

# Algorithms of Information Security

## Exercises for *Key generation algorithms* and *Error-correcting codes I*

### Key generation algorithms:

1. Let  $s = 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, \dots$  be a sequence. Find:

- a) period and cycle of the sequence
- b) gaps and blocks
- c)  $C(0), C(1), C(2)$  and  $C(3)$ .

[Results: a) period is 3, cycle is  $s^3 = 0, 0, 1$ , b) 0,0 is a gap, 1 is a block, etc., c)  $C(0) = C(3) = 1, C(1) = C(2) = -\frac{1}{3}$ ]

2. Let  $s$  be a periodic sequence with period  $N = 15$  and cycle

$$s^{15} = 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1.$$

Verify Golomb's randomness postulates.

[Result: All three postulates are satisfied.]

3. We have a dice and we want to verify whether the dice is regular. We roll the dice 48 times and get the following roll frequencies:

Value	1	2	3	4	5	6
Frequency	10	6	14	2	4	12

Is the cube regular? Apply Chi-square goodness of fit test and choose the level of significance  $\alpha = 0.05$

[Result: We reject the hypothesis  $H_0$  that the dice is regular.]

4. Let  $s$  be a sequence of length  $n = 160$ , that contains the following subsequence repeated 4 times:

$$1110001100010001010011101111001001001001.$$

Apply frequency (monobit) and serial test. The level of significance is  $\alpha = 0.05$ .

[Results: The sequence passed both tests.]

### Error-correcting codes I:

5. Consider the field  $F_3$  and let the generating matrix of (5,2)-code be as follows:

$$G = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Convert the matrix  $G$  to the standard form and find the parity check matrix  $H$  of the code.

[Results: the matrix in standard form is

$$G' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

and parity check matrix is

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

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6. Consider the following binary code  $C = \{(0, 0, 0), (1, 0, 1), (0, 1, 1), (1, 1, 0)\}$ .

- a) Prove that  $C$  is a linear code.
- b) Find the distance  $d$  of the code  $C$ .
- c) Find the generating matrix  $G$  of the code  $C$ .

[Results: a) prove that  $C$  is a vector space, b)  $d = 2$ , c)

$$G = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

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