## Week 15

```
* Complete the 'reverseArray' function below.
     * The function is expected to return an INTEGER_ARRAY.
5
     * The function accepts INTEGER_ARRAY arr as parameter.
6
7
8 +
9
     * To return the integer array from the function, you should:
         - Store the size of the array to be returned in the result_count variable
11
          - Allocate the array statically or dynamically
12
13 * For example,
14 * int* return_integer_array_using_static_allocation(int* result_count) {
15
    * *result_count = 5;
16
17
          static int a[5] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\};
18
19
         return a;
20
     * }
21
22 1
    * int* return_integer_array_using_dynamic_allocation(int* result_count) {
23
          *result count = 5;
24
25
          int *a = malloc(5 * sizeof(int));
26
27 •
          for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
28
             *(a + i) = i + 1;
29
30
31
         return a;
32
33
34
     */
35
    int* reverseArray(int arr_count, int *arr, int *result_count)
36 + {
37
        *result_count = arr_count;
38
         for(int i=0;i<arr_count/2;i++)
39 1
40
           int temp=arr[i];
41
            arr[i]=arr[arr_count-i-1];
42
           arr[arr_count-i-1]=temp;
43
44
        return arr;
45
46
47
48
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
V	int arr[] = {1, 3, 2, 4, 5};	5	5	~
	int result_count;	4	4	
	<pre>int* result = reverseArray(5, arr, &amp;result_count);</pre>	2	2	
	for (int i = 0; i < result_count; i++)	3	3	
	printf("%d\n", *(result + i));	1	1	

```
* Complete the 'cutThemAll' function below.
     * The function is expected to return a STRING.
     * The function accepts following parameters:
     * 1. LONG_INTEGER_ARRAY lengths
     * 2. LONG_INTEGER minLength
9
10 ,
11
     * To return the string from the function, you should either do static allocation or dynamic allocation
12
13
     * For example,
14 +
     * char* return_string_using_static_allocation() {
15
     * static char s[] = "static allocation of string";
16
17
          return s;
18
     * }
19
20 +
     * char* return_string_using_dynamic_allocation() {
21
     * char* s = malloc(100 * sizeof(char));
22
23
24
25
     * s = "dynamic allocation of string";
          return s;
26
27
28
29
     char* cutThemAll(int lengths_count, long *lengths, long minLength)
30 +
31
        long t=0,i=1;
32
        for(int i=0;i<=lengths_count-1;i++)
33 +
34
35
       t+=lengths[i];
36
37 +
38
39 +
       if(t-lengths[lengths_count-i-1]<minLength)
40
41
           return "Impossible";
42
43
       1++;
44
45
     while(i<lengths_count-1);
46
      eturn "Possible";
47
48
49
50
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	long lengths[] = {3, 5, 4, 3}; printf("%s", cutThenAll(4, lengths, 9))	Possible	Possible	~
~	<pre>long lengths[] = {5, 6, 2}; printf("%s", cutThenAll(3, lengths, 12))</pre>	Impossible	Impossible	~

Passed all tests! 🗸