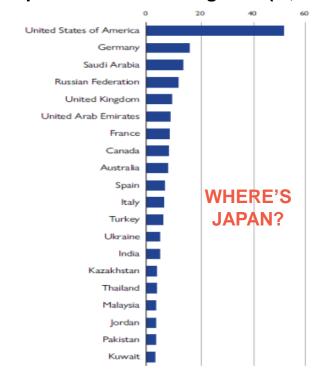
# **Japan NOT A Popular Destination For Immigration**

#### **Immigration Lever Is A Tough Pull**



Source: Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare, TMI Estimate

#### **Top Destinations Of Migrants (M, 2020)**



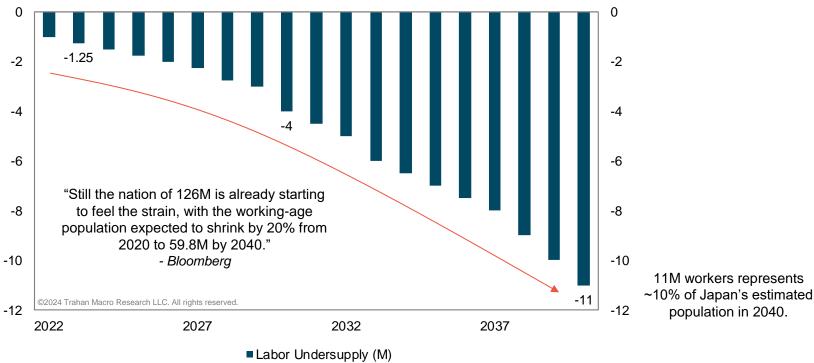
Source: United Nations





# An Inflationary Labor Market Dynamic In Japan

#### Aging Workforce Results In Labor Undersupply Of 10-12M



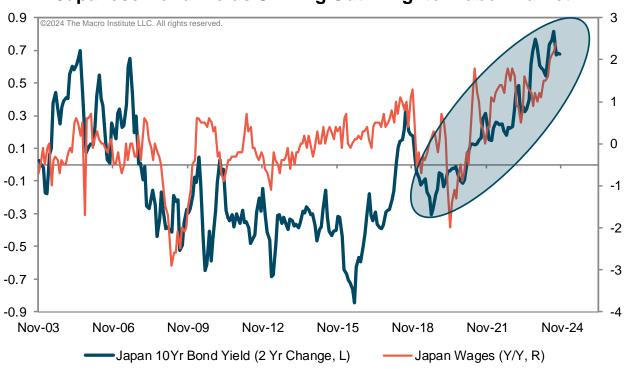
Source: Recruit Works Institute





# **Tight Labor Markets Fueling Higher Interest Rates**

#### **Japanese Bond Yields Sniffing Out A Tighter Labor Market**



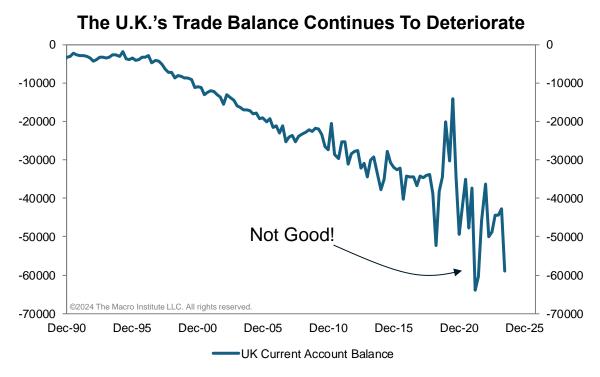
"Japan Labor Group "Zensen" (1.9M Members) to Demand 6% Pay Hike." -Jiji Press 11/6





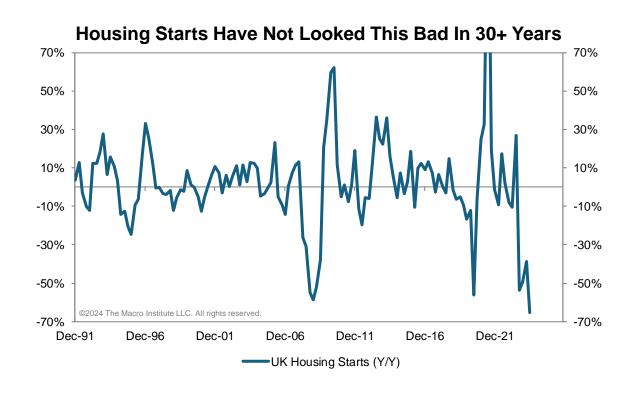
# U.K.'s Brexit Experience A Teachable Moment For U.S. Protectionist Policies

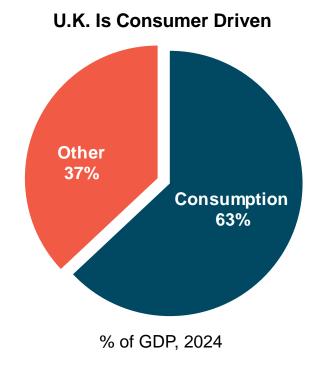






# **U.K.'s Housing Market A Good Proxy Of Consumer Sentiment**

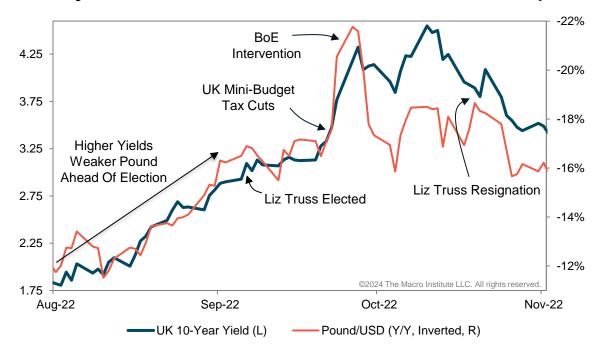






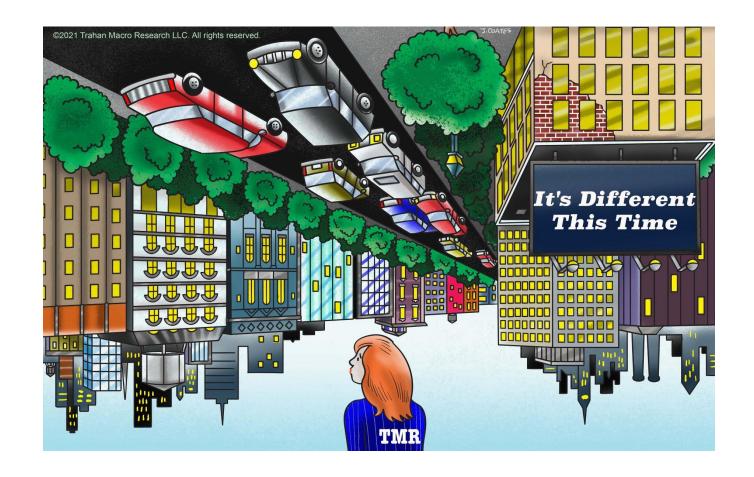
# **Could The Bond Vigilantes Impact The U.S. Fiscal Outlook?**

#### U.S. Policy Makers Should Heed Lessons From U.K.'s 2022 Experience





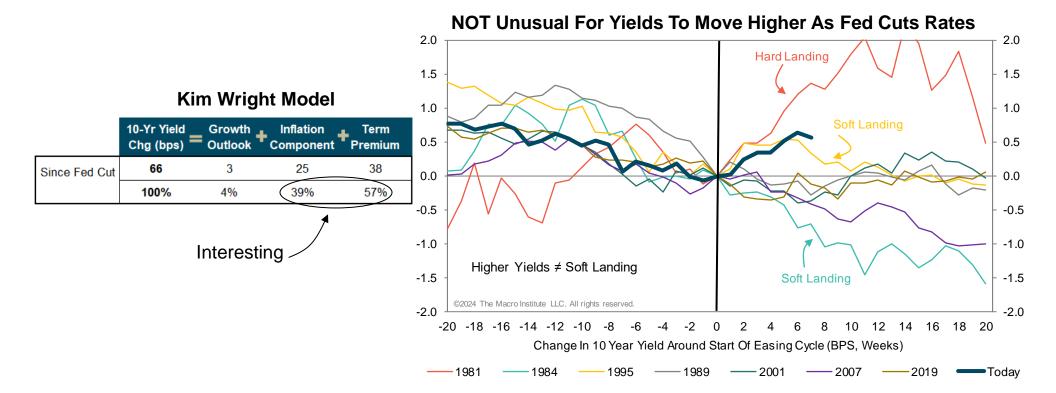








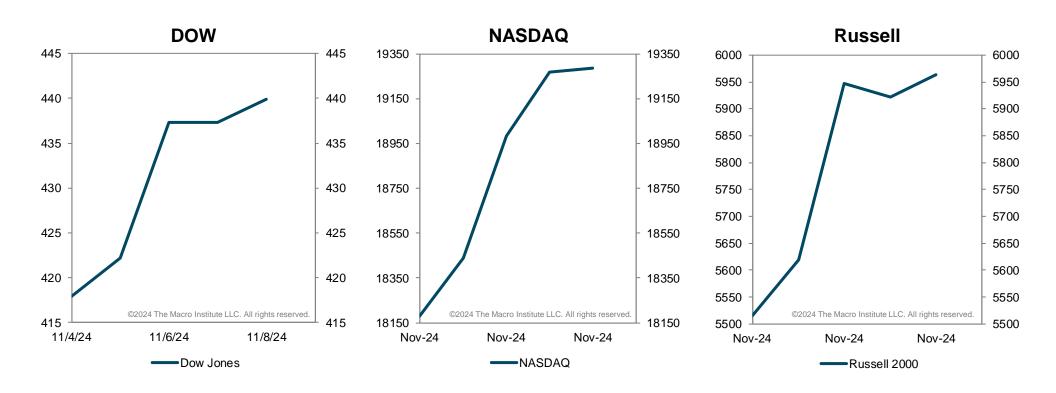
# **Bond Market Clearly Concerned About ... Inflation?!?**







# **Equity Market Clearly Thrilled ... Or Is It?**

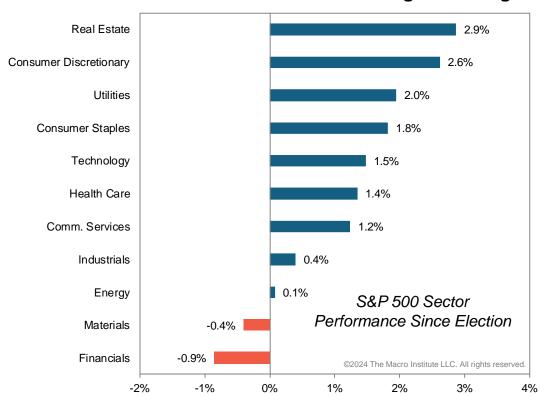






# **Sector Leadership Somewhat Cautious??**

#### **Defensives & Growth Leading The Charge**



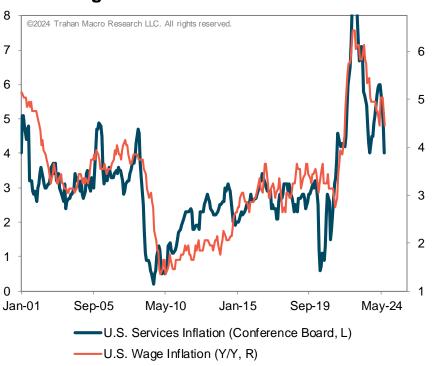
| Factor     | Performance |  |
|------------|-------------|--|
| Defensives | +1.83%      |  |
| Growth     | +1.78%      |  |
| Cyclicals  | -0.20%      |  |



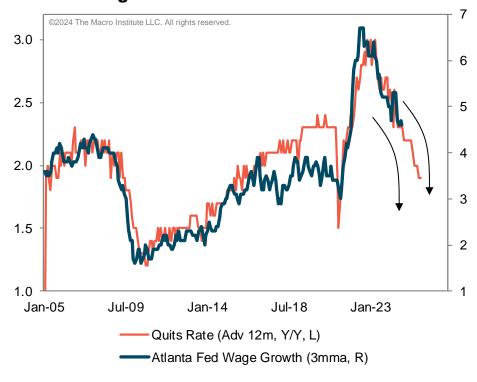


# Fed Should Continue To See Friendly Inflation Data In The Near Term

#### Wage Inflation ≅ Services Inflation



#### **Wages Set To Come Under Pressure**





# A Strong USD Should Also Help Restrain Inflation

#### An Appreciating Currency Usually Leads To Weaker Import Prices

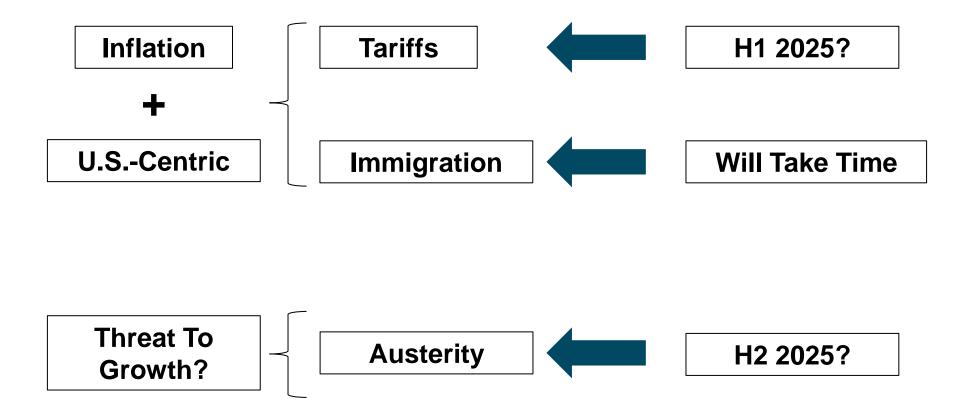


—U.S. Core Import Prices (Y/Y, L) —US Trade-Weighted Dollar (Y/Y, Inverted, Adv. 6 months, R)



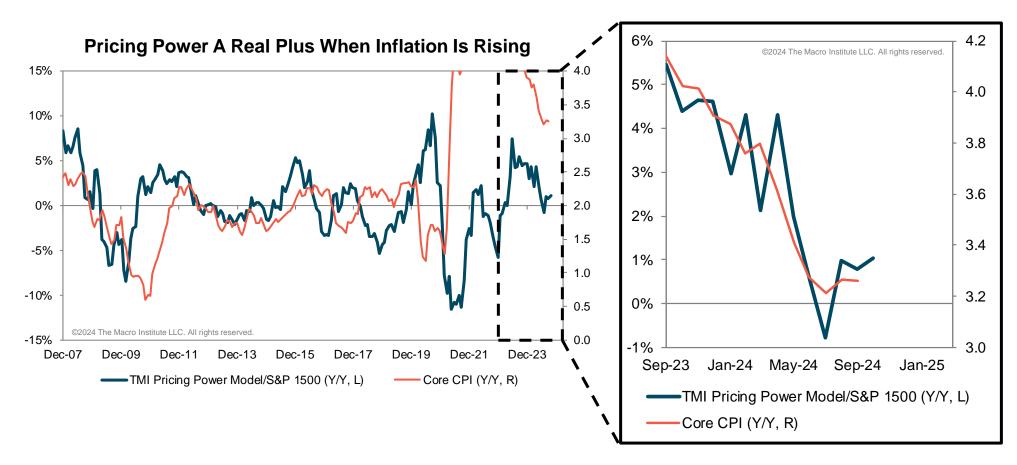


# A Hypothetical Timeline Of The Trump Administration's Policies





## Three Key Factors To Emphasize For Trump's Policies: #1 Pricing Power

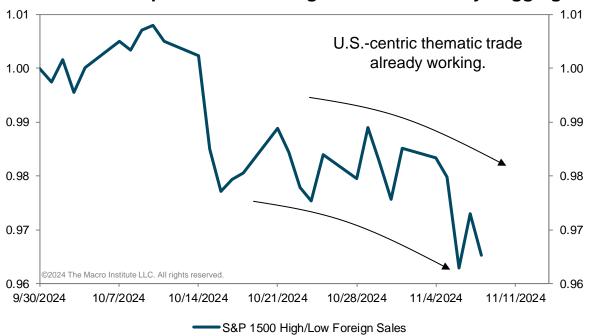






## Three Key Factors To Emphasize For Trump's Policies: #2 U.S. Centric

#### **S&P 500 Companies With Foreign Revenue Already Lagging**







## Three Key Factors To Emphasize For Trump's Policies: #3 Stability/Quality

#### The F&G Score: A Macro-Agnostic Stock-Picking Model

|                     |                 | Factor                  | Category           |   |
|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---|
| TMI F&G Score Model | F-Score Factors | CFROA > 0               | Profitability      | There are four Profitability factors in the TMI |
|                     |                 | CFROA > ROA             | Profitability      |   |
|                     |                 | Share Decrease          | Leverage/Liquidity |   |
|                     | G-Score Factors | CFROA > Industry        | Profitability      | F&G Model.                                      |
|                     |                 | CF Op > Net Income      | Profitability      |   |
|                     |                 | R&D > Industry          | Consistency        |   |
|                     |                 | Adv. Expense > Industry | Consistency        |   |

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# Positioning For A Trump Presidency In H1 2025

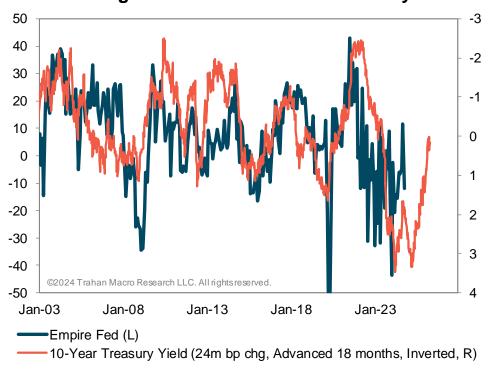




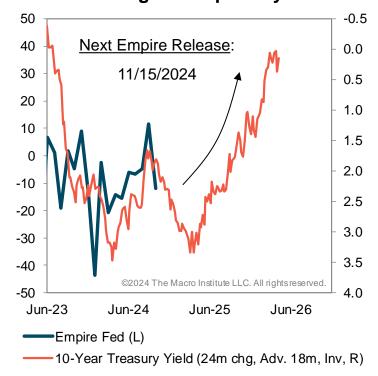


# The Wildcard ... Fed Rate Cuts Eventually Lift Growth Prospects?

#### **Could Leading Indicators Recover Sustainably In 2025?**



#### Something To Keep An Eye On

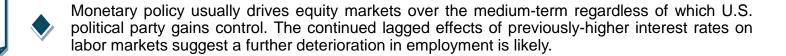






# **Executive Summary**

**Monetary Policy Still Matters** 



The Implications Of Fiscal Policy Proposals

The implications of the incoming Trump administration's major policy proposals on tariffs, immigration, and fiscal austerity add up to likely headwinds to economic growth – both in the U.S. and abroad – and higher inflation.

A Very Bullish USD Setup

We are very bullish the USD over the medium term. It remains our top-pick based on slowing global growth prospects post-tariff enactment, potentially higher interest rates, and a higher share of currency flows remaining in the U.S.

Challenging Macro Backdrop Internationally

Despite near-term exuberance, U.S. equity markets are not immune from issues overseas which may be exacerbated by new trade policies. History is littered with instances where U.S. economic growth was solid, but equity market returns still suffered due to issues abroad.

Emphasize Pricing Power, U.S.-Centricity, Quality

Depending on the scope and severity of new fiscal policy proposals, investors should highlight equity factors such as pricing power, U.S.-centricity, and quality. In the case of the latter, the TMI F&G Score model is great option as it emphasizes profitability within both Value and Growth.





For any additional questions: <a href="mailto:ftrahan@trahanmacroresearch.com">ftrahan@trahanmacroresearch.com</a>

