

EE1390

Matrix Project

EE18BTECH11016 and EE18BTECH11025

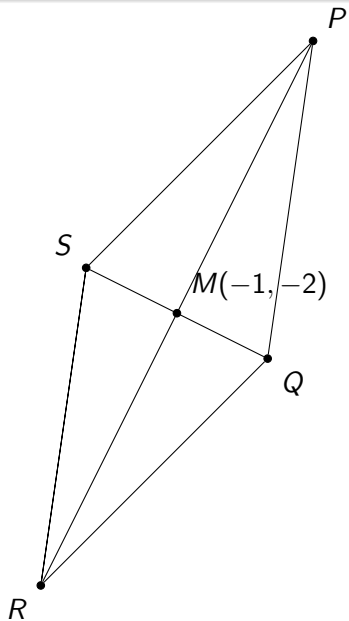
Two sides of a rhombus are along the lines

$$(7 - 1)x - 5 = 0$$

$$(1 - 1)x + 1 = 0$$

If its diagonals intersect at $(-\frac{1}{2})$, find its vertices.

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Solution

Given the equations of two lines PQ and PS are :

$$(7 -1)\mathbf{x} - 5 = 0$$

$$(1 -1)\mathbf{x} + 1 = 0$$

Solving these two equations , we get the point of intersection as P.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 1/6 & -1/6 \\ 1/6 & -7/6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

So coordinates of P in matrix form are $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$

Now to find coordinates of point R in matrix form, we need to use the mid-point formula.

Hence,

$$M = (P+R)/2$$

where M = point of intersection of diagonals

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R = 2M - P$$

$$R = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

The direction vector of PR is $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ So, normal vector of PR is $\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$

The equation of QS is $(2 \ 4)(\mathbf{x} - \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}) = 0$

$$(2 \ 4)\mathbf{x} + 10 = 0$$

We can get the points Q by finding the intersection of PQ and QS;

$$(7 \ -1) \mathbf{x} - 5 = 0$$

$$(2 \ 4) \mathbf{x} + 10 = 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & -1 \\ 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 4/30 & 1/30 \\ -2/30 & 7/30 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 \\ -8/3 \end{pmatrix}$$

Similarly for getting S, we find intersection of PS and QS

$$(1 \ -1) \mathbf{x} + 1 = 0$$

$$(2 \ 4) \mathbf{x} + 10 = 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 4/6 & 1/6 \\ -2/6 & 1/6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S = \begin{pmatrix} -7/3 \\ -4/3 \end{pmatrix}$$

