```
!pip install xgboost
!pip install optuna
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: xgboost in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (3.0.4)
        Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from xgboost) (2
        Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-nccl-cu12 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from )
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        Collecting optuna
            Downloading optuna-4.5.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (17 kB)
        Collecting alembic>=1.5.0 (from optuna)
            Downloading alembic-1.16.5-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (7.3 kB)
        Collecting colorlog (from optuna)
            Downloading colorlog-6.9.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (10 kB)
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        Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from optuna) (4.6)
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        Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=4.12 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages
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        Downloading optuna-4.5.0-py3-none-any.whl (400 kB)
                                                                                   400.9/400.9 kB 8.6 MB/s eta 0:00:00
        Downloading alembic-1.16.5-py3-none-any.whl (247 kB)
                                                                                  247.4/247.4 kB 18.4 MB/s eta 0:00:00
        Downloading colorlog-6.9.0-py3-none-any.whl (11 kB)
        Installing collected packages: colorlog, alembic, optuna
        Successfully installed alembic-1.16.5 colorlog-6.9.0 optuna-4.5.0
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import xgboost as xgb
import optuna
from sklearn.model_selection import StratifiedKFold
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
from sklearn.feature selection import RFECV
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_score, f1_score, roc_auc_score
##load and prepare the data
def load_data(file_path):
       """Loads and prepares the depression dataset."""
       df = pd.read_csv('/content/Depression among female undergraduate students.csv')
       # Define target and features
       y = df['DepressionDiagnosed'].apply(lambda x: 1 if x == 'Yes' else 0)
       X = df.drop('DepressionDiagnosed', axis=1)
```

Identify categorical and numerical features

```
categorical_features = X.select_dtypes(include=['object', 'category']).columns
numerical_features = X.select_dtypes(include=np.number).columns
```

return X, y, numerical_features, categorical_features

```
## data visualize
df = pd.read_csv('/content/Depression among female undergraduate students.csv')
display(df.head())
```

→	Unn	named: 0	Timestamp	Continue	Age	Sex	Ethnicity	Yearinschool	Heght	Weight	ObesityHist
	0	0	2019-08- 26	Yes	21- 24	Female	Latino	Senior	5.7	230.0	No
	1	1	2019-08- 26	Yes	18- 21	Female	White	Junior	5.4	160.0	Yes
	2	2	2019-08- 26	Yes	21- 24	Female	White	Senior	5.8	240.0	Yes
	3	3	2019-08- 26	Yes	18- 21	Female	White	Freshman	5.9	155.0	No
	4	4	2019-08- 26	Yes	18- 21	Female	White	Freshman	5.1	137.0	No

5 rows × 69 columns

```
##data preprocessing
def create_preprocessor(numerical_features, categorical_features):
    """Creates a scikit-learn pipeline for data pre-processing."""
    numerical_transformer = Pipeline(steps=[
        ('imputer', SimpleImputer(strategy='median')), # Median imputation
        ('scaler', MinMaxScaler()) # Min-Max normalization
    1)
    categorical_transformer = Pipeline(steps=[
        ('imputer', SimpleImputer(strategy='most_frequent')),
        ('onehot', OneHotEncoder(handle_unknown='ignore'))
    ])
    preprocessor = ColumnTransformer(
        transformers=[
            ('num', numerical_transformer, numerical_features),
            ('cat', categorical_transformer, categorical_features)
        ])
    return preprocessor
## define the objective function for hyperparameter tuning
def objective(trial, X, y):
    """Optuna objective function to find the best XGBoost hyperparameters."""
    params = {
```

```
'objective': 'binary:logistic',
        'eval_metric': 'logloss',
        'n_estimators': trial.suggest_int('n_estimators', 100, 1000),
        'max_depth': trial.suggest_int('max_depth', 3, 10),
        'learning_rate': trial.suggest_float('learning_rate', 0.01, 0.3),
        'subsample': trial.suggest_float('subsample', 0.5, 1.0),
        'colsample_bytree': trial.suggest_float('colsample_bytree', 0.5, 1.0),
        'gamma': trial.suggest float('gamma', 0, 5),
        'reg_alpha': trial.suggest_float('reg_alpha', 0, 5),
        'reg_lambda': trial.suggest_float('reg_lambda', 0, 5),
        'use_label_encoder': False
    }
## define the objective function for hyperparameter tuning
def objective(trial, X, y):
    """Optuna objective function to find the best XGBoost hyperparameters."""
        'objective': 'binary:logistic',
        'eval_metric': 'logloss',
        'n_estimators': trial.suggest_int('n_estimators', 100, 1000),
        'max_depth': trial.suggest_int('max_depth', 3, 10),
        'learning_rate': trial.suggest_float('learning_rate', 0.01, 0.3),
        'subsample': trial.suggest float('subsample', 0.5, 1.0),
        'colsample_bytree': trial.suggest_float('colsample_bytree', 0.5, 1.0),
        'gamma': trial.suggest_float('gamma', 0, 5),
        'reg_alpha': trial.suggest_float('reg_alpha', 0, 5),
        'reg_lambda': trial.suggest_float('reg_lambda', 0, 5),
        'use label encoder': False
    }
    # Use class weighting for imbalanced data
    scale_pos_weight = (y == 0).sum() / (y == 1).sum()
    params['scale_pos_weight'] = scale_pos_weight
    model = xgb.XGBClassifier(**params)
    # Perform cross-validation and optimize for F1-score
    cv = StratifiedKFold(n_splits=3, shuffle=True, random_state=42)
    scores = []
    for train_idx, val_idx in cv.split(X, y):
        X_train, X_val = X[train_idx], X[val_idx]
        y_train, y_val = y[train_idx], y[val_idx]
        model.fit(X_train, y_train)
        preds = model.predict(X_val)
        scores.append(f1_score(y_val, preds))
    return np.mean(scores)
# Main script execution
if __name__ == '__main__':
    # Load data
    file_path = '/content/Depression among female undergraduate students.csv'
```

```
X, y, numerical_features, categorical_features = load_data(file_path)
# Create pre-processor
preprocessor = create_preprocessor(numerical_features, categorical_features)
# Define the outer cross-validation strategy
N_SPLITS = 5
skf = StratifiedKFold(n splits=N SPLITS, shuffle=True, random state=42)
metrics = {'accuracy': [], 'precision': [], 'recall': [], 'f1': [], 'auc': []}
print(f"Starting {N SPLITS}-fold cross-validation...")
for fold, (train_idx, test_idx) in enumerate(skf.split(X, y)):
    print(f"--- Fold {fold+1}/{N_SPLITS} ---")
   # Split data for this fold
   X train, X test = X.iloc[train idx], X.iloc[test idx]
   y_train, y_test = y.iloc[train_idx], y.iloc[test_idx]
   # 2.1 Pre-processing
   # Fit pre-processor on training data and transform both sets
   X train prep = preprocessor.fit transform(X train)
   X_test_prep = preprocessor.transform(X_test)
   # 2.2 Feature Selection (ECO Alternative)
    print("Running feature selection with RFECV...")
    xgb fs = xgb.XGBClassifier(use label encoder=False, eval metric='logloss')
    rfecv = RFECV(
        estimator=xgb_fs,
        step=1,
        cv=StratifiedKFold(3),
        scoring='f1',
        min_features_to_select=5 # Ensure a minimum number of features
    rfecv.fit(X_train_prep, y_train)
   X train fs = rfecv.transform(X train prep)
   X_test_fs = rfecv.transform(X_test_prep)
    print(f"Selected {X_train_fs.shape[1]} features out of {X_train_prep.shape[1]}.")
   # 2.4 Hyper-parameter Tuning (WSO Alternative)
    print("Running hyper-parameter tuning with Optuna...")
    study = optuna.create_study(direction='maximize')
    study.optimize(lambda trial: objective(trial, X_train_fs, y_train.values), n_trials=50) # Pas:
   best_params = study.best_params
    print(f"Best F1-score from tuning: {study.best value:.4f}")
   # Train final model with best parameters
    final_model = xgb.XGBClassifier(**best_params, use_label_encoder=False)
   final_model.fit(X_train_fs, y_train)
   # Evaluate on the held-out test fold
   y_pred = final_model.predict(X_test_fs)
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y_pred_proba = final_model.predict_proba(X_test_fs)[:, 1]

# Collect metrics
metrics['accuracy'].append(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
metrics['precision'].append(precision_score(y_test, y_pred))
metrics['recall'].append(recall_score(y_test, y_pred))
metrics['f1'].append(f1_score(y_test, y_pred))
metrics['auc'].append(roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred_proba))

# Print average results across all folds
print("\n--- Final Results (Averaged Across Folds) ---")
for key, value in metrics.items():
    print(f"{key.capitalize():<10}: {np.mean(value):.4f} \u00B1 {np.std(value):.4f}")</pre>
```

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/usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages/xgboost/training.py:183: UserWarning: [06:18:52] WARNING
Parameters: { "use_label_encoder" } are not used.

bst.update(dtrain, iteration=i, fobj=obj)
Best F1-score from tuning: 0.9354

--- Final Results (Averaged Across Folds) ---

Accuracy : 0.9493 ± 0.0139

Precision : 0.9931 ± 0.0138

Recall : 0.8727 ± 0.0297

F1 : 0.9288 ± 0.0200

Auc : 0.9384 ± 0.0094

Double-click (or enter) to edit