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Q2:
PROGRAM: import java.util.Scanner;
public class UniqueCharactersFinder {
  public static int findLength(String text) {
     int length = 0;
     try {
       while (true) {
          text.charAt(length);
          length++;
       }
     } catch (StringIndexOutOfBoundsException e) {
       // Exception occurs when we reach beyond the string length
     return length;
  }
     public static char[] findUniqueCharacters(String text) {
     int length = findLength(text);
     char[] allUniqueChars = new char[length]; // Temporary array to store unique chars
     int uniqueCount = 0;
     for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
       char currentChar = text.charAt(i);
       boolean isUnique = true;
       for (int j = 0; j < i; j++) {
          if (text.charAt(j) == currentChar) {
            isUnique = false;
            break;
          }
       }
       if (isUnique) {
          allUniqueChars[uniqueCount] = currentChar;
          uniqueCount++;
       }
     }
     char[] result = new char[uniqueCount];
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for (int i = 0; i < uniqueCount; i++) {
       result[i] = allUniqueChars[i];
     }
     return result;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.print("Enter a string: ");
     String input = scanner.nextLine();
     int length = findLength(input);
     System.out.println("Length of string (custom method): " + length);
     char[] uniqueChars = findUniqueCharacters(input);
     System.out.println("Original string: " + input);
     System.out.print("Unique characters: ");
     for (char c : uniqueChars) {
       System.out.print(c + " ");
     System.out.println("\nTotal unique characters: " + uniqueChars.length);
     scanner.close();
OUTPUT:
Enter a string: hello
Length of string (custom method): 5
Original string: hello
Unique characters: h e I o
Total unique characters: 4
Q3:
PROGRAM:
import java.util.Scanner;
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public class FirstNonRepeatingCharacter {
  // Method to find the first non-repeating character in a string
  public static char findFirstNonRepeatingChar(String text) {
     // Create an array to store frequency of characters (256 ASCII characters)
     int[] frequency = new int[256];
     int length = text.length();
     // Step 1: Count frequency of each character
     for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
       char currentChar = text.charAt(i);
       frequency[currentChar]++;
     }
     // Step 2: Find the first character with frequency 1
     for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
       char currentChar = text.charAt(i);
       if (frequency[currentChar] == 1) {
          return currentChar;
       }
     }
     // If no non-repeating character found, return a special character
     return '\0'; // null character
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.print("Enter a string: ");
     String input = scanner.nextLine();
     // Find the first non-repeating character
     char result = findFirstNonRepeatingChar(input);
     // Display results
     System.out.println("Original string: " + input);
     if (result != '\0') {
       System.out.println("First non-repeating character: " + result);
     } else {
       System.out.println("No non-repeating character found in the string");
     }
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scanner.close();
  }
}
OUTPUT:
Enter a string: programming
Original string: programming
First non-repeating character: p
Q4:
PROGRAM:
import java.util.Scanner;
public class CharacterFrequency {
  // Method to find the frequency of characters in a string
  public static int[][] findCharacterFrequency(String text) {
     // Create an array to store frequency of characters (256 ASCII characters)
     int[] frequency = new int[256];
     int length = text.length();
     // Step 1: Count frequency of each character
     for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
       char currentChar = text.charAt(i);
       frequency[currentChar]++;
     }
     // Step 2: Count how many unique characters we have
     int uniqueCount = 0;
     for (int i = 0; i < 256; i++) {
       if (frequency[i] > 0) {
          uniqueCount++;
       }
     }
     // Step 3: Create a 2D array to store characters and their frequencies
     int[][] result = new int[uniqueCount][2];
     int index = 0;
     for (int i = 0; i < 256; i++) {
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if (frequency[i] > 0) {
          result[index][0] = i; // Store ASCII value (character)
          result[index][1] = frequency[i]; // Store frequency
          index++;
       }
     }
     return result;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.print("Enter a string: ");
     String input = scanner.nextLine();
     // Find character frequencies
     int[][] frequencyData = findCharacterFrequency(input);
     // Display results
     System.out.println("Original string: " + input);
     System.out.println("Character frequencies:");
     System.out.println("----");
     for (int i = 0; i < frequencyData.length; i++) {
       char character = (char) frequencyData[i][0];
       int frequency = frequencyData[i][1];
       System.out.println(""" + character + "" : " + frequency + " time(s)");
     }
     System.out.println("Total unique characters: " + frequencyData.length);
     scanner.close();
  }
OUTPUT:
Enter a string: hello
Original string: hello
Character frequencies:
'h': 1 time(s)
'e': 1 time(s)
'l': 2 time(s)
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'o': 1 time(s)
Total unique characters: 4
Q5:
PROGRAM:
import java.util.Scanner;
public class CharacterFrequencyWithUnique {
  // Method to find unique characters in a string using nested loops
  public static char[] findUniqueCharacters(String text) {
     int length = text.length();
     char[] tempUniqueChars = new char[length];
     int uniqueCount = 0;
     // Use nested loops to find unique characters
     for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
       char currentChar = text.charAt(i);
       boolean isUnique = true;
       // Check if this character has appeared before
       for (int j = 0; j < i; j++) {
          if (text.charAt(j) == currentChar) {
            isUnique = false;
            break;
         }
       }
       // If unique, add to temporary array
       if (isUnique) {
          tempUniqueChars[uniqueCount] = currentChar;
          uniqueCount++;
       }
     }
     // Create final array with exact size
     char[] uniqueChars = new char[uniqueCount];
     for (int i = 0; i < uniqueCount; i++) {
       uniqueChars[i] = tempUniqueChars[i];
     }
     return uniqueChars;
```

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}
// Method to find frequency of characters using unique characters
public static String[][] findCharacterFrequency(String text) {
  // Get unique characters first
  char[] uniqueChars = findUniqueCharacters(text);
  int length = text.length();
  // Create frequency array for ASCII characters
  int[] frequency = new int[256];
  // Count frequency of each character using ASCII indexing
  for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
     char currentChar = text.charAt(i);
     frequency[currentChar]++;
  }
  // Create 2D String array to store character-frequency pairs
  String[][] result = new String[uniqueChars.length][2];
  // Fill the 2D array with unique characters and their frequencies
  for (int i = 0; i < uniqueChars.length; i++) {
     char currentChar = uniqueChars[i];
     result[i][0] = String.valueOf(currentChar); // Character as string
     result[i][1] = String.valueOf(frequency[currentChar]); // Frequency as string
  }
  return result;
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
  Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
  System.out.print("Enter a string: ");
  String input = scanner.nextLine();
  // Find unique characters
  char[] uniqueChars = findUniqueCharacters(input);
  // Find character frequencies
  String[][] frequencyData = findCharacterFrequency(input);
  // Display results
  System.out.println("\nOriginal string: " + input);
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System.out.print("Unique characters found: ");
     for (char c : uniqueChars) {
       System.out.print(c + " ");
     System.out.println("\n");
     System.out.println("Character frequencies:");
     System.out.println("----");
     for (int i = 0; i < frequencyData.length; i++) {
       String character = frequencyData[i][0];
       String frequency = frequencyData[i][1];
       System.out.println(""" + character + "": " + frequency + " time(s)");
     }
     System.out.println("Total unique characters: " + uniqueChars.length);
     System.out.println("Total characters in string: " + input.length());
     scanner.close();
  }
}
OUTPUT:
Enter a string: hello
Original string: hello
Unique characters found: h e l o
Character frequencies:
'h': 1 time(s)
'e': 1 time(s)
'l': 2 time(s)
'o': 1 time(s)
Total unique characters: 4
Total characters in string: 5
Q6:
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PROGRAM:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class CharacterFrequencyNestedLoops {
  // Method to find frequency of characters using nested loops
  public static String[] findCharacterFrequency(String text) {
     // Convert string to character array
     char[] charArray = text.toCharArray();
     int length = charArray.length;
     // Create arrays to store frequencies and track processed characters
     int[] frequency = new int[length];
     char[] characters = charArray.clone();
     // Initialize all frequencies to 1
     for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
       frequency[i] = 1;
     }
     // Use nested loops to find frequencies
     for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
       // Skip if character is already marked as processed
       if (characters[i] == '0') {
          continue;
       }
       for (int j = i + 1; j < length; j++) {
          // If duplicate character found
          if (characters[i] == characters[i]) {
             frequency[i]++; // Increment frequency
             characters[j] = '0'; // Mark as processed to avoid recounting
          }
       }
     }
     // Count how many unique characters we have (non-zero characters)
     int uniqueCount = 0;
     for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
       if (characters[i] != '0') {
          uniqueCount++;
       }
     }
     // Create 1D String array to store character-frequency pairs
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String[] result = new String[uniqueCount];
     int index = 0;
     for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
       if (characters[i] != '0') {
          result[index] = """ + characters[i] + "' : " + frequency[i] + " time(s)";
          index++;
       }
     return result;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.print("Enter a string: ");
     String input = scanner.nextLine();
     // Find character frequencies using nested loops
     String[] frequencyData = findCharacterFrequency(input);
     // Display results
     System.out.println("\nOriginal string: " + input);
     System.out.println("Character frequencies (using nested loops):");
     System.out.println("-----");
     for (String data: frequencyData) {
       System.out.println(data);
     }
     System.out.println("Total unique characters: " + frequencyData.length);
     System.out.println("Total characters in string: " + input.length());
     scanner.close();
  }
OUTPUT:
```

Enter a string: java

```
Original string: java
Character frequencies (using nested loops):
'j': 1 time(s)
'a': 2 time(s)
'v' : 1 time(s)
Total unique characters: 3
Total characters in string: 4
Q8:
PROGRAM:
import java.util.Scanner;
public class AnagramChecker {
  // Method to check if two texts are anagrams
  public static boolean areAnagrams(String text1, String text2) {
     // Step 1: Check if lengths are equal
     if (text1.length() != text2.length()) {
        return false;
     }
     // Step 2: Create arrays to store frequency of characters (256 ASCII characters)
     int[] freq1 = new int[256];
     int[] freq2 = new int[256];
     // Step 3: Find frequency of characters in first text
     for (int i = 0; i < text1.length(); i++) {
       char c = text1.charAt(i);
       freq1[c]++;
     }
     // Step 3: Find frequency of characters in second text
     for (int i = 0; i < text2.length(); i++) {
       char c = text2.charAt(i);
       freq2[c]++;
     }
     // Step 4: Compare frequency of characters
     for (int i = 0; i < 256; i++) {
        if (freq1[i] != freq2[i]) {
          return false;
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}
     }
     return true;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.print("Enter first text: ");
     String text1 = scanner.nextLine();
     System.out.print("Enter second text: ");
     String text2 = scanner.nextLine();
     // Check if texts are anagrams
     boolean result = areAnagrams(text1, text2);
     // Display results
     System.out.println("\nText 1: " + text1);
     System.out.println("Text 2: " + text2);
     if (result) {
       System.out.println(" ✓ These texts are ANAGRAMS!");
     } else {
       System.out.println(" X These texts are NOT anagrams.");
     scanner.close();
OUTPUT:
Enter first text: listen
Enter second text: silent
Text 1: listen
Text 2: silent
These texts are ANAGRAMS!
```