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# Sort Character & PSBB

This program is built using C# and utilizes .NET 8. It is recommended to use the .NET 8 framework and the commands dotnet build and dotnet run to compile and run the project. The main class is Program.cs, and the additional classes are in the Class folder/package.

# Usage

dotnet build

dotnet run

# Sort Character (NDL010)

#### Task

Find the vowel and consonant in words that inputted by user, after that sort the vowel and consonant based on the first appearance.

### Input:

- One line of words (S).

### Output:

- Contains vowel and consonant characters that has been sorted according to the following rules.
- Sort the letters according to the order they came out
- Separate between vowels and consonants.
- Process as lowercase letters (whitespaces are ignored)

Input	Output
Input one line of words (S) : Sample Case	Vowel Characters :
	aaee
	Consonant Characters
	: ssmplc
Input one line of words (S) : Next Case	Vowel Characters :
	eea
	Consonant Characters
	: nxtcs

#### Solution

#### Approach:

- 1. **Input Handling**: Read the input string and convert it to lowercase to ensure uniformity.
- 2. **Vowel Processing**: Extract vowels from the input string and sort them based on their first appearance.
- 3. **Consonant Processing**: Extract consonants from the input string and sort them based on their first appearance.
- 4. **Output**: Display the sorted vowels and consonants.

### **Program.CS**:

```
string input = Console.ReadLine();
string charVowel = ShortChar.procVowel(input.ToLower());
string charConsonant = ShortChar.procConsonant(input.ToLower());

Console.WriteLine("Vowel Characters : ");
Console.WriteLine(charVowel);
Console.WriteLine("Consonant Characters : ");
Console.WriteLine(charConsonant);
Console.WriteLine("\n");
```

#### ShortChar.cs

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
public class ShortChar
{
    public static string procVowel(string param){
        // To save the vowel
        var vowel = new List<char>();
        // To count the occurence using dict
        var countVow = new Dictionary<char, int>();
        for (int i = 0; i < param.Length; i++) {
            char vow = param[i];
            // Condition to check and find the vowel in input, also to exclude the
whitespace
            if (!char.IsWhiteSpace(vow) && vow == 'a' || vow == 'i' || vow == 'u'
|| vow == 'e' || vow == 'o') {
                vowel.Add(vow);
                if (!countVow.ContainsKey(vow)) {
                    countVow[vow] = i;
                }
            }
        }
        // Sort based on occurence
        for (int i = 1; i < vowel.Count; i++) {
            char vow = vowel[i];
            int j = i - 1;
            // Moving the vowel[j] to the correct position based on the occurence
            while (j >= 0 && countVow[vowel[j]] > countVow[vow]) {
                vowel[j + 1] = vowel[j];
                j -= 1;
            }
            vowel[j + 1] = vow;
```

```
return new string(vowel.ToArray());
    }
    public static string procConsonant(string param){
        // To save the consonant
        var consonant = new List<char>();
        // To count the occurence using dict
        var countCons = new Dictionary<char, int>();
        for (int i = 0; i < param.Length; i++) {
            char cons = param[i];
            // Condition to check and find the consonant in input, also to exclude
the whitespace
            if (!char.IsWhiteSpace(cons) && cons != 'a' && cons != 'i' && cons !=
'u' && cons != 'e' && cons != 'o') {
                consonant.Add(cons);
                if (!countCons.ContainsKey(cons)) {
                    countCons[cons] = i;
                }
            }
        }
        // Sort based on occurence
        for (int i = 1; i < consonant.Count; i++) {</pre>
            char cons = consonant[i];
            int j = i - 1;
            // Moving the vowel[j] to the correct position based on the occurence
            while (j >= 0 && countCons[consonant[j]] > countCons[cons]) {
                consonant[j + 1] = consonant[j];
                j -= 1;
            }
            consonant[j + 1] = cons;
        }
        return new string(consonant.ToArray());
    }
}
```

#### 1. Vowel Processing

- Iterating through each character in the input string.
- It will check if the character is a vowel and not a whitespace.
- After that adding the vowel to a list and track its first occurrence using a dictionary.
- And sorting the vowel list based on their first occurrence using the dictionary.

#### 2. Consonant Processing

• Similar to vowel processing, it will iterating through each character.

- Checking if the character is a consonant and not a whitespace.
- Add the consonant to a list and track its first occurrence using a dictionary.
- Sorting the consonant list based on their first occurrence using the dictionary.

## PSBB (Pembatasan Sosial Berskala Besar) (NDL011)

#### Task:

Galih and Ratna married during the COVID 19 period and only invited the families of both partners. they rented a number of minibuses to pick up all of their families to go to the wedding.

But during COVID 19, the government held a PSBB program to reduce the impact of the spread of the virus. Each mini bus can only carry at most 4 passengers.

What a minimum number of buses will they need to rent if all members of each family should ride in the same Busses. (one bus can't take more than two family)

#### Input:

- The first line contains integer n the number of families.
- The second line contains a sequence of integers. The integers are separated by a space, each integer is the number of members in the family.

### Output:

1-----

- Print the single number the minimum number of buses necessary to drive all family to the Wedding.
- Print "Input must be equal with count of family" if input number of family is not equal with count of family.

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Input	Output
Input the number of families : 5 Input the number of members in the family (separated by a space) : 1 2 4 3 3	Minimum bus required is : 4
Input the number of families: 8 Input the number of members in the family (separated by a space): 2 3 4 4 2 1 3 1	Minimum bus required is : 5
Input the number of families : 5 Input the number of members in the family (separated by a space) : 1 5	Input must be equal with count of family

#### Solution

Approach to find the solution:

- 1. Parse the input of number of families to integer because the input is in String format
- 2. Split the input of number of members in the family (separated by a space) and store it in a list
- 3. Sort the families by the number of members.
- 4. Pair families to fit into as few buses as possible.

#### Program.cs:

```
using System;
//////// TASK 2 : PSBB ( Pembatasan Sosial Berskala Besar ) ////////
class Program
   {
      static void Main(string[] args)
      {
         Console.WriteLine("TASK 2 : PSBB - Pembatasan Sosial Berskala Besar");
         Console.WriteLine("#####################");
         Console.Write("Input the number of families : ");
         int inputNum = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
         Console.Write("Input the number of members in the family (separated by
a space) : ");
         string[] inputFamily = Console.ReadLine().Split();
         // Validating input length
         if (inputFamily.Length != inputNum) {
             Console.WriteLine("Input must be equal with count of family");
             return;
         }
         string result = PSBB.MiniBus(inputNum, inputFamily);
         Console.WriteLine(result);
      }
   }
```

#### **PSBB.cs**:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;

public class PSBB
{
    public static string MiniBus(int count, string[] membersTotal){
        // Parsing the string in List membersTotal to int
        int[] members = new int[count];
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
            members[i] = int.Parse(membersTotal[i]);
        }
        // Sorting the family member
        Array.Sort(members);
        int busNeeded = 0;
        int x = 0;
        int y = members.Length - 1;
        // Group the family
        while (x <= y) {
            // This check if both small & large family can be in same bus
            if (members[x] + members[y] <= 4) {
                x += 1;
            y -= 1;
            busNeeded += 1;
        }
        return $"Minimum bus required is : {busNeeded}";
   }
}
```

#### 1. Sorting:

• The purpose of this sorting is to facilitate bigger and smaller family to be paired together.

### 2. Pairing:

- Use two pointers, one starting from the beginning is var x(smallest family) and one from the end is y(largest family).
- o Pair the smallest and largest families together to maximize bus usage.
- If the smallest and largest families together fit into one bus (4 members or fewer), move both pointers inward.
- If not, just move the pointer of the largest family.

Using this the families will be pair and usage the bus become efficient also can find the bus that needed to use.