

(website :- <https://www.arjun00.com.np>)
Council for Technical Education and Vocational Training
Office of the Controller of Examinations
Sanothimi, Bhaktapur
Regular/Back Exam-2078, Bhadra

Program: Diploma in Engineering All Full Marks: 80
Year/Part: I/I (New + Old) Pass Marks: 32
Subject: Engineering Mathematics I Time: 3 hrs

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Group 'A'

Attempt All questions.

[10x3=30]

- 1 a) Define in circle. In any triangle ABC, establish the relation [5]
 $r = \frac{\Delta}{s}$ where the symbols have their usual meanings.
b) Find the general solution of $\cos\theta + \cos3\theta + \cos5\theta = 0$ [5]

OR

Prove that $\tan^{-1}x + \tan^{-1}y = \tan^{-1}\frac{x+y}{1-xy}$

- 2 a) Define continuity of a function at a given point. Test the [5]
continuity of the function at a given point where

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3 + 2x & \text{for } -\frac{3}{2} \leq x \leq 0 \\ 3 - x^2 & \text{for } 0 < x \leq \frac{3}{2} \end{cases} \text{ at } x = 0$$

OR

Evaluate the limit of $\lim_{x \rightarrow \theta} \frac{x \sin\theta - \theta \sin x}{x - \theta}$

- b) Find from first principle the derivatives of $y = \tan x$ or [5]
 $y = e^{ax}$. (website :- <https://www.arjun00.com.np>)
3 a) What is homogenous equation of second degree? Prove [5]
that the homogenous equation of second degree represent
a pair or straight line through the origin.
b) Find the equation of the straight line through the point (2, 3) [5]
and perpendicular to the line $5x - 2y = 8$.

Cont.....

(website :- <https://www.arjun00.com.np>)

Group 'B'

Attempt All questions.

[10x5=50]

- 4 Sum to n terms of $7+77+777+\dots$
- 5 From a group of 6 gentlemen and 4 ladies, a committee of 5 is to be formed. In how many ways can this be done so as to include at most 2 lady?
- 6 Find the middle term (s) in the expansion of $\left(1 + \frac{x}{2}\right)^{15}$.
- 7 Prove that every quadratic equation cannot have more than two roots.
- 8 Find the equation of the circle through the intersection of the circles $x^2 + y^2 - 8x - 2y + 7 = 0$ and $x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 10y + 8 = 0$ and passes through the point $(-1, -2)$.
- 9 Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$: **(Any One)** (website :- <https://www.arjun00.com.np>)
(a) $x^3 + y^3 = 3xy^2$ (b) $x = T \sin t, y = \sin t \cos t$
- 10 Integrate : **(Any One)**
i) $\int x^2 \sin x \, dx$ ii) $\int e^{ax} \cos bx \, dx$
- 11 Find the vertex, focus, equation of directrix and length of latus rectum of the parabola : $y^2 - 4y - 4x - 8 = 0$.
- 12 Let $f: R \rightarrow R$ and $R \rightarrow R$ be defined by $f(x) = x^3 + 1$ and $g(x) = x + 5$, find (i) $f \circ g(x)$ (ii) $g \circ f(x)$

OR

If $\frac{\log x}{y-z} = \frac{\log y}{z-x} = \frac{\log z}{x-y}$, prove that $x^2 \cdot y^y \cdot z^z = 1$.

- 13 Prove that the angle between two straight lines $y = m_1x + c_1$ and $y = m_2x + c_2$ is $\tan \theta = \pm \left(\frac{m_1 - m_2}{1 + m_1 m_2} \right)$. Also, prove that the two lines are parallel and perpendicular to each other if $m_1 = m_2$ and $m_1 \times m_2 = -1$ respectively.

Good Luck!