Assignment 4: Data Wrangling

Gaby Antonova

OVERVIEW

This exercise accompanies the lessons in Environmental Data Analytics on Data Wrangling

Directions

- 1. Change "Student Name" on line 3 (above) with your name.
- 2. Work through the steps, **creating code and output** that fulfill each instruction.
- 3. Be sure to **answer the questions** in this assignment document.
- 4. When you have completed the assignment, **Knit** the text and code into a single PDF file.
- 5. After Knitting, submit the completed exercise (PDF file) to the dropbox in Sakai. Add your last name into the file name (e.g., "Fay_A04_DataWrangling.Rmd") prior to submission.

The completed exercise is due on Monday, Feb 7 @ 7:00pm.

Set up your session

1. Check your working directory, load the tidyverse and lubridate packages, and upload all four raw data files associated with the EPA Air dataset. See the README file for the EPA air datasets for more information (especially if you have not worked with air quality data previously).

```
#1
getwd()
```

[1] "C:/Users/gabri/OneDrive/Desktop/MPP Coursework/Spring 2022/ENVIRO 872/Environmental_Data_Analyt

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## -- Attaching packages ------ tidyverse 1.3.1 --
## v ggplot2 3.3.5
                  v purrr
## v tibble 3.1.6
                  v dplyr
                           1.0.7
## v tidyr
          1.1.4
                  v stringr 1.4.0
          2.1.1
                  v forcats 0.5.1
## v readr
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                 masks stats::lag()
```

```
library(lubridate)
##
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       date, intersect, setdiff, union
EPAair_03_NC2018 <- read.csv("../Data/Raw/EPAair_03_NC2018_raw.csv")</pre>
EPAair_03_NC2019 <- read.csv("../Data/Raw/EPAair_03_NC2019_raw.csv")</pre>
EPAair_PM25_NC2018 <- read.csv("../Data/Raw/EPAair_PM25_NC2018_raw.csv")
EPAair_PM25_NC2019 <- read.csv("../Data/Raw/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_raw.csv")
  2. Explore the dimensions, column names, and structure of the datasets.
colnames(EPAair_03_NC2018)
   [1] "Date"
##
##
   [2] "Source"
   [3] "Site.ID"
##
   [4] "POC"
##
##
   [5] "Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration"
  [6] "UNITS"
##
   [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
##
## [8] "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY_OBS_COUNT"
## [10] "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
## [12] "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
## [14] "CBSA_NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
## [16] "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY CODE"
## [18] "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
## [20] "SITE_LONGITUDE"
dim(EPAair_03_NC2018)
## [1] 9737
              20
colnames(EPAair_03_NC2019)
##
    [1] "Date"
##
    [2] "Source"
   [3] "Site.ID"
   [4] "POC"
##
```

```
[5] "Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration"
##
    [6] "UNITS"
   [7] "DAILY AQI VALUE"
##
   [8] "Site.Name"
##
##
   [9] "DAILY_OBS_COUNT"
## [10] "PERCENT COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS PARAMETER CODE"
## [12] "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
## [14] "CBSA_NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
## [16] "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY_CODE"
## [18] "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
## [20] "SITE_LONGITUDE"
dim(EPAair_03_NC2019)
## [1] 10592
                20
colnames(EPAair_PM25_NC2018)
    [1] "Date"
                                          "Source"
    [3] "Site.ID"
                                          "POC"
##
    [5] "Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration" "UNITS"
##
   [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
                                          "Site.Name"
   [9] "DAILY_OBS_COUNT"
                                          "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
                                          "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
                                          "CBSA NAME"
                                          "STATE"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
## [17] "COUNTY_CODE"
                                          "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE LATITUDE"
                                          "SITE LONGITUDE"
dim(EPAair_PM25_NC2018)
## [1] 8983
              20
colnames(EPAair_PM25_NC2019)
##
   [1] "Date"
                                          "Source"
    [3] "Site.ID"
                                          "POC"
##
##
    [5] "Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration" "UNITS"
##
    [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
                                          "Site.Name"
   [9] "DAILY_OBS_COUNT"
                                          "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
                                          "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
                                          "CBSA_NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
                                          "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY_CODE"
                                          "COUNTY"
```

"SITE_LONGITUDE"

[19] "SITE_LATITUDE"

dim(EPAair_PM25_NC2019) ## [1] 8581 20 str(EPAair_03_NC2018) ## 'data.frame': 9737 obs. of 20 variables: : chr "03/01/2018" "03/02/2018" "03/03/2018" "03/04/2018" ... ## \$ Date ## \$ Source : chr "AQS" "AQS" "AQS" "AQS" ... ## \$ Site.ID : int 370030005 370030005 370030005 370030005 370030005 3700 ## \$ POC : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ... ## \$ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration: num 0.043 0.046 0.047 0.049 0.047 0.03 0.036 0.044 0.049 0 : chr "ppm" "ppm" "ppm" "ppm" ... : int 40 43 44 45 44 28 33 41 45 40 ... ## \$ DAILY_AQI_VALUE ## \$ Site.Name : chr "Taylorsville Liledoun" "Taylorsville Liledoun" "Taylor ## \$ DAILY_OBS_COUNT : int 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 ... ## \$ PERCENT_COMPLETE : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ... : int 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 -## \$ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE : chr "Ozone" "Ozone" "Ozone" "Ozone" ... ## \$ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC ## \$ CBSA_CODE : int 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 : ## \$ CBSA_NAME : chr "Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC" "Hickory-Lenoir-Morgant ## \$ STATE_CODE : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ... ## \$ STATE : chr "North Carolina" "North Carolina" "North Carolina" "No ## \$ COUNTY_CODE : int 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ... : chr "Alexander" "Alexander" "Alexander" "Alexander" ... ## \$ COUNTY ## \$ SITE_LATITUDE : num 35.9 35.9 35.9 35.9 35.9 ... : num -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 ... ## \$ SITE_LONGITUDE str(EPAair_03_NC2019) ## 'data.frame': 10592 obs. of 20 variables: ## \$ Date : chr "01/01/2019" "01/02/2019" "01/03/2019" "01/04/2019" ... : chr "AirNow" "AirNow" "AirNow" "AirNow" ... ## \$ Source : int 370030005 370030005 370030005 370030005 370030005 3700 ## \$ Site.ID : int 111111111... ## \$ POC ## \$ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration: num 0.029 0.018 0.016 0.022 0.037 0.037 0.029 0.038 0.038 ## \$ UNITS : chr "ppm" "ppm" "ppm" "ppm" ... ## \$ DAILY_AQI_VALUE : int 27 17 15 20 34 34 27 35 35 28 ... : chr "Taylorsville Liledoun" "Taylorsville Liledoun" "Taylor ## \$ Site.Name ## \$ DAILY_OBS_COUNT : int 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 ... ## \$ PERCENT_COMPLETE : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ... ## \$ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE : int 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 -## \$ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC : chr "Ozone" "Ozone" "Ozone" "Ozone" ... ## \$ CBSA_CODE : int 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 2 "Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC" "Hickory-Lenoir-Morgant ## \$ CBSA_NAME : chr

: chr

: chr

\$ STATE_CODE ## \$ STATE

\$ COUNTY_CODE

\$ SITE_LATITUDE

\$ SITE_LONGITUDE

\$ COUNTY

: int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...

: num -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 ...

: int 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...

: num 35.9 35.9 35.9 35.9 ...

"North Carolina" "North Carolina" "North Carolina" "No

"Alexander" "Alexander" "Alexander" ...

```
str(EPAair_PM25_NC2018)
## 'data.frame':
                  8983 obs. of 20 variables:
   $ Date
                                 : chr "01/02/2018" "01/05/2018" "01/08/2018" "01/11/2018" ...
## $ Source
                                 : chr "AQS" "AQS" "AQS" "AQS" ...
## $ Site.ID
                                 : int 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002
## $ POC
                                 : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration: num 2.9 3.7 5.3 0.8 2.5 4.5 1.8 2.5 4.2 1.7 ...
## $ UNITS
                                 : chr
                                       "ug/m3 LC" "ug/m3 LC" "ug/m3 LC" "ug/m3 LC" ...
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                       12 15 22 3 10 19 8 10 18 7 ...
                                 : int
## $ Site.Name
                                 : chr
                                       "Linville Falls" "Linville Falls" "Linville
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                                 : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                                 : num
                                       ## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                                        88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502
                                 : int
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                                       "Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass" "Acceptable PM2.5 A
                                 : chr
## $ CBSA CODE
                                : int NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
                                       ...
## $ CBSA NAME
                                : chr
                                 : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...
## $ STATE_CODE
## $ STATE
                                : chr "North Carolina" "North Carolina" "North Carolina" "North Ca
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                : int 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 ...
## $ COUNTY
                                : chr "Avery" "Avery" "Avery" "Avery" ...
## $ SITE LATITUDE
                                       36 36 36 36 ...
                                 : num
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                                 : num -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 ...
str(EPAair_PM25_NC2019)
                  8581 obs. of 20 variables:
## 'data.frame':
## $ Date
                                 : chr "01/03/2019" "01/06/2019" "01/09/2019" "01/12/2019" ...
                                        "AQS" "AQS" "AQS" "AQS" ...
## $ Source
                                 : chr
## $ Site.ID
                                 : int
                                        370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002
## $ POC
                                 : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration: num
                                      1.6 1 1.3 6.3 2.6 1.2 1.5 1.5 3.7 1.6 ...
                                       "ug/m3 LC" "ug/m3 LC" "ug/m3 LC" "ug/m3 LC" \dots
## $ UNITS
                                 : chr
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                 : int 7 4 5 26 11 5 6 6 15 7 ...
                                : chr "Linville Falls" "Linville Falls" "Linville Falls" "Linville
## $ Site.Name
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                                : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                                 : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ...
                                        88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                                : int
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                                       "Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass" "Acceptable PM2.5 A
                                : chr
## $ CBSA_CODE
                                : int NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
                                       ...
## $ CBSA_NAME
                                 : chr
```

: int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...

36 36 36 36 ...

11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 ...

-81.9 -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 ...

"Avery" "Avery" "Avery" "Avery" ...

"North Carolina" "North Carolina" "North Carolina" "North Ca

Wrangle individual datasets to create processed files.

3. Change date to a date object

\$ STATE_CODE

\$ COUNTY_CODE

\$ SITE_LATITUDE

\$ SITE_LONGITUDE

\$ STATE

\$ COUNTY

: chr

: chr

: num

: num

: int

- 4. Select the following columns: Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE, SITE_LONGITUDE
- 5. For the PM2.5 datasets, fill all cells in AQS_PARAMETER_DESC with "PM2.5" (all cells in this column should be identical).
- 6. Save all four processed datasets in the Processed folder. Use the same file names as the raw files but replace "raw" with "processed".

```
#3
EPAair_03_NC2018$Date <- as.Date(EPAair_03_NC2018$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")
head(EPAair_03_NC2018$Date)
## [1] "2018-03-01" "2018-03-02" "2018-03-03" "2018-03-04" "2018-03-05"
## [6] "2018-03-06"
class(EPAair 03 NC2018$Date)
## [1] "Date"
EPAair_03_NC2019$Date <- as.Date(EPAair_03_NC2019$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")
head(EPAair_03_NC2019$Date)
## [1] "2019-01-01" "2019-01-02" "2019-01-03" "2019-01-04" "2019-01-05"
## [6] "2019-01-06"
class(EPAair_03_NC2019$Date)
## [1] "Date"
 EPAair_03_NC2019\$Date \leftarrow as.Date(EPAair_03_NC2019\$Date, format = "\m'/\m'/\m'/\m'') 
head(EPAair_03_NC2019$Date)
## [1] "2019-01-01" "2019-01-02" "2019-01-03" "2019-01-04" "2019-01-05"
## [6] "2019-01-06"
class(EPAair_03_NC2019$Date)
## [1] "Date"
EPAair_PM25_NC2018$Date <- as.Date(EPAair_PM25_NC2018$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")
head(EPAair PM25 NC2018$Date)
## [1] "2018-01-02" "2018-01-05" "2018-01-08" "2018-01-11" "2018-01-14"
## [6] "2018-01-17"
class(EPAair_PM25_NC2018$Date)
```

[1] "Date"

```
head(EPAair PM25 NC2019$Date)
## [1] "2019-01-03" "2019-01-06" "2019-01-09" "2019-01-12" "2019-01-15"
## [6] "2019-01-18"
class(EPAair_PM25_NC2019$Date)
## [1] "Date"
EPAair_03_NC2018_2 <- select(EPAair_03_NC2018, Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, CO
EPAair_03_NC2019_2 <- select(EPAair_03_NC2019, Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, CO
EPAair_PM25_NC2018_2 <- select(EPAair_PM25_NC2018, Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
EPAair_PM25_NC2019_2 <- select(EPAair_PM25_NC2018, Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
#5
EPAair PM25 NC2018 2$AQS PARAMETER DESC <- (EPAair PM25 NC2018 2$AQS PARAMETER DESC = "PM2.5")
EPAair_PM25_NC2019_2$AQS_PARAMETER_DESC <- (EPAair_PM25_NC2019_2$AQS_PARAMETER_DESC = "PM2.5")
#6
write.csv(EPAair_03_NC2018_2, row.names = FALSE, file = ".../Data/Processed/EPAair_03_NC2018_Processed.c
write.csv(EPAair_03_NC2019_2, row.names = FALSE, file = "../Data/Processed/EPAair_03_NC2019_Processed.c
write.csv(EPAair_PM25_NC2018_2, row.names = FALSE, file = "../Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2018_Process
write.csv(EPAair_PM25_NC2019_2, row.names = FALSE, file = "../Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_Process
```

EPAair_PM25_NC2019\$Date <- as.Date(EPAair_PM25_NC2019\$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")

Combine datasets

7. Combine the four datasets with rbind. Make sure your column names are identical prior to running this code.

```
#7

EPAair_03_NC2018_Processed <- read.csv("../Data/Processed/EPAair_03_NC2018_Processed.csv")

EPAair_03_NC2019_Processed <- read.csv("../Data/Processed/EPAair_03_NC2019_Processed.csv")

EPAair_PM25_NC2018_Processed <- read.csv("../Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2018_Processed.csv")

EPAair_PM25_NC2019_Processed <- read.csv("../Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_Processed.csv")

EPAair_data <- rbind(EPAair_03_NC2018_Processed, EPAair_03_NC2019_Processed, EPAair_PM25_NC2018_Processed)
```

8. Wrangle your new dataset with a pipe function (%>%) so that it fills the following conditions:

- Filter records to include just the sites that the four data frames have in common: "Linville Falls", "Durham Armory", "Leggett", "Hattie Avenue", "Clemmons Middle", "Mendenhall School", "Frying Pan Mountain", "West Johnston Co.", "Garinger High School", "Castle Hayne", "Pitt Agri. Center", "Bryson City", "Millbrook School". (The intersect function can figure out common factor levels if we didn't give you this list...)
- Some sites have multiple measurements per day. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate daily
 means: group by date, site, aqs parameter, and county. Take the mean of the AQI value, latitude, and
 longitude.
- Add columns for "Month" and "Year" by parsing your "Date" column (hint: lubridate package)
- Hint: the dimensions of this dataset should be $14,752 \times 9$.

9. Spread your datasets such that AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 are in separate columns. Each location on a specific date should now occupy only one row.

```
#9
EPAair_data_processed_spread <- pivot_wider(EPAair_data_processed, names_from = AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, va
```

10. Call up the dimensions of your new tidy dataset.

```
#10
dim(EPAair_data_processed_spread )
```

```
## [1] 8029 9
```

11. Save your processed dataset with the following file name: "EPAair_O3_PM25_NC2122_Processed.csv"

Generate summary tables

12a. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate a summary data frame from your results from Step 9 above. Data should be grouped by site, month, and year. Generate the mean AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 for each group.

12b. BONUS: Add a piped statement to 12a that removes rows where both mean ozone and mean PM2.5 have missing values.

13. Call up the dimensions of the summary dataset.

'summarise()' has grouped output by 'Site.Name', 'month'. You can override using the '.groups' argume

```
#13
dim(EPAair_summarise)
```

[1] 272 5

14. Why did we use the function drop_na rather than na.omit?

Answer: I actually used is na because it worked better for me but drop_na would remove the rows in a particular column that contain NA while na omit removes rows that contain some missing NA functions. We don't want to remove a row that has NA in any other column except for Ozone OR PM25.