

Website :- <https://www.arjun00.com.np>
Council for Technical Education and Vocational Training
Office of the Controller of Examinations
Sanothimi, Bhaktapur
Regular/Back Exam-2076, Falgun/Chaitra

Program: Diploma in Civil/Arch/Ref & A/C/Mech/
Ele/Elx/Geom/IT/Com/Hyd/Auto/Elx & **Full Marks: 80**
Elx Engineering
Year/Part: I/I (New+Old) **Pass Marks: 32**
Subject: Engineering Mathematics **Time: 3 hrs**

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Group 'A'

[5×2)×3=30]

Attempt All Questions.

1. a) In any triangle ABC, If $a^4 + b^4 + c^4 - 2c^2(a^2 + b^2) = 0$; prove that $\angle C = 45^\circ$ or 135° .

- b) Prove that $2\tan^{-1} \frac{1}{3} + \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{7} = \frac{1}{4}\pi$

OR

Find the general solution of the equation $\sin^2 \theta - 2\cos \theta + \frac{1}{4} = 0$.

2. a) Evaluate: $\lim_{x \rightarrow y} \frac{x \tan y - y \tan x}{x - y}$ Website :- <https://www.arjun00.com.np>

- b) Test the continuity of $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 64}{8 - x}$ at $x = 8$

3. a) Show that lines joining the origin to the point of intersection of the line $fx - gy = \lambda$ and $x^2 + hxy - y^2 + gx + fy = 0$ are at right angles for all values of $\lambda \neq 0$.

- b) Find the eqⁿ of a straight line passing through (-2,-3) and making angle 45° with the line $2x - 3y + 5 = 0$

Group 'B'

[10×5=50]

Attempt Any Ten Questions.

4. Find the sum of n terms of the series $1 + 11 + 111 + 1111 + \dots$

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5. Show that the quadratic equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ can not have more than two roots.
6. Find the middle term in the expansion of $\left(x + \frac{1}{2x^2}\right)^{12}$
7. Prove that $1 + \frac{1}{3 \cdot 2^2} + \frac{1}{5 \cdot 2^4} + \frac{1}{7 \cdot 2^6} + \dots = \text{Loge} 3$.
8. Find, from first principle, the derivative of
 $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$ or $f(x) = \tan 4x$
9. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ (Any one)
i) $x^3 + y^3 = 3xy^2$ ii) $x^2 + y^2 = \tan xy$
10. Evaluate: $\int \frac{dx}{x^2\sqrt{x^2-4}}$
11. Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/4} \tan^3 x dx$
12. Find the equation of a circle which touches both axes and radius is 4.
13. Find the equation of the parabola whose vertex is at $(-1, 2)$ and directrix $x=4$
14. From 6 gentlemen and 4 ladies a committee of 5 is to be formed. In how many ways can this be done so as to include at least one lady.
15. Define inverse of a function. In which condition does the inverse of function exist? If $f(x) = x^2 - 3$ find $f^{-1}(x)$

Good Luck!

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