## StatsI — Exercise 5

- 1. Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be a sample from Bernoulli(p), and  $Y_1, \dots, Y_m$  be a sample from Bernoulli(q), and the two samples are independent with each other.
  - (a) Find a reasonable estimator for p q and its standard error.
  - (b) Find an approximate 95% confidence interval for p q when both n and m are large.
- 2. 100 people are given a standard antibiotic to treat an infection and another 100 are given a new antibiotic. In the first group, 90 people recover; in the second group, 85 people recover. Let  $p_1$  be the probability of recovery with the standard antibiotic and  $p_2$  be the probability of recovery with the new antibiotic. We are interested in estimating  $\theta = p_1 p_2$ . Provide an estimate, standard error, an 80% confidence interval, and a 95% confidence interval for  $\theta$ .
- 3. Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be a sample from a distribution F and let  $\widehat{F}_n$  be the empirical distribution. Let x and y be two distinct points, and x < y.
  - (a) Compute  $E\{\widehat{F}(x)\}\$  and  $Var\{\widehat{F}(x)\}\$ .
  - (b) Compute  $Cov\{\widehat{F}(x), \ \widehat{F}(y)\}.$
  - (c) Based on the CLT, find the limiting distribution of  $\widehat{F}(x)$ . Furthermore, find an approximate  $1 \alpha$  confidence interval for F(x).
  - (d) Suppose we are interested in estimating  $\theta = F(y) F(x)$ , and we use  $\hat{\theta} = \hat{F}(y) \hat{F}(x)$  as our estimate. Find the standard deviation and the standard error of  $\hat{\theta}$ .