InteropolGITAL October 5-8

Deep dive on Ansible collections for network automation

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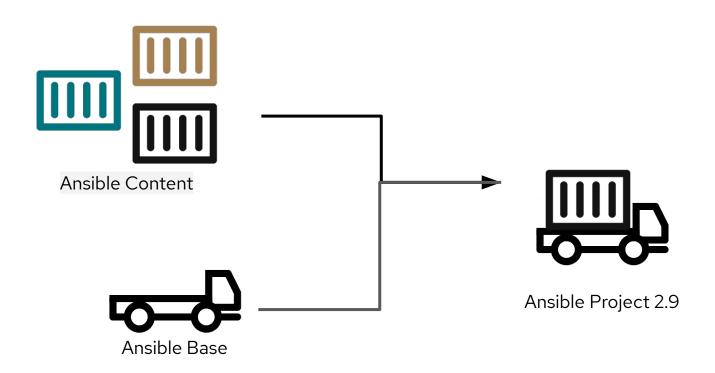
About me

- Works as Principal Software Engineer with Ansible Content Engineering team.
- Software developer with 13+ years of experience
- Worked extensively on network management plane to develop software features for automation and programmability
- Co-organiser of Ansible Pune, India meetup

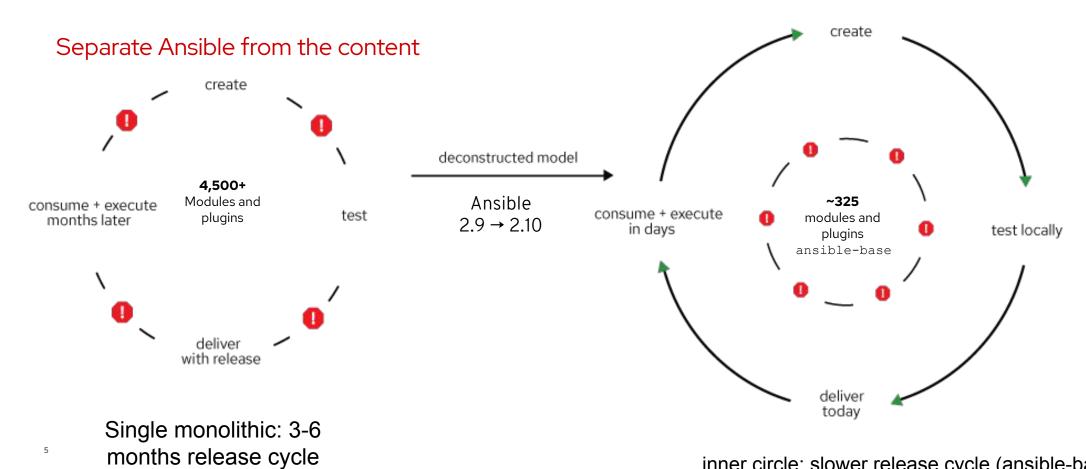
Agenda

- Why and what is Ansible collection?
- Ansible Network collections
- Network specific Ansible plugins
- Using an existing network collection
- Creating your collections with network specific Ansible plugins
 - terminal
 - cliconf
 - netconf
 - httpapi
- Demo

Why Ansible collection?



Why Ansible collection?

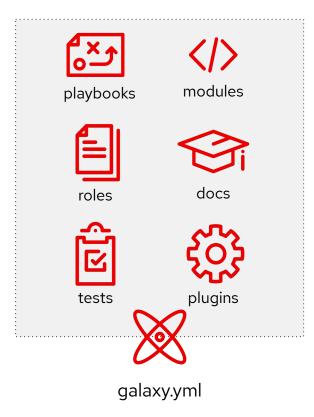


inner circle: slower release cycle (ansible-base) outer circle: faster release cycle (content in collections)

What is Ansible collection?

What is in it?

- Components are well defined, there is a standard for the directory structure
- Requires same standard of documentation that the Ansible Project does
- Scaffolding can be created with Ansible Galaxy command



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What is Ansible collection?

Directory Structure

- docs/: local documentation for the collection
- galaxy.yml: source data for the MANIFEST.json that will be part of the collection package
- playbooks/: playbooks reside here
 - tasks/: this holds 'task list files' for include_tasks/import_tasks usage
- plugins/: all ansible plugins and modules go here, each in its own subdir
 - modules/: ansible modules
 - modules_utils/ util code for modules and other plugins
 - lookups/: lookup plugins
 - filters/: Jinja2 filter plugins
 - o connection/: connection plugins required if not using default
- roles/: directory for ansible roles
- tests/: tests for the collection's content

Where do I get it?

Ansible Galaxy

galaxy.ansible.com

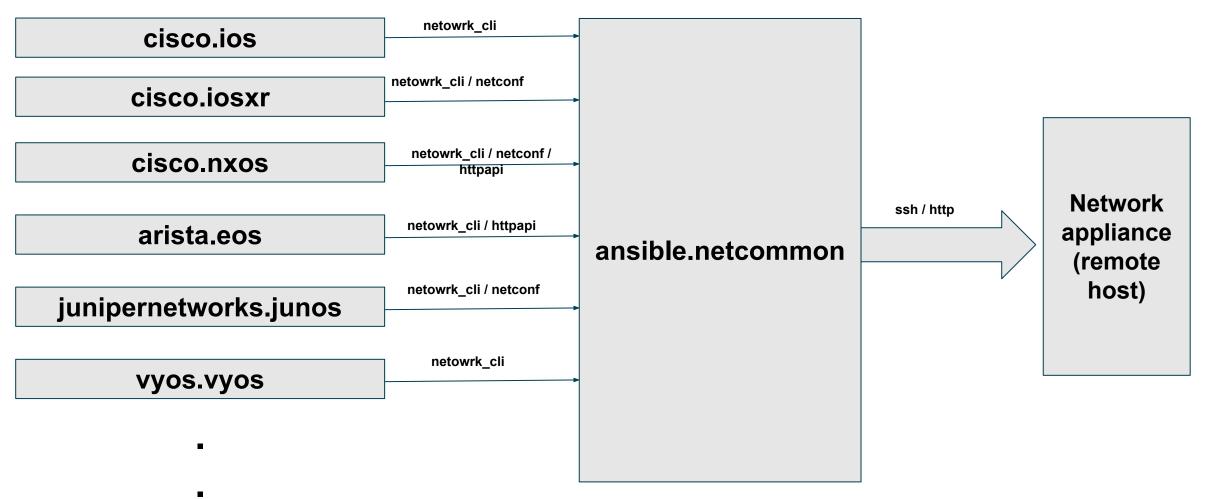
- Community supported
- Extended to leverage Collections framework
- "Latest and greatest"

Ansible Automation Hub

cloud.redhat.com

- Certified, jointly supported by Red Hat and Partner
- Access to advanced analytics
- "Slow and steady"

Ansible network collections



https://github.com/ansible-collections

Using an existing network collection

How do I install it?

Install an Ansible Collection:

ansible-galaxy collection install cisco.ios

This installs (by default) into:

~/.ansible/collections/ansible collections

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Using an existing network collection (example)

Platform agnostic modules using ansible.netcommon.network_cli connection plugin

```
- hosts: ios
  vars:
    ansible connection: ansible.netcommon.network cli
    ansible network os: cisco.ios.ios
 tasks:
 - name: run operational mode command
   ansible.netcommon.cli command:
    command: show version
  register: result
 - name: run configuration mode command
   ansible.netcommon.cli config:
    config: "{{ item }}"
  loop:
     - interface GigabitEthernet1/0/11
     - shutdown
  register: result
```

Platform collection implements **cliconf** and **terminal** plugins (more on this in later slides) to work with network cli connection type

Using an existing network collection (example)

Platform specific modules using ansible.netcommon.network_cli connection plugin

```
- hosts: ios
 vars:
    ansible connection: ansible.netcommon.network cli
    ansible network os: cisco.ios.ios
  tasks:
  - name: Merge interface configuration
    cisco.ios.ios interfaces:
      config:
        - name: GigabitEthernet0/2
          description: Configured by Ansible
          enabled: true
      state: merged
    register: result
```

Platform collection implements **cliconf** and **terminal** plugins (more on this in later slides) to work with network cli connection type

Creating your own collection

Create an Ansible Collection:

ansible-galaxy collection init myorg.nos

```
$ tree myorg
myorg
  - nos
        docs
       galaxy.yml
      - plugins
        README.md
        README.md
        roles
```

terminal plugin:

- Should be implemented for the platform collection to work with ansible.netcommon.network_cli connection type.
- This plugin controls the terminal parameters of the host after remote login is successful for eg. privilege escalation

```
$cat myorg/nos/plugins/terminal/nos.py
class TerminalModule(TerminalBase):
    terminal_stdout_re = [...]
    terminal_stderr_re = [...]
    def on_open_shell(self):...
    def on_become(self, passwd=None):...
    def on_unbecome(self):...
```

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cliconf plugin:

- Should be implemented for the platform collection to work with ansible.netcommon.network_cli connection type.
- This plugin abstracts low level command execution calls within the connection plugin and expose set to API's to the module code

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\$cat myorg/nos/plugins/cliconf/nos.py

```
from ansible.plugins.cliconf import CliconfBase, enable_mode
class Cliconf(CliconfBase):
   @enable mode
    def get_config(self, source='running', flags=None, format=None):...
   @enable mode
   def edit_config(self, candidate=None, commit=True, replace=None, comment=None):...
   def get_diff(self, candidate=None, running=None, diff_match='line', diff_ignore_lines=None, path=None, diff_replace='line'):
   def get(self, command=None, prompt=None, answer=None, sendonly=False, output=None, newline=True, check_all=False):...
   def get_device_info(self):...
   def get_capabilities(self):...
    def run_commands(self, commands=None, check_rc=True):...
```

netconf plugin:

- Should be implemented for the platform collection to work with ansible.netcommon.netconf connection to support vendor specific netconf RPC's.
- For example in case of junos the proprietary RPC methods are implemented in "junipernetworks/junos/plugins/netconf/junos.py" and value of "ansible_network_os" is set the name of the netconf plugin file, that is "junipernetworks.junos.junos" in this case.
- If the network device support standard netconf (RFC 6241) operation like "get", "get-config", "edit-config" etc set the value of "ansible_network_os" to "ansible.netcommon.default"
 - "ansible.netcommon.netconf_get", "ansible.netcommon.netconf_config" and "ansible.netcommon.netconf_rpc" modules can be used to talk to netconf enable remote host.

```
$cat ansible/nos/plugins/netconf/nos.py
from ansible.plugins.netconf import NetconfBase
class Netconf(NetconfBase):
    def load_configuration(self, format='xml', action='merge',
                           target='candidate', config=None):...
    def compare configuration(self, rollback=0):...
   def reboot(self):...
```

\$cat ansible/lib/ansible/plugins/netconf/ init .py

```
from ansible.plugins import AnsiblePlugin
class NetconfBase(AnsiblePlugin):
    def get config(self, source=None, filter=None):...
    def get(self, filter=None, with_defaults=None):...
    def edit_config(self, config=None, format='xml', target='candidate',
                    default operation=None, test option=None, error option=None):...
    def validate(self, source='candidate'):...
    def copy_config(self, source, target):...
    def lock(self, target="candidate"):...
    def unlock(self, target="candidate"):...
    def discard changes(self):...
    def commit(self, confirmed=False, timeout=None, persist=None):...
    def get schema(self, identifier=None, version=None, format=None):...
    def delete_config(self, target):...
    def get capabilities(self):...
```

httpapi plugin:

- Should be implemented for the platform collection to work with ansible.netcommon.httpapi connection.
- Can be implemented for remote host that supports http and not specifor for networking
- A well-constructed httpapi plugin should take in structured data and return structured data.

\$cat myorg/nos/plugins/httpapi/nos.py

```
class HttpApi(HttpApiBase):
    def __init__(self, connection):...
    def set_become(self, become_context):...
    def login(self, username, password):...
    def logout(self):...
    def update_auth(self, response, response_text):...
    def handle_httperror(self, exc):...
    def send_request(self, data, **message_kwargs):...
```

```
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```

```
$tree myorg/
myorg/
`-- nos
    |-- README.md
    I-- docs
    |-- galaxy.yml
    |-- plugins
        |-- README.md
        |-- cliconf
          `-- nos.py
        |-- httpapi
            `-- nos.py
        |-- netconf
            `-- nos.py
        `-- terminal
           `-- nos.py
    `-- roles
```

Building and installing your own collection

Building an Ansible Collection:

```
[user@rhel8 ~]$ cd /home/user/myorg/nos
[user@rhel8 ~]$ ansible-galaxy collection build
Created collection for myorg.nos at
/home/user/myorg/nos/myorg-nos-1.0.0.tar.gz
```

Install Ansible Collection from local file:

```
[user@rhel8 ~]$ ansible-galaxy collection install myorg-nos-1.0.0.tar.gz
myorq-nos-1.0.0.tar.qz
Process install dependency map
Starting collection install process
Installing 'myorg-nos:1.0.0' to
'/home/student1/.ansible/collections/ansible collections/myorg/nos'
```

Use you new content

Platform agnostic modules using ansible.netcommon.network_cli connection plugin

```
- hosts: nos hosts
 vars:
    ansible connection: ansible.netcommon.network cli
    ansible_network_os: myorg.nos.nos
 tasks:
 - name: run operational mode command
   ansible.netcommon.cli command:
     command: show version
   register: result
```

Publishing collection to ansible galaxy

```
[user@rhel8 ~]$ $ansible-galaxy collection publish
myorg-nos-1.0.0.tar.gz --token <API-token from ansible-galaxy>
```

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Demo

Questions?

Thank you!