# Unix-like Operating Systems Regular expressions, command grep.

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#### Grep – options

- What is the default behaviour of the command grep?
  - Print lines matching a pattern.

```
ls /home/* 2>/dev/null | grep novak
```

- What is the meaning of the following options?
  - -v ... invert the sense of matching, to select non-matching lines,

```
echo $PATH | tr ':' '\n' | grep -v bin
```

• -c ... print a count of matching lines for each input file,

```
grep -c root /etc/passwd
```

• -i ... ignore case distinctions,

```
man ls | grep -i command
```

### Grep – options

- What is the meaning of the following options?
  - -l ... suppress normal output, instead print the name of each input file from which output would normally have been printed,

```
grep -l start /etc/* 2>/dev/null
```

 -n ... prefix each line of output with the 1-based line number within its input file

```
grep -n bash /usr/bin/* 2>/dev/null
```

• What is the meaning of the following symbols in ERE?

```
^ (caret/hat) ... begin of line,
$ ... end of line,
\< ... begin of word,</li>
\> ... end of word,
... any single character
[a-d], [abcd], [[:lower:]] ... single character from interval/list,
```

- ? ... the preceding item will be matched zero or one times,
- + ... the preceding item will be matched one or more times,
- \* ... the preceding item will be matched zero or more times,
- $\bullet$   $\{n\}$  ... the preceding item is matched exactly n times,
- {n,} ... the preceding item is matched n or more times,
- $\{n\}$  ... the preceding item is matched at most n times (GNU extension),

• [^a-d], [^abcd], [^[:lower:]] ... single character not from interval/list,

• {m,n} ... the preceding item is matched at least m times, but not more than n times.

- What is the meaning of the following symbols in ERE?
  - | ... the choice, that matches any string matching either alternate expression.
  - ( ) ... defines a marked subexpression. The string matched within the parentheses can be recalled later.
  - - For example, the expression  $^(.*)\1$  matches a line consisting of two repeated appearances of the same string.

• Copy file /usr/dict/words from fray1.fit.cvut.cz to local system.

```
scp fray1.fit.cvut.cz:/usr/dict/words
```

• Try the following commands and explain the output.

```
grep -E 'o' words
grep -E 'oo' words
grep -E 'oo$' words
grep -E ', oo' words
grep -E 'o.o' words
grep -E 'o.*o' words
grep -E '^o.*o$' words
```

• What is the difference between the following commands?

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 Use the output of the command ps -ef. How to print the number of processes running under the identity of the user root?
 Hint: try to find the correct solution for both Linux and Solaris.

```
ps -ef | grep -Ec '^root ' # Linux
ps -ef | grep -Ec '^ *root ' # Solaris
```

 Use the output of the command ps -eo pid, user, comm on the server fray1.fit.cvut.cz. How to determine how many times the program sshd is running on this server?

```
ps -eo user, pid, comm | grep -Ec '/sshd$'
```

### grep – table

 Use the output of the command ps -eo pid, user, comm on the server fray1.fit.cvut.cz. How to determine how many times the program sshd is running under the identity of the user root on this server?

```
ps -eo pid,user,comm | grep -Ec ' root *[^]*/sshd$'
```

 Use the output of the command getent passwd on the server fray1.fit.cvut.cz. How to determine how many students have the account on this server?

Hint: student's account has the flag student at the end of the fifth column.

```
getent passwd | grep -Ec ' student:[^:]*:[^:]*$'
```

# grep - file

Assume that the variable file is defined as follows

file=/home/courses/BIPS1/public/07/NAMES.TXT

Use the output of the command getent passwd on the server fray1.fit.cvut.cz. How to find account info about users whose names are in the file NAMES.TXT?

getent passwd | grep -Ef "\$file"

 How to print names of the days of the week from file /usr/dict/words on the server fray1.fit.cvut.cz?

```
M o n day
T u e s day
W e d nes day
T h u rs day
F r i day
S a t ur day
S u n day
```

```
grep -E '[MTWFS][ouehra][neduit][esnru]*day' words
```

grep -E '(Mon|Tues|Wednes|Thurs|Fri|Satur|Sun)day' words

#### Homework

 How to print lines containing the same character at the beginning and at the end of line.

```
grep '^(.).*\1$' /usr/dict/words
```

 How to print all palindromes of length 2, 3, 4 and 5 characters from the file /usr/dict/words on server fray1.fit.cvut.cz.

```
grep '^(.)\1$' /usr/dict/words
```

grep '^(.).\1\$' /usr/dict/words

grep '^(.)(.)\2\1\$' /usr/dict/words

grep '^(.)(.).\2\1\$' /usr/dict/words

