

Question:

You have three tables in a database:

1. **Employees** with columns: **EmployeeID** , **FirstName**, **LastName**, **DepartmentID**
2. **Departments** with columns: **DepartmentID** , **DepartmentName**
3. **Orders** with columns: **OrderID** , **EmployeeID** , **OrderDate** , **TotalAmount**

Please choose appropriate DataTypes.

Write a SQL query to retrieve the total sales amount for each department. Display the department name and the total sales amount. Assume that the sales representative information is stored in the **Employees** table, the department information is in the **Departments** table, and the sales orders are in the **Orders** table.

Expected Output:

DepartmentName	TotalSalesAmount
HR	XXXX.XX
IT	XXXX.XX

1. Creation of Tables:

Employees Table:

```
CREATE TABLE Employees (
```

```
    EmployeeID INT PRIMARY KEY,
```

```
    FirstName VARCHAR(50),
```

```
    LastName VARCHAR(50),
```

```
    DepartmentID INT
```

```
);
```

```
INSERT INTO Employees (EmployeeID, FirstName, LastName, DepartmentID) VALUES  
(1,'Karthik','Kumar',101);
```

```
INSERT INTO Employees (EmployeeID, FirstName, LastName, DepartmentID) VALUES  
(2,'Ravi','Kumar',102);
```

```
INSERT INTO Employees (EmployeeID, FirstName, LastName, DepartmentID) VALUES  
(3,'Rajendra','Prasad',103);
```

```
INSERT INTO Employees (EmployeeID, FirstName, LastName, DepartmentID) VALUES  
(4,'Anil','Chinta',101);
```

Departments Table:

```
CREATE TABLE Departments (
```

```
    DepartmentID INT PRIMARY KEY,
```

```
    DepartmentName VARCHAR(50)
```

```
);
```

```
INSERT INTO Departments (DepartmentID, DepartmentName) VALUES (101,'HR');
```

```
INSERT INTO Departments (DepartmentID, DepartmentName) VALUES (102,'IT');
```

```
INSERT INTO Departments (DepartmentID, DepartmentName) VALUES (103,'Sales');
```

Orders Table:

```
CREATE TABLE Orders (
```

```
    OrderID INT PRIMARY KEY,
```

```
    EmployeeID INT,
```

```
    OrderDate DATE,
```

```
    TotalAmount DECIMAL(10, 2)
```

```
);
```

```
INSERT INTO Orders (OrderID, EmployeeID, OrderDate, TotalAmount) VALUES  
(1001,1,TO_DATE('2024-01-10','YYYY-MM-DD'),250.00);
```

```
INSERT INTO Orders (OrderID, EmployeeID, OrderDate, TotalAmount) VALUES  
(1002,2,TO_DATE('2024-01-11','YYYY-MM-DD'), 450.50);
```

```
INSERT INTO Orders (OrderID, EmployeeID, OrderDate, TotalAmount) VALUES  
(1003,1,TO_DATE('2024-01-12','YYYY-MM-DD'),300.75);
```

```
INSERT INTO Orders (OrderID, EmployeeID, OrderDate, TotalAmount) VALUES  
(1004,3,TO_DATE('2024-01-13','YYYY-MM-DD'),600.80);
```

2. SQL Query for Total Sales Amount by Department:

```
SELECT d.DepartmentName, SUM(o.TotalAmount) AS TotalSalesAmount
```

```
FROM Orders o
```

```
JOIN Employees e ON o.EmployeeID = e.EmployeeID
```

```
JOIN Departments d ON e.DepartmentID = d.DepartmentID
```

```
GROUP BY d.DepartmentName
```

```
ORDER BY TotalSalesAmount DESC;
```

3. Output Table:

DepartmentName	TotalSalesAmount
HR	550.75
Sales	600.80
IT	450.50

- **HR:** Total sales from Employee 1 ($250.00 + 300.75 = 550.75$)
- **IT:** Total sales from Employee 2 (450.50)
- **Sales:** Total sales from Employee 3 (600.80)