

PRODUCT PREDICTIVE DEMAND IN MACHINE LEARNING

Data Loading:

Begin by loading the dataset. You can use libraries like Pandas to read data from various sources such as CSV, Excel, or SQL databases.

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
# Load data
```

```
data = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/amankharwal/Website1')
```

ID	Store ID	Total Price	Base Price	Units Sold	
0	1	8091	99.0375	111.8625	20
1	2	8091	99.0375	99.0375	28
2	3	8091	133.9500	133.9500	19
3	4	8091	133.9500	133.9500	44
4	5	8091	141.0750	141.0750	52

Data Preprocessing:

This step involves handling missing values, data normalization, feature scaling, and encoding categorical variables.

```
# Data preprocessing
```

```
# Handle missing values
```

```
data = data.dropna()
```

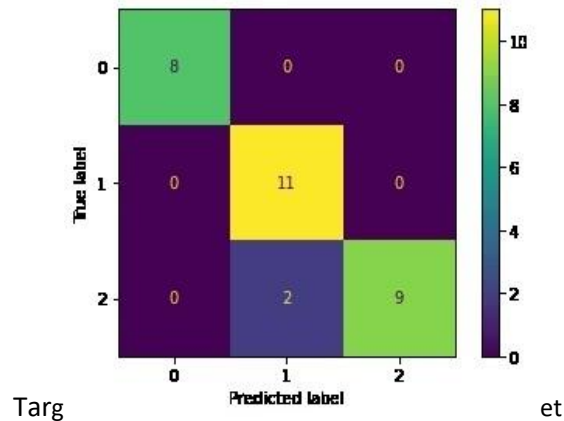
```
# Perform feature scaling and encoding if necessary
```

```
# ...
```

```
# Split data into features and target variable
```

```
X = data.drop('target_column', axis=1) # Features
```

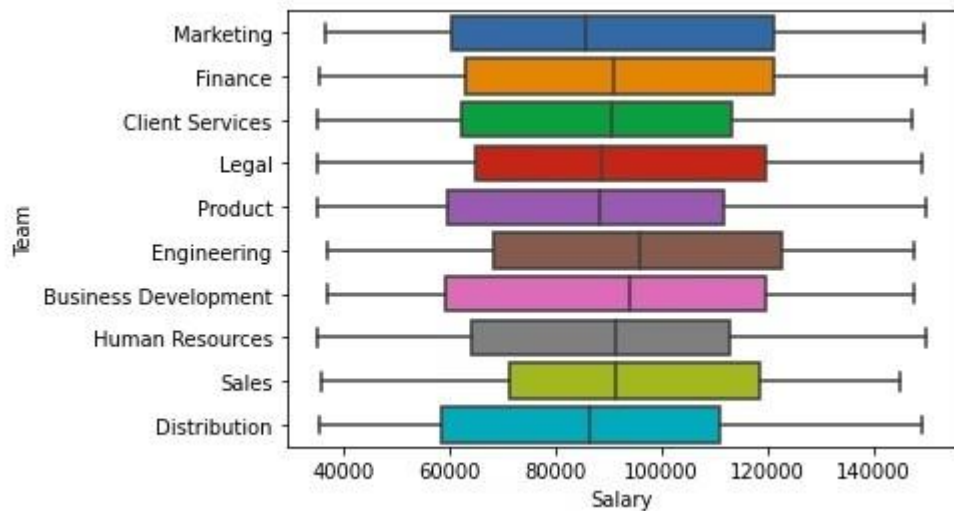
```
y = data['target_column'] #
```



Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA): This step helps you understand the dataset. You can use visualizations to analyze the distribution of features, correlations, and other patterns.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# EDA
# Perform data visualization
# ...
```



Feature Engineering:

Create new features or transform existing ones to improve the performance of your machine learning models.

```
: # Feature engineering
# Perform feature transformations, extraction, or selection
# ..
```

Model Building:

Choose an appropriate machine learning model for demand prediction, such as linear regression, decision trees, random forests, or deep learning models.

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
```

```
# Split the data into training and testing sets
```

```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
```

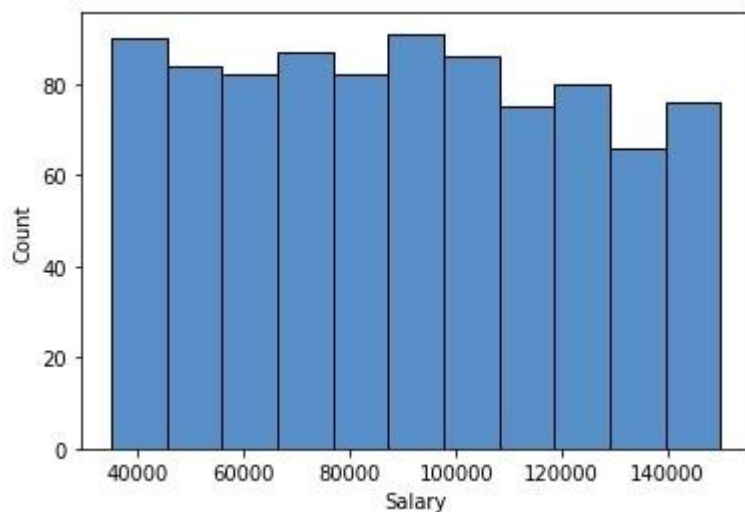
```
# Initialize and train the model
```

```
model = LinearRegression()
```

```
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
# Make predictions
```

```
predictions = model.predict(X_test)
```



Model Evaluation:

Evaluate the model using appropriate metrics such as mean squared error, mean absolute error, or R-squared.

```
from sklearn.metrics import
mean_squared_error,
mean_absolute_error, r2_score
```

```
# Model evaluation
```

```
mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, predictions)
```

```
mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, predictions)
```

```
r2 = r2_score(y_test, predictions)
```

```
print(f"Mean Squared Error: {mse}")
```

```
print(f"Mean Absolute Error: {mae}")
```

```
print(f"R-squared: {r2}")
```



```
# Save the model
import joblib
joblib.dump(final_model, 'demand_p
```