

Intel® Media Software Development Kit 2018 R2 Release Notes

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Overview

The **Intel® Media Software Development Kit*** (further referred to as the Media SDK) is a software development package that exposes the media acceleration capabilities of Intel® platforms for video decoding, encoding, RAW video and photo processing. The API covers a wide range of Intel platforms. The Media SDK targets general application developers who want to integrate accelerated media into their applications.

New Features

The Intel® Media SDK 2018 R2 introduces API version 1.27. This version is backward compatible with the previous API versions.

Following fixes, improvements and features were added for 6th Generation Intel® Core™, 7th Generation Intel® Core™, 8th Generation Intel® Core™, Intel® Celeron® and Pentium®.

- API updates comparing to 1.26:
 - mfxcommon.h: added enumerator MFX_PLATFORM_ICELAKE defining a new platform type.
 - mfxstructures.h: added field mfxFrameData.Y410.
 - mfxstructures.h: added extended buffer mfxExtAVCROffset.
 - mfxstructures.h: added field mfxExtCodingOption3::TargetChromaFormatPlus1.
 - mfxstructures.h: added field mfxExtCodingOption3::TargetBitDepthLuma.

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- mfxstructures.h: added field mfxExtCodingOption3::TargetBitDepthChroma.

For detailed API description please refer to mediasdk-man.pdf and mediasdkusr-man.pdf for plugin API.

- Added support of DXD11 surfaces allocated as texture array.
- VPP HW:
 - Added support of MCTF Feature for efficient video denoising.
- GACC Encoder:
 - Psychovisual delta Qp Adjustment Feature for 10-bit video subjective quality improvement.
 - Adaptive LTR Coding Feature for compression efficiency and quality improvement.
- HEVC HW Encode Plug-in distribution is changed. Now it is distributed as a part of HW library which is a part of graphics driver (libmfxhw*.dll) and not included to the SDK package.

All the new features listed above are not supported by software implementation of the Media SDK Library.

In a particular platform specific hardware implementation of the Media SDK Library some of the features may also be unsupported. Make sure to call `Query` functions to check the actual support.

Please see the Media SDK Reference Manual for details "`<install-folder>\Software Development Kit\doc\mediasdk-man.pdf`"

Please see the RAW Media Accelerator plug-in Reference Manual for details "`<install-folder>\Software Development Kit\doc\mediasdk-raw-accelerator-man.pdf`"

For information on the USER class please see "`<install-folder>\Software Development Kit\doc\mediasdkusr-man.pdf`"

For information on Multi-view Video Coding support please see "`<install-folder>\Software Development Kit\doc\mediasdkmvc-man.pdf`"

For information on JPEG*/Motion JPEG Video Coding support please see "`<install-folder>\Software Development Kit\doc\mediasdkjpeg-man.pdf`"

Please see the Media SDK Interlace content support in HEVC encoder for Windows for more details "`<install-folder>\Software Development Kit\doc\mediasdk_hevc_interlace_whitepaper.pdf`"

Please see the Media SDK 2018 R2 - HEVC Decoder and Encoder Release Notes for more details about HEVC plugins

"<install-folder>\HEVC Decoder &
Encoder\mediasdk_hevc_release_notes.pdf"

System Requirements

Hardware

- IA-32 or Intel® 64 architecture processors with support for Intel® Streaming SIMD Extensions 2 instructions – for running software implementation of the Media SDK Library.
- Hardware acceleration is available through hardware implementations of the Media SDK Library coming with Intel® Iris™ and HD Graphics Driver for Microsoft* Windows* 10 and Windows* Server 2016 on platforms with:
 - 3rd Generation Intel® Core™ processors,
 - 4th Generation Intel® Core™ processors,
 - 5th Generation Intel® Core™ processors,
 - 6th Generation Intel® Core™ processors,
 - 7th Generation Intel® Core™ processors,
 - 8th Generation Intel® Core™ processors,
 - Intel® Core™ M processors,
 - Intel® Xeon® E3-1200 and E3-1500 v5 Family with C236 chipset and v4 Family with C226 chipset,
 - Selected SKUs of Intel® Celeron™ and Intel® Pentium™ processors with Intel HD Graphics which support Intel® Quick Sync Video,
 - Selected SKUs of Intel® Atom™ processors with Intel® HD Graphics which support Intel Quick Sync Video,
 - The next generation Intel® processors as rpe-release.

Software

- Microsoft Windows 10 and updates.
- Microsoft Windows* Server 2016.
- Microsoft Visual C++* 2012 or later version of Microsoft Visual C++.

Package Contents

<install-folder>\Software Development
Kit

- The Media SDK Release Notes (this file), End User License Agreement (EULA)
"Media_SDK_EULA.rtf"
- redist.txt
- third_party_programs.txt

<install-folder>\Software Development Kit\bin\x64	<p>The Media SDK Dynamic Library, software implementation:</p> <p>libmfxsw64.dll for Intel® 64 architecture</p> <p>version 8.0.0.053</p>
<install-folder>\Software Development Kit\bin\win32	<p>The Media SDK Dynamic Library, software implementation:</p> <p>libmfxsw32.dll for Intel® 32 architecture</p> <p>version 8.0.0.053</p>
<install-folder>\Software Development Kit\bin\x64\ 588f1185d47b42968dea377bb5d0dcb4	<p>The Media SDK Look Ahead plug-in:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Look Ahead plug-in mfxplugin64_h264la_hw.dll for Intel® 64 architecture Configuration file plugin.cfg <p>Plugin product version: 1.27.6.53</p>
<install-folder>\Software Development Kit\bin\win32\ 588f1185d47b42968dea377bb5d0dcb4	<p>The Media SDK Look Ahead plug-in:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Look Ahead plug-in Mfxplugin32_h264la_hw.dll for Intel® 32 architecture Configuration file plugin.cfg <p>Plugin product version: 1.27.6.53</p>
<install-folder>\Software Development Kit\doc	<p>Media SDK documentation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Media SDK Reference Manual mediasdk-man.pdf Media SDK Extensions for User-Defined Functions mediasdkusr-man.pdf Media SDK Extensions for Multi-view Video Coding mediasdkmvc-man.pdf Media SDK Extensions for JPEG*/Motion JPEG

	<p>mediasdkjpeg-man.pdf</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Media SDK Library Distribution and Dispatching Process Description <p>mediasdk-distrib.pdf</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RAW Accelerator Reference Manual <p>media-raw-accelerator-man.pdf</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Media SDK Interlace content support in HEVC encoder for Windows <p>mediasdk_hevc_interlace_whitepaper.pdf</p>
<install-folder>\Software Development Kit\include	<p>External Media SDK headers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type definitions in <code>mfxdefs.h</code> • Structure definitions in <code>mfxstructures.h</code>, <code>mfxvstructures.h</code> and <code>mfxcommon.h</code> • SDK session related definitions in <code>mfxsession.h</code> • Video function definitions in C in <code>mfxvideo.h</code> • C++ wrapper of the SDK video functions in <code>mfxvideo++.h</code> • Extensions for Multi-view Video Coding options <code>mfxmvc.h</code> • Extensions for User-Defined Functions <code>mfxplugin.h</code> • C++ wrapper for User-Defined Functions <code>mfxplugin++.h</code> • Extensions for JPEG*/Motion JPEG Video coding options <code>mfxjpeg.h</code> • Structure definitions for RAW Media Accelerator <code>mfxcamera.h</code> • Definitions for vp8 and vp9 codecs <code>mfxvp8.h</code>, <code>mfxvp9.h</code> • Definitions for enc, pak functions and additional features <code>mfxenc.h</code>, <code>mfxpak.h</code>, <code>mfxla.h</code> • Definitions for BRC

	mfxbrc.h
<install-folder>\Software Development Kit\lib\x64	Static Dispatcher Library libmfx.lib and libmfx_vs2015.lib for Microsoft* Visual Studio 2015
<install-folder>\Software Development Kit\lib\win32	Static Dispatcher Library libmfx.lib and libmfx_vs2015.lib for Microsoft* Visual Studio 2015
<install-folder>\Software Development Kit\opensource	Source code of the Media SDK dispatcher
<install-folder>\Software Development Kit\tools	Contains the following tools in binary form: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Media SDK Tracer in folder mediasdk_tracer. This utility performs runtime recording of the Media SDK API calls and parameters to a log file. Media SDK System Analyzer in folder mediasdk_sys_analyzer. This utility analyzes the system and reports back the Media SDK related capabilities, graphics driver and components status.
<install-folder>\HEVC Decoder & Encoder	HEVC Decoder and Encoder Release Notes mediasdk_hevc_release_notes.pdf
<install-folder>\HEVC Decoder & Encoder\Plugin\2fca99749fdb49aeb121a5b63ef568f7	The Media SDK HEVC encode plug-in: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Software encode plug-in mfxplugin64_hevce_sw.dll for Intel® 64 architecture Configuration file plugin.cfg Plugin product version: 1.27.8.55
<install-folder>\HEVC Decoder & Encoder\Plugin\15dd936825ad475ea34e35f3f54217a6	The Media SDK HEVC decode plug-in: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Software decode plug-in mfxplugin64_hevcd_sw.dll for

	Intel® 64 architecture <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Configuration file plugin.cfg Plugin product version: 1.27.8.53
<install-folder>\HEVC Decoder & Encoder\Plugin\e5400a06c74d41f5b12d430bbaa23d0b	The Media SDK HEVC GPU Accelerated Encode plug-in plug-in: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GACC plug-in mfxplugin64_hevce_gacc.dll for Intel® 64 architecture • Configuration file plugin.cfg Plugin product version: 1.27.5.55
<install-folder>\Video Quality Caliper	Media Server Studio – Video Quality Caliper.
<Documents folder>\Intel® Media SDK 2018 R2 - Media Samples 8.4.27.378	The Media SDK Samples.

Installation

- Installation requires full administrative rights.
- Run the installer Intel_Media_SDK_2018_R2.msi.

Known Limitations

Media SDK libraries and driver have the following known limitations. Unless explicitly specified each limitation is relevant for both software and hardware implementations of SDK dynamic library.

API

- The following APIs are not supported by the software implementation of the SDK library:
 - mfxExtEncoderCapability, mfxExtEncoderResetOption, mfxExtAVCEncodedFrameInfo;
 - MFX_RATECONTROL_LA, MFX_RATECONTROL_ICQ, MFX_RATECONTROL_LA_ICQ, MFX_RATECONTROL_VCM, MFX_RATECONTROL_QVBR, MFX_RATECONTROL_LA_HRD and any options related to these BRC modes;
 - mfxExtVPPComposite, mfxExtVPPDeinterlacing;
 - mfxExtAVCRefListCtrl::ApplyLongTermIdx, LongTermIdx;

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- o mfxExtEncoderROI;
- o mfxExtCodingOption2::Trellis, MBBRC, ExtBRC, RepeatPPS, BRefType, AdaptiveI, AdaptiveB, LookAheadDS;
- o mfxInfoMFX::ICQQuality;
- o mfxEncodeCtrl::SkipFrame;
- o MFX_PLUGINID_HEVCE_HW, MFX_EXTBUFF_HEVC_PARAM, mfxExtHEVCParam;
- o CreateAccelerationDevice;
- o MFXInitEx, MFXDoWork, mfxInitParam, mfxExtThreadsParam;
- o mfxInfoMFX::LowPower;
- o MFX_EXTBUFF_DECODED_FRAME, mfxExtDecodedFrameInfo, MFX_EXTBUFF_TIME_CODE, mfxExtTimeCode;
- o mfxExtCodingOption3;
- o mfxExtPredWeightTable;
- o mfxExtDirtyRect;
- o mfxExtMovingRect;
- o mfxInitParam::GPUCopy;
- o mfxInfoMFX::MaxDecFrameBuffering;
- o mfxVideoParam::AllocId;
- o MFX_MEMTYPE_EXPORT_FRAME;
- o mfxExtCodingOptionVPS;
- o mfxExtVPPRotation;
- o mfxExtVPPSignalInfo;
- o mfxExtVPPMirroring;
- o MFXVideoCORE_QueryPlatform;
- o mfxPayload::CtrlFlags;
- o mfxFrameData::MemType;
- o mfxExtVPPScaling;
- o mfxExtVPPColorFill;
- o mfxExtEncodedSlicesInfo;
- o MFX_MEMTYPE_SHARED_RESOURCE;
- o mfxCoreInterface::QueryPlatform;
- o mfxExtSceneChange;
- o mfxExtVPPColorFill;
- o mfxExtHEVCRegion;
- o mfxExtVPPFieldProcessing;
- o MFX_DEINTERLACING_ADVANCED_SCD;
- o MFX_DEINTERLACING_FIELD_WEAVING;

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- MFX_REFRESH_NO, MFX_REFRESH_VERTICAL, MFX_REFRESH_HORIZONTAL, MFX_REFRESH_SLICE;
 - MFXCoreInterface::QueryPlatform;
 - mfxExtDecVideoProcessing;
 - mfxExtMBForceIntra;
 - mfxExtBRC;
 - mfxEncodeCtrl::MfxNalUnitType;
 - mfxExtEncodedUnitsInfo;
 - mfxExtMasteringDisplayColourVolume;
 - mfxExtContentLightLevelInfo;
 - mfxExtMBQP;
 - mfxExtDecodeErrorReport;
 - mfxExtColorConversion;
 - mfxExtMultiFrameParam and mfxExtMultiFrameControl;
 - mfxExtVppMctf;
 - mfxExtAVCRoundingOffset.
- The below APIs are not supported by the hardware implementation of SDK Library in this release. For other APIs not mentioned in this list make sure to call `Query` functions to check the actual support on a particular platform as it may vary.
 - mfxExtCodingOption2::AdaptiveI, AdaptiveB, UseRawRef;
 - mfxExtAVCEncodedFrameInfo::MAD, BRCPanicMode, QP;
 - MFX_PLUGINID_VP8D_HW;
 - mfxExtChromaLocInfo;
 - MFXInitEx, MFXDoWork, mfxInitParam, mfxExtThreadsParam;
 - mfxExtDirtyRect;
 - mfxExtMoveRect;
 - mfxExtCodingOption3::ScenarioInfo, ContentInfo, EnableMBQP, DirectBiasAdjustment, GlobalMotionBiasAdjustment;
 - mfxExtCodingOptionVPS;
 - mfxExtEncodedSlicesInfo;
 - mfxExtSceneChange;
 - mfxExtHEVCRegion;
 - mfxExtVPPFieldProcessing;
 - mfxExtMBQP;
 - mfxExtAVCRoundingOffset.

Functional

Common/general limitations:

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- The SDK dispatcher `libmfx.lib` is best used with a standard DLL entry point (as recommended by Microsoft*) when used in a DLL application such as a Microsoft DirectShow* filter. The DLL entry point setting can be found under the `Link > Advanced` compiler options. Non-standard entry points can be used, but are not recommended.
- Loading of SDK dynamic libraries `libmfxsw64.dll` and `libmfxhw64.dll` not through the dispatcher is unsafe.
- Some versions of drivers for Windows 10 update codename "Redstone 3" changed Media SDK runtime location and removed registry entries, old dispatchers had a bug loading runtime in multi-GPU environment and Intel Graphics is not default device, when there are no registry information available. To work correctly with Media SDK, applications need to update dispatcher.
- Using the software implementation of SDK in parallel with Intel® Threading Building Blocks could impact performance.
- The number of internal tasks in hardware implementation is limited to 1024. This imposes a related limitation on the number of SDK sessions which depends on the number of components in a session and the asynchronous depth of each component: each component (DECODE, ENCODE or VPP) requires one task for synchronous operation and N tasks for asynchronous operation with depth N.
- This release supports only 64-bit Microsoft* Windows* applications.
- Microsoft DirectX* 11.1 is the only supported acceleration infrastructure (due to headless mode requirement).
- On Windows 10 bitstreams produced by any encoder can be not bit exact from time to time, but no visible difference.
- Recommended to use system memory allocated with pointer alignment to 64, otherwise result can contain corruptions and sometimes pipeline can be broken.

JPEG encode, decode:

- The feature set of JPEG decoder/encoder is limited to the following:
 - Baseline mode only
 - DCT based;
 - 8-bit samples;
 - Sequential;
 - loadable 2 AC and 2 DC Huffman tables;
 - 3 loadable quantization matrixes;
 - interleaved and non-interleaved scans;
 - single and multiple scans.
 - No extended, lossless and hierarchical modes
 - no 12-bit samples;
 - no progressive;

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- no arithmetic coding;
- no 4 AC and 4 DC Huffman tables.
- JPEG decoder does not set `Corrupted` flag of `mfxFrameData` structure, and does not accept `MFX_BITSTREAM_EOS` as `DataFlag` of `mfxBitstream` structure.
- Software library implementation can break pipeline in stress multisession encoding and complex threading graphs scenarios when two or more encoders sharing the same `mfxFrameSurface1` object and memory handling implemented through `MemId`.
- Encoder with GPU copy may produce stream witch not bit to bit with stream encoded without GPU copy.

HEVC decode:

- HEVC HW plugin MAIN10 profile limited to Luma and Chroma BitDepth 10, all other BitDepth are unsupported in current implementation.
- HW HEVC decode plugin is limited to 4096x2304 resolution and doesn't implement SW fallback for higher resolutions 5th generation Intel® Core and Intel® Xeon E3 v4. You may use software implementation of HEVC decode from Intel® Media Server Studio 2015 – Professional Edition to support higher resolutions. On 6th Generation Intel Core and Xeon E3 v5 it is limited to 8192x8192 resolution.
- Interlaced decoding is supported only through separate field output(half frame size), and no specific reporting of such behavior implemented in current version, if App need interlace decode support, it can detect interlaced sequence through: get SEI through `GetPayload`, parse SEI message to get `pic_struct` value for SEI semantics(See D.2.3 section of High efficiency video coding).

H.264 decode:

- H.264 decoder may consume more than 1 frame from the input bitstream and then propagate same timestamp to all of the consumed frames. If accurate time stamp handling is required the application has to make sure that it doesn't store more than one-frame wise data in the input bitstream.

MPEG-2 encode limitations:

- If the MPEG-2 Video encoder `mfxVideoParam::mfxInfoMFX::CodecProfile` is initialized to 0, then the stream will be encoded as `MFX_PROFILE_MPEG2_MAIN`. Additionally if the MPEG-2 Video encoder `mfxVideoParam::mfxInfoMFX::CodecLevel` is initialized to 0, then the stream will be encoded as `MFX_LEVEL_MPEG2_MAIN`.
- MPEG-2 encode may produce not bit to bit result from run to run on 5th generation Intel® Core and Intel® Xeon E3 v4. Run to run variation doesn't affect visual quality.
- `mfxExtCodingOption3::BRCPanicMode` not supported for windows.
- On 7th, 8th generations Intel® Core, encoder doesn't support `GopOptFlag = GOP_STRICT`.

HEVC encode limitations:

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- Supports maximum resolution 4096x2172.
- Supports only CQP, CBR, VBR, ICQ and AVBR rate control methods, as well as MFX_RATECONTROL_LA_EXT with lookahead plugin.
- Query max macroblock per second report not supported.
- Next limitation for encoded bitstream:
 - No tiles support;
 - No P slice;
- QP Offset for HEVC is 1 by default.
- HW Accelerated HEVC encode supports next extended buffer ids, with listed limitations:
 - MFX_EXTBUFF_CODING_OPTION;
 - MFX_EXTBUFF_OPAQUE_SURFACE_ALLOCATION;
 - MFX_EXTBUFF_HEVC_REFLISTS;
 - MFX_EXTBUFF_HEVC_REFLIST_CTRL;
 - MFX_EXTBUFF_CODING_OPTION_VPS;
 - MFX_EXTBUFF_ENCODED_FRAME_INFO;
 - MFX_EXTBUFF_VIDEO_SIGNAL_INFO;
 - MFX_EXTBUFF_CODING_OPTION2;
 - Supported:
 - MBBRC;
 - BRefType;
 - NumMbPerSlice;
 - DisableDeblockingIdc;
 - RepeatPPS;
 - NumMbPerSlice;
 - MaxFrameSize;
 - MFX_EXTBUFF_CODING_OPTION3;
 - Supported:
 - PRefType;
 - EnableQPOffset;
 - QPOffset;
 - TransformSkip;
 - MFX_EXTBUFF_CODING_OPTION_SPSPPS;
 - MFX_EXTBUFF_HEVC_TEMPORAL_LAYERS;
 - MFX_EXTBUFF_ENCODER_RESET_OPTION;
 - MFX_EXTBUFF_HEVC_PARAMS:
 - GeneralConstraintFlags: not supported;
 - SampleAdaptiveOffset not supported with target usage 7, explicit weighted prediction, LCUSize = 16 and 10 bit, LowPower encoder supports only MFX_SAO_ENABLE_LUMA, MFX_SAO_ENABLE_LUMA in combination with MaxSliceSize is not supported;
 - MFX_EXTBUFF_LOOKAHEAD_STAT;
 - MFX_EXTBUFF_MASTERING_DISPLAY_COLOUR_VOLUME;
 - MFX_EXTBUFF_CONTENT_LIGHT_LEVEL_INFO.
- Encoder with CBR rate control and height bitrate may produce stream with HRD overflows.
- MaxFrameSize violation may happen in case of low bitrate and specific content. To avoid MaxFrameSize violation recommend to set $\text{MaxFrameSize} > 5 * \text{Bitrate} / \text{FPS} / 8$.
- Encoder with CBR rate control, big resolution and small max bitrate may fail.
- Supports maximum payloads 160 byte per frame.

- GopOptFlag == MFX_GOP_CLOSED | MFX_GOP_STRICT isn't supported in HEVC by library.
- HEVC encoder doesn't check FrameOrder values of input frames in EncodedOrder mode.
- Certain GOP pattern and stream content interlace modes may result in worse visual quality comparing to progressive mode.

H.264 AVC/MVC encode limitations:

- Specific QSV-FF encode limitations:
 - Only I and P frame types supported, so no API related to B frames encoding supported.
 - CQP, CBR, VBR and QVBR rate control methods only.
 - Supported QP values range: 10 – 51.
 - Only progressive encoding supported.
 - Maximum number of reference frames equal to 3.
 - Encoding quality can be worse than legacy encode with similar parameters.
 - Encoding bitrates higher than 43 Mbps not supported in current implementation.
 - MaxSliceSize feature can produce slices non-compliant to specified value, it is content dependent how often slice size overflow can occur, so need to be tested according to usage and requirement if such violations acceptable or not.
 - QSV-FF encode not utilizing render engine, except next 2 cases:
 - Target Usage equal to 1 and NumRefFrame equal to 3.
 - ARGB used as input.
 - Not supported `mfxExtCodingOption3::AdaptiveMaxFrameSize`.
- MaxQP with MaxFrameSize – not working, MaxQP will have more priority and MaxFrameSize will be violated.
- Frames for different views in single AU in MVC encoder must be provided to encoder in order specified by `mfxMVCViewDependency`.
- `MFX_EXTBUFF_AVC_REFLIST_CTRL` and `MFX_EXTBUFF_CODING_OPTION_SPSPPS` external buffers are not supported by MVC encoder.
- MVC encoder supports `MFX_PROFILE_AVC_STEREO_HIGH` only.
- H.264 encoder in software implementation doesn't support processing of `mfxExtPictureTimingSEI` template. During initialization 0xFFFF values will be reset to default values. In runtime 0xFFFF values will be put to bitstream as is.
- `RefPicMarkRepSEI` syntax is not supported by MVC encoder.
- Known limitations for H.264 Multiple-Segment Encoding:
 - Hardcoded HRD parameters: `bit_rate_scale = 0`, `cpb_size_scale = 3`.
 - Encoded `bit_rate_value_minus1`, `bit_rate_scale` represent BitRate from original SPS within precision of Kbps (maximum supported BitRate is $2^{16} - 1$ Kbps).

- Encoded `cpb_size_value_minus1`, `cpb_size_scale` represent `CpbSize` from original SPS within precision of Kb (maximum supported `CpbSize` is $2^{16} - 1$ Kb).
 - Encoded `time_scale`, `num_units_in_tick` could be both multiplied by 2 if the `time_scale` from original SPS is odd.
 - Conflicts between SPS/PPS and `mfxVideoParam` for parameters that are not covered by SPS/PPS could lead to change of parameters in SPS/PPS.
- Target usage 7 of H.264/MVC encoders in software implementation is known to have a non-monotonic quality versus bitrate dependency.
- MVC encoder ignores any user SEI messages for the dependent view.
- The look ahead bitrate control mode may produce non HRD compliant encoded streams.
- `mfxExtCodingOption2::LookAheadDS` currently supports only `MXF_LOOKAHEAD_DS_OFF` and `MXF_LOOKAHEAD_DS_2x`, `MXF_LOOKAHEAD_DS_4x` will give the same result as `MXF_LOOKAHEAD_DS_2x`. `MXF_LOOKAHEAD_DS_OFF` is the default value for target usage 1 and 2. `MXF_LOOKAHEAD_DS_2x` is the default value for target usages 3 – 7.
- H.264 and MVC encoders may not obey the minimum compression ratio required by the Blu-Ray*/AVCHD* specifications when the requirement is stronger than in H.264 standard.
- The value reported via `mfxExtEncoderCapability::MBPerSec` may be bigger than the actual maximum processing rate of the encoder.
- To change encoding parameters on the fly with `Reset()` function w/o IDR insertion application should drain all the buffered surfaces from encoder. Otherwise encoder may demonstrate undefined behavior after `Reset`.
- Call of `Reset` which starts new sequence (inserts IDR) will drop HRD conformance over the inserted IDR (CPB removal counter will be set to 0 in the IDR Picture Timing SEI).
- HRD violations are possible in specific scenarios (e.g. massive frame skipping).
- Encoder prohibits increase of DPB size (`NumRefFrame`) via `Reset` function even if new size is lower than initialization value. `Reset` function will return `MXF_ERR_INCOMPATIBLE_VIDEO_PARAM` on any attempt to increase `NumRefFrame`.
- Target usage `MXF_TARGETUSAGE_BEST_SPEED` may produce better objective quality than `MXF_TARGETUSAGE_BALANCED`.
- Encoder may not insert PCM macroblocks when required. Encoding of specific (complex) content with huge bitrate (which makes encoder insert many PCM MBs) may cause a GPU hang on Haswell.
- `Reset` function isn't supported for LookAhead BRC modes. `Reset` function doesn't return an error when called together with LA BRC. Result of such `Reset` call is undefined.

- B-pyramid isn't supported together with HRD compliant Look Ahead BRC (MFX_RATECONTROL_LA_HRD) and Look Ahead BRC with sliding window control (MFX_RATECONTROL_LA and WinBRCTMaxAvgKbps and WinBRCTSize).
- Careful memory/resource planning is needed when using Look Ahead BRC due to storage of pre-analyzed frames. 1:N and N:N transcoding use cases are especially demanding for memory.
- When external Look Ahead BRC is used in transcoding pipeline which includes Frame Rate conversion (FRC), FRC in the pipeline should take place before external Look Ahead. Otherwise encoder may return error MFX_ERR_UNDEFINED_BEHAVIOR from EncodeFrameAsync calls.
- Trellis option can be enabled only on lower target usages, on some of those it is enabled by default but can be switched off. Exact implementation details are hidden and may change with time and between platforms. Use of Query function to retrieve actual support is strongly recommended.
- SkipFrame feature has the following limitations:
 - If GOP has only P frames, arbitrary P can be skipped. When skipped, it is made non-reference.
 - If GOP has B frames, only non-reference B can be skipped.
- Some fails can happen during encoding in case of reinitialization of encoder in one session with DirectX11.
- On specific content and height bitrate encoder doesn't always re-code MB as PCM when its size exceed allowed by standard.
- Encoding using VBR and dynamically adjusted the MaxFrameSize on a per-frame basis algorithm may leads to HRD buffer underflow and quality artifacts.
- Max bitrate violations are possible in case of using VBR and specific payload.
- For RGB input in case of unspecified mfxExtVideoSignalInfo::MatrixCoefficients or not equals 1 will be used BT.601, if mfxExtVideoSignalInfo::MatrixCoefficients = 1 - BT.709. Actual list of supported conversions may depend from version of driver. On 7th Generation Intel® Core™ and driver 15.46 mfxExtVideoSignalInfo::MatrixCoefficients will be ignored.
- For HW BRC: supported only WinBRCTSize <=1 sec.
- Enable/disable repartition check is not supported in case of LowPower encoder mode.
- For explicit weighted prediction since 7th Generation Intel® Core™ supported only LumaLog2WeightDenom / ChromaLog2WeightDenom = 6 or 0.
- Encoding fails could be observed on 8th Generation Intel® Core™ and Pentium platforms in case of ExtBrcAdaptiveLTR feature is turned on. Fails will be fixed in the nearest graphics driver updates.

MPEG-2 decode limitations:

- MPEG-2 Video decoder returns MFX_ERR_UNDEFINED_BEHAVIOR instead of MFX_ERR_MORE_DATA when part of sequence header is absent and MFX_BITSTREAM_COMPLETE_FRAME flag is set.

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- Decoder does not support bitstreams with resolution bigger than 2096x2096. MFXVideoDECODE_Init returns MFX_ERR_UNSUPPORTED on such bitstreams.
- Decoder does not support MPEG-1 bitstreams. It is interpreted as corrupted MPEG-2 bitstream. MFXVideoDECODE_Init returns MFX_ERR_NONE and MFXVideoDECODE_DecodeFrameAsync returns MFX_ERR_MORE_DATA until valid MPEG-2 bitstream is found.
- Sequence headers are skipped if resolution exceeds maximum supported values (2096x2096) or level/chroma are invalid. It affects MFXVideoDECODE_DecodeFrameAsync.
- mfxDecodeStat.NumFrame that is returned from GetDecodeStat function is less by 1 than actual count of decoded frames if GetDecodeStat is called after buffered frames are returned.

VC1 decode limitations:

- VC1 decoder can't set corruption flag in P,B-Frames if previous I-Frame was missed.

VP9 encode limitation:

- BRC doesn't support configurations where amount of bits for frames in base layer is less than amount of bits for frames in upper layers. Encoder may produce stream with bitrate of base layer proportionally bigger or equal to upper layers.
- Distance between base layer frames more than 8 may leads decrease of compressing effective.

VPP component has next limitations:

- Composition has issues after reset with input system memory usage, input system memory not recommended for use with composition if resetting composition pipeline required.
- MFX_FRCALGM_DISTRIBUTED_TIMESTAMP is unsupported by InverseTelecine and Deinterlace (60i->60p) VPP filters.
- mfxExtVppAuxData is deprecated.
- VPP::Query in software implementation mistakenly indicates support for MFX_FRCALGM_FRAME_INTERPOLATION while it is actually not available.
- VPP scaling in software implementation may produce slightly blurred frames for RGB32 interlaced content.
- VPP Image Stabilization and FRC Interpolated filters will be deprecated and not recommended for use due to result image quality and product quality associated with these filters.
- When De-interlace and FRC filters used in pipeline MFX_DEINTERLACING_BOB will be used by default, if not specified explicitly to use MFX_DEINTERLACING_ADVANCED.
- MFX_FOURCC_YV12 supported only via software fallback with DirectX* 11.1 interface.
- VPP in software implementation always uses simple FRC algorithm based on repeat/drop frames and ignores MFX_FRCALGM_FRAME_INTERPOLATION flag.

- ADI may produce color artefacts on frame preceding a scene change.
- ADI may produce color artefacts in case of harmonic motion (repeated pattern and motion magnitude is the same as the periodic of repeated pattern).
- Multiple VPP filters being combined in one session may produce output that is not bit-exact with the output from the same VPP filters that are split by separate sessions, but the difference does not affect visual quality.
- Frames with interlaced content must have CropH multiple of 4. Otherwise, VPP may produce color artefacts on the bottom lines.
- De-interlacing is supported for NV12, YUY2 formats only.
- Once enabled at the Init stage VPP de-interlacing for BOB mode is not disabled automatically if application provides input frames with picstruct set to MFX_PICSTRUCT_PROGRESSIVE.
- 1st frame is doubled during 30i->60p de-interlacing for MFX_DEINTERLACING_BOB and MFX_DEINTERLACING_ADVANCED_NOREF modes.
- MFXVideoVPP_GetVideoParam does not update values in attached extended buffers, except VPP_DO_USE.
- MFXVideoVPP_Reset could return error if additional memory allocation is required based on provided video parameters (changed type of color or frame rate conversion for example). The application should close VPP component and then re-initialize it in this case. See MFXVideoVPP_Reset in SDK API Reference Manual for more details about possible return statuses.
- Multiple RGB4 surfaces with PixelAlphaEnable enabled could give poor visual quality after composition on the same area with overlapping.
- Deprecated `MFX_EXTBUFF_VPP_PICTSTRUCT_DETECTION` enumerator.
- VPP Mirroring in pipeline with video to video memory in/output patterns can be supported only without any other filters, in/out memory patterns containing system memory is supported with any other legal filters combination.
- ADI with doubled framerate – there is an issue when first 3 frames copied instead of 2.
- On 6th generation Intel Core and Xeon E3 v5 Temporal Denoise enabled – this can affect some result of denoise on scene change and after reset with changed denoise factor.
- `mfxExtVPPSignalInfo` has to be attached to surface with NV12 format only when color conversion done.
- Rotate + Detail/ProcAmp – in combination affect each other, thus result can differ comparing running filters separately and in one call.
- Composition of more than 8 DirectX* 11 surfaces along with alpha blending and overlapping gives poor visual quality. The reason is the last picture blend with background.
- When video memory is used for input/output, applying MCTF feature on BXT/GLK platforms may cause corruptions of output streams.

The Media RAW Accelerator Plug-in has the following known limitations:

- Current version supports sessions only initialized as MFX_IMPL_HARDWARE, MFX_IMPL_HARDWARE_ANY, MFX_IMPL_VIA_D3D11, MFX_IMPL_VIA_D3D9.
- Software fallback implementation is not optimized thus performance is very poor.
- Software fallback can be not bit exact with GPU optimized version.
- Current version supports only system memory as input memory type.
- Current version supports only system memory as output memory type for MFX_FOURCC_ARGB16 and MFX_FOURCC_ABGR16 color types.
- Current version of plugin doesn't support opaque memory type.
- Additional Intel Media SDK session must be created to use traditional VPP features of Intel Media SDK HW Library.
- MFX_GAMMA_MODE_VALUE currently not supported.
- Current version supports only system memory output type for MFX_FOURCC_ARGB4 color type not supported with output Video memory type in case when total surface size is bigger than 6000x4000 on processors older than 6th generation Intel Core.
- For resolutions more than 6000x4000 result will be slightly different for padded content and non-padded content due to internal implementation.
- Application need to do MFXInit with API 1.10 version to have RAW Accelerator working on all available driver versions.
- MFX_EXTBUF_CAM_FORWARD_GAMMA_CORRECTION API is slower than MFX_EXTBUF_CAM_GAMMA_CORRECTION on platforms older than 6th generation Intel Core processors.
- Vignette correction filter support is limited to photo with 8192x8192 resolution of picture on 6th Generation Intel® Core™ platforms.
- For resolutions width bigger than 8192 and MFX_FOURCC_ARGB16 or MFX_FOURCC_ABGR16 color types plug-in will fall back to GPU acceleration instead of fixed function on 6th generation Core platforms.
- 3D look up table filter supported only on 6th generation Core platforms and will utilize render engine for acceleration.

Non zero values of CropY may cause RunFrameVPPAsync to fail with MFX_ERR_DEVICE_FAILED (-17 error code) only on 6th Generation Intel Core™ Processors based platforms.

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