

Input	Result
20	1 2 4 5 10 20

Ex. No.	:	4.1	Date:
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Factors of a number

Determine the factors of a number (i.e., all positive integer values that evenly divide into a number).

PROGRAM:

def factors(x):
 for i in range(1, x + 1):
 if x % i == 0:
 print(i)
 input=int(input())
 print(factors(num))

Input	Result
292	1
1015	2
108	3
22	0

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Non Repeated Digit Count

Write a program to find the count of non-repeated digits in a given number N. The number will be passed to the program as an input of type int.

Assumption: The input number will be a positive integer number ≥ 1 and ≤ 25000 . Some examples are as below.

If the given number is 292, the program should return 1 because there is only 1 non-repeated digit '9' in this number

If the given number is 1015, the program should return 2 because there are 2 non-repeated digits in this number, '0', and '5'.

If the given number is 108, the program should return 3 because there are 3 non-repeated digits in this number, '1', '0', and '8'.

If the given number is 22, the function should return 0 because there are NO non-repeated digits in this number.

```
n=int(input())

temp=n

n=n%12

if(n==8):

print("%d is the year of the Dragon."%temp)

elif(n==9):

print("%d is the year of the Snake."%temp)

if(n==10):

print("%d is the year of the Horse."%temp)

if(n==11):

print("%d is the year of the Sheep."%temp)
```

```
<u>if(n==0):</u>
print("%d is the year of the Monkey."%temp)
if(n==1):
print("%d is the year of the Rooster."%temp)
if(n==2):
print("%d is the year of the Dog."%temp)
if(n==3):
print("%d is the year of the Pig."%temp)
if(n==4):
print("%d is the year of the Rat."%temp)
if(n==5):
print("%d is the year of the Ox."%temp)
if(n==6):
print("%d is the year of the Tiger."%temp)
if(n==7):
print("%d is the year of the Hare."%temp)
```

Example 1: if the given number N is 7, the method must return 2 Example 2: if the given number N is 10, the method must return 1 $\,$

Input	Result
7	2
10	1

Ex. No.	:	4.3	Date:
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Prime Checking

Write a program that finds whether the given number N is Prime or not. If the number is prime, the program should return 2 else it must return 1.

Assumption: $2 \le N \le 5000$, where N is the given number.

```
Program:
n=int(input())
sum=0
for i in range(1,5000):
if(n%i==0):
sum+=1
if(sum==2):
print("2")
else:
print("!")
```

Input Format:
Integer input from stdin.
Output Format:
Perfect square greater than N.
Example Input:
10
Output:
16

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Next Perfect Square

Given a number N, find the next perfect square greater than N.

PROGRAM:

n=int(input())

for i in range(1,10000):

<u>if(i%(i**0.5)==0):</u>

print(i)

<u>break</u>

NOTE: Fibonacci series looks like -

0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, ... and so on.

i.e. Fibonacci series starts with 0 and 1, and continues generating the next number as the sum of the previous two numbers.

- first Fibonacci number is 0,
- second Fibonacci number is 1,
- third Fibonacci number is 1,
- fourth Fibonacci number is 2,
- fifth Fibonacci number is 3,
- sixth Fibonacci number is 5,
- seventh Fibonacci number is 8, and so on.

For example:

Input:

7

Output

8

Ex. No. : 4.5 Date:

Register No.: Name:

Nth Fibonacci

Write a program to return the nth number in the fibonacci series. The value of N will be passed to the program as input.

```
n=int(input())
if n<=0:
print("Invalid input")
elif n=1:
print(0)
elif n==2:
print(1)
else:
a=0
b=1
for i in range(2,n):
temp=a+b
a=b
b=temp
print(b)</pre>
```

Input Format:

Single Integer Input from stdin.

Output Format:

Yes or No.

Example Input:

175

Output:

Yes

Explanation

1^1 + 7^2 +5^3 = 175

Example Input:

123

Output:

No

For example:

Input Result

175 Yes

123 No

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Disarium Number

A Number is said to be Disarium number when the sum of its digit raised to the power of their respective positions becomes equal to the number itself. Write a program to print number is Disarium or not.

PROGRAM: n=int(input()) str=str(n) sum=0 for i in range(len(str)): sum+=int(str[i])**(i+1) if sum==n: print("Yes") else:

print("No")

Sample Test Cases

Test Case 1

Input

4

Output

1234

Explanation:

as input is 4, have to take 4 terms.

1 + 11 + 111 + 1111

Test Case 2

Input

6

Output

123456

Input	Result
3	123

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Sum of Series

Write a program to find the sum of the series $1 + 11 + 111 + 1111 + \dots + n$ terms (n will be given as input from the user and sum will be the output)

PROGRAM:

n=int(input())

<u>sum=0</u>

 $\underline{\text{temp=1}}$

for i in range(n):

sum+=temp

temp=temp*10+1

print(sum)

Input	Result
292	2
1015	3

Ex. No.	:	4.8	Date:
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Unique Digit Count

Write a program to find the count of unique digits in a given number N. The number will be passed to the program as an input of type int.

Assumption: The input number will be a positive integer number ≥ 1 and ≤ 25000 . For e.g.

If the given number is 292, the program should return 2 because there are only 2 unique digits '2' and '9' in this number

If the given number is 1015, the program should return 3 because there are 3 unique digits in this number, '1', '0', and '5'.

PROGRAM:

n=int(input())
digits=set()
while n>0:
digit=n%10
digits.add(digit)
n=n//10
unique=len(digits)
print(unique

Input Format:
Single Integer input.
Output Format:
Output displays Yes if condition satisfies else prints No.
Example Input:
14
Output:
Yes
Example Input:
13
Output:
No

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Product of single digit

Given a positive integer N, check whether it can be represented as a product of single digit numbers.

```
n=int(input())
if n<10:
print("Yes")
else:
f=False
for i in range(2,10):
while n\%i==0:
n=n//i
<u>if n<10:</u>
f=True
break
if f:
break
if f:
print("Yes")
else:
print("No")
```

Input Format:

Single integer input.

Output Format:

Yes or No.

Example Input:

24

Output:

Yes

Example Input:

26

Output:

No

Input	Result
24	Yes

Ex. No.	:	4.10	Date:
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Perfect Square After adding One

Given an integer N, check whether N the given number can be made a perfect square after adding 1 to it.

```
a=int(input())+1
flag=0
if(a==0 or a==1):
flag=1
for i in range(2,(a//2)+1):
if(a==i*i):
flag=1
break
if flag==1:
print("Yes")
else:
print("No")
```

