

国开电大本科 《人文英语 4》

第一大题 交际用语

A01 —_____? **A** lot of things are on sale.

—That's a good idea.Let's go.

A.What are you going to buy

B.Why don't we go shopping today

C.Do you like shopping

[答案]B

A02 —**Are** you on holiday here?

—

A.No,we aren't.We live here

B.We live here,too

C.We are on holiday here,too

[答案]A

C01 —**Can you explain** it again?

—

A.I see.

B.Let me put it in another way.

C.Yes,I can.

[答案]B

C02 —**Can you go out** with us for dinner this evening?

—

A.Thanks a lot,but I'm busy tonight.

B.No,I really don't like being with you.

C.No,I already have plans.

[答案]A

C02 —**Can you go out** with us for dinner this evening?

—

A.No,I already have plans.

B.Thanks a lot,but I'm busy tonight.

C.No,I really don't like being with you.

[答案]B

C03 —**Can you help me** clear up the mess?

—

A.Tell me who made it

B.No problem

C.Yes,that'll be all right

[答案]B

C03 —**Can you help me** clear up the mess?

—

A.Yes,that'll be all right

B.Tell me who made it

C.No problem

[答案]C

C04 —**Can you tell me** where I can park the car?

—

- A. Yes, please
- B. It is made in America
- C. Well, just over there

[答案]C

C05 —**Could** I talk to Prof. Lee?

—

- A. Oh, it's you
- B. Yes, speaking
- C. I'm waiting for you

[答案]B

D01 —**Did** the medicine make you feel better?

—No. The more _____, _____ I feel.

- A. medicine I take; the worse
- B. medicine I take; and the worse
- C. I take medicine; the worse

[答案]A

D02 —**Do you mind if** I read the newspaper on the table?

—

- A. Yes, sure
- B. Go ahead, please
- C. Good news for you

[答案]B

D03 —**Do you mind my** using my mobile phone here?

—

- A. Yes, use it please
- B. No, of course not
- C. No, you can't use it

[答案]B

D04 —**Do you think** I can borrow your bike for a few hours?

—

- A. I'm sorry, but I really need it this afternoon
- B. I don't think so
- C. I am afraid you can

[答案]A

E01 —**Excuse** me, *could you* tell the time?

—

- A. It's three thirty by my watch.
- B. You'd better buy a watch.
- C. Can you see the clock?

[答案]A

E01 —**Excuse** me, *could you* tell the time?

—

- A.You'd better buy a watch.
B.Can you see the clock?
C.It's three thirty by my watch.

[答案]C

E02 —**Excuse** me,*where is* Dr Smith's office?

- A.You can't ask me.I don't know,either.
B.Please don't say so.
C.Sorry,I don't know.But you can ask the man over there.

[答案]C

G01 —**Good afternoon**.Can I help you?

- A.I need to buy a birthday present for my son.
B.I don't think I need any of your help.
C.Yes,I think so,too.

[答案]A

G01 —**Good afternoon**.Can I help you?

- A.Yes,I think so,too.
B.I need to buy a birthday present for my son.
C.I don't think I need any of your help.

[答案]B

G02 —**Good morning**,sir.May I help you?

- A.No,I don't need your help.
B.No,I don't buy anything.
C.Yes,I need some salt.

[答案]C

G03 —**Gordon**,may I ask you a question?

- A.No,you may
B.Just go ahead
C.I don't know

[答案]B

H01 —**Have** *a* nice holiday,Ted.

- A.Thank you,and you too
B.Yes,you're right
C.That's all right

[答案]A

H02 —**Have** *you* ever been to Tokyo?

- A.No,I didn't go there last year
B.No,but I hope to go there next year
C.Tokyo is a busy city

[答案]B

H02 — **Have** *you* ever been to Tokyo?

—

A. Tokyo is a busy city

B. No, but I hope to go there next year

C. No, I didn't go there last year

[答案]B

H03 — **Hello**, may I speak to John?

—

A. You are wanted on the telephone.

B. Can I leave a message for him?

C. Just a second, please.

[答案]C

H04 — **Here** you are, Sir.

—

A. Yes, I'm here

B. Yes, here we are

C. Thank you very much

[答案]C

H05 — **Hi**, Molly, are you free this afternoon?

—

A. Yeah, no plans yet.

B. Let's see something special.

C. That's a good idea.

[答案]A

H06 — **How** *about* having a drink?

—

A. Good idea

B. Me too

C. Help yourself

[答案]A

H07 — **How** *are* you feeling now?

—

A. Much better

B. Thank you

C. It's OK

[答案]A

H08 — **How** *have* you been lately, Molly?

—

A. Not bad.

B. I was at home.

C. See you later.

[答案]A

H09 — **How** *long* will you be away from Italy?

—

A. Yes, I'll be in Italy

- B.About a month
C.Yes,it's along way to Italy

[答案]B

H09 —How long will you be away from Italy?

—

- A.Yes,it's a long way to Italy
B.Yes,I'll be in Italy
C.About a month

[答案]C

H10 —How many languages does Peter speak?

—

- A.Five languages.
B.With his roommates.
C.Pretty well.

[答案]A

H10 —How many languages does Peter speak?

—

- A.With his roommates.
B.Five languages.
C.Pretty well.

[答案]B

H11 —How was the journey to London?

—

- A.It went very well
B.It was a nine-hour
C.I flew there

[答案]A

I01 —I am really fed up with Larry!

—

- A.How is she?
B.Are you OK?
C.Why do you say that?

[答案]C

I02 —I didn't know my identity card was needed,sir.

—

- A.Sorry,but that's no excuse.
B.I don't believe you.
C.How dare you say that?

[答案]A

I03 —If trash is sorted,it can be transferred to factories instead of the disposal plant.

—That makes sense.

- A.I couldn't agree more.
B.I couldn't agree with you.
C.I doubt that.

[答案]A

I04 — **I'm** *sorry*. I am late due to the heavy traffic.

- A. Well, it's OK.
B. No, it's all right.
C. You are welcome.

[答案]A

I04 — **I'm** *sorry*. I am late due to the heavy traffic.

- A. You are welcome
B. No, it's good
C. Well, it's OK

[答案]C

I05 — **Is** it going to be warm next week?

- A. Yes, it is
B. I don't believe it
C. No, it hasn't

[答案]A

I06 — **I've** *got* a bad cold today.

- A. It isn't serious.
B. Thank you for telling me.
C. Oh, dear! I hope you get better soon.

[答案]C

I06 — **I've** *got* a bad cold today.

- A. Thank you for telling me
B. Oh, dear! I hope you get better soon
C. It isn't serious

[答案]B

L01 — **Let's** go to the library this afternoon.

- A. No, I can't.
B. What about you?
C. That's a good idea.

[答案]C

M01 — **May** *I* speak to Prof. Li please?

- A. There's no Prof. Li
B. I'm afraid you've got the wrong number
C. No, you can't

[答案]B

M02 — **May** *I* speak to Prof. Li please?

- A. No, you can't

- B. There's no Prof. Li
C. I'm afraid you've got the wrong number

[答案]C

M03 — **Molly**, look at this. The newspaper says we should sort trash.

- A. That would be great!
B. No problem.
C. It is obvious.

[答案]A

P01 — **Please** help yourself to the seafood.

- A. Sorry, I can't help.
B. Well, seafood doesn't suit.
C. Thank you, but I'm afraid I don't like seafood.

[答案]C

S01 — **Sam**, this is my friend, Jane.

- A. Glad to meet you, Sam
B. Glad to meet you, Jane
C. I'm Jack

[答案]B

S02 — **Sir**, I've not understood what you have said just now.

- OK, _____
A. take it easy.
B. I wonder why.
C. Let me explain that in more details.

[答案]C

S03 — **So** sorry to trouble you.

- A. It's your fault
B. It's a pleasure
C. I don't think so

[答案]B

S04 — **Something** went wrong with my television last night.

- A. I'm sorry to hear that.
B. How did you manage to do that?
C. It's impossible.

[答案]A

S04 — **Something** went wrong with my television last night.

- A. It's impossible.
B. How did you manage to do that?
C. I'm sorry to hear that.

[答案]C

T01 —**Thank** you for your invitation.

- A.I'll appreciate it.
B.It doesn't matter.
C.It's my pleasure.

[答案]C

T01 —**Thank** you for your invitation.

- A.It's a pleasure.
B.I'll appreciate it.
C.It doesn't matter.

[答案]A

T02 —**Thanks** for your tips.

- A.No,thanks.
B.It's my pleasure.
C.Yes,please.

[答案]B

T03 —**These** are certainly beautiful flowers.Thank you very much.

- A.Yes,I agree.
B.It's my pleasure.
C.No,nothing.

[答案]B

T04 —**This** apple pie is too sweet,don't you think so?

—_____.I think it's just right,actually.

- A.Not really
B.I hope so
C.Sounds good

[答案]A

W01 —**What** *can* we do for the case?

- A.We could consult our lawyer.
B.The case is difficult.
C.I don't care about it.

[答案]A

W02 —**What** *do* you think of *death penalty*?

- A.Don't talk to me.
B.Leave me alone.
C.I think it's good in some sense.

[答案]C

W03 —**What** *do* you think of *this novel*?

- A.I've read it.

- B.It's well-written.
C.It was written by my uncle.

[答案]B

W04 — **What** *do* you *usually* do in your spare time?

- A.Yes,it's my favorite time
B.No,I'll never do that
C.Reading

[答案]C

W05 — **What** *does educational* quality mean to you?

- _____,quality education means good learning standards in educational institutions.
A.As far as I'm concerned
B.I have no idea
C.I don't agree with you

[答案]A

W06 — **What** *does your* English teacher look like?

- A.She looks sad
B.She looks much like her mother
C.She likes singing

[答案]B

W07 — **What** *time* does the train leave?

- A.On Tuesday
B.At half past five
C.In the morning

[答案]B

W08 — **What's the best** way to get to the Empire Hotel from here?

- A.It's a twenty-minute walk
B.Walking through the wood
C.It's five blocks away

[答案]B

W08 — **What's the best** way to get to the Empire Hotel from here?

- A.It's five blocks away
B.Walking through the wood
C.It's a twenty-minute walk

[答案]B

W09 — **What's the fare** to the museum?

- A.Five dollars
B.Five o'clock
C.Five miles

[答案]A

W09 — **What's** *the fare* to the museum?

- A. Five miles
B. Five o'clock
C. Five dollars

[答案]C

W10 — **What's** *the matter* with you?

- A. Not too bad
B. I feel a bit sick
C. It matters with you

[答案]B

W11 — **What's** *the weather* like in this area?

- A. Yes, it's fine
B. It's rainy
C. Very well

[答案]B

W12 — **Where** have you been these days?

- A. Yes, I have.
B. Actually, I have moved to the country.
C. You are wanted on the telephone.

[答案]B

W13 — **Would** *you like a tea*?

- A. Yes, I prefer coffee
B. Yes, please
C. I like green tea

[答案]B

W13 — **Would** *you like a tea*?

- A. Yes, please
B. I like green tea
C. Yes, I prefer coffee

[答案]A

W14 — **Would** *you like another* slice of Christmas cake?

- I'm full.
A. Why not?
B. No more, thanks.
C. Nothing more.

[答案]B

W15 — **Would** *you like something* to drink? What about a cup of tea?

- A. Yes, I want.

- B.No,thanks.
C.No,I wouldn't.

[答案]B

Y01 —**You are** late.The discussion started 30 minutes ago.

- A.Don't blame me
B.Well,I don't know
C.I am really sorry

[答案]C

Y01 —**You are** late.The discussion started 30 minutes ago.

- A.Well,I don't know.
B.I am really sorry.
C.Don't blame me.

[答案]B

Y02 —**You needn't** do the work till after the New Year.

- A.No,you needn't.
B.Happy New Year to you.
C.Oh,good! Thank you.

[答案]C

Y03 —**Your ID** card,please.

- A.Here you are.
B.Give you.
C.Here are they.

[答案]A

Y03 —**Your ID** card,please.

- A.Here you are.
B.Here are they.
C.Give you.

[答案]A

第二大题 词汇与结构

A01 **A** police officer claimed that the young man had attempted to _____ paying his fare.

- A.avoid
B.reject
C.refuse

[答案]A

A01 **A** police officer claimed that the young man had attempted to _____ paying his fare.

- A.reject
B.refuse
C.avoid

[答案]C

A02 All students are required to translate this poem _____ English into Chinese.

- A.with
- B.from
- C.on

[答案]B

A02 All students are required to translate this poem _____ English into Chinese.

- A.with
- B.on
- C.from

[答案]C

A03 Although he did not know London well,he made his way _____ to the airport.

- A.easy enough
- B.enough easy
- C.easily enough

[答案]C

A04 As the bus came round the corner,it ran _____ a big tree by the roadside.

- A.over
- B.into
- C.on

[答案]B

A05 As the busiest woman there,she made _____ her duty to look after all the other people's affairs in that town.

- A.this
- B.it
- C.that

[答案]B

B01 Be careful _____ you cross the road.

- A.after
- B.when
- C.what

[答案]B

B02 Before the final examination,some students have shown _____ of tension.They even have trouble in sleeping.

- A.signs
- B.anxiety
- C.marks

[答案]A

B02 Before the final examination,some students have shown _____ of tension.They even have trouble in sleeping.

- A.anxiety
- B.marks
- C.signs

[答案]C

B03 Both the kids and their parents _____ English,I think.I know it from their accent.

- A.been
- B.are
- C.is

[答案]B

B04 By the year 2020,China's population probably _____ 1.4 billion.

- A.have reached
- B.are reaching
- C.will have reached

[答案]C

B04 By the year 2020,China's population probably _____ 1.4 billion.

- A.will be reaching
- B.are reaching
- C.will have reached

[答案]C

B04 By the year 2020,China's population probably _____ 1.4 billion.

- A.will be reaching
- B.will have reached
- C.are reaching

[答案]B

C01 Children should be encouraged to be _____ thinkers.

- A.independent
- B.dependent
- C.independence

[答案]A

D01 Did you notice the guy _____ head looked like a big potato?

- A.who
- B.which
- C.whose

[答案]C

D01 Did you notice the guy _____ head looked like a big potato?

- A.whose
- B.who
- C.which

[答案]A

D02 Do you know the man _____ under the apple tree?

- A.lying
- B.laying
- C.lay

[答案]A

D03 Don't put _____ in the conflict.

- A.ourselves
- B.our self

C.we

[答案]A

E01 _____ **extravagant** eating and drinking and pay attention to thrift and economy.

A.Dispose

B.Oppose

C.Suppose

[答案]B

E02 **Eggs**,though rich in nourishments,have _____ of fat.

A.the large number

B.large number

C.a large number

[答案]C

E03 **English** teachers must pay due attention _____ the relationship between language learning and culture learning.

A.with

B.for

C.to

[答案]C

E04 **Equality** in society is absolutely _____ equality in access to education.

A.linked of

B.linked at

C.linked to

[答案]C

E05 **Every** *country should* try their best to provide equal opportunities for every citizen to go on _____ their education.

A.to

B.with

C.for

[答案]B

E06 **Every** *year thousands* of lives _____ in road accidents because of careless driving.

A.lost

B.have lost

C.are lose

[答案]C

F01 **Firemen** put their lives _____ each and everyday.

A.in the line

B.on the line

C.on the line of

[答案]B

F02 **For** many students,university is the place _____ they will be first exposed to different cultures and different people.

A.which

B.where

C.what

[答案]B

H01 _____ **her** and then try to copy what she does.

- A.Mind
- B.See
- C.Watch

[答案]C

H02 **Had** you come five minutes earlier,you _____ the train to Birmingham.But now you missed it.

- A.would have caught
- B.could catch
- C.would catch

[答案]A

H02 **Had** you come five minutes earlier,you _____ the train to Manchester.But now you missed it.

- A.would catch
- B.would have caught
- C.could catch

[答案]B

H03 **Harry**,who had failed in the final exam,had a great worry _____ his mind.

- A.on
- B.with
- C.in

[答案]A

H04 **Have** you ever visited the Summer Palace,_____ there are many beautiful halls,ridges and a huge lake?

- A.which
- B.that
- C.where

[答案]C

H05 **He** *didn't* pass the exam this time _____ his headache.

- A.thanks for
- B.because of
- C.because

[答案]B

H06 **He** *has* got a remarkable _____ from his injury.

- A.remark
- B.recovery
- C.rest

[答案]B

H07 **He** *is* fond of playing _____ piano while his brother is interested in listening to _____ music.

- A./;/
- B.the;/
- C./;the

[答案]B

H08 **He** *never* fails _____ his mother on her birthday.

- A.to phone
B.when he phones
C.phoning

[答案]A

H08 He *never* fails _____ his mother on her birthday.

- A.when he phones
B.to phone
C.phoning

[答案]B

H09 He *sounds* so angry whenever Is peak my _____.

- A.mind
B.sound
C.voice

[答案]A

H10 He *studied* hard at school when he was young, _____ contributed a lot to his success.

- A.which
B.what
C.therefore

[答案]A

H11 He *talked* loudly in the public _____.

- A.on purpose
B.on operation
C.on purse

[答案]A

H12 He *would* be studying at the university now if he _____ the entrance examination.

- A.passed
B.have passed
C.had passed

[答案]C

H13 He _____ *legal* profession for 20 years.

- A.has engaged in
B.has engaged to
C.has engaged

[答案]A

H14 How *can* he _____ if he is not _____?

- A.hear;listening
B.be listening;heard
C. listen;hearing

[答案]A

H15 How *I* wish I _____ travel abroad!

- A.could
B.can
C.able to

[答案]A

H16 **How much** has the company _____ this year?

- A.brought out
- B.brought in
- C.brought down

[答案]B

H17 **However**,in too many countries and societies,women's social _____ is still low.

- A.position
- B.post
- C.standard

[答案]A

I01 _____ **is not** the ultimate goal for us college students.

- A.Diplomat
- B.Diploma
- C.Discipline

[答案]B

I02 _____ **is the** population of Paris?

- A.How many
- B.How much
- C.What

[答案]C

I02 _____ **is the** population of Paris?

- A.What
- B.How many
- C.How much

[答案]A

I03 **I don't** know the park,but it's _____,to be quite beautiful.

- A.said
- B.told
- C.spoken

[答案]A

I03 **I don't** know the park,but it's _____ to be quite beautiful.

- A.told
- B.said
- C.spoken

[答案]B

I04 **I leave** my house around at midnight and walk around the city _____ what I find.

- A.to gather
- B.gather
- C.gathering

[答案]C

I04 **I leave** my house around at midnight and walk around the city _____ what I find.

- A.together
- B.gathering

C.gather

[答案]B

I05 I *want* to buy a _____ wallet for him.

A.small leather black

B.black leather small

C.small black leather

[答案]C

I06 I *was* giving a talk to a large group of people,the same talk I _____ to half a dozen other groups before.

A.had given

B.am giving

C.was giving

[答案]A

I06 I *was* giving a talk to a large group of people,the same talk I _____ to half a dozen other groups before.

A.was giving

B.had given

C.am giving

[答案]B

I06 I *was* giving a talk to a large group of people,the same talk I _____ to half a dozen other groups before.

A.was giving

B.am giving

C.had given

[答案]C

I07 I *wish* to _____ the position of Social Worker as advertised on seek.com.au.

A.apply for

B.apply to

C.apply with

[答案]A

I08 If I _____ in your position,I would marry her.

A.am

B.be

C.were

[答案]C

I09 If *it* _____ go to trial,I'm afraid the prosecution will have a field day criticizing our company in the press.

A.will

B.does

C.did

[答案]B

I10 If *one* enters a private house without asking for permission,he is likely to _____ burglary.

A.be accused of

B.be sentenced to

C.be convicted to

[答案]A

11 **If** *she* wants to stay thin,she must make a _____ in her diet.

- A.change
- B.turn
- C.run

[答案]A

11 **If** *she* wants to stay thin,she must make a _____ in her diet.

- A.turn
- B.change
- C.run

[答案]B

12 **Important** _____ his discovery might be,it was regarded as a matter of no account in his time.

- A.when
- B.until
- C.as

[答案]C

13 **In** _____,the northerners have a particular liking for dumplings while the southerners are fond of rice.

- A.total
- B.common
- C.general

[答案]C

13 **In** _____,the northerners have a particular liking for dumplings while the southerners are fond of rice.

- A.common
- B.total
- C.general

[答案]C

14 **Is** the library _____ now? No,it's _____.

- A.open;closed
- B.open;close
- C.opening;closing

[答案]A

15 **It is high time** that we _____ him the truth.

- A.should tell
- B.tells
- C.told

[答案]A

16 **It is no use** _____ to remember only grammar rules.

- A.trying
- B.try
- C.to try

[答案]A

16 **It is no use** _____ to remember only grammar rules.

- A.try
- B.trying

C.to try

[答案]B

17 It is *not until* you have lost your health _____ you know its value.

A.until

B.when

C.that

[答案]C

17 It is *not until* you have lost your health _____ you know its value.

A.until

B.when

C.that

[答案]C

17 It is *not until* you have lost your health _____ you know its value.

A.when

B.until

C.that

[答案]C

18 It is *said* that _____ boys in your school like playing football in their spare time, though others prefer basketball.

A.quite a lot

B.quite a little

C.quite a few

[答案]C

19 It was *getting* _____, so he had to stop to have a rest.

A.very darker

B.dark and dark

C.darker and darker

[答案]C

19 It was *getting* _____, so he had to stop to have a rest.

A.very darker

B.darker and darker

C.dark and dark

[答案]B

20 It was *not until* 1920 _____ regular radio broadcast began.

A.while

B.that

C.which

[答案]B

21 It was _____ *he said* _____ disappointed me.

A.that, what

B.that, that

C.what, that

[答案]C

[21 **It** *was* _____ *he said* _____ disappointed me.

- A.that;what
- B.what;that
- C.that;that

[答案]B

[22 **It's** *a* good idea.But who is going to _____ the plan?

- A.carryout
- B.get through
- C.take in

[答案]A

[22 **It's** *a* good idea.But who's is going to _____ the plan?

- A.get through
- B.carry out
- C.take in

[答案]B

[23 **It's** *bad* _____ for you to smoke in the public places where smoking is not allowed.

- A.action
- B.manner
- C.behavior

[答案]C

[23 **It's** *bad* _____ for you to smoke in the public places where smoking is not allowed.

- A.behavior
- B.action
- C.move

[答案]A

[24 **It's** *high* time that he settled down in the country and _____ a new life.

- A.start
- B.started
- C.starting

[答案]B

[24 **It's** *high* time that he settled down in the country and _____ a new life.

- A.started
- B.starting
- C.start

[答案]A

J01 **Jane's** *dress* is similar in design _____ her sister's.

- A.like
- B.with
- C.to

[答案]C

J01 **Jane's** *dress* is similar in design _____ her sister's.

- A.to
- B.with

C.like

[答案]A

J02 **John's father** _____ mathematics in this school ever since he graduated from Harvard University.

A.taught

B.teaches

C.has taught

[答案]C

J02 **John's father** _____ mathematics in this school ever since he graduated from Harvard University.

A.teaches

B.taught

C.has taught

[答案]C

J03 **John** is sensitive _____ racial discrimination.

A.with

B.to

C.at

[答案]B

L01 **Living** the country life helps us _____ some of the simpler things.

A.appreciate

B.appreciating

C.appreciated

[答案]A

M01 _____ **many** times,he finally understood it.

A.Telling

B.Having been told

C.Having told

[答案]B

M02 **Mark** Twain is a _____ writer.

A.productive

B.efficient

C.sufficient

[答案]A

M03 **Mike** is better than Peter _____ swimming.

A.for

B.at

C.on

[答案]B

M03 **Mike** is better than Peter _____ swimming.

A.for

B.on

C.at

[答案]C

M04 —**Must** we clean the room before we leave?

—No,you_____.

A.mustn't

B.can't

C.needn't

[答案]C

N01 _____no need_____the radio as I'm used to studying with it on.

A.There's;turning off

B.It's;to turn down

C.It's;turning up

[答案]A

N02 Nancy is _____girl.

A.an eighteen-year-old

B.an eighteen-years-old

C.a eighteen-years-old

[答案]A

N02 Nancy is _____girl.

A.an eighteen-years-old

B.a eighteen-years-old

C.an eighteen-year-old

[答案]C

N03 Neither John_____his father was able to wake up early enough to catch the morning train.

A.nor

B.or

C.but

[答案]A

N03 Neither John_____his father was able to wake up early enough to catch the morning train.

A.or

B.nor

C.but

[答案]B

N04 Never before_____see such a terrible car accident on the road!

A.I have

B.have I

C.did I

[答案]C

N05 No matter_____,the little sisters managed to round the sheep up and drive them back home safely.

A.it was snowing

B.hard it was snowing

C.how hard it was snowing

[答案]C

001 Oh,there aren't as many job in_____the country as in the city.

A.vacancies

B.vacations

C.titles

[答案]A

002 **On average**, a successful lawyer has to talk to several _____ a day.

- A. customers
- B. clients
- C. guests

[答案]B

002 **On average**, a successful lawyer has to talk to several _____ a day.

- A. guests
- B. customers
- C. clients

[答案]C

003 **Our house** is about a mile from the railway station and there are not many houses _____.

- A. far apart
- B. in between
- C. among them

[答案]B

003 **Our house** is about a mile from the railway station and there are not many houses _____.

- A. in between
- B. far apart
- C. among them

[答案]A

P01 **Professor** Smith promised to look _____ my paper, that is, to read it carefully before the defence.

- A. after
- B. over
- C. on

[答案]B

P01 **Professor** Smith promised to look _____ my paper, that is, to read it carefully before the defence.

- A. on
- B. over
- C. after

[答案]B

S01 **She did** not take _____ account how much she has paid.

- A. with
- B. in
- C. into

[答案]C

S02 **She has** two best friends. _____ of them is in the country.

- A. All
- B. Both
- C. Neither

[答案]C

S02 **She has** two best friends. _____ of them is in the country.

- A. Both

- B.All
- C.Neither

[答案]C

S03 **She** *said* she would go and she _____ go.

- A.did
- B.really
- C.would

[答案]A

S04 **Someone** got in and walked _____ with the bags while we were out.

- A.out
- B.off
- C.of

[答案]B

T01 _____ **the** *War* of Independence,the United States was an English colony.

- A.Before
- B.At
- C.In

[答案]A

T02 _____ **these** honours he received a sum of money.

- A.Besides
- B.Expect
- C.But

[答案]A

T02 _____ **these** honours he received a sum of money.

- A.Expect
- B.But
- C.Besides

[答案]C

T03 _____ **tomorrow's** lessons, Frank has no time to go out with his friends.

- A.Not to prepare
- B.Not having prepared
- C.Not preparing

[答案]B

T04 _____ **trash** separated,pollution caused by incineration can be avoided.

- A.If
- B.With
- C.As

[答案]B

T05 **Team** spirit _____ their final success.

- A.contributes to
- B.causes
- C.results from

[答案]A

T06 **The atmosphere** _____ certain gases mixed together in definite proportions.

- A.consists of
- B.is made up
- C.composes of

[答案]A

T07 **The baby** is hungry,but there's _____ milk in the bottle.

- A.few
- B.little
- C.a little

[答案]B

T07 **The baby** is hungry,but there's _____ milk in the bottle.

- A.little
- B.a little
- C.few

[答案]A

T08 **The benefits** of university _____ a positive,diverse environment must be seen by students.

- A.for
- B.as
- C.with

[答案]B

T09 **The computer** system _____ suddenly while he was searching for information on the Internet.

- A.broke down
- B.broke out
- C.broke up

[答案]A

T09 **The computer** system _____ suddenly while he was searching for information on the Internet.

- A.broke out
- B.broke up
- C.broke down

[答案]C

T10 **The customer** sued the company _____ late delivery of the goods.

- A.for
- B.on
- C.in

[答案]A

T11 **The film** brought the hours back to me _____ I was taken good care of in that remote village.

- A.when
- B.where
- C.that

[答案]A

T11 **The film** brought the hours back to me _____ I was taken good care of in that remote village.

- A.where
- B.that

C.when

[答案]C

T12 **The** *global* economy requires an educated workforce able to apply the existing technology and new _____ science and technologies.

A.developing

B.have developed

C.to develop

[答案]C

T13 **The** *governments* should _____ more educational funds for training teachers and improving school facilities.

A.set out

B.set about

C.set aside

[答案]C

T14 **The** *new* order means _____ overtime.

A.works

B.to work

C.working

[答案]C

T14 **The** *new* order means _____ overtime.

A.works

B.working

C.to work

[答案]B

T15 **The** *old* houses are being pulled down to _____ a new office block.

A.make room for

B.make use of

C.take the place of

[答案]A

T15 **The** *old* houses are being pulled down to _____ a new office block.

A.take the place of

B.make room for

C.make use of

[答案]B

T16 **The** *plaintiff* _____ proving his innocence.

A.was troublesome

B.trouble

C.was in trouble

[答案]C

T17 **The** *plastic* surgeon may provide several plans for your facial _____.

A.reconstruct

B.reconstruction

C.reconstructed

[答案]B

T18 **The** *problem* is not _____ so easy as you think.It's far from being settled.

- A.nearly
- B.hardly
- C.almost

[答案]A

T19 **The** *productivity* _____ economic growth.

- A.dwells
- B.fosters
- C.considers

[答案]B

T20 **The** *red* flower goes from one to _____ in the class.

- A.the other
- B.others
- C.another

[答案]C

T21 **The** *sports* meeting was put off till the next week _____ rain.

- A.in spite of
- B.because of
- C.so

[答案]B

T21 **The** *sports* meeting was put off till the next week _____ rain.

- A.in spite of
- B.so
- C.because of

[答案]C

T22 **The** *student* were all entertained in a Mexican restaurant,at Professor Brian's _____.

- A.money
- B.expense
- C.pay

[答案]B

T23 **The** *wild* flowers looked like a soft orange blanket _____ the desert.

- A.covered
- B.covering
- C.to cover

[答案]B

T23 **The** *wild* flowers looked like a soft orange blanket _____ the desert.

- A.to cover
- B.covered
- C.covering

[答案]C

T24 **The** *wildflowers* looked like as of to range blanket _____ the desert.

- A.covering
- B.covered

C.to cover

[答案]A

T25 **The young actor** who had been thought highly of _____ to be a great disappointment.

A.turned up

B.turned out

C.turned down

[答案]B

T26 **The young lady** coming over to us _____ our English teacher;the way she walks tells us that!

A.must be

B.can be

C.would be

[答案]A

T26 **The young lady** coming over to us _____ our English teacher;the way she walks tells us that!

A.would be

B.can be

C.must be

[答案]C

T27 **The young** _____ *interested* in pop music.

A.is

B.are

C.have

[答案]B

T28 **There aren't** _____ many job vacancies in the country as in the city.

A.such

B./

C.as

[答案]C

T29 **There is no time** to waste because the future of schools and students is _____ the line.

A.to

B.off

C.on

[答案]C

T30 **There is still** a lot of work _____ on teacher training.

A.to do

B.to be done

C.doing

[答案]B

T31 **There's lots** of fruit _____ the tree.Our little cat is also in the tree.

A.in

B.at

C.on

[答案]C

T31 **There's lots** of fruit _____ the tree.Our little cat is also in the tree.

- A.on
- B.in
- C.at

[答案]A

T32 **They** have learned about _____ in recent years.

- A.several hundreds English words
- B.hundreds of English words
- C.hundred of English words

[答案]B

T33 **This** *kind* of material expands _____ the temperature increasing.

- A.to
- B.with
- C.for

[答案]B

T34 **This** *overcoat* cost _____.What's more,they are _____ small for me.

- A.very much;very
- B.too much;much too
- C.much too;too much

[答案]B

T35 **Tim** speaks Italian _____ Chinese and German.

- A.as well
- B.as well as
- C.so well as

[答案]B

T36 **Today's** weather is _____ worse than yesterday's.

- A.very much
- B.very
- C.much

[答案]C

T37 **Tom**,what did you do with my documents? I have never seen such a _____ and disorder!

- A.mass
- B.mess
- C.guess

[答案]B

T38 **Touch** _____ 3D maps help the blind too much.

- A.responsive
- B.speaking
- C.listening

[答案]A

T39 **Two** *days* is not enough for him to finish the work.He needs _____ day.

- A.other
- B.the other
- C.a third

[答案]C

T39 **Two** *days* is not enough for him to finish the work.He needs _____ day.

- A.the other
- B.a third
- C.other

[答案]B

T40 **Two** *thousand* dollars _____ enough for the car.

- A.is
- B.are
- C.were

[答案]A

T40 **Two** *thousand* dollars _____ enough for the car.

- A.were
- B.is
- C.are

[答案]B

W01 **Was** _____ that I saw last night at the concert?

- A.you
- B.that yourself
- C.it you

[答案]C

W02 **We** *should* sort things _____ to deal with the prosecution.

- A.off
- B.out
- C.on

[答案]B

W03 **We** _____ *to* deliver the goods within a week.

- A.assure
- B.guarantee
- C.guard

[答案]B

W04 **We'd** better _____ Mr.Devis.

- A.wait for
- B.waiting for
- C.to wait for

[答案]A

W05 **What** *he* said _____ correct.

- A.be
- B.are
- C.is

[答案]C

W06 **What** *is* the train _____ to Birmingham?

- A.fee
- B.trip

C.fare

[答案]C

W06 **What** *is* the train _____ to Birmingham?

A.trip

B.fee

C.fare

[答案]C

W07 **When** Lily came home at 5 pm yesterday,her mother _____ dinner in the kitchen.

A.was cooking

B.cooked

C.cooks

[答案]A

W08 **Will** you _____ me a favor,please?

A.make

B.do

C.bring

[答案]B

W09 **With** *his* work completed,the manager stepped back to his seat,feeling pleased _____ he was a man of action.

A.which

B.that

C.What

[答案]B

W10 **With** *these* suggestions,your child can grow up to be a _____ and successful adult that you can be proud of.

A.respect

B.respectable

C.respective

[答案]B

W11 **Would** you like something _____?

A.drinking

B.to drink

C.drink

[答案]B

Y01 _____ **you** *goat* once you will be late.

A.Unless

B.If

C.In case

[答案]A

Y02 _____ **you** *pick* up the case,you will never give up.

A.Once

B./

C.Only

[答案]A

Y03 **You** *have* been to Beijing for many times, and you _____ been to the Great wall.

- A. must have
- B. should have
- C. could have

[答案]A

Y04 **You** *know* that I'm a person of _____ temper. Sometimes I just can't control my mouth.

- A. enormous
- B. great
- C. hot

[答案]C

Y05 **You** *should be responsible* _____ your behavior.

- A. at
- B. for
- C. to

[答案]B

Y06 **You** *should take* _____ to give Mary the solutions she needs.

- A. strategy
- B. initiative
- C. active

[答案]B

Y07 **You** *shouldn't* _____ your time like that, Bob; you have to finish your school work tonight.

- A. cut
- B. do
- C. kill

[答案]C

Y07 **You** *shouldn't* _____ your time like that, Bob; you have to finish your school work tonight.

- A. do
- B. cut
- C. kill

[答案]C

Y08 **You** _____ *been* to the Great wall.

- A. must have
- B. should
- C. must

[答案]A

第三大题 阅读理解选择题

A01 **ALTERNATIVE LEGAL BILLING -WIN STRATEGIES**

Hourly billing is the best way to be charged for legal services. About 95 percent of lawyers still perform their legal work on an hourly basis. If you want something better than the old bill by the hour deal, try presenting one of these billing structures.

PROJECT BILLING FOR ROUTINE ISSUES

If your legal needs include large but repetitive tasks, consider a flat-fee approach. Once you get a project billing

estimate,don't hesitate to shop around to compare prices and services with other law firms.A firm may provide a better deal if it expects future work from your company.

RESULTS-ORIENTED OPTIONS

Pay-according-to-success is one choice.It considers fees based on the outcome of the case and the performance of your counsel.Contingency fees turn the matter into a shared risk or shared encouragement,making the law firm your business partner,not just representation.

MULTI-LAYERED TASKS

If you're shopping for a firm for actual legal work involving a number of legal specialties,consider using blended hourly fees.The firm calculates in advance an average rate based on the anticipated time each lawyer spends on the matter.

This arrangement helps the client to avoid paying a senior partner's hourly rate for research that should be conducted by a junior associate.

Legal Insurance

The contract fee allows the client to pick up the phone and talk to the lawyer without needing to eye the clock.This approach works like a legal insurance policy.It encourages companies to contact their counsel on non-litigation,non-crisis matters,and to save money in the long run by engaging in more preventive legal action.

1. _____ is the best way to be charged for legal services.

A.Results-oriented billing

B.Hourly billing

C.Flat-fee billing

[答案]B

2.A flat-fee approach_____.

A.is suitable for repetitive tasks

B.is useless

C.is the best choice.

[答案]A

3._____ make the law firm share your risk and encouragement.

A.Contract fees

B.Blended hourly fees

C.Contingency fees

[答案]C

4.Legal work involving a number of legal specialties should consider using_____.

A.blended hourly fees

B.insurance fees

C.hourly fees

[答案]A

5.You have to eye the clock when you talk to the lawyer when you choose_____.

A.legal "Insurance"

B.the old "bill by the hour" deal

C.a flat-fee approach

[答案]B

B01 Babies who are breast-fed may be more likely to be successful in life,a new study published Tuesday suggests.The study followed more than 3,000 babies into adulthood in Brazil.The researchers found those who were breast-fed scored slightly higher in intelligence tests in their 30s,stayed in school longer and earned more money than those who were given formula(配方奶粉).

Breast-feeding not only has short-term benefits,but also breast-feeding has long-term benefits,says Bernardo Lessa Horta of the Federal University of Pelotas in Brazil,who led the study being published in The Lancet Global Health.

Doctors have long known that breast-feeding can be good for a baby's health. This is especially true in poor countries, where water can be contaminated. For instance, a baby given formula in developing countries is 14 times more likely to die in the first six months than one who's breast-fed. In the U.S., some research has suggested that breast-feeding may raise a baby's IQ(智商) by a few points. But a recent study with siblings(兄弟姐妹) found little advantage to breast-feeding.

Horta says these previous studies didn't follow children into adulthood to see if breast-feeding had long-term effects. So Horta analyzed data collected from 3,493 volunteers he and his colleagues have been following since birth. They are now in their 30s. First, the researchers gave the subjects IQ tests. Those who were breast-fed for 12 months or more had IQ test scores that were 3.76 points higher than those who were breast-fed for less than one month, the team found.

When Horta and his colleagues looked at how much education the subjects had gotten and how much money they were making, they also found a clear difference: Those who were breast-fed the longest stayed in school for about an extra year and had monthly salaries that were about a third higher.

1. From the passage, we learn that Horta _____.

- A. is from Brazil
- B. conducts his research in the U.S.
- C. has 30 researchers on his team

[答案]A

2. Which of the following about those who were breast-fed is NOT mentioned?

- A. They stayed longer in school
- B. They were happier
- C. They were smarter

[答案]B

3. Which of the following is TRUE?

- A. Doctors don't understand the benefits of breast-feeding.
- B. Horta is concerned with water contamination in poor countries.
- C. Horta's research project lasted about 30 years

[答案]C

4. The word contaminated in Paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. finished
- B. interested
- C. polluted

[答案]C

5. Which of the following is an appropriate title for this passage?

- A. Researchers Have Pointed Out the Disadvantages of Breast-feeding
- B. Researchers Have Found Out the Shortcomings of Formula
- C. Breast-feeding Improves Chances of Success

[答案]C

C01 Charity is a concept which dates back to Biblical times, when helping the poor was something that rich people basically did to make themselves feel good. Social work has its roots in charity, as it originally began around the time of the industrial revolution when there were many poor people and society was seeking away of dealing with the poor and social problems. Although social work began as charity work, it has expanded a lot and needs to be seen from a completely different perspective.

Modern-day social work deals not only with poverty and the subsequent problems, but also with the problems arising from various types of "social fear" ("social phobias") and discrimination such as sexism, racism, and

discrimination against an individual due to his age, or mental or physical disabilities. Social workers deal with the consequences of these discriminations as well as consequences that arise from sexual abuse, drug abuse, and various other problems.

Social work provides an important service to society. Individuals and families in need of help are the focus of it, and are referred to as clients. Social workers help clients live a productive life in their own community. In order to reach this goal, they often enlist the assistance of family members, relatives, local religious leaders, and other influential members of the community. Although institutionalization may be necessary at times, it is a temporary solution. Social workers usually serve in the front line, and reach out to the clients soon after problems occur. The goal is to help clients return to normal life in a natural setting.

21. The charity originally means to _____.

A. help the poor that makes the rich feel good.

B. help clients return to normal life.

C. serve the whole society.

[答案]A

22. When does social work begin?

A. around the time of the industrial revolution

B. In Biblical times

C. In modern time

[答案]A

23. Modern-day social work deals with the following problems except _____?

A. poverty

B. racism

C. education

[答案]C

24. In order to help clients live a productive life, social workers can turn to the assistance of _____.

A. government

B. family members

C. businessmen

[答案]B

25. Which statement about social work is NOT True?

A. Social work roots from charity.

B. Social work deals not only with poverty and the subsequent problems, but also with various social fear and discrimination.

C. Social work is that the rich people want to help the poor people.

[答案]C

E01 Educators, parents, students and community members in Miami-Dade and Broward counties are joining together to reclaim the promise of public education. This important effort is co-sponsored by the American Federation of Teachers and National Education Association and is a vital step forward for our schools in South Florida.

Educators, parents and community members are working together to provide all students with the opportunity to attend quality public schools. Equal access to a public education is a right that should be afforded to all students. We can not expect our students to succeed if they do not have the right tools to do so.

I've been working as a teacher and lawyer for many years, so I know firsthand the obstacles teachers and students face everyday. There is no simple solution for our public schools' challenges, but one thing is for sure: We must all work together in order to better our schools. There is no time to waste because the future of schools and students is on the line. We must all get involved now.

Educators need proper teaching resources in order for students to achieve. Just like in other careers, educators should receive ample opportunities for professional development.

South Florida teachers and support staff are doing the best they can, but we need everyone to actively participate in the educational process.

Florida receives the least amount of funding for public education compared to nearly all other states, but that will never stop our drive for success. We still have hope for our schools and students because the nation's public education system makes up the foundation of our future,

21. From the passage, we can guess the author is from _____.

- A. China
- B. the UK
- C. the US

[答案]C

22. Educators, parents and community members are working together in order to _____.

- A. guarantee all students with opportunities to attend quality public schools
- B. enhance the quality of education
- C. supervise the public schools

[答案]A

23. What does "obstacle" mean in paragraph 3?

- A. something that stands in the way
- B. something cool
- C. something urgent

[答案]A

24. What do educators need for professional development?

- A. Investment.
- B. Equality.
- C. Opportunity.

[答案]C

25. According to the passage, is there any simple solution for the challenges they are facing?

- A. Yes.
- B. No.
- C. Not Given.

[答案]B

I01 Imagine a school that expected its students to become literate(有读写能力的) without any formal instruction. Most parents would be alarmed by such an approach, which would leave their children confused and with gaps in their understanding. This however has been the philosophy on character development in many of our schools. Why is the development of character seen as somehow different from the other skills that we teach?

Of course there will always be learning by osmosis(耳濡目染) in any school, but as a teacher and primary school head I have found that a child's moral literacy is strengthened when they acquire the building blocks of good character such as consideration, courage and honor: qualities which are commonly known as virtue(美德).

I personally find that exploring a virtue over a two-week period provides a simple and effective program that allows for the creative input of both teacher and student and a chance for the virtue to embed(使融入) itself. Once a lesson on a virtue such as honesty has been completed we need to allow time for children to practice this concept just as would be the case with fractions or verbs. Allowing children to role play a situation

such as making up excuses to cover a mistake can be enormously interesting, and the drama can be frozen allowing the characters to be questioned about their feelings and motives. It's also a safe way for children to experience for themselves how a lie usually goes out of control.

Our role as educators is also to look for opportunities to help our students as they attempt to strengthen their characters. When something goes wrong we guide the young person to the virtue that will prevent it from happening again. For instance, when a student thoughtlessly disturbs the calm atmosphere of the library, instead of a response such as, "that was really disrespectful and selfish of you!" we draw out from them the required virtue: "When you're walking through the library, what virtues do you need to use?"

1. Which of the following is the main idea of this passage?

- A. Teaching morals and values has been a frequently discussed topic in the past few years.
- B. The author and his staff embed virtues into lessons and school life to encourage character development in children.
- C. Kids throughout the population face the same needs, the same challenges, and the same realities in their lives.

[答案]B

2. We can infer from the first paragraph that _____.

- A. there tends to be disagreement about what character education is
- B. most parents are not satisfied with the teaching methods adopted in schools
- C. the approach to character education is generally considered different from the approaches to other skills

[答案]C

3. The word philosophy in the first paragraph is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. study
- B. subject
- C. viewpoint

[答案]C

4. The author is a _____.

- A. teacher
- B. librarian
- C. reporter

[答案]A

5. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage as a way to build character in children?

- A. Story readings and discussions.
- B. Osmosis.
- C. Taking every opportunity to teach character.

[答案]A

I02 Is that 6 a.m. woke out getting in the way of good sleep? Don't think your fat cells won't notice. A new study published in The Annals of Internal Medicine (a medical journal) finds that inadequate shut-eye has a harmful effect on fat cells, reducing their ability to respond to insulin (胰岛素) by about 30 percent. Over the long-term, this decreased response could set the stage for type-2 diabetes (a medical condition in which someone has too much sugar in his or her blood), fatty liver disease and weight gain.

The study adds to a growing body of evidence that there's an intimate relationship between the amount of sleep we get and our ability to maintain a good, healthy body weight, says sleep expert Helene Emsellem, director of the Center for Sleep and Wake Disorders in Chevy Chase, Maryland. But Americans don't seem to be getting the message that we need seven to nine hours per night. More than 1 in 5 of us, according to a report from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, is getting six or fewer hours of sleep per night, on average.

So how did researchers study fat cells in the Annals paper? Matthew Brady of the University of Chicago and a group of colleagues selected and persuaded seven volunteers to take part in the research project. They were all young, thin and healthy and agreed to sleep for eight nights in a sleep lab. For four nights they were allowed to

stay in bed for 8.5 hours a night,says Brady.Then,a month later,they came back for four additional nights-but this time they were allowed just 4.5 hours of sleep per night.And after each visit,researchers got a sample of their fat.Brady explains that the fat cells responded significantly to the loss of sleep.I was very surprised to be honest,he says.

Bad things can happen when fat cells become less responsive to insulin.Fat cells are actually your friend,he says.They're there to store lipids(血脂).When lipids stay inside the cells,your body can utilize the fat when you're exercising or sleeping or going about your day.However,when fat cells start to become insulin resistant,the lipids start to leach out of the fat cells and rise in the bloodstream,Brady says.

1.According to the passage,lack of sleep for a long while can probably lead to all of the following EXCEPT_____.

- A.heart disease
- B.weight gain
- C.diabetes

[答案]A

2.The main idea of the third paragraph is_____.

- A.how to write a medical research paper
- B.how to avoid sleep loss
- C.how the research was conducted

[答案]C

3.What does the leach in the last paragraph probably mean?

- A.Leap.
- B.Lead.
- C.Leak.

[答案]C

4.Which of the following is NOT TRUE according to the passage?

- A.We will be in trouble if our fat cells become less responsive to insulin.
- B.More and more studies are done to study the link between sleep and weight.
- C.More than 20% of Americans are not getting enough sleep.

[答案]B

5.Which of the following is an appropriate title for this passage?

- A.Poor Sleep May Lead to Too Much Stored Fat and Disease
- B.Sleep Experts Had Exciting Findings in a Fat Study
- C.Americans Should Have More Than Six Hours of Sleep

[答案]B

I03 It can be really frustrating (使人沮丧的) for an overweight person to go to a gym and work out with a positive attitude.All one has to do is walk by almost any nice gym and notice all the healthy,sweating,skinny members.Sometimes they stare at those of us who are,well,zaftig.It is easy to see the judgment behind their eyes.Who wants to put up with that?

Many people are self-conscious of their bodies and feel isolated when joining workout classes of while exercising,especially if they are larger than most of the others in the group.Now the fitness industry is finally paying attention.Popular gyms are catering (迎合) to overweight and weight conscious customers by dedicating areas where the skinny people are not allowed.

There are even gyms or programs that require members to be at least 50 pounds overweight to participate.Trainers recommend functional fitness as a practical goal,rather than six-pack abs(六块腹肌).They often use text messages to stay in touch with customers.

Often at these specialized gyms,the trainers are overweight themselves,or working on their own weight

goals, and this can help those people with anxiety caused by poor body image. The equipment has been designed for use by larger people. Wider seats, more cushioning, no mirrors, and tinted (有色的) windows for privacy, are all important changes.

Hopefully these types of gyms will successfully grow in numbers in the future. The idea is a very simple and potentially popular one. If it helps those of us who are bigger exercise more and improve our fitness level, it's a step in the right direction.

1. The word *zaftig* in Paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. fat
- B. healthy
- C. friendly

[答案]A

2. We can infer from the first two paragraphs that _____.

- A. most large gym chains really don't want members to show up frequently
- B. overweight people are often frustrated and pushed away by traditional gym industry
- C. regular gyms don't accept overweight people to participate in their programs

[答案]B

3. What is the training goal in the gyms catering to overweight members?

- A. To achieve functional fitness.
- B. To build six-pack abs.
- C. To look like a fitness model.

[答案]A

4. As for the gyms catering to overweight members, which of the following statements is NOT TRUE?

- A. The machines are designed for larger people.
- B. Tinted windows are used to ensure extra privacy.
- C. There are large mirrors on the walls.

[答案]C

5. Which of the following is the best title for the passage?

- A. Improving Women's Self-confidence through Exercises.
- B. The traditional Gym Industry Is Losing Its Customers.
- C. Specialized Gyms Designed for Overweight People.

[答案]C

J01 Jim Thorpe was a Native American. He was born in 1888 in an Indian Territory(印第安人保护区) that is now Oklahoma. Like most Native American children then, he liked to fish, hunt, swim, and play games outdoors. He was healthy and strong, but he had very little formal education. In 1950, Jim Thorpe was named the greatest American football player. He was also an Olympic gold medal winner. But Thorpe had many tragedies in his life.

Jim had a twin brother who died when he was nine years old. By the time he was 16, his mother and father were also dead. Jim then went to a special school in Pennsylvania for Native American children. There, he learned to read and write and also began to play sports. Jim was poor, so he left school for two years to earn some money. During this time, he played on a baseball team. The team paid him only \$15 a week. Soon he returned to school to complete his education. Jim was a star athlete(运动员) in several sports, including baseball, running, and football. He won many awards for his athletic ability, mainly for football. In many games, he scored all or most of the points for his team.

In 1912, when Jim Thorpe was 24 years old, he became part of the U.S Olympic team. He competed in two very difficult events: the pentathlon and the decathlon. Both require great ability and strength. The pentathlon has five track and field events, including the long jump and the 1500-meter race. The decathlon has ten track and field

events,with running,jumping and throwing contests.

People thought it was impossible for an athlete to compete in both the pentathlon and the decathlon.So everyone was surprised when Thorpe won gold medals in both events.When the King of Sweden presented Thorpe with his two gold medals,he said,Sir,you are the greatest athlete in the world.Thorpe was a simple and honest man.He just answered,Thanks,King.

1.From the passage we learn that Jim Thorpe was born in_____.

- A.India
- B.Pennsylvania
- C.Oklahoma

[答案]C

2.According to the passage,most American Indian children loved all the following EXCEPT_____.

- A.fishing
- B.singing
- C.swimming

[答案]B

3.Jim Thorpe started to play sports_____.

- A.before he was 9 years old
- B.when he was 16 years old
- C.when he was 24 years old

[答案]B

4.The word decathlon in paragraph 3 probably means_____.

- A.jumping
- B.five track and field events
- C.ten track and field events

[答案]C

5.Which of the following is NOT TRUE?

- A.In 1912,Thorpe went back to finish his college education.
- B.Thorpe won two gold medals in the 1912 Olympic Games.
- C.Thorpe once played on a baseball team for money.

[答案]A

L01 **Liu Hui interviews** Dr.Smith about the issue of educational inequality.

Liu Hui:Thank you,Dr.Smith,for agreeing to be interviewed by our Campus News Weekly.First,what do you mean by educational inequality?

Dr.Smith:Educational inequality is the disparity that certain students experience in their education as compared to other students.But the meaning of it varies in different social contexts.

Liu Hui:Why does it exist in modern society?

Dr.Smith:Well,researchers link educational inequality to socioeconomic,racial and geographic reasons.

Liu Hui:So it is very likely that educational inequality exists in different forms in different countries.

Dr.Smith:Yeah,you are right.For example,in the United States,although skin color is linked to other forms of inequality,it is evident in education.

Liu Hui:Educational inequality exists in China,too.For example,the college entrance rate is much higher in

Beijing than in other provinces. How do you think can we someday eradicate the inequality?

Dr. Smith: It's impossible to answer such a big question in few words. Educational inequality has become one of the most important political and social issues in every nation nowadays. There have been numerous attempts at reforms and.....

21. The researchers link educational inequality to _____.

A. socioeconomic, racial and educational reasons

B. racial, economic and geographic reasons

C. racial, socioeconomic and geographic reasons

[答案]C

22. According to the passage, _____.

A. in the United States, skin color is linked to other forms of inequality, but not in education

B. in the United States, skin color is only linked to the form of inequality in education

C. in the United States, skin color is linked to the inequality in education

[答案]C

23. Educational inequality exists in _____.

A. China only

B. many countries

C. all the countries

[答案]C

24. What does the underlined word "eradicate" mean in the passage?

A. get rid of

B. cope with

C. carry out

[答案]A

25. What's the attitude of Dr. Smith to the future of education equality?

A. reserved

B. positive

C. pessimistic

[答案]B

M01 Maggie Walker was born in 1867 in Richmond, Virginia. Her mother was once a slave in a rich woman's house. When Maggie was very young, a thief killed her father. Her family was impoverished, so Maggie's mother started doing laundry in her home. Maggie had to help her. She washed clothes every day, but she continued to go to school. She was a very good student, especially in math.

After Maggie graduated from high school, she got a job as a teacher. In 1886, she married Armistead Walker. They had two sons and Maggie stayed home to care for them. She also volunteered to help a social organization called the Order of St. Luke. This organization helped African Americans take care of the sick and bury the dead. Maggie Walker loved the work of the organization. The organization believed that African Americans should take care of each other.

Over the years, Maggie Walker had more and more responsibilities with the organization. In 1895, she suggested that St. Luke begin a program for young people. This program became very popular with schoolchildren. In 1899, Walker became Grand Secretary Treasurer of the St. Luke organization. However, because she was a woman, she received less than half the salary of the man who had the job before her.

The Order of St. Luke had a lot of financial difficulties when Walker took over. It had a lot of unpaid bills and only \$31.61 in the bank. But soon Maggie Walker changed all of that. Her idea was to get new members to join the Organization. In just a few years, it grew from 3,400 members to 50,000 members. The organization bought a

\$100,000 office building and increased its staff to 55. Now Walker was ready for her next big step.

1. Maggie's father died _____.

- A. when she finished high school
- B. before she was born
- C. when she was very young

[答案]C

2. Which of the following is NOT TRUE?

- A. Maggie had two children.
- B. Maggie was once a slave.
- C. Maggie was good at math.

[答案]B

3. Which of the following is TRUE?

- A. Maggie loved to help other African Americans.
- B. Maggie was very popular with school teachers.
- C. Maggie was the founder of the Order of St. Luke.

[答案]A

4. The word impoverished in Paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. difficult
- B. rich
- C. poor

[答案]C

5. After Paragraph 4, the author will probably talk about Maggie's _____.

- A. education
- B. next project
- C. pay

[答案]B

P01 People say that money can not buy happiness. This was true for Howard Hughes. He was one of the richest and most powerful men of his time. He had everything: good look, success, power, and a lot of money. But he didn't have love or friendship because he couldn't buy them. All his life he used his money to control everything and everyone around him. In the end, he lost control of everything, even himself.

Howard Hughes was born in 1905 in Houston, Texas. His father started the Hughes Tool Company. He was a workaholic(工作狂) and made a lot of money. He bought everything he wanted. He even gave money to schools so Howard could get into them. From his father, Howard learned to be a successful but merciless businessman. Hughes's mother, Allene also had a big influence on his life. Howard was her only child. She protected him and gave him everything. Unfortunately Allene had mental problems. She was afraid of germs and diseases. She was obsessed with Howard's health, and he became obsessed with it too.

Allene died when Howard was 16 years old. Two years later his father died. Hughes inherited the Hughes Tool Company. Then he married Ella Rice. He and Ella moved to Los Angeles, California. It was there that Howard Hughes began to become a legend(传奇人物). Hughes began to invest his money in movies. He became an important producer soon after he moved to California. He worked hard, but he also played hard. He became obsessed with power and control. When he couldn't get something legally, he gave money to politicians and businessmen so they would help him. He owned a lot of businesses, including airplane companies, a movie studio(制片厂), Las Vegas hotels, gold and silver mines, and radio and television stations. Once he bought a television studio so he could watch movies all night. He also bought a hotel because he wanted to stay in his favorite room for one weekend.

21. According to the passage, Howard Hughes was not _____.

- A.good-looking
- B.wealthy
- C.friendly

[答案]C

22.Which of the following about Hughes' father is NOT TRUE?

- A.He started the Hughes Tool Company.
- B.He drank alcohol a lot.
- C.He worked hard.

[答案]B

23.Howard Hughes' parents died_____.

- A.when he was 16 years old
- B.before he was 19 years old
- C.after he got married

[答案]B

24.The word obsessed in Paragraph 2 probably means_____.

- A.troubled
- B.reduced
- C.related

[答案]A

25.From the passage,we learn what Mr.Hughes lacked in his life was_____.

- A.education
- B.love
- C.money

[答案]B

R01 Respondent: Binhai People's Hospital

Address: No 7,Binhai Road,Binhai City

The following answer is given to Zhang Hua's claim for personal-injury compensation by the Binhai People's Hospital:

1.The respondent does not have a direct contractual relationship with Zhang Hua.Zhang Hua had an oral contract to remove the high-voltage meter cabinet with Binhai No.2 Construction Installation Company on June 10,2008.He was assigned by Binhai No.2 Construction and Installation Company and therefore has no direct contractual relationship with the respondent.

2.Binhai No.2 Construction and Installation Company should be responsible for compensating Zhang Hua for the following reasons.Firstly,according to PRC laws and relevant judicial interpretations,Binhai No.2 Construction and Installation Company shall be responsible for any injury employees suffered in the contract performance.Secondly,Zhang Hua seriously violated the operational procedure in removing the high-voltage meter cabinet and failed to pay due attention thereto.

3.The respondent shall not be responsible for compensating the injuries of Zhang Hua.According to the General Principles of the Civil Law,any person engaged in highly dangerous operations shall be responsible for compensation.In this case,the respondent entered into a contract with Binhai No.2 Construction and Installation Company,whereby the source of high danger shifted to Binhai No.2 Construction and Installation Company.Binhai No.2 Construction and Installation Company became the subject of the dangerous operation,and therefore any damages caused in the contract performance by Binhai No.2 Construction and Installation Company have no connection with the respondent.

Therefore,Binhai People's Hospital is not liable for compensating Zhang Hua.We hereby request the court to reject the plaintiff's action according to law.

To:
Binhai City Intermediate People's Court
Respondent: Binhai People's Court
Date: May 10th,2011

1.According to the plaintiff,_____ should be responsible for compensating Zhang Hua.

- A.Binhai People's Hospital
- B.Binhai No.2 Construction and Installation Company
- C.Binhai City Intermediate People's Court

[答案]A

2.Zhang Hua had an oral contract with_____.

- A.2 Construction and Installation Companies
- B.Binhai No.2 Construction and Installation Company
- C.Binhai City Intermediate People's Court

[答案]B

3.The respondent stated_____ reasons to reject Zhang Hua's claim.

- A.1
- B.2
- C.3

[答案]C

4.Zhang Hua himself_____ bear some responsibilities.

- A.should
- B.shouldn't
- C.mustn't

[答案]A

5._____ was quoted by the respondent.

- A.the PRC General Civil Law
- B.the PRC Civil Procedural Law
- C.General Principles of the Civil Law

[答案]C

S01 Since its founding in 1948,McDonald's has grown from a family burger(汉堡包)stand to a global fast-food chain,with more than 30,000 locations in 118 countries.

With 58 million daily customers worldwide,McDonald's is now so ubiquitous around the globe that The Economist publishes a global ranking of currencies' purchasing power based on the prices charged at the local McDonald's,called the Big Mac Index(巨无霸指数).That's not to say that every nation carries the same menu items:choices vary widely depending on location.Some Asian locations serve fried shrimp in a Big Mac roll,while McDonald's in India doesn't serve beef at all,relying instead on burgers made from vegetables,rice and beans.

Not everyone in the world has been happy to greet Ronald McDonald when he moves to town.Many see McDonald's as a symbol of American economic and cultural chauvinism(沙文主义),and European nations in particular have viewed American-style fast food as an insult to their national food.A French farmer,Jose Bove,became something of a national hero in 1999 after he and a group of people destroyed a McDonald's under construction to protest globalization and bad food.The next year,a bomb exploded in a French McDonald's,killing a 27-year-old employee.No one claimed responsibility.

But regardless of whether you like their food or their policies, McDonald's is still widely seen as one of the true pioneers of peaceful globalization.

1. According to the passage, which of the following statements is NOT TRUE?

- A. McDonald's was founded in 1948.
- B. McDonald's has opened its restaurants in every city of the world.
- C. McDonald's has over 30,000 locations in the world now.

[答案]B

2. The word ubiquitous in Paragraph 2 is most likely to mean_____.

- A. very crowded
- B. very clean
- C. existing everywhere

[答案]C

3. From Paragraph 2, we can conclude that_____.

- A. McDonald's designs its menu to suit the local people
- B. millions of young adults got their first job with McDonald's
- C. the McDonald's menu sticks to old-fashioned favorites such as the Big Mac

[答案]A

4. What did Jose Bove and his people do in 1999 to protest against McDonald's?

- A. They destroyed a McDonald's under construction.
- B. They protested outside a McDonald's.
- C. They refused to go to a newly-built McDonald's.

[答案]A

5. In_____, an employee died in a fatal bomb attack on a McDonald's restaurant in France.

- A. 1998
- B. 1999
- C. 2000

[答案]C

T01 The celebration of International Women's Day(IWD) in 2011 was special as it marked the 100th anniversary of IWD. The United Nations' theme for the 2011 IWD was "Equal access to education, training, science and technology: Pathway to decent work for women". One hundred years ago, gender equality and women's empowerment were largely radical ideas. One hundred years later, there has been significant progress in women's empowerment and participation through determined advocacy, practical action and enlightened policy making. However, in too many countries and societies, women's social position is still low and lots of women are still trapped by poverty, discrimination, unemployment, illiteracy and violence.

As a basic human right, education is a key driver of economic growth and social change and the basis of women's empowerment. The global economy is increasingly knowledge-driven, and requires an educated workforce able to apply the existing technology and to develop new science and technologies to combat poverty and adapt to emerging issues.

As education is the key to greater empowerment for women, investing in women and girls through the education sector has therefore a positive effect on the well-being of their families, their communities and nations. Strengthening the bridges between education, training, science and technology and the labor market is important in order to promote equal opportunity to decent employment for women.

21. 2011 International Women's Day(IWD) was special because_____.

- A. it is the beginning of women's equality.
- B. it is 100th anniversary.
- C. women got too much rights in that day

[答案]B

22. _____ is a key factor of economic growth and social change and the women's empowerment.

- A.Equality
- B.Family responsibility
- C.Education

[答案]C

23.Which of the following is not suffered by women in society nowadays?

- A.poverty
- B.unemployment
- C.family burden

[答案]C

24.Which one is NOT mentioned in relation to“education equality”?

- A.pathway to decent work for women
- B.development of new science
- C.women's empowerment.

[答案]B

25.What is the best title for the passage?

- A.Creating Equal Access to Education
- B.International Women's Day
- C.Human Rights

[答案]A

W01 When Bill de Blasio ran for New York City mayor last year,he promised to end a controversial(有争议的),citywide cell-phone ban(禁令)in public schools,which is not equally enforced in all schools.Now,under his leadership,the city is preparing to end the ban.It will be replaced by a policy that allows phones inside schools but tells students to keep them packed away during class.

Many schools have a rule about enforcing the ban that says,“If we don't see it,we don't know about it.” That means teachers are OK with students bringing in cell phones,as long as they stay out of sight and inside bags and pockets.

But at the 88 city schools with metal detectors,the ban has been strictly enforced.The detectors were installed to keep weapon out of schools, but the scanners(扫描器)can also detect cell phones.So students at these schools must leave their phones at home or pay someone to store it for them.

The ban was put into place in 2007 under mayor Michael Bloomberg.Ending the ban will also likely end an industry that has sprung up near dozens of the schools that enforce the ban.Workers in vans(厢式货车)that resemble food trucks store teens' cell phones and Other devices for a dollar a day,

Critics of the ban say cell phones are important safety devices for kids during an emergency.They also say that enforcement of the ban is uneven and discriminatory.Where the ban is enforced,it puts a disadvantage on students who can't afford to pay to store their phones.

Before putting an official end to the cell-phone ban,city education officials are working on creating a new policy.It will include rules about not using the phones during class or to cheat on tests.

1.Which of the following is the main idea of the passage?

- A.New York City will give financial aid to poor students.
- B.New York City plans to restrict cell phone use in libraries.
- C.New York City will soon end a ban on cell phones in schools.

[答案]C

2.Students pay_____a day to leave their cell phones in a van parked near their school.\

- A.a dollar
- B.two dollars
- C.five dollars

[答案]A

3.Metal detectors were installed in 88 city schools,mainly to keep_____out of schools.

- A.cell phones
- B.weapons
- C.drugs

[答案]B

4.The word discriminatory in Paragraph 5 probably means_____.

- A.necessary
- B.tough
- C.unfair

[答案]C

5.According to the passage,which of the following statements is TRUE?

- A.After the cell-phone ban is ended,students can use their phones during class.
- B.The cell-phone ban is equally enforced in all public schools.
- C.A phone-storage industry has appeared outside the 88 metal-detector campuses.

[答案]C

第四大题 阅读理解判断题

A01 All communication begins with the sender and ends with the receiver.The sender is responsible for successful conveyance.The sender's personality,beliefs,cultural and educational background all influence the message and it is important for the sender to be aware of this as he or she is encoding the message.Simply put,encoding is translating information into symbols that represent the ideas or concepts of the message that needs sending.These symbols are usually words in written or spoken form.To ensure successful communication,the sender should know as much about his or her audience-the receiver-as possible in order to focus and support the encoding process.

In addition to this awareness of self and encoding,the sender must choose the proper channel for conveying the message.Using the wrong channel may result in miscommunication.Like the sender,receivers are influenced by internal factors:their personality,their receptivity to the message or their relationship to the sender.Additionally,their current feelings,mood,or state of mind can affect a message.Once the message moves through the channel,the receiver then decodes it.The receiver uses his or her own experience and the context of the message to interpret its meaning.

Feedback is the return message from the receiver to the sender.It is feedback that enables the sender to know whether the message was received successfully or not.Therefore it is essential to the communication process.

This process,though very common,is fraught with potential breakdown at every turn.Spoken or written language is inherently easy to misinterpret.In conclusion,effective and successful Communication takes place when the message is successfully received and the receiver provides the sender with desirable feedback.

26.The sender's gender also influences the message.[答案]F

27.Encoding is a process that translating information into symbols which serve as the ideas or concepts of the message that will be sent later.[答案]T

28.These symbols are usually words and sentences in written form.[答案]F

29.Channel is not crucial for conveying the message.[答案]F

30.Feed backs enable the sender to know whether the receiver has received the message successfully or not.[答案]T

D01 Dear Mr. Brown,

I wish to apply for the position of Social Worker as advertised on seek.com.au. Please find my resume attached. For almost two years I have worked as Mental Health Case Manager for True care and their Housing and Accommodation Support Initiative. During the time I have proven my ability to work with an interdisciplinary team, and also developed interpersonal skills and strong professional relationships with clients, including individuals, families and community groups. In my work I have acquired a thorough understanding of the Mental Health Act of 2014 in relation to social work.

My duties have included providing psychosocial support to clients, in the form of one on-one counselling as well as group therapy; developing and overseeing treatment plans for clients; advising family caregivers; and consulting with doctors, therapists and medical professionals. I was awarded with the New Employee Achievement Award for my work on a difficult case in 2015. My strong verbal and written communication skills have been well utilized in this role and I have also demonstrated solid organizational skills in my case management.

I have a strong desire to make a positive difference in people's lives and I believe I would be an asset to St Paul's Hospital if given the opportunity.

If you require more information please contact me at the phone numbers above. I am available for interviews and hope to hear from you soon.

Yours sincerely,

James Bush

26. James has almost two-year experiences of social work. [答案] T

27. James provides psychosocial support to clients, only in the form of group therapy. [答案] F

28. James does not give advice to family caregivers. [答案] F

29. James's strong verbal and written communication skills have been well used in this position. [答案] T

30. James believe she would be a valuable staff to St Paul's Hospital if given the opportunity. [答案] T

G01 Graffiti painting is

traditionally a daredevil pursuit. Teenagers dodge security guards to put their names on trains and buses. But over the past decade, graffiti has all but disappeared from Britain's cities. Between 2007 and 2012 the number of incidents of graffiti recorded by the British Transport Police fell by 63%. A survey by the Environment Ministry shows that fewer places are blighted by tags than ever. Graffiti are increasingly confined to sanctioned walls, such as the Stockwell ball courts. In time the practice may die out entirely.

The most obvious reason for the decline in tagging and train-painting is better policing. Numerous CCTV cameras mean it is harder to getaway with painting illegally. And punishments are more severe. A generational shift is apparent, too. Fewer teenagers are getting into painting walls. They prefer to play with iPads and video games. Some have gone to art school and want to make money from their paintings. The Internet means that painters can win far more attention by posting pictures online than they can by breaking into a railway yard.

Taggers and graffiti artists mostly grew up in the 1980s and 1990s. Those men - and almost all are men - are now older and less willing to take risks. Graffiti may eventually disappear. But for now the hobby is almost respectable. The former graffiti artists paint abandoned warehouses at the weekend. It has become something to do on a Sunday afternoon - a slightly healthier alternative to sitting and watching football.

26. Teenagers are not afraid of being caught by security guards when they put their names on trains and buses. [答案]F
27. Less tags can be found in public places nowadays. [答案]T
28. Because of better policing graffiti decreases. [答案]T
29. Some teenagers go to art school in order to learn to paint walls. [答案]F
30. Taggers and graffiti artists are still willing to take risks. [答案]F

I01 I've been living in the country for more than 10 years. It means quietness, privacy, harmony and peace for me.

Living in the country requires an active lifestyle. It involves activities like doing daily chores, preparing firewood for winter heating, feeding animals including pets and livestock, tending the garden, or securing fences, etc. For me, the most attractive activities are fishing, hunting and hiking. I enjoy seeing what nature has to offer everyday through a simple walk down the little trail, or a relaxing drive along the country road with patches of green grass ornamented with wildlife sightings of birds, moose, bears, deer, etc.

Living the country life helps us appreciate some of the simpler things, things that make us feel good about ourselves and the world. It maybe just a get together on a Saturday at the local farmers market, or a projector a problem that the community might pull together to help solve. I have participated in a few community projects, like dealing without-of-control grass fires, a roof that collapsed from a large snowfall, or even helping a recent widow with firewood for the winter. Sometimes I am surprised by how much benefit we receive from helping others and as for this community I can't say enough.

I really enjoy living the country life. I know it's not for everyone, but I know it's for me.

26. The author has lived in the countryside for more than a decade, and he/she loves living there. [答案]T
27. Living in the country is not busy at all. [答案]F
28. The author takes a walk or drives along country roads almost everyday. [答案]T
29. People living in the country usually go shopping every Saturday. [答案]T
30. According to the author, nobody dislikes countryside life. [答案]F

J01 James Bush

35 West 9 Avenue
Pensacola, FL 23506
P: (03) 86661234
M: 0651 222555
E: james.bush@hotmail.com.us.
[Date]
Nick C. Brown
Hiring Manger
Saint Louis Mental Health Service
16 Mary Street
River Dale, IL 566077
Dear Mr. Brown,

I wish to apply for the position of Social Worker as advertised on seek.com.au. Please find my resume attached. For almost two years I have worked as Mental Health Case Manager for True care and their Housing and Accommodation Support Initiative. During the time I have proven my ability to work with an interdisciplinary team, and also developed interpersonal skills and strong professional relationships with clients, including

individuals,families and community groups.In my work I have acquired a thorough understanding of the Mental Health Act of 2014 in relation to social work.

My duties have included providing psychosocial support to clients,in the form of one-on-one counselling as well as group therapy;developing and overseeing treatment plans for clients;advising family caregivers;and consulting with doctors,therapists and medical professionals.I was awarded with the New Employee Achievement Award for my work on a difficult case in 2015.My strong verbal and written communication skills have been well utilized in this role and I have also demonstrated solid organizational skills in my case management.

I have a strong desire to make a positive difference in people's lives and I believe I would be an asset to St Paul's Hospital if given the opportunity.

If you require more information please contact me at the phone numbers above.I am available for interviews and hope to hear from you soon.

Yours sincerely

James Bush

- 1.James has almost two-year experiences of social work.[答案 T]
- 2.James provides psychosocial support to clients,in the form of group therapy.[答案 F]
- 3.James does not give advice to family caregivers.[答案 F]
- 4.James's strong verbal and written communication skills have been well used in this position.[答案 T]
- 5.James believes he would be a valuable staff to St Paul's Hospital if given the opportunity.[答案 T]

L01 Liu Hui and Molly are discussing the issue of educational quality at a workshop.

Liu Hui:Hi,Molly.Today's topic is educational quality.First,what does educational quality mean to you?

Molly:As far as I'm concerned,quality education means good learning standards in educational institutions.So,educational quality ensures a desirable outcome for learners.

Liu Hui:Sounds like after some serious thinking.However,many definitions of quality in education exist,testifying to the complexity and multifaceted nature of the concept,

Molly:Definitely,establishing a contextualized understanding of quality means including relevant stakeholders.Key stakeholders often hold different views and meanings of educational quality.

Liu Hui:There are many prestigious universities in the US.They all provide high-quality education.But some universities aren't known for their quality.It's hard to imagine the gap.

Molly:Yes,in the US the quality in higher education is quite mixed.Universities like Harvard,Yale,MIT,etc,you know,are well-known all over the world.However,there are some institutions providing poor education,so called“diploma mills”.

Liu Hui:In China,we have similar issues in educational quality.Some universities pay more attention to profits instead of quality.

Molly:How to improve educational quality is an international issue.But,solutions are grounded in values,cultures and traditions and maybe specific to a given nation as well.

26. Molly thinks that educational quality ensures a satisfactory outcome for learners. [答案]T
27. Liu Hui disagrees with Molly on the meaning of education quality. [答案]F
28. All universities in the US offer high-quality education. [答案]F
29. Diploma mills can not provide high-quality education. [答案]T
30. In China, there isn't any diploma mill. [答案]F

N01 NEW YORK- The five men facing trial in the Sept. 11 attacks will plead not guilty. They would state their criticisms of U.S. foreign policy, the lawyer for one of the defendants said Sunday.

Scott Fenstermaker, the lawyer for accused terrorist Ali Abd al-Aziz Ali, said the men would not deny their role in the 2001 attacks but would explain what happened and why they did it.

Ali and four other men are accused of killing nearly 3,000 people in the nation's deadliest terrorist attack. The U.S. Justice Department announced earlier this month that they will face a civilian federal trial just blocks from the World Trade Center site.

Ali is also known as Ammar al-Baluchi. He is a nephew of claimed 9/11 planner, Khalid Sheikh Mohammed.

Mohammed, Ali and the others will explain their assessment of American foreign policy, Fenstermaker said.

Their assessment is negative, he said.

Fenstermaker met with Ali last week at the U.S. prison at Guantanamo Bay in Cuba. He has not spoken with the others. But he said the men have discussed the trial among themselves.

Fenstermaker was first quoted in The New York Times in Sunday's editions.

Critics of Attorney General Eric Holder decided to try the men in a New York City civilian courthouse. It has warned that the trial would provide the defendants with a propaganda platform.

Dean Boyd, a spokesman for the Department of Justice, said Sunday that while the men may attempt to use the trial to express their views, we believe the courts and the federal judge may govern the trial. The course of justice will be led appropriately and with minimal break, as federal courts have done in the past.

1. The five men thought that the U.S. foreign policy should be blamed for the 911 attack. [答案 T]
2. Scott Fenstermaker is the lawyer for Ali Abd al-Aziz Ali and four other men. [答案 F]
3. Nearly 3,000 people were killed in the 911 attack. [答案 T]
4. The press didn't care about this civilian federal trial. [答案 F]
5. We can infer from the article that the prisoners also have their freedom to express their own views in the U.S.A. [答案 T]

T01 To: Guangzhou People's Court

Plaintiff: Hand cup Marketing

Domicile: No. 33, 4th Road, New York

Legal Representative: Qingguo Su

Position: Manager of Hand cup Marketing

Defendant: South China Corporation

Domicile: No.21 South Binjiang Road,Guangzhou

Legal Representative: Bai Mei

Position: Manager of the South China Corporation

CLAIMS:

1.To order the Defendant to pay to the Plaintiff 18,000,000 RMB,including 15,000,000 RMB for the dispatched products and 3,000,000 RMB for the interest.

2.To order the Defendant to pay for the court fees.

FACTS AND REASONS:

The defendant is the plaintiff's distributor in Southern China.From September 2010 to October 2011,the plaintiff issued all kinds of products worth 15,000,000 RMB to the defendant.(see Exhibit I)

Each of the said transactions was signed and received by the defendant(see Exhibit II).Although the plaintiff had repeatedly requested,the defendant failed to pay the debt on time.

The indebtedness arising out of the transactions between the plaintiff and the defendant shall be under the legal power of Chinese laws.The defendant refused to accept mediation.The plaintiff is now facing huge economic losses(see Exhibit III).Therefore,in accordance with relevant Chinese laws and regulations,the defendant should bear corresponding civil responsibility.

According to Articles 106 and 112 in the PRC General Civil Law,Article 108 in the PRC Civil Procedural Law and other related laws and regulations,the plaintiff hereby files this case with the court for your adjudication.

Plaintiff:Hand cup Marketing

Date:May 14th,2012

ATTACHMENTS:

- 1.One copy of the plaintiff's business license;
- 2.One copy of the original Certificate of the Legal Representative;
- 3.One copy of the original Power of Attorney;
- 4.Exhibit I: Invoices for each transaction;
- 5.Exhibit II: Receipts for each transaction;
- 6.Exhibit III: List of losses.

- 1.Hand cup Marketing is suing South China Corporation of not paying for the transactions.[答案 T]
- 2.Qingguo Su is a lawyer.[答案 F]
- 3.The plaintiff has got well prepared before filing the lawsuit.[答案 T]

4.The plaintiff didn't know which laws and regulations should be applied in this case.[答案 F]

5.The defendant owed the plaintiff RMB 15,000,000 for the dispatched products.[答案 T]

第五大题 写作题

根据要求写作文--《有效交流的重要性》

[试题一]

以“The Importance of Effective Communication”(有效交流的重要性)为题写一篇短文,字数不少于 100 词。

具体要求如下:

- (1)什么是有效的交流;
- (2)有效交流为什么重要;
- (3)如何提高有效交流。

参考答案:

The Importance of Effective Communication

Effective Communication refers to the effective process of conveying ideas,expressing attitudes,exchanging emotions,and exchanging intelligence as well as information between people.

Along with the increasing development of the economy and complexity of interpersonal relation,effective communication plays a progressively crucial role in our daily life.Firstly,effective communication serves as a powerful engine promoting mutual understanding between people,thus efficiently resolving the contradictions.What's more,considering that more and more work needs to be completed,effective communication can close the distance among people,which tends to make people work together.Moreover,effective communication is also an important manifestation of building a harmonious modern society.

So crucial is effective communication that it's high time that we learnt to communicate effectively with others in this competitive society.First,people's awareness of effective communication must be heightened through education and publicity.Then,for us citizens,we should take an active part in social activities rather than waste time on mobile phones.Only through the efforts of everyone,can we avoid ineffective communication and embrace a harmonious modern society.

[试题二]

以“The Importance of Effective Communication”(有效交流的重要性)为题写一篇短文,字数不少于 120 词。

参考答案:

In our daily life,we have to come into contact with people in every walk of life.Therefore,it is very important for us to know how to get along with other people.To get well along with others and win their friendships,we must observe strictly the following words.

To begin with,we need to be honest with others and shouh always say what we mean.Lies will surely make people stay faraway from us in the long run.After all,honesty is the best policy.Second,we have to be humble enough.If we are proud in public,we can hardly win other's respect,not to mention “friendship”.

Finally,we must not be selfish.We should learn how to show concern for others.

As long as we abide by what is mentioned above,we will find it easy to get along well with others.

根据要求写作文--《电视对家庭关系的响》

[试题一]

Write a comment on **the impact of television on family relationship**(电视对家庭关系的响).You may follow the cues given below.

(1)Do you think that the impact of television on family relationship is positive or negative?Or both?

(2)List two or three reasons to prove that the impact is positive or negative.

(3)What are your suggestions to make the family relationship healthier?

[试题二]

以“The Impact of Television on Family Relationship(电视对家庭关系的响)”为题写一篇英文短文,字数不少于 120 词。

参考答案:

Many people think that TV can't teach you anything and most TV programs are just silly.True,there are a lot of shows that are anything but good.But if you watch,you will find that TV is still a powerful educational tool.With the emergence of the public TV in our country we now have more helpings of food for the mind.Take the travelogue"the world we live in"it provides us not only with vicarious travel experience but also with the histories and cultures of various nations.Spec live,what they wear and how they talk even though I can't afford to travel to those countries.My family often sit together to watch a program and discuss it afterward.Sometimes my parents ask us what we would do in a similar situation and this gives us the opportunity to rethink.

We should not forget that TV can be an excellent teacher.In this era of mass media we believe that TV,if guided into the right channel,can really fire our imagination and contribute to family cohesion.

根据要求写作文--《如何提高教育质量》

[试题一]

Write a passage on **How to improve the quality of education**.You may follow the ideas given below.

(1) Problems on the quality of education

(2) Possible causes of the problems

(3) Your suggestions and solutions

备注: 写一篇关于如何提高教育质量的文章。你可以遵循下面给出的思路。

(1)关于教育质量的问题

(2)问题的可能原因

(3)你的建议和解决办法

参考答案:

One of the characteristics of the development of modern society is the rapid replacement of the old and new things,and the emergence of new things.As far as higher education is concerned,it also needs to constantly update and add new contents.College teaching content is also closely following the pulse of the times,is a microcosm of the development of modern knowledge,so it has a certain frontier of the times.

[试题二]

The Education We Need

The quality of education is a hot topic.Different people,however,think differently on this matter.What kind of education do you need?What kind of education do you think suitable and meaningful?Write a passage of no less than 100 words to make a comment.

参考答案:

What kind of education we have before?That is easy to know,because almost all people have been to school when they were kids.I still remember when I was a kid,countless booklets waited for me on the table,but my teachers said school had already reduced lots of homework for us.If now young kids are still following this kind of educating rules,they will have no time to learn new things,which show up rapidly day by day.Current education system is welcomed to become the more humanized learning system,with sorting to

several levels and several fields for different students who have different hobbies and talents. Our education should no longer focus on higher scores by spending all times on writing assignments and memorizing essays, but need to have all kinds of courses such as painting and dancing during normal school hours. This mode can have very good results that it can let kids know what things they truly love when they are only a couple years old.

根据要求写作文--《将求职信补充完整》

[试题一]

Complete the cover letter with the expressions in the box. (将求职信补充完整,把正确答案的代码写在答题纸上。)

- A. involves the successful management
 - B. would like to discuss my application further
 - C. can deal with
 - D. am a fully qualified social worker with 10 years of experience
 - E. ability to communicate and reach agreement
 - F. feel free to contact me
 - G. is first class
 - H. enclose my CV for your consideration
 - I. Yours Faithfully.
 - J. I look forward to hearing from you.
- Dear Mark.

I am very keen to apply for the post of Social Worker that was recently advertised on your website and {1}.

I {2} in York City Council's Social Work Department. My experience {3} of a demanding caseload that has included elderly people and people who have learning disabilities and / or mental health issues. I {4} what may be difficult and emotional issues in a calm and practical manner by finding out what is really important to the client's needs.

My {5} with other agencies, such as primary care practices and psychology services.

{6} and I have a team approach to establishing what is best of each individual. I am used to working unsocial hours, including evenings and weekends.

I {7} with you and welcome the opportunity to attend for interview. Please {8} on the details provided above in case you have any queries for me.

{9}

{10}

Hellen Chen

Hellen Chen

Encl. Résumé

参考答案:

- | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|-------|
| (1)H | (2)D | (3)A | (4)C | (5)E |
| (6)G | (7)B | (8)F | (9)J | (10)I |