

理工英语 2

第一大题 交际用语

A01 —**Any** suggestions for my meeting today?

—

A.I'm afraid I don't know.

B.I think you should ask others.I'm busy.

C.Why don't you wear your black suit and that yellow tie?

[答案]C

C01 —**Congratulation**! You won the prize for best photography.

—

A.Yes,it's true.

B.Thank you.

C.No,I didn't do it very well.

[答案]B

C02 —**Could** *I use your* bike for a moment?

—

A.It's well.

B.It doesn't matter.

C.By all means.

[答案]C

C03 —**Could** *I use your* bike for a moment?

—

A.By all means.

B.It doesn't matter.

C.It's well.

[答案]A

D01 —_____ **do** *you go to have* piano lessons?

—At five in the afternoon.

A.Where

B.What time

C.Which time

[答案]B

D02 —**Do** *you like your present* job?

—_____ I just do it for a living.

A.Not really,

B.Not likely,

C.Of course,

[答案]A

D03 —**Do** *you like your present* job?

—_____ I just do it for a living.

A.Of course.

B.Not likely.

C. Not really.

[答案]C

D04 —**Do** you like *my new* jacket?

—_____. It goes beautifully with your hat.

A. Yes, but it doesn't suit you.

B. Yes, and I like your hat.

C. Yes, I like it very much.

[答案]C

D05 —**Do** you think *Qingdao is a* fantastic place for tourist?

—Yes, I have _____ there many times. It is quite beautiful.

A. gone

B. been

C. went

[答案]B

E01 —**Excuse** me, *could you tell* me the time?

—_____

A. You'd better buy a watch.

B. It's three thirty by my watch.

C. Can you see the clock?

[答案]B

E02 —**Excuse** me, *Can you spare* me a few minutes?

—_____

A. What's on?

B. What's up?

C. What is it?

[答案]B

H01 —**He's** never late for school, _____?

—No, he isn't. He is always very early.

A. is he

B. isn't he

C. hasn't he

[答案]A

H02 —**How** *could you say* that?

—_____ I didn't mean to hurt you.

A. That's right.

B. I won't regret.

C. I'm really sorry.

[答案]C

H03 —**How** *did you find the trip to* the West Lake?

—_____

A. The guide took us there.

B. First by train and then by bus.

C. Very fantastic indeed.

[答案]C

H03 —**How** *did you think of the trip to* the West Lake?

- A.The guide took us there.
B.First by train and then by bus.
C.Very fantastic indeed.

[答案]C

H04 —How did you like yesterday's play?

- A.Generally speaking,it was quite good.
B.That's all right.
C.It doesn't matter.

[答案]A

H06 —How do you like my new dress,dear?

- A.When did you buy it?
B.You call it new?
C.It looks terrific on you!

[答案]C

H07 —How many students are there in your class _____?

—Forty-five.

- A.at all
B.in total
C.in the end

[答案]B

H08 —How was your job interview last Monday?

- A.Perfec
B.I'm not sure
C.That's right

[答案]B

H09 —How's your report _____?

—Not too bad,I have already done about 4000 words.

- A.coming along
B.get along with
C.move along

[答案]A

I01 —
—I'm very glad to hear that.

- A.Congratulations
B.I'm sure to come on time
C.I'm not feeling very well

[答案]B

I02 —I believe this is the best movie of the year.

—Well,_____ Anyway,the ending is OK.

- A.that's a good idea.
B.that may not be a good idea.

C.I'm not sure if you're right.

[答案]C

I03 —I *believe we've met* somewhere before.

—No,_____.

A.it isn't same

B.it can't be true

C.I don't think so

[答案]C

I04 —I *came out* first in the English Speaking Contest.

—_____

A.Congratulations.

B.Good luck.

C.Good for you.

[答案]A

I05 —I *came out* first in the English Speaking Contest.

—_____

A.Congratulations!

B.You can say it again!

C.It's very nice of you.

[答案]A

I06 —I *drove to* Shenzhen for the air show last week.

—Is that_____you had a few days off?

A.which

B.that

C.why

[答案]C

I07 —I *haven't seen* Bob lately._____

—As a matter of fact,he is ill.

A.Where is he?

B.Why?

C.How is he?

[答案]C

I08 —I *think students* should have mobile phones to call their parents.

—_____.They often use them to play games instead.

A.I hope so.

B.I don't agree.

C.No problem.

[答案]B

I09 —I *think students* should have mobile phones to call their parents.

—_____.They often use them to play games instead.

A.I hope so.

B.No problem.

C.I don't agree.

[答案]C

I10 —I *usually go* there by train.

—_____.

- A.You could do more training.
- B.The boat is very comfortable.
- C.Why not try going by boat for a change?

[答案]C

I11 —I *was really* anxious about you.You shouldn't have left without a word.

—_____.

- A.Why not?
- B.I'm terribly sorry.
- C.Really?

[答案]B

I12 —I'd *like some information* about the management of your hotel.

—Well,_____.

- A.you could have a word with the manager,he might be helpful.
- B.go to ask someone else.I don't know.
- C.you'd better find some information yourself.

[答案]A

I13 —I'd *like to take you* to the coffee house on the corner.

—_____.

- A.Thank you.You shouldn't do that.
- B.Thanks.I'd like to go with you.
- C.No,you can't say so.

[答案]B

I13 —I'd *like to take you* to the coffee house on the corner.

—_____.

- A.Thank you.You shouldn't do that.
- B.No,you can't say so.
- C.Thanks.I'd like to go with you.

[答案]C

I14 —It has been a wonderful evening.Thank you very much.

—_____.

- A.Don't say so.
- B.My pleasure.
- C.No,thanks.

[答案]B

J01 —Jack and I will celebrate our 20th wedding anniversary next month.

—Oh,_____.

- A.cheer up!
- B.well done!
- C.congratulations !

[答案]C

L01 —Let's *go and see our* teacher on Teachers' Day.

—_____.

- A.That's will do.
- B.That's all.
- C.All right.

[答案]C

L02 —**Let's** *go for a walk*, _____?

—OK, I'm coming. Don't forget to bring your camera, _____?

- A. shall we; will you
- B. will you; shall we
- C. will you; will you

[答案]A

L03 —**Linda**, have a nice holiday!

— _____.

- A. Yes, what you said is right.
- B. Don't mention it.
- C. Thank you. The same to you.

[答案]C

L04 —**Look**, it _____ be Mr. Green.

—It _____ be him. He has gone to France.

- A. must, can't
- B. can, mustn't
- C. can, may not

[答案]A

M01 —**Mary**, our team will play against the Rocket next weekend. I'm sure we will win.

— _____.

- A. Cheers!
- B. Good luck!
- C. Congratulations!

[答案]B

S01 —**She** didn't come to school yesterday, did she?

— _____, though she was not feeling well.

- A. No, she didn't
- B. Yes, she didn't
- C. Yes, she did

[答案]C

S02 —**Should** I leave earlier tomorrow morning?

— _____.

- A. Yes, you can go there by yourself.
- B. Yes, it's better to leave earlier to avoid the morning traffic.
- C. Yes, I think you should stay here longer.

[答案]B

T01 — _____ **taking** a walk after supper?

—Good idea.

- A. How about
- B. Why not
- C. Could we

[答案]A

T02 —**Thank** you for your delicious dinner.

- _____.
- A. Don't say that.
 - B. I don't think so.
 - C. I'm glad you enjoyed it.

[答案]C

T03 — **Thanks** for your help.

- _____.
- A. My pleasure.
 - B. Never mind.
 - C. Don't thank me.

[答案]A

W01 — **Welcome to our company.** I hope you will enjoy your work here.

- _____.
- A. I am sure I will.
 - B. I can learn a lot.
 - C. You are very kind.

[答案]A

W02 — **Welcome to our company.** I hope you will enjoy your work here.

- _____.
- A. You are very kind.
 - B. I can learn a lot.
 - C. I am sure I will.

[答案]C

W03 — **Welcome to our company.** I hope you will enjoy your work here.

- _____.
- A. I can learn a lot.
 - B. I am sure I will.
 - C. You are very kind.

[答案]B

W04 — **What are you** going to do this weekend?

- _____. If time permits, I may go to Shanghai with my parents.
- A. I don't know
 - B. It depends
 - C. Don't mention it

[答案]B

W05 — **What can I** do for you?

- _____.
- A. I want a kilo of apples.
 - B. You can go your own way.
 - C. Thanks.

[答案]A

W06 — **What can I** do for you?

- _____.
- A. Thanks.
 - B. You can go your own way.
 - C. I want a kilo of apples.

[答案]C

W07 — **What** *do you think of **this novel**?*

- _____.
- A. I've read it.
 - B. It's very good.
 - C. I bought it yesterday.

[答案]B

W08 — **What** *do you think of **your new teacher**?*

- _____.
- A. He came to teach us last week.
 - B. He teaches us English.
 - C. He is very nice.

[答案]C

W09 — **What** *would you like **to have**, meat or fish?*

- _____.
- A. Either will do.
 - B. Yes, I like meat.
 - C. Yes, I like fish.

[答案]A

W10 — **Would** *you like to go to the cinema with me?*

- _____.
- A. No, I don't want to.
 - B. Yes, please.
 - C. Yes, I'd love to.

[答案]C

W11 — **Would** *you like to see a film?*

- _____.
- A. Yes, I'd love to.
 - B. Do it, please.
 - C. No, you like it?

[答案]A

W12 — **Would** *you mind me smoking here?*

- _____ It's non-smoking area here.
- A. Yes, please.
 - B. I'm afraid I've to say yes.
 - C. No, you can't.

[答案]B

第二大题 词汇与结构

A01 **A good boss** is the one who can _____ his employees to work harder and harder.

- A. excite
- B. move
- C. motivate

[答案]C

A02 **A** *good boss* is the one who can _____ his employees to work harder and harder.

- A.motivate
- B.move
- C.excite

[答案]A

A03 **After** the class,students went out of the classroom one by one,but only Mary_____.

- A.left
- B.was left
- C.has left

[答案]B

A04 **All** *her suggestions* have been_____.

- A.adjusted
- B.adapted
- C.adopted

[答案]C

A05 **All** *her suggestions* have been_____.

- A.adopted
- B.adapted
- C.adjusted

[答案]A

B01 **Bean** is _____ in the northeastern part of China.

- A.to grow vastly
- B.vast grown
- C.vastly grown

[答案]C

B02 **Both** her parents look sad.Maybe they _____ what's happened to her.

- A.knew
- B.have known
- C.will know

[答案]B

C01 **Children** often dream of _____ they want to become when they grow up.

- A.what
- B.that
- C.which

[答案]A

C02 **China** has many islands,_____ the largest is Taiwan.

- A.in which
- B.at which
- C.of which

[答案]C

C03 **Couriers** can usually deliver an item faster than it would have taken if sent_____.

- A.by other ways
- B.by other mean

C.by other means

[答案]C

D01 —_____ **do you go to** have piano lessons?

—At five in the afternoon.

A.Where

B.What time

C.Which time

[答案]B

D02 _____ **delicious** cakes they are!

A.What

B.How

C.What a

[答案]A

D03 —**Do you think** Qingdao is a fantastic place for tourist?

—Yes,I have _____ there many times.It is quite beautiful.

A.gone

B.been

C.went

[答案]B

E01 **Every** child is unique.Don't _____ him or her to others.

A.compare

B.look

C.analyze

[答案]A

F01 **Ford** Motor Company was _____ in 1903.It is one of the greatest car companies in the world today.

A.finded

B.found

C.founded

[答案]C

G01 _____ **give your** mom my best regards!

A.Do

B.Remember

C.Does

[答案]A

G02 _____ **give your** mom my best regards!

A.Does

B.Remember

C.Do

[答案]C

H01 _____ **horrible the plan** is!

A.How

B.How a

C.What a

[答案]A

H02 _____ **horrible** *the plan* is!

- A.What a
- B.How a
- C.How

[答案]C

H03 _____ **horrible** *the plan* is!

- A.What a
- B.How
- C.How a

[答案]B

H04 **He** *asked us to* watch carefully everything _____ he did in class.

- A.who
- B.that
- C.where

[答案]B

H05 **He** *avoided* _____ my question.

- A.answering
- B.replying
- C.saying

[答案]A

H06 **He** *has studied* very hard _____ he came to our school.

- A.for
- B.in
- C.since

[答案]C

H07 **He** *is hard to* get along _____ if you don't agree with him.

- A.with
- B.for
- C.about

[答案]A

H08 **He** *is hard to* get along _____ if you don't agree with him.

- A.for
- B.with
- C.about

[答案]B

H08 **He** *lost himself* and flew into a _____.

- A.sadness
- B.anger
- C.rage

[答案]C

H09 **He** *soon* _____ *himself* to the army life.

- A.led
- B.adjusted

C.made

[答案]B

H10 He soon _____ himself to the army life.

A.led

B.made

C.adjusted

[答案]C

H11 He was unable to _____ his stubborn partner of his viewpoint.

A.move

B.convince

C.change

[答案]B

H12 He _____ very busy this week.He _____ free next week.

A.will be;is

B.will be;will be

C.is;will be

[答案]C

H13 How can I reduce my risk _____ the virus in an affected area?

A.to catch

B.of catching

C.as to

[答案]B

H14 How many shoes _____ this year?

A.have been produced

B.were produced

C.produced

[答案]A

H15 —How many students are there in your class _____ ?

—Forty-five.

A.at all

B.in total

C.in the end

[答案]B

I01 I drove to the railway station to _____ my mother yesterday.

A.take away

B.pick up

C.look for

[答案]B

I02 I feel it is your husband who _____ for the spoiled child.

A.is to blame

B.is to excuse

C.is to accuse

[答案]A

I03 I *had to go* to the cinema on my _____ because all the other boys were busy.

- A.feet
- B.way
- C.own

[答案]C

I04 I *had to go* to the cinema on my _____ because all the other boys were busy.

- A.own
- B.way
- C.feet

[答案]A

I05 I *have no* doubt _____ she will come.

- A.which
- B.that
- C.what

[答案]B

I06 I *know a little* bit about France as my wife and I _____ there several years ago.

- A.are going to
- B.went
- C.go

[答案]B

I07 I *will* _____ you to dinner because you helped me with my work.

- A.treat
- B.thank
- C.make

[答案]A

I08 —I'd like to go home now.

—Why not stay here for the night?It is so late now _____,it is raining so hard.

- A.Therefore
- B.Besides
- C.As a result

[答案]B

I09 If *the dolphin* is _____,it will be as clever as human beings.

- A.properly to train
- B.properly trained
- C.to train properly

[答案]B

I10 If *you don't* want to go,I will go _____ you.

- A.instead
- B.instead of
- C.of instead

[答案]B

I11 If *you don't* want to go,I will go _____ you.

- A.instead

- B.of instead
- C.instead of

[答案]C

I12 In *considering people* for jobs,we give _____ to those with some experience.

- A.preference
- B.decision
- C.attempt

[答案]A

I13 In *considering people* for jobs,we give _____ to those wit some experience.

- A.decision
- B.attempt
- C.preference

[答案]C

I14 In *many cases*,without delivery confirmation,the sender knows that something was sent,but there is no confirmation _____ whether was received or when it was received.

- A.in terms of
- B.as to
- C.in this regard

[答案]B

I15 It *was in Xiamen* _____ I saw the sea for the first time.

- A.where
- B.that
- C.when

[答案]B

I16 It *was not* _____.she took off her glasses that I realized she was a famous star.

- A.when
- B.until
- C.since

[答案]B

J01 John doesn't believe in _____ medicine;he has some remedies of his own.

- A.standard
- B.regular
- C.conventional

[答案]C

L01 Lawyers often make higher _____ for their work than they should.

- A.charges
- B.bills
- C.costs

[答案]A

L02 —Let's *go for* a walk, _____?

—OK,I'm coming.Don't forget to bring your camera, _____?

- A.will you;will you
- B.will you;shall we
- C.shall we;will you

[答案]C

L03 —Let's go for a walk, _____?

—OK, I'm coming. Don't forget to bring your camera, _____?

- A. shall we; will you
- B. will you; shall we
- C. will you; will you

[答案]A

L04 —Look, _____ it be Mr. Green.

—It _____ be him. He has gone to France.

- A. must, can't
- B. can, mustn't
- C. can, may not

[答案]A

M01 _____ may act as a cause of these illnesses.

- A. Stress
- B. Relaxation
- C. Happiness

[答案]A

M02 Mike _____ his computer and checked his E-mail.

- A. turned on
- B. turned off
- C. turned up

[答案]A

M03 Mr. Green has lived in Hangzhou _____ 1995.

- A. Since
- B. from
- C. in

[答案]A

M04 My father has worked in this school _____ he graduated from college.

- A. since
- B. for
- C. after

[答案]A

M05 My friend knows where he can _____ a good used car for you at a reasonable price.

- A. pick up
- B. pick off
- C. pick out

[答案]A

N01 Nobody could _____ this problem.

- A. think of
- B. fill in
- C. figure out

[答案]C

001 **Our** *factory will* _____ twenty more workers next month.

- A.take off
- B.take out
- C.take on

[答案]C

002 **Our** *teacher may* _____ our exam papers now.

- A.be corrected
- B.have corrected
- C.be correcting

[答案]C

003 **Our** *teacher may* _____ our exam papers now.

- A.be correcting
- B.have corrected
- C.be corrected

[答案]A

P01 **Problems** will _____ if you do not follow my advice.

- A.rise
- B.raise
- C.arise

[答案]C

S01 _____ **she** *comes* or not makes no difference.

- A.Whether
- B.That
- C.What

[答案]A

S02 —**She** *didn't come to* school yesterday,did she?

—_____,though she was not feeling well.

- A.No,she didn't
- B.Yes,she didn't
- C.Yes,she did

[答案]C

S03 **She** *heard a* terrible noise,_____ brought her heart into her mouth.

- A.it
- B.which
- C.that

[答案]B

T01 —_____ **taking** a walk after supper?

—Good idea.

- A.How about
- B.Why not
- C.Could we

[答案]A

T02 **The** *bridge was* named _____ the hero who gave his life for the cause of the people.

- A.after
- B.with
- C.by

[答案]A

T03 The *digital camera* is _____ nine hundred yuan.

- A.pay
- B.spend
- C.worth

[答案]C

T04 The *digital camera* _____ nine hundred Yuan.

- A.pays
- B.spends
- C.is worth

[答案]C

T05 The *home-based* business model has been born out _____ necessity.

- A.from
- B.of
- C.by

[答案]B

T06 The *new coat* _____ me well.

- A.goes
- B.gets
- C.fits

[答案]C

T07 The *number you* dialed does not exist.You must _____ the wrong number.

- A.be remembering
- B.remember
- C.have remembered

[答案]C

T08 The *result is* _____ we won the game.

- A.what
- B.that
- C.which

[答案]B

T09 The *result was* _____ we won the game.

- A.what
- B.that
- C.which

[答案]B

T10 There *is little* water in the cup, _____ ?

- A.isn't there
- B.is there
- C.isn't it

[答案]B

T11 **There** *is little* water in the cup, _____?

- A.is there
- B.isn't there
- C.isn't it

[答案]A

T12 **There** _____ *two* girls and a boy in the picture.

- A.is
- B.are
- C.have

[答案]B

T13 **There's** a lot to do.We can't _____ to waste any time.

- A.wait
- B.afford
- C.want

[答案]B

T14 **They** *had an accident* on the road and didn't _____ at their hotel until after midnight.

- A.check in
- B.check over
- C.check on

[答案]A

T15 **They** *promise that* the work would all be finished _____ next week.

- A.until
- B.in
- C.by

[答案]C

T16 **This** *book has a great impact* _____ the readers.

- A.in
- B.on
- C.for

[答案]B

T17 **This** *book has a great impact* _____ the readers.

- A.on
- B.in
- C.for

[答案]A

T18 **This** *story is not* real;it is only _____.

- A.imaginary
- B.imaginative
- C.imaginable

[答案]A

T19 **Time** is _____.Ten years have passed in a wink.

- A.short
- B.past

C.fleeting

[答案]C

W01 **Wang** Shuo _____ already _____ in this school for two years.

A.was;studying

B.will;study

C.has;studied

[答案]C

W02 **We can** _____ the goods on time after you buy them on the internet.

A.store

B.take

C.deliver

[答案]C

W03 **We now** _____ him by writing letters.

A.keep away from

B.keep on

C.keep in touch with

[答案]C

W04 **We should try** our best to _____ the children from danger.

A.cover

B.prevent

C.leave

[答案]B

W05 **What** do you have _____ lunch?

A.in

B.for

C.at

[答案]B

W06 **When she entered** the class,she _____ by what the students did for her.

A.is moved

B.was moved

C.was moving

[答案]B

W07 **When she entered** the class,she _____ by what the students did for her.

A.was moved

B.is moved

C.was moving

[答案]A

W08 **When we do the** wash,it is important to _____ white and colored clothing.

A.compare

B.establish

C.separate

[答案]C

W09 **Would** you like to help me _____ some RMB for dollars?

- A.exchange
- B.manufacture
- C.store

[答案]A

Y01 **You** *can go to a travel* agency and ask for a holiday_____.

- A.introduction
- B.book
- C.brochure

[答案]C

Y02 **You** *have to work harder* than others to_____success.

- A.reach
- B.hold
- C.achieve

[答案]C

Y03 **Your** company pays attention to the staff's health.In my opinion,that's a benefit_____.

- A.with a long time
- B.in the long run
- C.for a long run

[答案]B

Z01 **Zhou** Ming has few English magazines,_____?

- A.does he
- B.doesn't he
- C.hasn't he

[答案]A

第三大题 阅读理解选择题

C01 **Can you imagine** a world without the Internet?It's surprising to think about it.

Now,China has more than 162 million Internet users,according to the China Internet Network Information Centre.This is the second highest number of user in the world after the United States.Today,66% of Chinese netizens (网民) are teenagers.They spend about thirteen hours every week online,said Qian Hulin,an Internet expert(专家).Doctor Song in Beijing Xuanwu Hospital said about 14% of Chinese netizens who are teens often lasted over ten hours to play online games.

The main reasons why teenagers surf the Web are to search for information,to communicate with others and to have fun.On the Internet,teenagers can find out almost anything.And surfing the Web can help students with their homework and widen their knowledge.

Li Dong,a teacher at No.41 Middle School in Shijiazhuang,likes her students to use the Internet.When we talk in class,students who surf the Net usually know more background information than the others,she said.

In addition,people can use the Internet to write letters or stories and send emails.Many teens keep in touch with their friends online.It is cheaper than phoning somebody far away and also much quicker.

1. _____ has the most Internet users in the world according to the article.

- A.China
- B.America
- C.Canada

[答案]B

2. There are about _____ Chinese netizens to surf about 13 hours every week.

- A. 107 million old
- B. 22.7 million old
- C. 107 million young

[答案]C

3. Song said some teenagers continued _____ more than ten hours.

- A. playing online games
- B. searching for information
- C. chatting with their friends

[答案]A

4. Li Dong in No.41 Middle School likes her students to use the Internet because she _____.

- A. thinks surfing the net can help students spend less time on homework
- B. thinks her students can get more background information than the others
- C. wants her students to talk to her about their hobbies and interests

[答案]B

5. According to the passage, which of the following is the cheapest and quickest way to learn something about friends far away?

- A. Writing a letter to them.
- B. Going to see them.
- C. Sending emails to them.

[答案]C

D01 SIX MUST-HAVE COMPUTER SKILLS FOR STUDENTS

Do you have the computer skills you should have to excel in school? To get a good job in the first place? The following six computer skills will help you get better grades and make yourself more valuable to employers.

Internet

Today the Internet makes the world go around. You can find information on just about everything on the Internet, which will make studying so much quicker and easier. Just be careful about your sources because not everything you read on the Internet is true.

E-mail

Almost every company uses E-mail now. Get a personal email address freely at Google, Yahoo, Hotmail, and other places on the Internet. Practice E-mailing.

One Note

One Note, by Microsoft, is a wonderful tool for students. For about \$100, you can take and store notes, organize them, share them, and do just about anything you want with them. Your options appear on one page so you can access files immediately. You can add presentations, pictures, audio files, web shots, etc.

Word

Microsoft Office Word is used most often by the business world for word processing. It's today's typewriter. You'll create cleaner, more professional papers and reports for school. It will give you a leg up when you look for a job.

PowerPoint

PowerPoint is the software used to create slide presentations. When you need to make a presentation in class, this is the tool that will help you present your information in a clean, professional way. Remember to keep it simple.

Excel

If you work with numbers,Excel is your best friend.It will save you a ton of time because it calculates for you.Set up a spread sheet,tell Excel how you want it to calculate,fill in your figures,and voila! You can't beat it.

1.Why students must have the six Computer Skills?

A.It will help you get better grades.

B.It will make yourself more valuable to employers.

C.Both A and B.

[答案]C

2.Which of the following statement is not true?

A.You can almost find information just about everything on the Internet.

B.You can trust on the information from the Internet.

C.You will make studying so much quicker and easier with the internet.

[答案]B

3.Where can't you get a personal E-mail address freely?

A.at Google

B.at Yahoo

C.at Tmall

[答案]C

4.Which can be used to create slide presentations?

A.Word

B.PowerPoint

C.Excel

[答案]B

5.What does calculates mean in It will save you a ton of time because it calculates for you.

A.depend on

B.compute

C.plan

[答案]B

M01 Many of us spend plenty of our time at work,but rarely give much thought to how our environment might be affecting us.

Open offices could be making you unproductive and unhappy.A 2011 review of studies examined the effects of various types of office environments.It found that open offices can have a negative impact on workers when it comes to focus,efficiency,creativity and job satisfaction.However,a 2013 study found that employees with private offices were more satisfied at work.

Your working environment could be upping your stress levels.A recent Monster.com poll found that 42 percent of U.S.workers have left a job due to stressful environment.It also found that 61 percent of American workers believe that work stress has been a cause of illness.

A noisy workspace could be killing your concentration because of phones ringing and colleagues chatting,typing and moving around.These noises are the “enemy of focus” and meaningful time is lost.Too much time sitting down without any physical exercise increases your risk of disease.We've all heard that “sitting is the new smoking”.Your desk job could almost be killing you.Sitting at a desk all day can also contribute to aches and pains,while staring at a computer screen for hours can cause vision problems and headaches.

A sedentary lifestyle increases your risk of disease.We've all heard that“sitting is the new smoking”.Your desk job could almost be killing you.Sitting at a desk all day can also contribute to aches and pains,while staring at a computer screen for hours can cause vision problems and headaches.

It's no exaggeration that your working environment is killing you. Be alert!

21. Many of us _____ pay much attention to our working environment.

- A. seldom
- B. often
- C. always

[答案]A

22. Open offices could make you _____.

- A. efficient and unhappy
- B. inefficient and upset
- C. relaxed and happy

[答案]B

23. It was found that employees with _____ were more satisfied at work.

- A. private offices
- B. open offices
- C. new offices

[答案]A

24. According to the passage, _____ are the "enemy of focus".

- A. colleagues chatting
- B. phone ringing
- C. noises

[答案]C

25. Staring at a computer screen for hours increases your chances of _____.

- A. vision problems
- B. headaches
- C. both A and B

[答案]C

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5. What does calculates mean in It will save you a ton of time because it calculates for you.

- A. depend on
- B. compute
- C. plan

[答案]B

W01 With the explosion of digital media in recent years, a growing number of students are spending their time in front of the small screen---whether it's a Smartphone or tablet. In just two years, the number of US children using digital media has doubled to 72 percent, according to a survey by Common Sense Media.

On average, students spend about two hours a day in front of the screen. Watching TV makes up half of this time. But gradually, the time children spend watching TV is decreasing, with more and more time being given to digital media. Some of the common things kids do with digital media are playing games, watching videos and sending messages to friends.

The digital world can be used very effectively. In the survey, 74 percent of teachers said that digital media would improve students' learning. As students can quickly get hold of information they need.

However, without guidance from teachers or parents, digital media may have bad influence on students' attention span and communication skills. So it's always best to use your smartphone and tablet carefully.

When using digital media,you need to find a balance.Just like study,too much can lead to information overload,and give you a headache.Also,make sure your smartphone or tablet doesn't take priority over more important tasks.Give your eyes a rest,and remember: offline is just as fun as online.

1.Two years ago,the number of US children who use digital media made up_____.

A.72%

B.36%

C.74%

[答案]B

2.Which is not TRUE according to the passage?

A.Using digital media is good for students' learning.

B.Using digital media can improve students' communication skills.

C.Students should use their digital media under adults' guidance.

[答案]B

3.The underlined word overload in the last paragraph means _____ in Chinese.

A.重叠

B.夸大

C.超负荷

[答案]C

4.The article mentions that kids usually use digital media to _____.

①play games

②send message to friends

③watch videos

④shop online

A.①②③

B.①②③④

C.①③④

[答案]A

5.Why is the time children spend watching TV decreasing?

A.Because they need a balance of study and entertainment.

B.Because the TV shows aren't interesting at all.

C.Because they turn to spend more time on digital media.

[答案]C

Y01 YOUR WORKING ENVIRONMENT IS KILLING YOU!

Many of us spend plenty of our time at work,but rarely give much thought to how our environment might be affecting us.

Open offices could be making you unproductive and unhappy.A 2011 review of studies examined the effects of various types of office environments.It found that open offices can have a negative impact on workers when it comes to focus,efficiency,creativity and job satisfaction¹².However,a 2013 study found that employees with private offices were more satisfied at work.

A noisy workspace could be killing your concentration because of phones ringing and colleagues chatting,typing and moving around.These noises are the “enemy of focus” and meaningful time is lost.

Your working environment could be upping your stress levels.A recent Monster.com poll found that 42 percent of U.S.workers have left a job due to stressful environment.It also found that 61 percent of American workers believe that work stress has been a cause of illness.

A sedentary lifestyle increases your risk of disease. We've all heard that "sitting is the new smoking". Your desk job could almost be killing you. Sitting at a desk all day can also contribute to aches and pains, while staring at a computer screen for hours can cause vision problems and headaches.

It's no exaggeration that your working environment is killing you. Be alert!

1. Many of us _____ pay much attention to our working environment.

A. seldom

B. often

C. always

[答案]A

2. Open offices could make you _____.

A. efficient and unhappy

B. inefficient and upset

C. relaxed and happy

[答案]B

3. It was found that employees with _____ were more satisfied at work.

A. private offices

B. open offices

C. new offices

[答案]A

4. According to the passage, _____ are the enemy of focus.

A. colleagues chatting

B. phone ringing

C. noises

[答案]C

5. Staring at a computer screen for hours increases your chances of _____.

A. vision problems

B. headaches

C. Both A and B

[答案]C

第四大题 阅读理解判断题

A01 Almost everyone is familiar with video conferencing today, and for good reasons. Video conferencing is convenient. Video conferencing saves money. Video conferencing makes money. And it is so much easier than it used to be.

Today, of course, video conferencing has become an important means for doing business. There is no longer a need to waste time and money traveling, and the advanced technology can offer what every conferencing needs. Audio, web and video together can provide good solutions for large conferences with Q&A sessions and private chats.

Why is video conferencing so successful when other technologies have come and gone? It is because it's convenient and cost-effective. In addition to saving time and money, video conferencing is a lot less stressful than a meeting after a day of airport security, delayed flights and hotel check-in, etc.

Best of all, video conferencing is not expensive nowadays. Web, video and audio conferencing service providers can quickly get you up and running, often without setup fees or high charges. With all that's available today, the only question is whether a business can afford not to use user-friendly video conferencing.

26. It was easy to use video conferencing in the past. [答案]F

27. Video conferencing is a convenient way for doing business. [答案]T

28. Only video can provide good solutions for large conferences with Q & A sessions. [答案]F

29. Compared to some other forms of meetings, video conferencing is much more stressful. [答案]F

30. Nowadays if you don't use video conferencing in some cases, maybe your business will suffer losses to some degree. [答案]T

B01 BENEFITS OF VIDEO CONFERENCING

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2. Video conferencing is a convenient way for doing business. [答案]T
3. Only video can provide good solutions for large conferences with Q&A sessions. [答案]F
4. Compared to some other forms of meetings, video conferencing is much more stressful. [答案]F
5. Nowadays if you don't use video conferencing in some cases, maybe your business will suffer losses to some degree. [答案]T

I01 I AM A COURIER

I am a courier. Many people today are glad to see us, because they expect to receive what they have bought on the Internet. When I see their eager faces, I feel that my job is valuable. I am proud of my job. Why did I choose to be a courier?

The first benefit is, I think, couriers can usually deliver an item faster than it would have taken if sent by other means. For example, a person may need to send a document to someone else. He could do this by sending it through the mail. If the two parties are in the same city, this transaction is likely to take at least one day. Couriers, however, usually can make it happen within hours.

Secondly, couriers generally offer a receipt for the delivery and that can make their clients feel more secure. Postal services generally are not as efficient in this regard. Even text messages and e-mails may not be comparable. In many cases, without delivery confirmation, the sender knows that something was sent, but there is no confirmation as to whether it was received or when it was received.

Most importantly, the Internet has changed people's shopping habits. More and more people tend to shop on the Internet. The goods bought on the Internet have to be delivered by couriers. So a courier can make more money if he wants to work longer hours.

That's why I have chosen to work as a courier.Well,that's about my job.Time is money.I have to send packages to the next place now.Talk to you later.

- 1.People are glad to see couriers because they can bring people good luck.[答案]F
- 2.Couriers can deliver items faster than other means only in the same city.[答案]F
- 3.Postal services generally are not as efficient because there isn't delivery confirmation.[答案]T
- 4.If working longer hours,couriers can earn more money.[答案]T
- 5.The courier who is talking likes his job.[答案]T

I02 Improving work safety is a must and a goal.It should be on everyone's mind.According to the US Department of Labor,every year almost 6000 people are fatally injured at work.More than four million people suffer non-fatal injuries.What's worse,many of these deaths and injuries were due to carelessness,and could have easily been avoided by paying more attention to safety rules.

Employers are required to provide a safe workplace,but your safety at work is your business.If you feel like the environment is unsafe and your complaints fall on deaf ears,you should look for other employment or report the problem to the proper authorities.Of course,some jobs are more dangerous than others.If you have one of these jobs,you'll need to be extra alert.Deaths and injuries occur in all kinds of employment.

Thankfully,there are great many things you can do to improve your safety at work.You can improve safety awareness among your coworkers and supervisors,as well as lobby your employer to improve safety policies,practices,and training.Be active when it comes to workplace safety.Don't wait for others to pick up the ball.While you're waiting,you may wind up getting injured.So take it upon yourself to do what you can to reduce your chances of being injured at work.

- 26.Improving work safety is necessary.[答案]T
- 27.Many of these deaths and injuries at work could have been avoided.[答案]T
- 28.You could do nothing if you feel like the environment is unsafe and your complaints fall on deaf ears.[答案]F
- 29.Deaths and injuries only occur in dangerous jobs.[答案]F
- 30.When it comes to workplace safety,the employees should be concerned about their own safety.[答案]T

I03 It will be the 50th anniversary of the founding of Lehigh Valley Industrial Park Inc.LVIP's successes have defined this region,including its economy,its residents' working lives,even the look of broad areas across Lehigh and Northampton counties.

People are duly observing the date with banquets,awards and other festivities.But they ought to know about a few facts in order to appreciate the importance of what was begun 50 years ago.

LVIP now comprises seven planned parks.They are home to 460 companies.Those companies provide 22,000 jobs.LVIP has borrowed more than \$436 million in private investment over the years.It has paid tens of millions of property and payroll taxes.

We can imagine what will happen to this area if there aren't those jobs.Obviously,we ought to appreciate the genius of LVIP's founders.Fifty years ago,Bethlehem Steel Corp.and other integrated steelmakers were hit by the fifth nationwide strike in 15 years.Those cycles of strikes affected every part of the local economy.

Contractor Frank L.Marcon told fellow board members at the Bethlehem Chamber of Commerce that a more diverse economy could be fostered if public and private leaders acted together.In those days,there were no state or federal economic development programs.So,18 individuals pooled \$250,000 of their own money and LVIP sold bonds to raise \$400,000 more to buy four farms along Airport Road.The City of Bethlehem contributed planning work,amended its zoning code and worked out an affordable way to add streets,curbs and

sewers. Companies like Bethlehem Steel made major contributions, creating a new model for cooperation.

Another important decision was made that year. It made “Lehigh Valley” part of the name of the new endeavor. The late Walter Dealtrey, a former LVIP board president, used to tell people that back then, decades before “regionalization” became part of the public vocabulary. Those leaders knew their vision had to carry the stamp of big ideas. That first 226 acre tract could have been called “Bethlehem Industrial Park,” because that’s where it was.

1. Lehigh Valley Industrial Park is fifty years old now. [答案]T
2. Lehigh Valley Industrial Park plays a very important role in the local people’s lives. [答案]T
3. People don’t really know the history of Lehigh Valley Industrial Park. [答案]T
4. Steelmakers created Lehigh Valley Industrial Park. [答案]T
5. Only private leaders acted together to foster a more diverse economy. [答案]F

K01 Kindles, Nooks and other e-readers are threatening the future of printed books. But reading itself may get a boost from the devices. For example, a study found that the kids felt better about reading after a course in which they used Amazon Kindles. The research is in the International journal of Applied Science and Technology.

For two months, 199 middle-school students in a reading improvement class in Texas had 15 to 25 minutes every day when they were free to read on the Kindle. In general, the students felt the device improved their reading ability. And they tended to enjoy using an e-reader.

However, some low-level readers may feel somewhat embarrassed when they are seen with a simple book. Because they can never use fake book covers as in the past to keep their peers in the dark.

26. Amazon Kindles is a kind of e-books. [答案]T
27. The research done in the International journal of Applied Science and Technology has lasted for two years. [答案]F
28. The students felt e-books could not improve their reading ability. [答案]F
29. Many students tended to enjoy using an e-reader. [答案]T
30. Some low-level readers used to use fake book-covers to keep their peers in the dark. [答案]T

M01 PROTECTING EYES FROM COMPUTER SCREENS

Many of us spend the bulk of the day looking at computer screens. Reading this article means there’s a good chance you’re looking at one right now.

But does looking at computer screens damage your eyes? Professor Nathan Efron does not consider computer screens “harmful” to our eyes.

But he admits if you use one a lot, you increase your risk of becoming slightly more short-sighted—where your eyes focus well only on close objects while more distant objects appear blurred. This is especially the case for children and young adults, whose eyes are still developing.

In the shorter term, prolonged viewing of a computer screen can make any slight existing vision defects more noticeable. It can also give you what is sometimes known as “computer vision syndrome” - eye strain, headaches, gritty eyes and blurry vision. But this is only temporary and can be minimized by:

Adjusting the screen display so the contrast is high and the brightness feels comfortable.

Having lighting that does not produce glare on the screen.

Giving your eyes regular rests from looking at the screen (The Optometrists Association of Australia recommends you do this for five to ten minutes every one to two hours of computer use. It's a good time to make phone calls or do other tasks.)

1. Many of us spend much time looking at computer screens. [答案]T

2. Looking at computer screens for long time doesn't damage children and young adults' eyesight. [答案]F

3. Computer vision syndrome cannot be weakened. [答案]F

4. It's good taking breaks during screen watching. [答案]T

5. Proper lighting is important to protect our eyes. [答案]T

N01 NEW MATERIAL CAN COOL BUILDINGS

Researchers at Stanford University have developed a new material that can move heat out of buildings and into space. The material can cool buildings even on hot days.

The cooling material is a very thin sheet with many layers that could be placed on a roof like solar panels. However, instead of turning sunlight into energy as solar panels do, the material turns heat into infrared radiation.

Shanhui Fan is an electrical engineering professor at Stanford University. He says that the panels have a layer of material that is like sand. The panels also act like a mirror. They take heat out of buildings and reflect the light from the sun. Both the heat and sunlight are sent 100 kilometers into outer space.

The panels are cool to the touch, even in the sun. Researchers say they can reduce the indoor temperature to nearly 5 degrees Celsius below the temperature outside.

Mr. Fan says it is like having a window into space. He says the heat is sent directly into space without warming the air. Buildings in developing countries that do not have electricity or air conditioning could use the panels. In areas where one is off-grid, there is a significant potential benefit for storing medicine or even food. In many of these situations, being able to reduce the temperature is important. And this would provide a way to do it.

The Stanford researchers described their technology in the science publication Nature. They say the main problem is creating actual cooling systems using the high-tech panels. It may be possible to develop a cooling spray technology in the next three to five years that could be used on existing solid structures.

1. The material can cool buildings only on cold days. [答案]F

2. The material turns heat into infrared radiation because it is a very thick sheet with many layers that could be placed on a roof like solar panels. [答案]F

3. The heat of the buildings and sunlight are sent 100 kilometers into outer space by the panels. [答案]T

4. The off-grid areas may use the panels to reduce the temperature of buildings to store medicine or even food. [答案]T

5. A cooling spray technology may be developed in the near future that could be used on existing solid structures. [答案]T

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1. The material can cool buildings only on cold days. [答案] F

- 2.The material turns heat into infrared radiation because it is a very thick sheet with many layers that could be placed on a roof like solar panels.[答案]F
- 3.The heat of the buildings and sunlight are sent 100 kilometers into outer space by the panels.[答案]T
- 4.The off-grid areas may use the panels to reduce the temperature of buildings to store medicine or even food.[答案]T
- 5.A cooling spray technology may be developed in the near future that could be used on existing solid structures.[答案]T

W01 WILL E-READERS REPLACE THE CONVENTIONAL PAPER BOOK?

Kindles,Nooks and other e-readers are threatening the future of printed books.But reading itself may get a boost from the devices.For example,a study found that the kids felt better about reading after a course in which they used Amazon Kindles.The research is in the International Journal of Applied Science and Technology.

For two months,199 middle-school students in a reading improvement class in Texas had 15 to 25 minutes every day when they were free to read on the Kindle.In general,the students felt the device improved their reading ability.And they tended to enjoy using an e-reader.

They noted the ease of carrying multiple books in one device,and the feeling that reading was suddenly a high-tech 21st-century activity rather than a boring waste of time.And some low-level readers who might otherwise be embarrassed to be seen with a simple book liked keeping their peers in the dark about what title they were reading.In the old days,one had to use a fake book-cover to achieve that level of secrecy.

- 1.Amazon Kindles is a kind of e-books.[答案]T
- 2.The research done in the International Journal of Applied Science and Technology has lasted for two years.[答案]F
- 3.The students felt e-books could not improve their reading ability.[答案]F
- 4.Many students tended to enjoy using an e-reader.[答案]T
- 5.Some low-level readers used to use fake book-covers to keep their peers in the dark.[答案]T

第五大题 翻译题

A01 A noisy workspace could be killing your concentration.

- A.嘈杂的工作环境可能会分散你的注意力。
- B.嘈杂的工作环境可能会扼杀你的兴趣。
- C.嘈杂的工作环境可能会打击你的信心。

[答案]A

A02 After some initial problems,the kind of delicious biscuits was successfully produced in quantity.

- A.紧跟在最早的一些问题后面的是,这种美味的饼干被成功地大量地生产了。
- B.解决了最初的一些问题之后,终于成功地生产出了大量美味的饼干。
- C.解决了最初的一些问题之后,终于成功地生产出了高质量的美味饼干。

[答案]B

A03 Although the pilot was badly hurt,he was able to explain what had happened.

- A.虽然飞行员受伤很严重,但他还是能够解释发生的一切。
- B.虽然飞行员飞行技术很差,但他还是能够解释发生的事情。
- C.虽然飞行员能够解释发生的一切,但他受伤很严重。

[答案]A

B01 **Be active when** it comes to workplace safety. Don't wait for others to pick up the ball.

- A. 在工作安全方面要主动积极。别等别人来解决问题。
- B. 在工作安全方面要主动积极。别等别人来捡球。
- C. 在工作安全方面要主动积极。别等别人来打电话。

[答案]A

B02 **Be active when** it comes to workplace safety. Don't wait for others to pickup the ball.

- A. 在工作安全方面要活跃,别等别人来捡球。
- B. 在工作安全方面要主动积极,别等别人来解决问题。
- C. 在工作安全方面要主动,别等别人来打电话。

[答案]B

B03 **Before**, when I was assigned a task, I was totally on my own but here we work in teams.

- A. 以前,当我被分配了工作,我只关心我自己的事,而在这,我们相互体谅对方。
- B. 之前,分配工作后,就我一个人干活,但现在大家都在干活。
- C. 以前,我分配到的任务只能独立完成,而在这,我们是团队合作。

[答案]C

C01 **Can** you fill me in on what has been happening?

- A. 你解释下究竟发生了什么事?
- B. 你能把发生的事情原原本本地告诉我吗?
- C. 你能补充下事情发生的经过吗?

[答案]B

D01 **Do you feel any discomfort** after long time of sedentary work?

- A. 你长时间不工作会感到不适吗?
- B. 你长时间坐着工作会感到不适吗?
- C. 你长时间站着工作会感到不适吗?

[答案]B

D02 **Do you feel any discomfort** after long time of sedentary work?

- A. 你长时间坐着工作会感到不适吗?
- B. 你长时间不工作会感到不适吗?
- C. 你长时间站着工作会感到不适吗?

[答案]A

D03 **Do you have the** computer skills you should have to excel in school?

- A. 你有能让你在学校里脱颖而出的电脑技能吗?
- B. 你有学校让你必须掌握的计算机技能吗?
- C. 你有学校让你熟练掌握的电脑技能吗?

[答案]A

E01 **Employers** are required to provide a safe workplace.

- A. 雇工要求提供安全的工作场所。
- B. 雇主必须提供安全的工作场所。
- C. 雇主主动提供安全的工作场所。

[答案]B

E02 EV fans are used to these sorts of blue-sky ideas by now.

- A.那些电动车迷们到目前为止已经习惯了这些美好的想法。
- B.那些电动车迷们到目前为止已经习惯了各种各样大胆的想法。
- C.那些电动车迷们经常会有很多幼稚的想法。

[答案]B

G01 Get to know your rights! They should give you some kind of compensation.

- A.你要知道你的正确之处! 他们会给你一些弥补。
- B.你要清楚自己的权利! 他们应该给你一些补偿。
- C.让他们知道你的权利! 你才能得到一笔费用。

[答案]B

H01 Have you managed to figure out how to use that scanner yet?

- A.你能修理好那台扫描仪吗?
- B.你有没有弄清楚如何使用那台扫描仪?
- C.你找到那台扫描仪了吗?

[答案]B

H02 Have you run off a copy of the report for the boss yet?

- A.老板要求的报告你写完了吗?
- B.你拿走老板的报告了吗?
- C.你有没有把报告复印一份给老板?

[答案]C

H03 He is determined not to give in until they give him a pay rise.

- A.除非他们给他加薪,否则他坚决不让步。
- B.除非他们给他升职,否则他就辞职。
- C.除非他们给他加薪,否则他就休假。

[答案]A

H04 He is determined not to give in until they give him a pay rise.

- A.除非他们给他加薪,否则他坚决不让步。
- B.除非他们给他升职,否则他就辞职。
- C.除非他们给他加薪,否则他就休假。

[答案]A

H05 He will not give in until they give him a pay rise.

- A.除非他们给他加薪,否则他坚决不让步。
- B.除非他们给他升职,否则他就辞职。
- C.除非他们给他加薪,否则他就休假。

[答案]A

H06 How do you like your new teacher?

- A.你喜欢你的新老师吗?
- B.你觉得你的新老师怎么样?
- C.你是怎样喜欢你的新老师的?

[答案]B

I01 I *am considering giving* you an opportunity for a different job.

- A.我正在考虑给你一个机会换个工作。
- B.我正在考虑给你找个工作。
- C.我认为你应该找个工作。

[答案]A

I02 I *am involved in* two projects at present.

- A.目前我申请了两个项目。
- B.目前我完成了两个项目。
- C.目前我参与了两个项目。

[答案]C

I03 I *haven't been* out of the office before 9 pm.a single day this week.

- A.这周只有一天我在九点之前离开了办公室。
- B.这周没有一天我是在晚上九点前离开办公室的。
- C.这周有一天我在九点之前去了办公室。

[答案]B

I04 I *just heard through* the grapevine that you landed a job in a big car company.

- A.我刚听小道消息说你在一家大汽车公司找到了工作。
- B.我才知道你在一家大公司工作得不顺利。
- C.我刚听小道消息说你从一家大汽车公司辞职了。

[答案]A

I06 If *you pay for it* on Saturday or Sunday this week,you can actually get 5 percent off the usual sale price.

- A.如果你在本周六或周日买的话,可以享受平时的销售价格 5%的折扣。
- B.如果你在本周六或周日买的话,可以得到平时的销售价格的 5%。
- C.如果你在本周六或周日买的话,可以在平时的销售价格上减去 5 元。

[答案]A

I07 If *you wish to upgrade* the hard drive,we can definitely do so.

- A.如果你想下载电脑文件,那是绝对可以的。
- B.如果你想升级电脑硬盘,我们绝对可以做到。
- C.如果你想提升电脑速度,我们绝对可以做到。

[答案]B

I08 I'm *all ears*.

- A.我爱打听。
- B.我洗耳恭听。
- C.我耳鸣。

[答案]B

I09 I'm *all ears*.

- A.我洗耳恭听。
- B.我爱打听。
- C.我耳鸣。

[答案]A

I10 I'm all ears.

- A.我洗耳恭听。
- B.我爱打听。
- C.我耳鸣。

[答案]A

I11 I'm involved in two projects at present.

- A.目前我申请了两个项目。
- B.目前我完成了两个项目。
- C.目前我参与了两个项目。

[答案]C

I12 It is going to be difficult to meet the deadline.

- A.很难把截止日期定下来。
- B.很难在截止日期前完成。
- C.很难到达截止日期。

[答案]B

I13 It is going to be difficult to meet the deadline.

- A.很难到达截止日期。
- B.很难把截止日期定下来。
- C.很难在截止日期前完成。

[答案]C

I14 It is going to be difficult to meet the deadline.

- A.很难在截止日期前完成。
- B.很难把截止日期定下来。
- C.很难到达截止日期。

[答案]A

I15 It will give yourself a leg up when you look for a job.

- A.当你找工作的时候,它将给你一条腿。
- B.当你工作的时候,它能给你勇气。
- C.当你找工作的时候,它能助你一臂之力。

[答案]C

I16 It will give yourself a leg up when you look for a job.

- A.当你找工作的时候,它将给你一条腿。
- B.当你找工作的时候,它能助你一臂之力。
- C.当你工作的时候,它能给你勇气。

[答案]B

M01 Many electric car owners consider the debate over charging points all a bit of a fuss.

- A.许多电动车车主都认为充电点很吵闹。
- B.许多电动车车主都为充电点在争论。
- C.许多电动车车主都认为争论充电点有点大惊小怪。

[答案]C

M02 **Mr.Green** has worked here since he came to China.

- A.因为格林先生到了中国,所以他就在这里工作了。
- B.从格林先生来中国那天起,他就在这工作了。
- C.格林先生在这里工作因为他来自于中国。

[答案]B

M03 **My** son likes keeping a lot of movies and pictures on the hard drive.

- A.我儿子喜欢在电脑里存放大量音乐和图片。
- B.我儿子喜欢硬盘里的很多电影和图片。
- C.我儿子喜欢在硬盘里存放很多电影和图片。

[答案]C

P01 **Postal** services generally are not as efficient in this regard.

- A.通常说来,邮递服务被视作不是一般的高效。
- B.邮递服务在这方面通常就没有这么高效。
- C.邮局的服务被认为不怎么高效。

[答案]B

S01 **Some historic pictures** have been seriously damaged by time.

- A.一些被严重损坏的历史照片所记录下的事件由于时间久远而被淡忘了。
- B.一些时间久远的照片被严重破坏了。
- C.一些具有历史意义的照片由于年代久远,已被严重损坏。

[答案]C

S02 **Some historic pictures** have been seriously damaged by time.

- A.一些被严重损坏的历史照片所记录下的事件由于时间久远而被淡忘了。
- B.一些具有历史意义的照片由于年代久远,已被严重损坏。
- C.一些时间久远的照片被严重破坏了。

[答案]B

S03 **Some legislation** requires employers to give their employees a fair wage.

- A.有项立法要求雇主应给予雇员合理的工资。
- B.有立法要求雇员应给予雇主合理的工资。
- C.一些法规要求雇主应给予雇员的公平的机会。

[答案]A

T01 **The cost of living** is increasing dramatically these days.I always spend more money than I earn.

- A.到那个时候,生活代价会增加很多,我现在就已经不够花了。
- B.这些天,生活的成本有了戏剧性的增长,我花的比挣的都多。
- C.这段时间生活成本一直快速上涨,我总入不敷出。

[答案]C

T02 **The graph shows** that film is giving way to TV.

- A.图表显示电影妨碍了电视的发展。
- B.图表显示电影渐渐被电视所取代。
- C.图表显示电影与电视齐头并进。

[答案]B

T03 **The** *graph shows* that film is giving way to TV.

- A.图表显示电影妨碍了电视的发展。
- B.图表显示电影与电视齐头并进。
- C.图表显示电影渐渐被电视所取代。

[答案]C

T04 **The** *play has been* on for two hours so the audiences are very tired.

- A.这部剧已经演了两个小时了,所以演员们很累了。
- B.这部剧两个小时就演完了,所以观众们不是很累。
- C.这部剧已经演了两个小时了,所以观众们很累了。

[答案]C

T05 **The** *team's demo* doesn't work on the sort of charge that would be required to top-up an electric car.

- A.这个团队的演示表明以上方式无法将电动汽车充满电。
- B.这个团队的演示在电动车充电方面不起作用。
- C.这个团队的演示无法运行充电功能。

[答案]A

T06 **They** can never use fake book covers as in the past to keep their peers in the dark.

- A.他们再不能像从前那样当着同伴的面用假书皮来掩饰自己的阅读水平了。
- B.他们再不能像从前那样用假书皮来将同伴挡在黑暗之处了。
- C.他们再不能像过去那样用假书盖着,让他们的同龄人处在黑暗中。

[答案]A

T07 **Two** colleagues are heading for a construction site.

- A.两位同事正面向施工现场。
- B.两位同事打算去参观施工现场。
- C.两位同事正准备动身去施工现场。

[答案]C

W01 **With** all that's available today, the only question is whether a business can afford not to use user-friendly video conferencing.

- A.在所有资源都可获得的今天,唯一的问题就是一个企业是否愿意独自召开便捷的视频会议。
- B.在所有资源都可获得的今天,唯一的问题就是一个企业是否能够承担起不使用便捷的视频会议所带来的损失。
- C.在所有资源都可获得的今天,唯一的问题就是一个企业是否能够支付起使用视频会议的费用。

[答案]B

W02 **Would** *you rather* work in the countryside than in the city?

- A.与农村相比,你是更想在城里工作吧?
- B.与城里相比,你是更想在农村工作吗?
- C.农村的工作和城里的工作,哪个更适合你?

[答案]B

W03 **Would** *you rather* work in the countryside than in the city?

- A.与城里相比,你是更想在农村工作吗?
- B.与农村相比,你是更想在城里工作吗?
- C.农村的工作和城里的工作,哪个更适合你?

[答案]A

Y01 **You** *know it* does you good if you persist.

- A.你知道只要你放弃就有好处。
- B.你知道只要你坚持就有好处。
- C.你知道只要你转变就有好处。

[答案]B

Y02 **Your** *company pays* attention to the staff's health.

- A.你们公司关注领导的健康。
- B.你们公司关注员工的健康。
- C.你们公司关注亲属的健康。

[答案]B

Y03 **Your** *diligence and* intelligence are always highly praised.

- A.你的勤劳和智慧总是排在第一位。
- B.你的品德和智慧总是高度评价。
- C.你的勤奋和智慧总是受到高度赞扬。

[答案]C