In [14]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pickle
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, roc_curve, auc
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

Loading categorical features calculated from eda & feature engineering

```
In [15]:
```

```
lead time mean = float(np.load('C:/Users/ganesh.chandra/Proj 87- Determinig items for sho
rtage prior occurence- Inventory Mgmt/lead time mean.npy'))
potential issue probability matrix = pd.read csv('C:/Users/ganesh.chandra/Proj 87- Determ
inig items for shortage prior occurence- Inventory Mgmt/potential issue probability matri
x.csv')
deck risk probability matrix = pd.read csv('C:/Users/ganesh.chandra/Proj 87- Determinig i
tems for shortage prior occurence- Inventory Mgmt/deck_risk_probability_matrix.csv')
oe_constraint_probability_matrix = pd.read_csv('C:/Users/ganesh.chandra/Proj 87- Determin
ig items for shortage prior occurence- Inventory Mgmt/oe constraint probability matrix.cs
v')
ppap risk probability matrix = pd.read csv('C:/Users/ganesh.chandra/Proj 87- Determinig i
tems for shortage prior occurence- Inventory Mgmt/ppap risk probability matrix.csv')
stop auto buy probability matrix = pd.read csv('C:/Users/ganesh.chandra/Proj 87- Determin
ig items for shortage prior occurence- Inventory Mgmt/stop auto buy probability matrix.cs
rev stop probability matrix = pd.read csv('C:/Users/ganesh.chandra/Proj 87- Determinig it
ems for shortage prior occurence- Inventory Mgmt/rev stop probability matrix.csv')
data = pd.read csv("C:/Users/ganesh.chandra/Proj 87- Determining items for shortage prior
occurence- Inventory Mgmt/Kaggle Test Dataset v2.csv")
y = data['went on backorder']
x = data.drop('went on backorder', axis=1)
```

Model interpretability: Instance level

```
In [16]:
```

```
def final fun 1(x):
    Takes the dataframe as input and predicts if the products have gone into backorder or
not. O indicates the product has not gone into backorder
   and 1 indicates, the product has gone into backorder.
   if type(x) == dict:
       dataframe = pd.DataFrame(x, index=[0], columns=['sku', 'national inv', 'lead tim
e', 'in transit qty',
                                                    'forecast 3 month', 'forecast_6_mon
th', 'forecast 9 month',
                                                    'sales 1 month', 'sales 3 month', '
sales 6 month', 'sales 9 month',
                                                    'min_bank', 'potential_issue', 'pie
ces past due', 'perf 6 month avg',
                                                    'perf 12 month avg', 'local bo qty'
, 'deck_risk', 'oe_constraint',
                                                    'ppap risk', 'stop auto buy', 'rev
stop'])
   else:
       dataframe = x
    dataframe = dataframe.drop('sku', axis=1) #dropping sku column
```

```
if dataframe.iloc[-1].isna().all() == True:
        dataframe = dataframe[:-1] #removing last row as there are NaN values
    dataframe = dataframe.fillna(lead time mean) #mean imputation
    dataframe.replace({'Yes': 1, 'No': 0}, inplace=True) #converting categorical feature
s into binary features
    #adding binary pieces past due
    conditions = [dataframe['pieces past due'] == 0, dataframe['pieces past due'] > 0]
    values = [0, 1]
    dataframe['binary pieces past due'] = np.select(conditions, values)
    #adding binary local bo qty
    conditions = [dataframe['local bo qty'] == 0, dataframe['local bo qty'] > 0]
    values = [0, 1]
    dataframe['binary local bo qty'] = np.select(conditions, values)
    #imputing all categorical features
    conditions pt = [dataframe['potential issue'] == 0, dataframe['potential issue'] ==
1]
    values pt = [potential issue probability matrix['No'][0], potential issue probabilit
y matrix['No'][1]]
    dataframe['potential issue'] = np.select(conditions pt, values pt)
    conditions dr = [dataframe['deck risk'] == 0, dataframe['deck risk'] == 1]
    values dr = [deck risk probability matrix['No'][0], deck risk probability matrix['No']
    dataframe['deck risk'] = np.select(conditions dr, values dr)
    conditions oe = [dataframe['oe constraint'] == 0, dataframe['oe constraint'] == 1]
    values oe = [oe constraint probability matrix['No'][0], oe constraint probability ma
trix['No'][1]]
    dataframe['oe constraint'] = np.select(conditions oe, values oe)
    conditions pp = [dataframe['ppap risk'] == 0, dataframe['ppap risk'] == 1]
    values pp = [ppap risk probability matrix['No'][0], ppap risk probability matrix['No'
1[1]]
    dataframe['ppap risk'] = np.select(conditions pp, values pp)
    conditions stp = [dataframe['stop auto buy'] == 0, dataframe['stop auto buy'] == 1]
    values stp = [stop auto_buy_probability_matrix['No'][0], stop_auto_buy_probability_m
atrix['No'][1]]
    dataframe['stop auto buy'] = np.select(conditions stp, values stp)
    conditions rev = [dataframe['rev stop'] == 0, dataframe['rev stop'] == 1]
    values rev = [rev stop probability matrix['No'][0], rev stop probability matrix['No'
][1]]
    dataframe['rev stop'] = np.select(conditions rev, values rev)
    filename = 'best model forest.h5'
    best model = pickle.load(open(filename, 'rb'))
    predictions = best model.predict(dataframe)
    if len(predictions) == 1:
        predictions = int(predictions)
    return predictions
a = final_fun_1(x) #taking entire dataframe as input
one_datapoint = dict(x.loc[0])
print(one datapoint)
{'sku': 3285085, 'national inv': 62.0, 'lead time': nan, 'in transit qty': 0.0, 'forecast
_3_month': 0.0, 'forecast_6_month': 0.0, 'forecast_9_month': 0.0, 'sales 1 month': 0.0, '
sales_3_month': 0.0, 'sales_6_month': 0.0, 'sales_9_month': 0.0, 'min_bank': 1.0, 'potent
ial_issue': 'No', 'pieces_past_due': 0.0, 'perf_6_month_avg': -99.0, 'perf_12_month_avg':
-99.0, 'local_bo_qty': 0.0, 'deck_risk': 'Yes', 'oe_constraint': 'No', 'ppap_risk': 'No',
'stop_auto_buy': 'Yes', 'rev_stop': 'No'}
In [17]:
final fun 1 (one datapoint) #taking one datapoint (dict) as input
Out[17]:
```

Model interpretability: Overall Model level

```
In [18]:
def final fun 2(x, y):
    Takes the input dataframe and the target label as input and makes prediction. These p
redictions and then used to compute the performance
    of the model. Metrics shown are accuracy, precision, recall, AUC and confusion matrix
    if np.isnan(y.iloc[-1]) == True:
       y = y[:-1]
       y.replace({'Yes': 1, 'No': 0}, inplace=True)
       y.replace({'Yes': 1, 'No': 0}, inplace=True)
   x = x.drop('sku', axis=1)
    #removing last row if they are all NaN
   if x.iloc[-1].isna().all() == True:
       x = x[:-1]
   x = x.fillna(lead time mean) #mean imputation
   x.replace({'Yes': 1, 'No': 0}, inplace=True) #converting categorical features into b
inary features
   #adding binary pieces past due
   conditions = [x['pieces past due'] == 0, x['pieces past due'] > 0]
   values = [0, 1]
    x['binary pieces past due'] = np.select(conditions, values)
    #adding binary local bo qty
    conditions = [x['local bo qty'] == 0, x['local bo qty'] > 0]
    values = [0, 1]
    x['binary local bo qty'] = np.select(conditions, values)
    #imputing all categorical features
    conditions pt = [x['potential issue'] == 0, x['potential issue'] == 1]
   values_pt = [potential_issue_probability_matrix['No'][0], potential issue probabilit
y matrix['No'][1]]
   x['potential issue'] = np.select(conditions pt, values pt)
    conditions dr = [x['deck risk'] == 0, x['deck risk'] == 1]
   values dr = [deck risk probability matrix['No'][0], deck risk probability matrix['No']
][1]]
   x['deck_risk'] = np.select(conditions_dr, values_dr)
    conditions oe = [x['oe\ constraint'] == 0,\ x['oe\ constraint'] == 1]
    values oe = [oe constraint probability matrix['No'][0], oe constraint probability ma
trix['No'][1]]
   x['oe constraint'] = np.select(conditions oe, values oe)
   conditions pp = [x['ppap risk'] == 0, x['ppap_risk'] == 1]
   values pp = [ppap risk probability matrix['No'][0], ppap risk probability matrix['No'
1[1]]
   x['ppap risk'] = np.select(conditions pp, values pp)
   conditions stp = [x['stop auto buy'] == 0, x['stop auto buy'] == 1]
   values stp = [stop auto buy probability matrix['No'][0], stop auto buy probability m
   x['stop auto buy'] = np.select(conditions stp, values stp)
   conditions rev = [x['rev stop'] == 0, x['rev stop'] == 1]
    values_rev = [rev_stop_probability_matrix['No'][0], rev_stop_probability_matrix['No']
][1]]
```

x['rev stop'] = np.select(conditions rev, values rev)

filename = 'best model forest.h5'

```
best_model = pickle.load(open(filename, 'rb'))
predictions = best_model.predict(x)

#printing metrics
print('Accuracy:', accuracy_score(y, predictions))
#plotting confurion matrix
y_pred = best_model.predict_proba(x)[:,1]
fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y, y_pred)
print('AUC:', auc(fpr, tpr))
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label="AUC ="+' '+str(auc(fpr, tpr)))
plt.legend()
plt.xlabel("FPR")
plt.ylabel("TPR")
plt.title("ROC-AUC Curve")
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```

In [19]:

```
final_fun_2(x, y)
```

Accuracy: 0.9620902612826603 AUC: 0.9230197572030208

