

# GATE GE 81Q

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## Question

The value of the convolution of  $f(x) = 3 \cos(2x)$  and  $g(x) = \frac{1}{3} \sin(2x)$  where  $x \in [0, 2\pi)$ , at  $x = \frac{\pi}{3}$ , is (Rounded off to 2 decimal places)

## Solution

The  $f(x) = 3 \cos(2x)$  the Fourier series is

$$f(x) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos(2nx) \quad (1)$$

where  $b_n = 0$  since  $f(x)$  is even function

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} 3 \cos(2x) dx = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} 3 \cos(2x) \cos(2nx) dx \quad (3)$$

For  $g(x) = \frac{1}{3} \sin(2x)$  the Fourier series is:

$$g(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin(2nx) \quad (4)$$

The  $a_0 = a_n = 0$  since  $g(x)$  is an odd function

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1}{3} \sin(2x) \sin(2nx) dx \quad (5)$$

Let's calculate the  $b_n$  coefficients for  $g(x)$ :

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1}{3} \sin(2x) \sin(2nx) dx \quad (6)$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{3\pi} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} (\cos((2n-1)x) - \cos((2n+1)x)) dx \right] \quad (7)$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{3\pi} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \left( \left[ \frac{\sin((n-1)2x)}{2(n-1)} - \frac{\sin((n+1)2x)}{2(n+1)} \right]_0^{2\pi} \right) \right] \quad (8)$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{3\pi} \left[ \frac{1}{2} (0 - 0 - 0 + 0) \right] = 0 \quad (9)$$

Since all  $b_n$  coefficients are zero

$$(f * g)(x) = 0 \quad (10)$$

So, the convolution of  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  at  $x = \frac{\pi}{3}$  is 0.

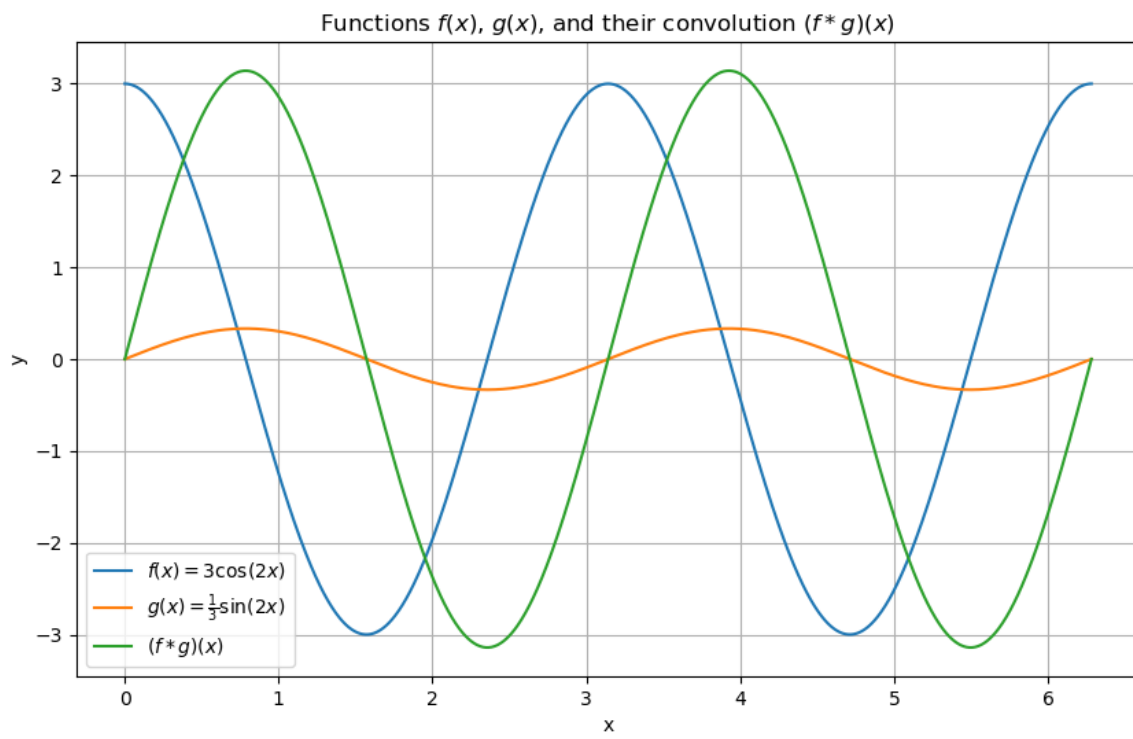


Fig. 0. Plot of  $y$  vs  $x$