Commands: awk and sed.

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Contents

- Discussion of homework
- 2 sed
- sed print/delete
- 4 sed text replacement
- 5 awk
- 6 awk patterns
- awk actions
- 8 awk functions
- awk arrays
- awk examples
- Momework

Discussion of homework

 How to print lines containing the same character at the beginning and at the end of line.

```
Hint: Use man -s 5 regexp and find meaning of symbols \n, \n (and \n) in the section 2.6 on server fray1.fit.cvut.cz.
```

 How to print all palindromes of length 2, 3, 4 and 5 characters from the file /usr/dict/words on server fray1.fit.cvut.cz.

- What is the meaning of the -n option at command sed?
- What is the meaning of the following sed commands?
 - p
 - d
 - S

sed - print/delete

- How to print the first 10 lines of the file /etc/passwd by command sed?
- How to print the last 10 lines of the file /etc/passwd by command sed?
- How to print line of the file /etc/passwd, that represents info about an user account "root" (see man 5 passwd)?
- How to print lines of the file /etc/passwd, that don't represent info about an user account "root"?

sed – text replacement

 Use the output of command 1s -1 /etc. How to replace the first character at line, which define the file type (d, -, l), by string (dir:, file:, link:).

sed - text replacement

- Use the output of command 1s -1 /. How to replace all strings "root" by strings "ADMIN"?
- Use the output of command 1s -1 /. How to print only the second column by the command sed?

awk

- Explain the behaviour of command awk.
- Example



awk - patterns

- How to print the first 10 lines of the file /etc/passwd by command awk?
- How to print the last 10 lines of the file /etc/passwd by command awk?

awk – patterns

- How to print lines containing string "root" from the file /etc/group by command awk?
- How to print lines not containing string "root" from the file /etc/group by command awk?
- Use output of command getent passwd.
- How to print lines that represent account info about users whose names are Jan or Peter or Eliska?
 - Trivial solution

awk - patterns

- How to print lines that represent account info about users whose names are Jan or Peter or Eliska?
 - Correct solution

lawk – actions

- How to print the name and the size of every regular file in /etc/?
- How to print the user name and the path to home directory for every user that has account on this system?
 Hint: Use command getent passwd.
- How to print the user name of user that has an account on this system and has the longest name (the 5th column)?

awk - functions

• What is the meaning of the following awk functions?

```
• length(str)
```

- substr(str, from, len)
- sub(ere,repl[,in])
- gsub(ere,repl[,in])
- split(str,arr[,fs])

awk - arrays

• Assume that the file m.txt has the following contents:

1 2 3 8 7 9				
	1	2	3	
2 7 0	8	7	9	
	2	7	2	

• How to change the order of columns, such that the column i $(0 \le i < n)$ will be swap with column (n - i) (reverse column order).

3	2	1
9	7	8
2	7	3

• Use output of command ps -ef. How to print info about processes which are running under the user root.

- Use output of command ps -eo user,rss,comm. How to print the number of processes running under the effective identity "root" and the number of memory (RSS) allocated by these processes.
- Example of output

```
$> ps -eo user,rss,comm | awk -f ps1a.awk
root: nproc=85 rss=602264 KB
```

Solution A

Solution B

Use the output from the command ps -eo user,rss,comm.
 How to print the following information about the processes of user whose name is given?

```
user_name: nproc=number_of_running_processes
rss=size_of_RSS_memory_alocatted_by_these_processes,
list=list_of_these_processes
```

Example of output

```
$> ps -eo user,rss,comm | awk -f ps2.awk
root: nproc=83 rss=582952 KB
    proclist: sched, /usr/sbin/init, ...
```

Solution A

Solution B

Homework

Use the output from the command ps -eo user,rss,comm.
 How to print the following information for every user that is working on the server?

```
user_name, nproc=number_of_running_processes,
rss=size_of_RSS_memory_alocatted_by_these_processes
```

Example of output

\$> ps -eo	user, rss, comm	1 :	nawk	-f	ps4.awk
User	NProc		RSS	(KE	3)
kolensta	2		288	888	
root	94		6891	.68	
trdlicka	4		244	48	
klamovik	4		381	12	