

试卷代号:3896

国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2017年秋季学期“开放专科”期末考试

人文英语 1 试题

2018 年 1 月

注 意 事 项

一、将你的学号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定栏内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得带出考场。监考人收完考卷和答题纸后才可离开考场。

二、仔细阅读题目的说明,并按题目要求答题。答案一定要写在答题纸的指定位置上,写在试卷上的答案无效。

三、用蓝、黑圆珠笔或钢笔答题,使用铅笔答题无效。

四、考试时间为 60 分钟。

一、交际用语 (共计 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

1—5 题: 选择正确的语句完成下列对话, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. —I won the first prize in today's speech contest.

— _____

A. Congratulations!

B. Great!

C. Thanks!

2. —Seat belts save lives.

— _____

A. I won't put on my seat belt.

B. I will put on my seat belt.

C. It's true. I agree.

3. —Hello, Can I speak to Liu Hui, please?

— _____

A. Yes, I am.

B. Yes, speaking.

C. Yes, you can.

4. — Hi, I'm Susan. Nice to meet you.

— _____

A. Are you OK?

B. Nice to meet you, too.

C. Very nice.

5. — How are you feeling now?

— _____

A. Much better.

B. It's OK.

C. Thank you.

二、词汇与结构 (共计 30 分, 每小题 2 分)

6—20 题: 阅读下面的句子, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6. People can't live without _____ sun.

A. a

B. an

C. the

7. She is _____ General Manager of _____ big company.

A. a, an

B. the, a

C. a, the

8. I saw him _____, and afterwards he was caught by the police.

A. steal

B. stole

C. stolen

9. You'd better _____ the car because you are drunk.

A. let me drive

B. let me to drive

C. to let me drive

10. John _____ three bottles of beer just now, so he can't drive himself home now.
A. does drink
B. did drink
C. do drink
11. You _____ will have your own room.
A. each
B. all
C. both
12. I would like to do the job _____ you don't force me to study.
A. in case
B. although
C. as long as
13. A student will probably attend four or five courses during each _____.
A. seminar
B. semester
C. season
14. We can't afford a bicycle, _____ a car.
A. even if
B. let alone
C. let out
15. He _____ her a beautiful hat on her next birthday.
A. gives
B. is going to give
C. gave
16. He usually _____ from headache.
A. endures
B. suffers
C. receives
17. Listen! The baby _____ in the next room.
A. cries
B. cried
C. is crying
18. _____ she wins _____ loses, this is her last chance.
A. If...or
B. Whether...or
C. Whether...or not
19. The traffic accident _____ three days ago.
A. happens
B. took place
C. was occurred
20. Someone then suggested they _____ the car home.
A. to push
B. push
C. pushing

三、阅读理解(共 40 分,每小题 4 分)

21—25 题: 阅读短文, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个正确答案, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

In the past, American families tended to be quite large. Parents raising five or more children were common. Over the years, the size of the family is becoming smaller. One reason for this is an increase in the cost of living.

Generally children attend schools for more years than they used to, making them financially dependent on their families longer. Moreover, children nowadays are better dressed and have more money to spend on entertainment. The parents are usually responsible for all the expenses. And families are less close than they used to be. More and more American mothers work away from home. The break-up of the family appears when the parents' divorce. A lot of children in the U. S. live part of their young lives with only one parent. Children grow up feeling unsettled as they are moved between their parents. Single parents often marry other single parents. In this type of family, unrelated children are forced to develop brother or sister relationship.

The situations of many American families today are not good. However, recent signs show that things are getting better. The divorce rate is declining(降低). Perhaps Americans have learned how important families are.

21. In the past, there were usually _____ children in American families.

A. more than 3

B. 3

C. less than 3

22. To parents who take the responsibility for children's expenses, the cost of living increases because _____.

A. children attend school for more years

B. children are better dressed and spend more money on entertainment

C. all of the above

23. Children whose parents divorced always feel unsettled because _____.

A. they are moved between their parents

B. they are forced to develop brother or sister relationship

C. they have little money to spend

24. According to the author, the situations of American families in the future may _____.

A. get better

B. remain the same

C. become worse

25. The title of the article might be "_____".

A. American Children

B. American Families

C. American Parents

26—30 题: 请根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确, 正确的写“T”, 错误的写“F”, 并将答案写在答题纸上。

In an extended family, all the people share one household. Apart from parents and children, there may be other family members; grandparents, aunts, uncles, cousins, etc. That is to say, a large family may have more than two generations, and often there are more than two adults from different generations of a family.

The family members live together for many reasons. They may help to bring up children or to take care of an ill relative. They may also help with saving money. Sometimes children are brought up by their grandparents, for their parents have died or can never take care of them. Many grandparents look after the children, particularly when both parents are busy working. This large family is called extended family. It can be found all over the world. The number of these families has increased by 40 percent in the past ten years. Most of such families live happily together.

26. In an extended family, people live in different houses.

27. An extend family includes at least three generations.

28. In an extended family, children are looked after by their grandparents because their parents are traveling around.

29. Extended families can be found all over the world.

30. Children can live happily with their parents and grandparents.

四、翻译(共 20 分,每小题 4 分)

31—35 题:选择正确的译文,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

31. I want to know when he is leaving for New York tomorrow.

- A. 我想知道他明天什么时候离开纽约。
- B. 我想知道他明天什么时候正在去纽约。
- C. 我想知道他明天什么时候动身去纽约。

32. In those years, a very young mother was not as common as it is now.

- A. 那些年,年轻的妈妈比现在普遍。
- B. 那些年,年轻的妈妈不如现在普遍。
- C. 那些年,年轻的妈妈跟现在一样普遍。

33. He focused his mind on his lesson.

- A. 他按时做功课。
- B. 他把心思集中在功课上。
- C. 他一直在做功课。

34. Drunk driving is a dangerous offence.

- A. 醉驾是一种危险的攻击。
- B. 醉驾是一种危险的罪行。
- C. 酒驾是一种危险的冒犯。

35. But you know, I had to give up the chance to work in a big company.

- A. 但你知道,我不得不放弃在一家大公司工作的机会。
- B. 但你知道,我要放弃机会,在大公司工作。
- C. 但你知道,我要放弃机会,工作在一家大公司。

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国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2017年秋季学期“开放专科”期末考试

人文英语 1 试题答案及评分标准

(供参考)

2018年1月

一、交际用语(共计10分,每小题2分)

1—5题:选择正确的语句完成下列对话,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. A 2. C 3. B 4. B 5. A

二、词汇与结构(共计30分,每小题2分)

6—20题:阅读下面的句子,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6. C 7. B 8. A 9. A 10. B
11. A 12. C 13. B 14. B 15. B
16. B 17. C 18. B 19. B 20. B

三、阅读理解(共40分,每小题4分)

21—25题:阅读短文,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个正确答案,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

21. A 22. C 23. A 24. A 25. B

26—30题:请根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确,正确的写“T”,错误的写“F”,并将答案写在答题纸上。

26. F 27. T 28. F 29. T 30. T

四、翻译(共20分,每小题4分)

31—35题:选择正确的译文,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

31. C 32. B 33. B 34. B 35. A

试卷代号:3896

国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2018年春季学期“开放专科”期末考试

人文英语 1 试题

2018年7月

注 意 事 项

一、将你的学号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定栏内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得带出考场。监考人收完考卷和答题纸后才可离开考场。

二、仔细阅读题目的说明,并按题目要求答题。答案一定要写在答题纸的指定位置上,写在试卷上的答案无效。

三、用蓝、黑圆珠笔或钢笔答题,使用铅笔答题无效。

四、考试时间为 60 分钟。

一、交际用语 (共计 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

1—5 题: 选择正确的语句完成下列对话, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. — Hi, Wang Xin, nice to meet you!

— Hi, Liu Hui, _____

A. nice to meet you too.

B. how do you do?

C. I'm fine, thank you.

2. — How about going to the class together?

— _____

A. Of course not.

B. That sounds great.

C. I don't like it.

3. — Thank you for sharing this with me.

— _____

A. Nothing.

B. You can share, too.

C. My pleasure!

4. — What will you buy for the Spring Festival?

— _____

A. I will buy gifts for my family.

B. Clothes are on sale.

C. I want to go shopping.

5. — _____

— It's dark brown.

A. How about his weight?

B. Is he a tall guy?

C. What color is his hair?

二、词汇与结构 (共计 30 分, 每小题 2 分)

6—20 题: 阅读下面的句子, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6. They work in the same company and they are _____ with each other.

A. good

B. familiar

C. interested

7. Social workers should learn how to _____ people.
A. look at
B. look into
C. look after
8. They _____ some social work at the weekends.
A. do
B. does
C. did
9. They must try to _____ the boundaries of knowledge.
A. extend
B. increase
C. enrich
10. Some holidays in the United Kingdom _____ back hundreds of years.
A. date
B. come
C. return
11. The gunman stood _____ the theatre and shoot at the audience inside.
A. at the front of
B. in front of
C. on front of
12. Tom is good at playing _____ piano.
A. a
B. an
C. the
13. He did not _____ on my proposal about the new project.
A. recommend
B. comment
C. command
14. The street is _____ for five cars to go side by side.
A. wide
B. wide enough
C. enough wide
15. The higher the temperature is, _____ the liquid evaporates.
A. the faster
B. faster
C. the slower

16. I would _____ any weakness and any fear.

A. come

B. overcome

C. throw

17. The Mid-Autumn Festival, as the name _____, falls on the fifteenth day of the eighth lunar month.

A. suggests

B. appears

C. means

18. The schools informed the parents _____ the case immediately.

A. in

B. to

C. of

19. Someone then suggested they _____ the car home.

A. push

B. pushed

C. to push

20. Let the victims know that you are _____ to help.

A. dangerous

B. scared

C. available

三、阅读理解(共 40 分, 每小题 4 分)

21—25 题: 阅读短文, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个正确答案, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

I used to think education was the most important thing in my life. Recently my attitude has begun to change, although I still hold that it is essential for everyone in the world today. As a top junior student in my college, I was asked to make a speech on how to learn English well. Standing in front of the audience facing so many freshmen, I was trembling. I didn't remember any word that I had prepared. I ran out of the conference room without finishing my speech, leaving everyone puzzled. I cried that night in my room, feeling that I was a loser. Studying takes so much of my time that I feel unable to really develop myself. I am just storing knowledge; yet fail to communicate with others. I have received many awards in school, but they don't necessarily reflect anything about me. I don't know how to socialize. When I leave school I fear I will be of no use to society.

I realize that everyone has her or his own way of living. I want to change my lifestyle. Of course I will keep studying. Yet I plan to look for a part-time job, which might turn out to be a good chance to get to know society. I still believe that working my hardest does make me happy. I will still stay on in college, but I will not allow it to shelter me from the real world.

21. From this passage, we know that the author _____ .
- A. does not think education is the most important thing in her life any more
 - B. thinks that communication with other people is more important than education
 - C. realizes that it is more important to really develop oneself than just to store knowledge
22. By saying that she is “a junior student” in her college, the author means that she is _____ .
- A. a student in her third year in college
 - B. a very young college student
 - C. younger than most students in college
23. The author thinks the awards she has received _____ .
- A. show that she is a top student
 - B. show how much time she has spent in learning
 - C. don't necessarily reflect her real self
24. The author fears that she will be of no use to society, mainly because _____ .
- A. she feels she is a loser
 - B. she does not know how to communicate with others
 - C. studying takes too much of her time
25. Which of the following statements is NOT true according to the passage, when the author says that she wants to find a part-time job?
- A. The job might enable her to get to know society.
 - B. She wants to change her lifestyle.
 - C. Working part time while studying will make her happy.

26—30 题: 请根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确, 正确的写“T”, 错误的写“F”, 并将答案写在答题纸上。

Hi, I am Zhao Xin from Beijing. I just enrolled at the Open University last month. Now I'm a freshman at the School of Social Work. As a social work major, I can help take care of the homeless and sick people, talk to them and accompany them, do the cleaning and other house. I love being a social worker. I used to look after the elderly at a nursing home when I was in middle school. It gives me a feeling of pride to bring happiness to others. I want to make a difference in the world.

- 26. Zhao Xin is studying at the Open University now.
- 27. His major is marketing.
- 28. He is looking after the elderly at a nursing home nowadays.
- 29. He wants to change the world and make it better.
- 30. He is proud of being a social worker.

四、翻译(共 20 分, 每小题 4 分)

31—35 题: 选择正确的译文, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

- 31. She wanted to set up her own company to invest in films.
 - A. 她想成立自己的公司投资电影。
 - B. 她想与别人合作来投资电影。
 - C. 她想加入一家公司来投资电影。
- 32. I need to find out who helped me.
 - A. 我需要感谢帮助我的人。
 - B. 我想拜访帮助我的人。
 - C. 我得找出曾经帮助我的人。
- 33. He focused his mind on his lesson.
 - A. 他按时做功课。
 - B. 他把心思集中在功课上。
 - C. 他一直在做功课。

34. I am very sorry for coming late, but something urgent came up at the last minute.

- A. 我很抱歉来晚了,但我在最后一分钟里想起了某件事儿。
- B. 我很抱歉迟到了,但我临走时突然遇到了急事儿。
- C. 我很抱歉要迟来,但我将在最后一分钟里紧急处理好某件事情。

35. In order to be employed, you need to make a very good first impression.

- A. 为了工作,你需要做出一个良好的第一印象。
- B. 为了受聘,你需要给人一个深刻的良好印象。
- C. 为了得到工作,你需要给人一个良好的第一印象。

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人文英语 1 试题答案及评分标准

(供参考)

2018年7月

一、交际用语(共计10分,每小题2分)

1—5题:选择正确的语句完成下列对话,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. A 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. C

二、词汇与结构(共计30分,每小题2分)

6—20题:阅读下面的句子,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6. B 7. C 8. A 9. A 10. A
11. A 12. C 13. B 14. B 15. A
16. B 17. A 18. C 19. A 20. C

三、阅读理解(共40分,每小题4分)

21—25题:阅读短文,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个正确答案,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

21. C 22. A 23. C 24. B 25. B

26—30题:请根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确,正确的写“T”,错误的写“F”,并将答案写在答题纸上。

26. T 27. F 28. F 29. T 30. T

四、翻译(共20分,每小题4分)

31—35题:选择正确的译文,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

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国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2018年秋季学期“开放专科”期末考试

人文英语 1 试题

2019年1月

注 意 事 项

一、将你的学号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定栏内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得带出考场。监考人收完考卷和答题纸后方可离开考场。

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1—5 题: 选择正确的语句完成下列对话, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. — _____
— Less than 50 miles per hour.
A. How fast were you driving?
B. Were you driving north?
C. How was the road?
2. — Hi, Tom, how's everything with you?
— _____, and how are you?
A. Don't mention it
B. Hm, not too bad
C. Thanks
3. — I can show you around, if you like.
— _____
A. Go, please!
B. Sure. Thank you.
C. Let's go.
4. — Are you ready to take a ride in my new sports car?
— _____
A. I don't like your sports car.
B. Yes, I can't wait.
C. No, I won't.
5. — What is your major?
— _____
A. Li Mei.
B. A fresh man.
C. Education.

6—20 题: 阅读下面的句子, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

- 1707

14. The street is _____ for five cars to go side by side.
A. wide B. wide enough
C. enough wide
15. The higher the temperature is, _____ the liquid evaporates.
A. the faster B. faster
C. the slower
16. He usually _____ from headache.
A. endures B. suffers
C. receives
17. Listen! The baby _____ in the next room.
A. cries B. cried
C. is crying
18. _____ she wins _____ loses, this is her last chance.
A. If ... or B. Whether ... or not
C. Whether ... or
19. The traffic accident _____ three days ago.
A. was happened B. took place
C. was occurred
20. What _____ "Mr" mean?
A. is B. does
C. do

三、阅读理解(共 40 分,每小题 4 分)

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my speech, leaving everyone puzzled. I cried that night in my room, feeling that I was a loser. Studying takes so much of my time that I feel unable to really develop myself. I am just storing knowledge; yet fail to communicate with others. I have received many awards in school, but they don't necessarily reflect anything about me. I don't know how to socialize. When I leave school I fear I will be of no use to society.

I realize that everyone has her or his own way of living. I want to change my lifestyle. Of course I will keep studying. Yet I plan to look for a part-time job, which might turn out to be a good chance to get to know society. I still believe that working my hardest does make me happy. I will still stay on in college, but I will not allow it to shelter me from the real world.

21. From this passage, we know that the author _____.

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25. Which of the following statements is NOT true according to the passage, when the author says that she wants to find a part-time job?

- A. The job might enable her to get to know society.
- B. She wants to change her lifestyle.
- C. Working part time while studying will make her happy.

26—30 题: 请根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确, 正确的写“T”, 错误的写“F”, 并将答案写在答题纸上。

The United Kingdom has various bank holidays, public holidays, traditional holidays and national events scattered across its calendar. Some date back hundreds of years, while others are more recent. Here are just a few of the typical British festivals. They are also common in many other Western countries.

St. Valentine's Day

St. Valentine's Day is celebrated every year on February 14. It is the time to express one's love and make a proposal of marriage to one's lover. Today, St. Valentine's Day has become popular throughout the world, commonly known as Valentine's Day.

Halloween

November 1 is All Saints' Day in Western countries. The evening of October 31 is called All Hallows Eve, often called Halloween. Halloween is a favorite festival among kids because they can be naughty and have a lot of fun during the festival. On All Hallows Eve, children put on scary masks and clothes and walk around to trick others and often visit local houses and ask for candy. People make paper-cut Halloween ghosts, black cats and witches as symbols of Halloween.

Christmas

Originally, Christmas was a religious festival. It is the birthday of Jesus Christ, but over the years it has gradually become an international cultural holiday. Christmas is very popular in many Western countries. Christmas is normally celebrated by having a family get-together and eating a large lunch together. Even though Christmas is celebrated every year on December 25, the Christmas Season usually lasts two weeks. During this season, people

write and send Christmas greeting cards around the world and exchange good wishes and greetings between people by telephone and Internet.

26. All festivals celebrated in England can date back 100 years or more.

27. Today, people all over the world celebrate St. Valentine's Day.

28. Halloween falls on the end of November.

29. Symbols of Halloween include ghosts, black cats and witches.

30. The birthday of Jesus Christ is on December 25.

四、翻译(共 20 分,每小题 4 分)

31—35 题:选择正确的译文,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

31. I want to know when he is leaving for New York tomorrow.

A. 我想知道他明天什么时候动身去纽约。

B. 我想知道他明天什么时候离开纽约。

C. 我想知道他明天什么时候正在去纽约。

32. Drunk driving is a dangerous offence.

A. 醉驾是一种危险的攻击。

B. 醉驾是一种危险的罪行。

C. 酒驾是一种危险的冒犯。

33. In those years, a very young mother was not as common as it is now.

A. 那些年,年轻的妈妈比现在普遍。

B. 那些年,年轻的妈妈不如现在普遍。

C. 那些年,年轻的妈妈跟现在一样普遍。

34. But you know, I had to give up the chance to work in a big company.

A. 但你知道,我要放弃机会,在大公司工作。

B. 但你知道,我要放弃机会,只是为了在一家大公司工作。

C. 但你知道,我不得不放弃在一家大公司工作的机会。

35. In order to be employed, you need to make a very good first impression.

A. 为了工作,你需要做出一个良好的第一印象。

B. 为了得到工作,你需要给人一个良好的第一印象。

C. 为了受聘,你需要给人一个深刻的良好印象。

试卷代号:3896

国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2018年秋季学期“开放专科”期末考试

人文英语 1 试题答案及评分标准

(供参考)

2019年1月

一、交际用语(共计10分,每小题2分)

1—5题:选择正确的语句完成下列对话,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. A 2. B 3. B 4. B 5. C

二、词汇与结构(共计30分,每小题2分)

6—20题:阅读下面的句子,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6. B 7. C 8. B 9. A 10. A
11. B 12. C 13. B 14. B 15. A
16. B 17. C 18. C 19. B 20. B

三、阅读理解(共40分,每小题4分)

21—25题:阅读短文,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个正确答案,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

21. C 22. A 23. C 24. B 25. B

26—30题:请根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确,正确的写“T”,错误的写“F”,并将答案写在答题纸上。

26. F 27. T 28. F 29. T 30. T

四、翻译(共20分,每小题4分)

31—35题:选择正确的译文,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

31. A 32. B 33. B 34. C 35. B

试卷代号:3896

国家开放大学2019年春季学期期末统一考试

人文英语1 试题

2019年7月

注 意 事 项

一、将你的学号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定栏内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得带出考场。监考人收完考卷和答题纸后才可离开考场。

二、仔细阅读题目的说明,并按题目要求答题。答案一定要写在答题纸的指定位置上,写在试卷上的答案无效。

三、用蓝、黑圆珠笔或钢笔答题,使用铅笔答题无效。

一、交际用语 (共计 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

1—5 题: 选择正确的语句完成下列对话, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. — How about going to the class together?

— _____

- A. Of course not .
- B. That sounds great.
- C. I don't like it.

2. — Thank you for sharing this with me.

— _____

- A. Nothing.
- B. You can share, too.
- C. My pleasure!

3. — Hi, Wang Xin, nice to meet you!

— Hi, Liu Hui, _____

- A. nice to meet you too.
- B. how do you do?
- C. I'm fine, thank you.

4. — _____

— It's dark brown.

- A. How about his weight?
- B. Is he a tall guy?
- C. What color is his hair?

5. — What will you buy for the Spring Festival?

— _____

- A. I will buy gifts for my family.
- B. Clothes are on sale.
- C. I want to go shopping.

二、词汇与结构(共计 30 分,每小题 2 分)

6—20 题:阅读下面的句子,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6. People can't live without _____ sun.
A. a B. /
C. the
7. We can't afford a bicycle, _____ a car.
A. even if B. let alone
C. let out
8. I saw him _____, and afterwards he was caught by the police.
A. steal B. stole
C. stolen
9. You'd better _____ the car because you are drunk.
A. let me drive B. let me to drive
C. to let me drive
10. — _____ is David from?
— I think he's an American. But I'm not sure.
A. What B. Where
C. How
11. The traffic accident _____ three days ago.
A. was happened B. took place
C. was occurred
12. Social workers should learn how to _____ people.
A. look at B. look into
C. look after
13. They _____ some social work at the weekends.
A. do B. does
C. did

The situations of many American families today are not good. However, recent signs show that things are getting better. The divorce rate is declining(降低). Perhaps Americans have learned how important families are.

C. quite large

C. all of the above

C. they have little money to spend

C. become worse

C. American Parents

26—30 题:请根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确,正确的写“T”,错误的写“F”,并将答案写在答题纸上。

Domestic abuse happens when one person in a close relationship or marriage tries to control another. Domestic abuse that includes physical violence is called domestic violence.

Domestic violence and abuse are used for one purpose only: to gain and maintain total control over you. An abuser doesn't "play fair. " Abusers use fear, guilt, shame to wear you down and keep you under his or her thumb. Your abuser may also threaten you, hurt you or hurt those around you.

Domestic abuse may happen among different groups of people. It occurs within all ages, genders, and economic levels. While women often suffer from it, men sometimes are victims too. People may get verbal and emotional abuse, even physical ones. The abusive behavior is never acceptable, whether it's coming from a man, a woman, a teenager, or an older adult. You deserve to feel valued, respected, and safe.

26. In a close relationship or a marriage, if one person tries to control another, domestic abuse may happen.

27. If the abusive behavior comes from a teenager, sometimes it is acceptable.

28. Domestic abuse usually includes physical violence, verbal violence and emotional abuse.

29. Besides the purpose of gaining and maintaining total control over someone, domestic abuse may be used for some other purposes.

30. Domestic abuse may happen among the groups of the male and the rich.

四、翻译(共 20 分,每小题 4 分)

31—35 题:选择正确的译文,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

31. Susan Brown was in a family way when she was seventeen and became a mother by eighteen.

A. 苏珊. 布朗 17 岁时过上家庭生活,18 岁时做了母亲。

B. 苏珊. 布朗 17 岁时怀孕,18 岁时做了母亲。

C. 苏珊. 布朗 17 岁时进入到一个家庭,18 岁时做了母亲。

32. He focused his mind on his lesson.
- A. 他按时做功课。
 - B. 他把心思集中在功课上。
 - C. 他一直在做功课。
33. Breaking ice is a good way to make friends.
- A. 打破僵局是交朋友的好办法。
 - B. 打破冰面是交朋友的好办法。
 - C. 破冰是做朋友的好办法。
34. Police asked students always be on their guard when walking to school.
- A. 警察要学生们去上学的时候,一定要处于他们的保护之中。
 - B. 警察要求学生步行上学时,一定有保镖相伴。
 - C. 警察告诫学生们步行上学途中一定要时刻保持警惕。
35. What are we supposed to do ?
- A. 我们该做些什么?
 - B. 我们被支持做些什么?
 - C. 我们对什么吃惊?

试卷代号:3896

国家开放大学2019年春季学期期末统一考试

人文英语1 试题答案及评分标准

(供参考)

2019年7月

一、交际用语(共计10分,每小题2分)

1—5题:选择正确的语句完成下列对话,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. B 2. C 3. A 4. C 5. A

二、词汇与结构(共计30分,每小题2分)

6—20题:阅读下面的句子,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6. C 7. B 8. A 9. A 10. B
11. B 12. C 13. A 14. B 15. A
16. C 17. C 18. B 19. A 20. B

三、阅读理解(共40分,每小题4分)

21—25题:阅读短文,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个正确答案,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

21. C 22. C 23. A 24. A 25. B

26—30题:请根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确,正确的写“T”,错误的写“F”,并将答案写在答题纸上。

26. T 27. F 28. T 29. F 30. F

四、翻译(共20分,每小题4分)

31—35题:选择正确的译文,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

31. B 32. B 33. A 34. C 35. A

试卷代号:3896

国家开放大学2019年秋季学期期末统一考试

人文英语1 试题

2020年1月

注 意 事 项

一、将你的学号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定栏内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得带出考场。监考人收完考卷和答题纸后才可离开考场。

二、仔细读懂题目的说明,并按题目要求答题。答案一定要写在答题纸的指定位置上,写在试卷上的答案无效。

三、用蓝、黑圆珠笔或钢笔答题,使用铅笔答题无效。

一、交际用语 (共计 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

1—5 题: 选择正确的语句完成下列对话, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. —Hi, Wang Xin, nice to meet you!

—Hi, Liu Hui, _____

A. nice to meet you too.

B. how do you do?

C. I'm fine, thank you.

2. —Seat belts save lives.

—_____

A. I won't put on my seat belt.

B. I will put on my seat belt.

C. It's true. I agree.

3. —Tomorrow will be fine. Shall we go out for a picnic?

—_____

A. Sounds great !

B. Good luck !

C. Have fun!

4. —Are you ready to take a ride in my new sports car?

—_____

A. I don't like your sports car.

B. Yes, I can't wait.

C. No, I won't.

5. —What's the problem, Harry?

—_____

A. No problem.

B. I can't remember where I left my glasses.

C. Not at all.

二、词汇与结构(共计 30 分,每小题 2 分)

6—20 题:阅读下面的句子,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6. The case happened _____ Tuesday afternoon.
A. in
B. on
C. at
7. I got a present, an iPad _____ my best friend.
A. with
B. to
C. from
8. The schools informed the parents _____ the case immediately.
A. in
B. to
C. of
9. The train is running fifty miles _____.
A. an hour
B. the hour
C. a hour
10. You'll _____ have your own room.
A. all
B. each
C. both
11. Well, I heard him _____ he'd cover the afternoon shift.
A. say
B. said
C. to say
12. The traffic accident _____ three days ago.
A. was happened
B. took place
C. was occurred
13. Social workers should learn how to _____ people.
A. look at
B. look into
C. look after

14. They _____ some social work at the weekends.
A. do B. does
C. did
15. I enjoy _____ books in the library.
A. read B. reading
C. to read
16. I would like to do the job _____ you don't force me to study.
A. in case B. although
C. as long as
17. The police asked the driver to _____ the car to have an alcohol test.
A. pull out B. pull on
C. pull over
18. A student will probably attend four or five courses during each _____.
A. seminar B. semester
C. season
19. They would _____ any weakness and any fear.
A. come B. overcome
C. throw
20. They must try to _____ the boundaries of knowledge.
A. extend B. increase
C. enrich

三、阅读理解(共 40 分,每小题 4 分)

21—25 题: 阅读短文,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个正确答案,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

Ten workers in China pushed their boss's car three miles home after an office party because they were all too drunk to drive. The group was enjoying a meal at a restaurant in downtown Changchun, Jilin Province (northeast China). When the party was over, Boss Zhang Fei found that he was too drunk to drive. Then suddenly they realized nobody had stayed sober enough to drive his car.

Drink-driving was listed as a dangerous offence in China in 2014, esp. when the driver is drunk. Those who break the law will have their driving license revoked, face a heavy fine and may be put in jail. Zhang did not want to leave his car downtown and it was too late to call out another driver to drive the car for him. Someone then suggested they push the car home, and said that the exercise would do them all good. Thus, all ten quickly agreed and set off with Zhang at the wheel. All ten workers pushed their boss's car home through the city streets, laughing and singing during the 45-minute journey. Passers-by were shocked to see the group.

Traffic officers said that as long as the car's engine was not running, it would not be classed as drink-driving under the law. However, it is still very dangerous for so many people to push the car along the road, as it may cause traffic accidents.

21. _____ workers in China pushed their boss's car home in _____ minutes.

A. 45, 10

B. 3, 8

C. 10, 45

22. Drink-driving was listed as a dangerous offence in China in _____.

A. 2013

B. 2014

C. 2015

23. Those who break the law may _____.

A. not have their driving license revoked

B. not face a heavy fine

C. be put in jail

24. People pushing the car along the road would not be classed as drink-driving because _____.

A. the car engine was not running

B. those people didn't drink

C. there were no police on the road

25. We can infer from the passage that drink-driving _____ the law.

A. is not against

B. is against

C. has nothing to do with

26—30 题: 请根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确, 正确的写“T”, 错误的写“F”, 并将答案写在答题纸上。

In an extended family, all the people share one household. Apart from parents and children, there may be other family members: grandparents, aunts, uncles, cousins, etc. That is to say, a large family may have more than two generations, and often there are more than two adults from different generations of a family.

The family members live together for many reasons. They may help to bring up children or to take care of an ill relative. They may also help with saving money. Sometimes children are brought up by their grandparents, for their parents have died or can never take care of them. Many grandparents look after the children, particularly when both parents are busy working. This large family is called extended family. It can be found all over the world. The number of these families has increased by 40 percent in the past ten years. Most of such families live happily together.

26. In an extended family, people live in different houses.

27. An extend family includes at least three generations.

28. In an extended family, children are looked after by their grandparents because their parents are traveling around.

29. Extended families can be found all over the world.

30. Children can live happily with their parents and grandparents.

四、翻译(共 20 分, 每小题 4 分)

31—35 题: 选择正确的译文, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

31. Susan Brown was in a family way when she was seventeen and became a mother by eighteen.

A. 苏珊·布朗 17 岁时过上家庭生活, 18 岁时做了母亲。

B. 苏珊·布朗 17 岁时进入到一个家庭, 18 岁时做了母亲。

C. 苏珊·布朗 17 岁时怀孕, 18 岁时做了母亲。

32. He focused his mind on his lesson.

- A. 他按时做功课。
- B. 他把心思集中在功课上。
- C. 他一直在做功课。

33. I want to know when he is leaving for New York tomorrow.

- A. 我想知道他明天什么时候动身去纽约。
- B. 我想知道他明天什么时候离开纽约。
- C. 我想知道他明天什么时候正在去纽约。

34. He has drunk too much to drive home safely.

- A. 他喝太多酒只是为了安全开车回家。
- B. 他喝了太多酒以致不能安全地开车回家。
- C. 他喝了太多酒也能安全开车回家。

35. Abusers use fear, guilt, shame to wear you down and keep you under his or her thumb.

- A. 施暴者用恐吓、犯罪和羞辱来把你打到在地,把你置于他(她)的掌控之下。
- B. 施暴者用恐吓、犯罪和羞辱来挫败你,把你置于他(她)的掌控之下。
- C. 施暴者用恐吓、犯罪和羞辱来把你打到在地,把你置于他(她)的拇指之下。

试卷代号:3896

国家开放大学2019年秋季学期期末统一考试

人文英语1 试题答案及评分标准

(供参考)

2020年1月

一、交际用语(共计10分,每小题2分)

1—5题:选择正确的语句完成下列对话,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. A 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. B

二、词汇与结构(共计30分,每小题2分)

6—20题:阅读下面的句子,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6. B 7. C 8. C 9. A 10. B
11. A 12. B 13. C 14. A 15. B
16. C 17. C 18. B 19. B 20. A

三、阅读理解(共40分,每小题4分)

21—25题:阅读短文,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个正确答案,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

21. C 22. B 23. C 24. A 25. B

26—30题:请根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确,正确的写“T”,错误的写“F”,并将答案写在答题纸上。

26. F 27. T 28. F 29. T 30. T

四、翻译(共20分,每小题4分)

31—35题:选择正确的译文,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

31. C 32. B 33. A 34. B 35. B

试卷代号:3896

国家开放大学2020年春季学期期末统一考试

人文英语1 试题

2020年7月

注 意 事 项

一、将你的学号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定栏内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得带出考场。监考人收完考卷和答题纸后才可离开考场。

二、仔细读懂题目的说明,并按题目要求答题。答案一定要写在答题纸的指定位置上,写在试卷上的答案无效。

三、用蓝、黑圆珠笔或钢笔答题,使用铅笔答题无效。

一、交际用语 (共计 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

1—5 题: 选择正确的语句完成下列对话, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. —What is your major?

— _____

A. Li Mei.

B. A freshman.

C. Education.

2. —May I know your address?

— _____

A. I have no idea.

B. Sure. Here you are.

C. Sorry, I've forgotten.

3. —Hi, Tom, how's everything with you?

— _____, and how are you?

A. Don't mention it

B. Hm, not too bad

C. Thanks

4. —I can show you around, if you like.

— _____

A. Go, please!

B. Sure. Thank you.

C. I don't like it at all.

5. —Hi! How are you doing?

— _____

A. I'm doing well.

B. That's all right.

C. How are you doing?

二、词汇与结构(共计 30 分,每小题 2 分)

6—20 题:阅读下面的句子,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6. She _____ a teacher in Shanghai last year
A. is
B. was
C. were
7. London is _____ capital of Britain, and it is _____ great city, too.
A. a, the
B. the, /
C. the, a
8. — _____ is David from?
—I think he's an American. But I'm not sure.
A. What
B. Where
C. How
9. Listen! The baby _____ in the next room.
A. cries
B. cried
C. is crying
10. I saw him _____, and afterwards he was caught by the police.
A. steal
B. stole
C. stolen
11. They _____ some social work at the weekends.
A. does
B. did
C. do
12. The higher the temperature is, _____ the liquid evaporates.
A. the faster
B. faster
C. the slower
13. We can't afford a bicycle, _____ a car.
A. even if
B. let alone
C. let out

14. _____ she wins _____ loses, this is her last chance.
A. If...or B. Whether...or
C. Whether...or not
15. The gunman stood _____ the theatre and shoot at the audience inside.
A. at the front of B. in front of
C. on front of
16. He _____ her a beautiful hat on her next birthday.
A. gives B. is going to give
C. gave
17. A student will probably attend four or five courses during each _____.
A. semester B. seminar
C. season
18. He usually _____ from headache.
A. endures B. receives
C. suffers
19. The traffic accident _____ three days ago.
A. took place B. happens
C. was occurred
20. They must try to _____ the boundaries of knowledge.
A. extend B. increase
C. enrich

三、阅读理解(共 40 分,每小题 4 分)

21—25 题: 阅读短文,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个正确答案,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

Ten workers in China pushed their boss's car three miles home after an office party because they were all too drunk to drive. The group was enjoying a meal at a restaurant in downtown Changchun, Jilin Province (northeast China). When the party was over, Boss Zhang Fei found that he was too drunk to drive. Then suddenly they realized nobody had stayed sober enough to drive his car.

Drink-driving was listed as a dangerous offence in China in 2014, esp. when the driver is drunk. Those who break the law will have their driving license revoked, face a heavy fine and may be put in jail. Zhang did not want to leave his car downtown and it was too late to call out another driver to drive the car for him. Someone then suggested they push the car home, and said that the exercise would do them all good. Thus, all ten quickly agreed and set off with Zhang at the wheel. All ten workers pushed their boss's car home through the city streets, laughing and singing during the 45-minute journey. Passers-by were shocked to see the group.

Traffic officers said that as long as the car's engine was not running, it would not be classed as drink-driving under the law. However, it is still very dangerous for so many people to push the car along the road, as it may cause traffic accidents.

21. _____ workers in China pushed their boss's car home in _____ minutes.

A. 45, 10

B. 3, 8

C. 10, 45

22. Drink-driving was listed as a dangerous offence in China in _____.

A. 2013

B. 2014

C. 2015

23. Those who break the law may _____.

A. not have their driving license revoked

B. not face a heavy fine

C. be put in jail

24. People pushing the car along the road would not be classed as drink-driving because _____.

A. the car engine was not running

B. those people didn't drink

C. there were no police on the road

25. We can infer from the passage that drink-driving _____ the law.

A. is not against

B. is against

C. has nothing to do with

26—30 题:请根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确,正确的写“T”,错误的写“F”,并将答案写在答题纸上。

We are pleased to announce that the winner of this year's Teaching Award goes to Dr. Marie Dagenais. Dr. Dagenais, graduated from Université de Montreal in 1983. She became an Assistant Professor in the Faculty in 1988. In 2000 she was appointed as Associate Dean, a very important role in the Faculty. In 2001 she was appointed to Associate Professor and became Professor five years later. For many years she has held important roles in the Association of Teaching and Learning, including being President of this Association in 2005—2006. Similarly she has been heavily involved with the American Association of Distance Education and was that Association's President during 2008—2011. She has also held a number of leadership roles in the Commission on Lifelong Education of America, one of the most important organizations in adult education.

This is an incomplete list of some of the countless important roles Dagenais has had both within the University and beyond in the field of distance education in America. She is a very worthy winner of this year's Teaching Award.

26. Marie is the winner of this year's Teaching Award.

27. Marie graduated from Yale University in 1983.

28. Marie was appointed to Professor in 2006.

29. Marie was the President of American Association of Distance Education during 2009—2011.

30. Marie has made a great contribution to American distance education.

四、翻译(共 20 分,每小题 4 分)

31—35 题:选择正确的译文,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

31. I want to know when he is leaving for New York tomorrow.

- A. 我想知道他明天什么时候动身去纽约。
- B. 我想知道他明天什么时候离开纽约。
- C. 我想知道他明天什么时候正在去纽约。

32. He focused his mind on his lesson.

- A. 他按时做功课。
- B. 他把心思集中在功课上。
- C. 他一直在做功课。

33. Breaking ice is a good way to make friends.

- A. 打破冰面是交朋友的好办法。
- B. 破冰是做朋友的好办法。
- C. 打破僵局是交朋友的好办法。

34. Drunk driving is a dangerous offence.

- A. 醉驾是一种危险的攻击。
- B. 醉驾是一种危险的罪行。
- C. 酒驾是一种危险的冒犯。

35. But you know, I had to give up the chance to work in a big company.

- A. 但是你是知道的,我要放弃机会,在大公司工作。
- B. 但是你是知道的,我要放弃机会,工作在一家大公司。
- C. 但是你是知道的,我不得不放弃在一家大公司工作的机会。

试卷代号:3896

国家开放大学2020年春季学期期末统一考试

人文英语1 试题答案及评分标准

(供参考)

2020年7月

一、交际用语(共计10分,每小题2分)

1—5题:选择正确的语句完成下列对话,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. C 2. B 3. B 4. B 5. A

二、词汇与结构(共计30分,每小题2分)

6—20题:阅读下面的句子,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6. B 7. C 8. B 9. C 10. A
11. C 12. A 13. B 14. B 15. A
16. B 17. A 18. C 19. A 20. A

三、阅读理解(共40分,每小题4分)

21—25题:阅读短文,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个正确答案,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

21. C 22. B 23. C 24. A 25. B

26—30题:请根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确,正确的写“T”,错误的写“F”,并将答案写在答题纸上。

26. T 27. F 28. T 29. F 30. T

四、翻译(共20分,每小题4分)

31—35题:选择正确的译文,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

31. A 32. B 33. C 34. B 35. C

试卷代号:3896

国家开放大学2020年春季学期期末统一考试

人文英语1 试题

2020年9月

注 意 事 项

一、将你的学号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定栏内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得带出考场。监考人收完考卷和答题纸后方可离开考场。

二、仔细读懂题目的说明,并按题目要求答题。答案一定要写在答题纸的指定位置上,写在试卷上的答案无效。

三、用蓝、黑圆珠笔或钢笔答题,使用铅笔答题无效。

一、交际用语 (共计 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

1—5 题: 选择正确的语句完成下列对话, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. — Hi, Tom, how's everything with you?

— _____, and how are you?

A. Don't mention it

B. Hm, not too bad

C. Thanks

2. — _____

— Less than 50 miles per hour.

A. How fast were you driving?

B. Were you driving north?

C. How was the road?

3. — Tomorrow will be fine. Shall we go out for a picnic?

— _____

A. Sounds great!

B. Good luck!

C. Have fun!

4. — Thank you for sharing this with me.

— _____

A. Nothing.

B. You can share, too.

C. My pleasure!

5. — What will you buy for the Spring Festival?

— _____

A. I will buy gifts for my family.

B. Clothes are on sale.

C. I want to go shopping.

二、词汇与结构(共计 30 分,每小题 2 分)

6—20 题:阅读下面的句子,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6. People can't live without _____ sun.
A. a B. an
C. the
7. I saw him _____, and afterwards he was caught by the police.
A. steal B. stole
C. stolen
8. You'd better _____ the car because you are drunk.
A. let me drive B. let me to drive
C. to let me drive
9. John _____ three bottles of beer just now, so he can't drive himself home now.
A. does drink B. did drink
C. do drink
10. _____ she wins _____ loses, this is her last chance.
A. If ...or B. Whether ...or
C. Whether ...or not
11. _____ he left school at 16, he still managed to become a great writer.
A. Even though B. Even if
C. Even although
12. The novel I bought last week is _____ of reading I think.
A. worthy B. worth
C. that worth
13. Our classroom is _____ beautiful than theirs.
A. most B. very
C. much more

14. There are some visitors _____ to our marketing department next week.

A. come

B. coming

C. to coming

15. They work in the same company and they are _____ with each other.

A. good

B. familiar

C. interested

16. Social workers should learn how to _____ people.

A. look at

B. look into

C. look after

17. Don't forget to _____ your seat belt when you're driving.

A. put up

B. put off

C. put on

18. Jim is one of the most popular _____ in my company.

A. classmates

B. citizens

C. colleagues

19. The traffic accident _____ three days ago.

A. was happened

B. took place

C. was occurred

20. They must try to _____ the boundaries of knowledge.

A. extend

B. increase

C. enrich

三、阅读理解(共40分,每小题4分)

21—25题:阅读短文,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个正确答案,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

In the past, American families tended to be quite large. Parents raising five or more children were common. Over the years, the size of the family is becoming smaller. One reason for this is an increase in the cost of living.

Generally, children attend schools for more years than they used to, making them financially dependent on their families longer. Moreover, children nowadays are better

dressed and have more money to spend on entertainment. The parents are usually responsible for all the expenses. And families are less close than they used to be. More and more American mothers work away from home. The breakup of the family appears when the parents' divorce. A lot of children in the U. S. live part of their young lives with only one parent. Children grow up feeling unsettled as they are moved between their parents. Single parents often marry other single parents. In this type of family, unrelated children are forced to develop brother or sister relationship.

The situations of many American families today are not good. However, recent signs show that things are getting better. The divorce rate is declining(降低). Perhaps Americans have learned how important families are.

21. In the past, American families tended to be _____.

- A. quite small
- B. medium sized
- C. quite large

22. To parents who take the responsibility for children's expenses, the cost of living increases because _____.

- A. children attend school for more years
- B. children are better dressed and spend more money on entertainment
- C. all of the above

23. Children whose parents divorced always feel unsettled because _____.

- A. they are moved between their parents
- B. they are forced to develop brother or sister relationship
- C. they have little money to spend

24. According to the author, the situations of American families in the future may _____.

- A. get better
- B. remain the same
- C. become worse

25. The title of the article might be _____.

- A. American Children
- B. American Families
- C. American Parents

26—30 题: 请根据对话内容判断给出的语句是否正确, 正确的写“T”, 错误的写“F”, 并将答案写在答题纸上。

Zhang Hua is introducing Bai Mei to his middle school classmate Liu Hui.

Zhang Hua: Hi, Liu Hui. Nice to see you here. How are you doing?

Liu Hui: Oh, Zhang Hua. I'm doing well. How about you?

Zhang Hua: I'm fine. Liu Hui, this is my friend Bai Mei. She's from the South.

Liu Hui: Hi, Bai Mei, nice to meet you.

Bai Mei: Nice to meet you too, Liu Hui. Are you a student at the Open University, too?

Liu Hui: Yes, I am.

Bai Mei: What's your major?

Liu Hui: My major is Education, and Zhang Hua studies at the School of Social Work.

Zhang Hua: That's right. I'm an undergraduate student.

Bai Mei: Well, I just enrolled at the Law School last month.

Liu Hui: That's good. It was nice meeting you, Bai Mei. Sorry, but I have a lecture to attend at 10:00. Have a great day.

Bai Mei: You too. Bye

26. Liu Hui and Zhang Hua are familiar with each other.

27. Liu Hui and Bai Mei have met each other before.

28. Zhang Hua introduces Bai Mei to Liu Hui.

29. Only Liu Hui is a student at the Open University.

30. Bai Mei enrolled at the Law School last week.

四、翻译(共 20 分, 每小题 4 分)

31—35 题: 选择正确的译文, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

31. Drunk driving is a dangerous offence.

A. 醉驾是一种危险的攻击。

B. 醉驾是一种危险的罪行。

C. 酒驾是一种危险的冒犯。

32. I want to know when he is leaving for New York tomorrow.

- A. 我想知道他明天什么时候离开纽约。
- B. 我想知道他明天什么时候正在去纽约。
- C. 我想知道他明天什么时候动身去纽约。

33. What are we supposed to do?

- A. 我们被支持做些什么?
- B. 我们该做些什么?
- C. 我们对什么吃惊?

34. Abusers use fear, guilt, shame to wear you down and keep you under his or her thumb.

- A. 施暴者用恐吓、犯罪和羞辱来把你打到在地,把你置于他(她)的掌控之下。
- B. 施暴者用恐吓、犯罪和羞辱来挫败你,把你置于他(她)的掌控之下。
- C. 施暴者用恐吓、犯罪和羞辱来把你打到在地,把你置于他(她)的拇指之下。

35. I am very sorry for coming late, but something urgent came up at the last minute.

- A. 我很抱歉来晚了,但我在最后一分钟里想起了某件事儿。
- B. 我很抱歉迟到了,但我临走时突然遇到了急事儿。
- C. 我很抱歉要迟来,但我将在最后一分钟里紧急处理好某件事情。

试卷代号:3896

国家开放大学2020年春季学期期末统一考试

人文英语1 试题答案及评分标准

(供参考)

2020年9月

一、交际用语(共计10分,每小题2分)

1—5题:选择正确的语句完成下列对话,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. B 2. A 3. A 4. C 5. A

二、词汇与结构(共计30分,每小题2分)

6—20题:阅读下面的句子,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6. C 7. A 8. A 9. B 10. B
11. A 12. A 13. C 14. B 15. B
16. C 17. C 18. C 19. B 20. A

三、阅读理解(共40分,每小题4分)

21—25题:阅读短文,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个正确答案,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

21. C 22. C 23. A 24. A 25. B

26—30题:请根据对话内容判断给出的语句是否正确,正确的写“T”,错误的写“F”,并将答案写在答题纸上。

26. T 27. F 28. T 29. F 30. F

四、翻译(共20分,每小题4分)

31—35题:选择正确的译文,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

31. B 32. C 33. B 34. B 35. B

试卷代号:3896

国家开放大学2020年秋季学期期末统一考试

人文英语1 试题

2021年1月

注 意 事 项

一、将你的学号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定栏内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得带出考场。监考人收完考卷和答题纸后才可离开考场。

二、仔细读懂题目的说明,并按题目要求答题。答案一定要写在答题纸的指定位置上,写在试卷上的答案无效。

三、用蓝、黑圆珠笔或钢笔答题,使用铅笔答题无效。

一、交际用语 (共计 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

1—5 题: 选择正确的语句完成下列对话, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. —What is your major?

— _____

A. Li Mei.

B. Education.

C. A freshman.

2. —I can show you around, if you like.

— _____

A. I can't agree.

B. Sure. Thank you.

C. Hurry up!

3. —Hi, Tom, how's everything with you?

— _____, and how are you?

A. Hm, not too bad

B. Don't mention it

C. Thanks

4. —Hello, I'm Susan. Nice to meet you.

— _____

A. Are you?

B. Nice to meet you, too.

C. Very nice.

5. —How are you feeling now?

— _____

A. Thank you.

B. It's OK.

C. Much better.

二、词汇与结构(共计 30 分,每小题 2 分)

6—20 题:阅读下面的句子,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6. My brother got his first job at _____ age of 20.
A. an
B. the
C. /
7. The incident took place _____ Monday evening.
A. in
B. on
C. at
8. The train is running fifty miles _____.
A. an hour
B. the hour
C. a hour
9. They _____ some social work at the weekends.
A. do
B. does
C. did
10. The _____ driver was seriously hurt in the traffic accident.
A. 40-years-old
B. 40 year old
C. 40-year-old
11. John _____ three bottles of beer just now, so he can't drive himself home now.
A. does drink
B. did drink
C. do drink
12. I enjoy _____ books in the library.
A. read
B. reading
C. to read
13. The street is _____ for five cars to go side by side.
A. wide enough
B. wide
C. enough wide

- ### 三、阅读理解(共 40 分,每小题 4 分)

Social Workers

1696

Social workers help these people in different ways. One way is to find resources for people. They find out what kinds of help people need. Then, they set up programs to meet the needs of the individual. They may focus on child abuse, poverty, violence, and other problems. For someone with family difficulties, social workers may find a parenting class or a support group. For a homeless person, they may find a place for them to live and a career training program. For a student, they may find a mentor or a learning disability expert.

Many social workers give counseling. They talk to people about their lives and help them understand and solve their problems and to make plans.

Most social workers spend the day in an office. Some travel to the people they help. Sometimes, they meet with people in the evening or on weekends. Social workers can be very busy when they are helping many people at once.

21. According to the text, what is not social workers' job?

- A. To help people with family problems.
- B. To make people's lives better.
- C. To do the housework for people.

22. For someone with family problems, social workers will _____.

- A. find them a place to live
- B. find them a career training program
- C. find them a parenting class

23. Social workers build _____ to provide the help for people in need.

- A. problems
- B. days
- C. resources

24. Which of the following sentence is not true?

- A. Social workers give some advice to people.
- B. Most social workers think of their job as boring.
- C. Social workers may help many people at a time.

25. The main point of this passage is about _____.

- A. How busy social workers are
- B. How social workers do their job
- C. How tired social workers are

26—30 题:请根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确,正确的写“T”,错误的写“F”,并将答案写在答题纸上。

We are pleased to announce that the winner of this year's Teaching Award goes to Dr. Marie Dagenais. Dr. Dagenais, graduated from Université de Montreal in 1983. She became an Assistant Professor in the Faculty in 1988. In 2000 she was appointed as Associate Dean, a very important role in the Faculty. In 2001 she was appointed to Associate Professor and became Professor five years later. For many years she has held important roles in the Association of Teaching and Learning, including being President of this Association in 2005—2006. Similarly she has been heavily involved with the American Association of Distance Education and was that Association's President during 2008—2011. She has also held a number of leadership roles in the Commission on Lifelong Education of America, one of the most important organizations in adult education.

This is an incomplete list of some of the countless important roles Dagenais has had both within the University and beyond in the field of distance education in America. She is a very worthy winner of this year's Teaching Award.

26. Marie is the winner of this year's Teaching Award.

27. Marie graduated from Yale University in 1983.

28. Marie was appointed to Professor in 2006.

29. Marie was the President of American Association of Distance Education during 2009—2011.

30. Marie has made a great contribution to American distance education.

四、翻译(共 20 分,每小题 4 分)

31—35 题:选择正确的译文,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

31. Susan Brown was in a family way when she was seventeen and became a mother by eighteen.

A. 苏珊·布朗 17 岁时过上家庭生活,18 岁时做了母亲。

B. 苏珊·布朗 17 岁时怀孕,18 岁时做了母亲。

C. 苏珊·布朗 17 岁时进入到一个家庭,18 岁时做了母亲。

32. He focused his mind on his lesson.

- A. 他按时做功课。
- B. 他把心思集中在功课上。
- C. 他一直在做功课。

33. Breaking ice is a good way to make friends.

- A. 打破僵局是交朋友的好办法。
- B. 打破冰面是交朋友的好办法
- C. 破冰是做朋友的好办法。

34. I need to find out who helped me.

- A. 我需要感谢帮助我的人。
- B. 我想拜访帮助我的人。
- C. 我得找出曾经帮助我的人。

35. He has drunk too much to drive home safely.

- A. 他喝了太多酒去安全开车回家。
- B. 他喝了太多酒以致不能安全地开车回家。
- C. 他喝了太多酒也能安全开车回家。

试卷代号:3896

座位号

国家开放大学2020年秋季学期期末统一考试

人文英语1 试题答题纸

2021年1月

题 号	一	二	三	四	总 分
分 数					

得 分	评卷人

一、交际用语 (共计 10 分,每小题 2 分)

1—5 题:选择正确的语句完成下面对话,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.

得 分	评卷人

二、词汇与结构 (共计 30 分,每小题 2 分)

6—20 题:阅读下面的句子,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6. 7. 8. 9. 10.
11. 12. 13. 14. 15.
16. 17. 18. 19. 20.

得 分	评卷人

三、阅读理解 (共 40 分,每小题 4 分)

21—25 题:阅读短文,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个正确答案,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

21. 22. 23. 24. 25.

26—30 题: 请根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确, 正确的写“T”, 错误的写“F”, 并将答案写在答题纸上。

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

得 分	评卷人

四、翻译(共计 20 分, 每小题 4 分)

31—35: 选择正确的译文, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

31.

32.

33.

34.

35.

试卷代号:3896

国家开放大学2020年秋季学期期末统一考试

人文英语1 试题答案及评分标准

(供参考)

2021年1月

一、交际用语(共计10分,每小题2分)

1—5题:选择正确的语句完成下列对话,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

1. B 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. C

二、词汇与结构(共计30分,每小题2分)

6—20题:阅读下面的句子,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的正确选项,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

6. B 7. B 8. A 9. A 10. C
11. B 12. B 13. A 14. C 15. C
16. A 17. A 18. C 19. B 20. B

三、阅读理解(共40分,每小题4分)

21—25题:阅读短文,从A、B、C三个选项中选出一个正确答案,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

21. C 22. C 23. C 24. B 25. B

26—30题:请根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确,正确的写“T”,错误的写“F”,并将答案写在答题纸上。

26. T 27. F 28. T 29. F 30. T

四、翻译(共20分,每小题4分)

31—35题:选择正确的译文,并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

31. B 32. B 33. A 34. C 35. B