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Council for Technical Education and Vocational Training

Office of the Controller of Examinations

Sanothimi, Bhaktapur

Regular -2079, Ashad
Website :-https://www.arjun00.com.np
Diploma in Engineering All Full Marks: 80

Program:

Year/Part:

I/I (2021 New Course)

Pass Marks: 32

Subject:

Engineering Mathematics I

Time: 3 hrs

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Group 'A'

Attempt All questions.

[7x(2+2)=28]

- 1. a) If $A = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}, B = \{4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$ and $c = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$, find i) $(A \cup B) \cap C$ ii) $(A \cap B) \cup C$
 - b) Rewrite $|2x 1| \le 5$ without using absolute value sign.
- a) Prove that : $\sin(2\sin^{-1}x) = 2x\sqrt{1-x^2}$.
 - b) In any $\triangle ABC$, show that. $c(a \cos B b \cos A) = a^2 b^2$
- a) If $\frac{\cos A}{a} = \frac{\cos B}{b}$, prove that the triangle is an isosceles.
 - b) Evaluate: Lt $\frac{x^2-5x+6}{x^2-x-2}$. Website:-https://www.arjun00.com.np
- 4. a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$; when $y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}}$.
 - b) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ when $y = \cos(\sin\sqrt{3x+5})$
- a) Integrate : $\int \left(\sqrt{x} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) dx$.
 - b) The sum of an infinite G.S. is 15 and the first term is 3. Find the common ratio.
- a) In how many ways can the letters of the word 6. "MATHEMATICS" be arranged?
 - b) Find the seventh term in the expansion of $\left(3x^2 \frac{1}{2x}\right)^{12}$.
- a) Find the distance between the parallel lines 3x + 4y 5 = 07. and 6x + 8y + 17 = 0.

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b) Find the angle betⁿ two lines represented by $x^2 - 2xy \cot \theta - y^2 = 0$.

Group 'B'

Attempt All questions.

[13x4=52]

8. If $\frac{\log x}{y-z} = \frac{\log y}{z-x} = \frac{\log z}{x-y}$ prove that $x^x y^y z^z = 1$.

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OR

Let $f: R \to R, g: R \to R$ which are defined by $f(x) = x^3 + 1$ and $g(x) = x^5$ respectively then find

- a) fog(x)
- b) gof(x)
- c) $f^{-1}(x)$

9. Solve: $tan^2x = secx + 1$. Website:-https://www.arjun00.com.np

Solve:
$$sin^{-1} \frac{2a}{1+a^2} - cos^{-1} \frac{1-b^2}{1+b^2} = 2tan^{-1}x$$
.

10 If $a^4 + b^4 + c^4 = 2a^2(b^2 + c^2)$ prove that $A = 45^{\circ}$ or 135°.

OR

Solve the $\triangle ABC$, if $b = \sqrt{3}$, c = 1 and $A = 30^{\circ}$.

11. Evaluate: Lt $\frac{x \tan \theta - \theta \tan x}{x - \theta}$. Website:-https://www.arjun00.com.np

OR

A function f(x) is defined as follows.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x+1 & for & x < 1 \\ 2 & for & x = 1 \\ 3x & for & x > 1 \end{cases}$$

Is the function continuous at x = 1? If not, how can it be made continuous at x = 1?

- 12. Find from first principle, the derivatives of $\sqrt{\tan x}$ or $\frac{1}{\sqrt{4-5x}}$.
- 13. Integrate: (any one)

a)
$$\int \frac{dx}{x^2\sqrt{9-x^2}}$$

b)
$$\int sec^3x \, dx$$

Cont.....

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 Prove that the AM, GM and HM between any two unequal positive numbers satisfy the relation.

i)
$$(GM)^2 = AM \times HM$$

ii)
$$AM > GM > HM$$

OR

Find the sum to infinity $1 - 3x + 5x^2 - 7x^3 + \cdots + (|x| < 1)$.

15. From 6 gentleman and 4 ladies, a committee of 5 is to be formed. In how many ways can this be done as to include at most two ladies?
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16. Prove that : $\frac{1.2}{1!} + \frac{2.3}{2!} + \frac{3.4}{3!} + \cdots = 3e$

- 17. Find the equations of the bisectors of the angles between the lines 4x 3y + 1 = 0 and 12x 5y + 7 = 0. Also show that bisectors are at right angle.
- 18. Find the separate equations represented by $2x^2 + xy 3y^2 + 9x + 26y 35 = 0$. Also find the angle between them. Website :-https://www.arjun00.com.np

Prove that the straight lines joining the origin to the point of intersection of the line $\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} = 1$ and the curve $x^2 + y^2 = c^2$ are at right angles if $\frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2} = \frac{2}{c^2}$.

- 19. Find the equation of circle passing through the points (3, -2) and (-2, 0) whose centre lies on the line 2x y = 3.
- 20. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ (any one)

i)
$$x^2y^2 = tanxy$$

ii)
$$x^y \cdot y^x = a$$

Good Luck!

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