Stack

1] Stack Data Structure using list:

```
stack=[]
stack.append(10)
stack.append(20)
stack.append(30)
print(stack)
print(stack.pop())

top=stack[-1]
print(top)
size=len(stack)
print(size)
```

OUTPUT:

[10, 20, 30]

30

20

2

2] Stack Implementation using deque:

```
from _collections import deque
stack=deque()

stack.append(10)
stack.append(20)
stack.append(30)
print(stack)
print(stack)
print(stack.pop())

top=stack[-1]
print(top)
size=len(stack)
print(size)
```

```
OUTPUT:
deque([10, 20, 30])
30
20
```

3] Linked list implementation of stack in python:

```
import math
#inf constant returns a floating-point positive infinity.
# For negative infinity, use -math. inf.
# The inf constant is equivalent to float('inf').
class Node:
  def __init__(self,d):
     self.data=d
     self.next=None
class MyStack:
  def __init__(self):
     self.head=None
     self.sz=0
  def push(self,x):
     temp=Node(x)
     temp.next=self.head
     self.head=temp
     self.sz=self.sz+1
  def size(self):
     return self.sz
  def peek(self):
     if self.head==None:
       return math.inf
     return self.head.data
  def pop(self):
```

```
if self.head==None:
    return math.inf
res=self.head.data
self.head=self.head.next
self.sz=self.sz-1
return res

s=MyStack()
s.push(10)
s.push(20)
s.push(20)
s.push(30)
print(s.pop())
print(s.pop())
print(s.size())
```

OUTPUT:

30

20

2

4] Check for balanced parenthesis in Python:

```
def isMatching(a,b):
  if (a=="(" and b==")") or (a=="{" and b=="}") or \
       (a=="[" and b=="]"):
     return True
     return False
def isBalanced(exoer):
  stack=[]
  for x in exoer:
    if x in ("(","{","["):
       stack.append(x)
       if not stack:
         return False
       elif isMatching(stack[-1],x)==False:
         return False
         stack.pop()
  if stack:
    return False
     return True
a=input()
print(isBalanced(a))
a=input()
print(isBalanced(a))
#OUTPUT
```