

## 交际用语（单选题）

1、- \_\_\_\_\_ - You too!

正确选项 1. Happy New Year! (V)

2、- Good morning. Far East Logistics Company. This is Lin Hanxue. May I help you? -

正确选项 1. Good morning. This is Daniel Anderson speaking. (V)

3、- Hello, I' m Susan. Nice to meet you. - \_\_\_\_\_

正确选项 1. Nice to meet you, too. (V)

4、- How is your family? - \_\_\_\_\_

正确选项 1. Not too bad. (V)

5、- Let me show you how to use the printer. - \_\_\_\_\_

正确选项 1. Thanks for your help. (V)

6、- Oh, but how long will it take to reach LA? - \_\_\_\_\_

正确选项 1. Usually it takes around 12 days. (V)

7、- Sally, could you lend me your calculator? Mine is not working. -

正确选项 1. Sure. Why do you need it? (V)

8、- We are going to have a dancing party tonight. Would you like to join us? -

正确选项 1. Yes, it' s very kind of you. (V)

9、- Good evening, Hilton Hotel!

- Hello. I' d like to book a room for the nights

of the 18th and 19th. - \_\_\_\_\_

正确选项 1. Just a minute, please. (V)

10、- He has got fired. - \_\_\_\_\_

正确选项 1. I can' t believe it. (V)

11、- I think he is a good lecturer. - \_\_\_\_\_

正确选项 1. So do I. (V)

12、- Lisa, I was wondering if you could come to my birthday party this Saturday. -

正确选项 1. Sure. I' ll be there. (V)

13、- Sorry, I forgot to mail you the letter. - \_\_\_\_\_

正确选项 1. That' s all right. (V)

14、- Where are you going? - \_\_\_\_\_

正确选项 1. I am going to the park. (V)

## 词汇与结构（单选题）

1、\_\_\_\_\_ does your team have a meeting?

正确选项 1. How often (V)

2、\_\_\_\_\_ the past few years, China' s economy has developed rapidly.

正确选项 1. For (V)

3、\_\_\_\_\_ we are too late for the meeting?

正确选项 1. What if (V)

4、Accounting could \_\_\_\_\_ to about 7,000 years ago.

正确选项 1. date back (V)

5、After I read it in \_\_\_\_\_, I will tell you my opinion.

正确选项 1. detail (V)

6、All the directors agreed to hold a press \_\_\_\_\_ for the company next month.

正确选项 1. conference (V)

7、Basically, about 98% of world trade is \_\_\_\_\_ by sea transportation.

正确选项 1. carried out (V)

8、Every business has its \_\_\_\_\_.

正确选项 1. ups and downs (V)

9、Every successful businessperson learned \_\_\_\_\_ failure.

正确选项 1.from(V)

10、For larger sums we take legal steps to \_\_\_\_\_ the money.

正确选项 1.recover(V)

11、He arrived late for the party, \_\_\_\_\_ made us all very disappointed.

正确选项 1.which(V)

12、How much is the \_\_\_\_\_ of this package to Australia?

正确选项 1.fee(V)

13、I tried again and found I \_\_\_\_\_ solve it by myself.

正确选项 1.could(V)

14、I' d like to know \_\_\_\_\_ we can go to the park.

正确选项 1.when(V)

15、I' m interested in \_\_\_\_\_ you have said.

正确选项 1.what(V)

16、If she \_\_\_\_\_ Flight 907, she' ll have to change planes.

正确选项 1.takes(V)

17、It was not until 1938 in Britain \_\_\_\_\_ the first Holidays with Pay Act was passed.

正确选项 1.that(V)

18、It' s a fine day \_\_\_\_\_ expected.

正确选项 1.as(V)

19、My piano is not so expensive as \_\_\_\_\_.

正确选项 1.his(V)

20、She is a good girl, \_\_\_\_\_?

正确选项 1.isn' t she(V)

21、She thinks that I \_\_\_\_\_ not suitable for this job.

正确选项 1.am(V)

22、The committee would \_\_\_\_\_ him general manager of the firm.

正确选项 1.appoint(V)

23、The company will employ the most suitable people to \_\_\_\_\_.

正确选项 1.attend an interview(V)

24、The introduction is always \_\_\_\_\_ the book.

正确选项 1.in the front of(V)

25、The trip from Beijing to Tianjin is \_\_\_\_\_ than I thought.

正确选项 1.farther(V)

26、Then people, who are interested, can \_\_\_\_\_ the job.

正确选项 1.apply for(V)

27、There is a little \_\_\_\_\_ that he will get a promotion in that company.

正确选项 1.chance(V)

28、Two telephones \_\_\_\_\_ were sent to me yesterday.

正确选项 1.bills(V)

29、We can' t go \_\_\_\_\_ it is raining.

正确选项 1.because(V)

30、We had plenty of meat but \_\_\_\_\_ salt.

正确选项 1.no(V)

31、We will apply this invention \_\_\_\_\_ the production.

正确选项 1.to(V)

32、When a company needs to \_\_\_\_\_ new people, it may advertise the job in a newspaper or on a website.

正确选项 1.employ(V)

33、Would it possible to \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting for two days?

正确选项 1.put off(V)

34、You can \_\_\_\_\_ it and let us know your decision later.

正确选项 1.think about(V)

35、You can take several \_\_\_\_\_ of transportation to reach there.

正确选项 1. means (V)

36、 We don' t \_\_\_\_\_ smoking in the library.

正确选项 1. allow(V)

37, \_\_\_\_\_ is very important that you don't make any mistakes when you calculate those figures.

正确选项 1. It (V)

38. At university I never \_\_\_\_\_ my assignments in late.

正确选项 1. handed (V)

39、Don' t worry so much-- \_\_\_\_\_is my job!

正确选项 1. worrying(V)

40、 I believe team work\_\_\_\_\_important.

正确选项 1. is (V)

41、 I have finished \_\_\_\_\_ your project plan.

正确选项 1. reading (V)

42. Prices may change quickly if supply or demand \_\_\_\_\_.

正确选项 1. changes (V)

43、The re-examination results indicate that one-third of the goods are not\_\_\_\_\_standard.

正确选项 1. up to (V)

### 阅读理解（单选题）

Accounting could date back to about 7,000 years ago. People of that time relied on old accounting methods to record the growth of crops and herds. Accounting has greatly developed with the growth of j 省略...

1、According to the writer, accounting is \_\_\_\_\_.

正确选项 1. Both A and B(V)

2、Accounting could date back to about \_\_\_\_\_ years ago.

正确选项 1.7,000 (V)

3、Accounting has greatly changed with the development of\_\_\_\_\_.

正确选项 1. joint-stock companies (V)

4、 Accounting is very important in your business because it shows \_\_\_\_\_.

正确选项 1. how much money you' ve earned or lost (V)

5、 People in the old days relied on old accounting methods to record \_\_\_\_\_.

正确选项 1. the growth of crops and herds (V)

Customer Referral From: Bob Smith <bobsmith@3texport.com> To:  
Tompson Harris<tompsonharris@gmail.com style="color: rgb(0, 0, 0); font-family: "Microsoft  
YaHei"; font-size: medium; font-style: normal; font-variant-ligatures: normal;  
font-variant-caps: normal; font-weight: 400; letter-spacing: normal; orphans: 2; text-align:  
start; text-indent: 0px; text-transform: none; white-space: normal; widows: 2; word-spacing: 0px;  
-webkit-text-stroke-width: 0px; text-decoration-style: initial; text-decoration-color:  
initial;"> 10:12 AM, Monday, Dec. 21, 2015 Dear Mr.

Harris, T 省略...

1、 How does Bob begin with his email?

正确选项 1. With presenting thanks for help and support. (V)

2、What are the market areas of Bob' s company?

正确选项 1.Domestic and European market. (V)

3. What is the purpose of the email?

正确选项 1.To ask for the introduction of some business partners in North America. (V)

4、What is the recent plan of Bob' s company?

正确选项 1. To explore the North American market. (V)

5、What' s the current situation of Bob' s company?

正确选项 1. Very good. (V)

The key to most businesses' success is customer satisfaction. There are two rules for customer satisfaction. Rule 1 is that the customer is always right. Rule 2 is if the customer is ever wrong, rerea 省略...

1、What can customers return to you?

正确选项 1.Both A and B(V)

2、What happens when you keep your clients happy?

正确选项 1.Your business grows and improves. (V)

3、What is the key to business success?

正确选项 1.Customer satisfaction. (V)

4、What type of information needs to be provided to your customers?

正确选项 1.Accurate information. (V)

5、Why do we make market surveys?

正确选项 1.To know what customers demand and try to meet them. (V)

### 阅读理解 (判断题)

It' s clear that success and failure are important and common topics. Every business has its ups and downs, and so does every person. In other words, sometimes we succeed and sometimes we fail. Another 省略...

1、99% of successful businessmen achieved great success on their first try.

正确选项 1.F(V)

2、A common saying "You win some and you lose some" means that sometimes we succeed and sometimes we fail.

正确选项 1.T(V)

3、Businesses either shrink or remain the same.

正确选项 1.F(V)

4、Every person has his or her ups and downs.

正确选项 1.T(V)

5、Successful businessmen learn through failure.

正确选项 1.T(V)

A market means the way things are bought or sold. In all markets, the first important thing is that we have buyers. Actually, buyers are the group of people who want to buy certain goods or services. 省略...

1、A market means the way things are sold only.

正确选项 1.F(V)

2、Actually, buyers want to buy certain goods or services.

正确选项 1.T(V)

3、Markets will connect people' s demands and people' s supplies.

正确选项 1.T(V)

4、Prices change quickly with the changes of supply and demands.

正确选项 1.T(V)

5、Sellers might buy quite tangible assets, like houses, cars and so on.

正确选项 1.F(V)

American students learn business skills in school. Here is a story about some American students who learnt business skills by operating their own banks. In December 1987, the Twiglet Bank was opened a 省略...

1、American students learn social skills in school.

正确选项 1.F(V)

2、Some American students learn business skills to operate their own school.

正确选项 1.F(V)

3、Students can put their money into the bank but withdrawing is not easy.

正确选项 1.F(V)

4、The bank is open for one hour two days a week.

正确选项 1.T(V)

5、Workers from a local bank helped the students start the bank.

正确选项 1.F(V)

### 翻译题（单选题）

1、I think it' s preferable for you to change the brand name.

正确选项 1. 我认为您最好换一个商标。(V)

2、A nice wrapping that catches the eye will certainly help push sales.

正确选项 1. 一个吸引人眼球的精美包装一定会促进销售。(V)

3、At the bank, John is checking whether his remittance from New York has arrived or not.

正确选项 1. 在银行, 约翰正在查询他从纽约来的汇款是否到账。(V)

4、Do you think you could cut it by 30%? The price is too high.

正确选项 1. 您觉得可以减少 30%吗? 价格太高了。(V)

5、He will leave for London at 5 tomorrow afternoon.

正确选项 1. 他将在明天下午 5 点前往伦敦。(V)

6、Keep up the good work.

正确选项 1. 要保持良好的工作势头。(V)

7、No problem, I will handle it for you.

正确选项 1. 没问题, 我来替你处理这个事情。(V)

8、Organizing and operating the bank has taught the children a lot about the banking business.

正确选项 1. 管理和经营银行使孩子们学到了很多有关银行业务的知识。(V)

9、Precious metals such as gold and silver have been used as money.

正确选项 1. 诸如黄金和白银等这类贵金属曾经作为货币使用过。(V)

10、Some tend to purchase intangible assets, like shares, futures, etc.

正确选项 1. 一些人倾向于购买无形的资产, 如股票、期货等。(V)

11、The re-examination results indicate that one-third of the goods are not up to standard.

正确选项 1. 复检的结果表明, 1/3 的产品不达标。(V)

12、We look forward to your early reply.

正确选项 1. 我们期盼您的早日回复。(V)

13、Would you think it over for the sake of our long partnership?

正确选项 1. 为了我们长期的合作, 您能否再做考虑呢? (V)

14、You may not have received the statement of account we sent you on August 30 showing the balance of US \$ 80,000 you owe.

正确选项 1. 您可能没有收到我在 8 月 30 日给您寄送的对账单, 账单上显示您欠款 8 万美金。(V)

# 商务英语 1

## 第一大题 交际用语

B01 - \_\_\_\_\_.

- **Besides** Bank of China, you can get the money exchanged in Industrial and Commercial Bank of China, China Construction Bank etc.

A. Could you tell me whether I can change foreign currency in other banks?

B. Could you tell me whether I need to fill in the exchange memo?

C. Could you tell me whether you can accept traveler's checks?

[答案]A

C01 - **Can I exchange** foreign currency in Bank of China?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A. No, you can't. Bank of China is not open on Sundays.

B. No, you can't. Bank of China is not responsible for exchanging foreign currency.

C. Yes, you can. Bank of China is an authorized foreign exchange bank.

[答案]C

C02 - **Can you please tell me** about your responsibilities?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A. Yes. I was in charge of the northwest region of China.

B. Yes. I'm glad to tell you that.

C. Yes. My responsibilities are very important.

[答案]A

C03 - **Could you give me an** example of good team working there?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A. Not at all. I was in charge of sales for Corporate Pan-Asa.

B. Sorry. I can see from your resume.

C. Sure. I was the treasurer of the Students' Union.

[答案]C

C04 - **Could you give me an** example of good team working there?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A. Sorry. I can see from your resume.

B. Sure. I was the treasurer of the Students' Union.

C. Not at all. I was in charge of sales for Corporate Pan-Asia.

[答案]B

C05 - **Could you look after my** dog for me while we're away?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A. No, thanks.

B. With pleasure.

C. I'm not afraid.

[答案]B

C06 - **Could you please tell me** your name?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A. Sure. I like it.

B.Sure.It is my pleasure.  
C.Sure.My name is John Taylor.

[答案]C

D01 -Do you have any suggestions about it?

-  
A.Let me give you a hand.  
B.After I read it in detail,I will tell you my opinion.  
C.No,I have no idea.

[答案]B

G01 -Good morning.Far East Logistics Company.This is Lin Hanxue.May I help you?

-  
A.Good morning,Ms,Lin,Nice to meet you.  
B.No,thank you.  
C.Good morning,Ms.Lin.This is Daniel Anderson speaking.

[答案]C

G02 -Good morning.Far East Logistics Company.This is Lin Hanxue.May I help you?

-  
A.Good morning,Ms.Lin.Nice to meet you.  
B.Good morning,Ms.Lin.This is Daniel Anderson speaking.  
C.No,thank you.

[答案]B

H01 -Happy birthday!

-  
A.Thank you.  
B.The same to you.  
C.Good luck.

[答案]A

H02 -Hello!Could Is peak to the headmaster,please?

-  
A.Hold on,please.  
B.That's the headmaster,please.  
C.Who are you?

[答案]A

H03 -Hello,David! I haven't heard from you for a long time.How have you been recently?

-  
A.Not bad,thank you.  
B.Long time no see.  
C.That's OK.

[答案]A

H04 -Hello,David!I haven't heard from you for along time.How have you been recently?

-  
A.That's OK.  
B.Longtime no see.  
C.Not bad,thank you.

[答案]C

H05 -**Hello**,*I'm John Taylor*,the General Manager.And you must be.....

- \_\_\_\_\_

- A.Daniel Anderson.
- B.I'm a secretary.
- C.Nice to meet you.

[答案]A

H06 -**Hello**,*I'm Susan*.Nice to meet you.

- \_\_\_\_\_

- A.And you?
- B.Nice to meet you,too.
- C.Very nice.

[答案]B

H07 -**Hello**,*Lucy*.How are you?

- \_\_\_\_\_ And you?

- A.Fine,thanks.
- B.Yes,I am.
- C.Glad to meet you.

[答案]A

H08 -**Hello**,*Sally*.What's the matter with you? You look worried.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.Don't mention it.
- B.What shall I do if a customer doesn't pay up on the due date?
- C.Yeah,that's true.It requires great attention.

[答案]B

H09 -**Help** yourself to some fish.

- \_\_\_\_\_

- A.It sounds nice.
- B.Thank you.
- C.Yes,please.

[答案]B

H10 -**Here** you are,Sir.

- \_\_\_\_\_

- A.All right.
- B.Yes,here we are.
- C.Thank you very much.

[答案]B

H11 -**Hi** *Bob,I'd like to* congratulate you on the progress of Beihai project.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.Fine,thank you.It is really an interesting project.
- B.My pleasure,It is really an interesting project.
- C.Thank you,John.It is really an interesting project.

[答案]C

H12 -**Hi**,*Lily,what's up* with Mike? I heard the boss yelling at Mike earlier today.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.He was so scared.



- B.It's said that Mike made a mistake and then tried to cover it up.  
C.It is better to tell someone to get it fixed.

[答案]B

H13 -How long does the remittance take from New York?

- \_\_\_\_\_.  
A.I'm not sure about that.It is a big city.  
B.I'm not sure.It depends on the mode your partner chose.  
C.I don't know for sure.It is quite busy now in our bank.

[答案]B

I01 - \_\_\_\_\_.

- It arrives by mail,I suppose.  
A.From which country does your remittance come?  
B.How does your remittance come?  
C.When will your remittance arrive?

[答案]B

I02 -I believed Ted only from his resume.In fact he is not qualified for his job.

- \_\_\_\_\_.  
A.I'm glad to hear that.  
B.Oh,it sounds interesting!  
C.Oh,it's such a pity!

[答案]C

I03 -I bet that Mike wished you had told him that earlier.

- \_\_\_\_\_.  
A.So be careful with our job.  
B.Well,Mike isn't a fool,he won't do that again.  
C.We should also find what the customers think.

[答案]B

I04 -I bet that Mike wished you had told him that earlier.

- \_\_\_\_\_.  
A.We should also find what the customers keep in their minds.  
B.So be careful with our job.  
C.Well,Mike isn't a fool,he won't do that again.

[答案]C

I05 -I can show you around,if you like.

- \_\_\_\_\_.  
A.Let's go.  
B.Sure.Thank you.  
C.I can't wait.

[答案]B

I06 -I got to know Ted only from his resume.In fact he is not qualified for his job.

- \_\_\_\_\_.  
A.Oh,it's such a pity!  
B.Oh,it sounds interesting!  
C.I'm glad to hear that!

[答案]A

I07 -**I** *wonder whether* I could accept this discount or not.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A. Why don't consult with your manager?

B. Why not consult with your manager?

C. Why not to consult with your manager?

[答案]B

I08 -**It's** nice to meet you in my office.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A. I only meant to help you.

B. I am here today to discuss the trademark transfer with you.

C. I want to tell you it is fine today.

[答案]B

K01 -**Kate**, could you answer the telephone, please?

- \_\_\_\_\_ I'll get it.

A. OK.

B. No, thanks.

C. Yes, I could.

[答案]A

L01 -**Let me show** you how to use the printer.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A. I'll do my best.

B. No, I can use it myself.

C. Thanks for your help.

[答案]C

L02 -**Let me show** you how to use the printer.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A. I'll do my best.

B. Thanks for your help.

C. No, I can use it myself.

[答案]B

L03 -**Linda**, you speak English very well.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A. No, I don't think so.

B. Thank you very much.

C. Not good enough.

[答案]B

M01 -**May** I know the cost for a 20 feet container from Guangzhou to LA?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A. It's 2,300 US dollars.

B. It's very expensive.

C. The cost is very high.

[答案]A

M02 -**Mr. Taylor**, *nice to see you again*. Welcome to our company.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A. Hello, my name is John Taylor, but just call me John.

B.Thank you,Ms.Lin.I've come to see your packing for our woolen gloves.

C.This is John Taylor.

[答案]B

M03 -**Mr.Taylor**,*this is the project* plan you asked me to make last week.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A.Congratulations.

B.Sure.That's a quick job.

C.OK,put it over there.

[答案]B

N01 -**Nice** to see you.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A.Good morning.

B.Pleased to meet you,too.

C.Nice to see you,too.

[答案]C

001 -**Oh**,*but how long* will it take to reach LA?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A.It takes a long time to reach LA.

B.Usually it takes around 12 days.

C.LA is very far from here.

[答案]B

002 -**Oh**.*But why didn't* he just own up and tell someone?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A.So be careful with our job.

B.You should have told him that earlier.

C.He was too scared that he would be fired,I suppose.

[答案]C

003 -**Oh**.*But why didn't* he just own up and tell someone?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A.So be careful with our job.

B.He was too scared that he would be fired,I suppose.

C.You should have told him that earlier.

[答案]B

004 -**Oh**,*I am not feeling* well.I've got a cold.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A.Fine.How are you?

B.Never mind.Take care.

C.I'm sorry to hear that.

[答案]C

P01 -**Please** make a detailed schedule for me.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A.No,I will.

B.Yes,I will.

C.Yes,I won't.

[答案]B

S01 - **Sally**, *could you lend* me your calculator? Mine is not working.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A. It doesn't matter.

B. No, I can't.

C. Sure, why do you need it?

[答案]C

S02 - **Sally**, *could you lend* me your calculator? Mine is not working.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A. It doesn't matter.

B. No, I can't.

C. Sure, why do you need it?

[答案]C

S03 - **Sally**, *could you lend* me your calculator? Mine is not working.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A. It doesn't matter.

B. No, I can't.

C. Sure.

[答案]C

T01 - \_\_\_\_\_.

- **Today's** rate is listed on the board here.

A. What kind of currency do you want to exchange for?

B. What's the amount you'd like to exchange?

C. What's the exchange rate today?

[答案]C

T02 - **Thank** you very much for helping me.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A. You're welcome.

B. It doesn't matter.

C. No need.

[答案]A

T03 - **The** senior managers need the results from last month straight away, so I can't stop to talk. I've got to hurry.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A. Go slowly.

B. Stay longer.

C. OK, see you later.

[答案]C

W01 - **We are planning** to register the trademark of Red Dragon for your new product. What's your opinion about this brand name?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A. I suggest that you should give it up.

B. You can't adopt it.

C. You mustn't use it.

[答案]A

W02 - **We** *had a very* small budget and I had to make decisions on what to buy.

- \_\_\_\_\_.so you're a good planner.

A.It's a pity.

B.Really small

C.Very impressive

[答案]C

W03 - **We** *think \$55,000* would be reasonable for transferring our trademark.

- \_\_\_\_\_.That's too high.

A.Oh,my friend.

B.Oh,my goodness.

C.Oh,my honey.

[答案]B

W04 - **We'll** have the sales meeting at 2:00 tomorrow afternoon,won't we?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A.It's said the meeting is important.

B.No.After the meeting,we'll leave for Shanghai.

C.Yes.After the meeting,we'll leave for Shanghai.

[答案]C

W05 - **Well,after my report**,there will be a break for refreshments.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A.All right,I see.

B.The break won't belong

C.All right,I'll see it.

[答案]A

W06 - **Well,after my report**,there' ll be a break for refreshments.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A.The break won't belong.

B.All right,I see.

C.All right,I'll see it.

[答案]B

W07 - **What** *if he still* doesn't pay up?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A.I have already done that.

B.If it's a small amount we write it off as bad debt.For larger sums we...

C.I've got to hurry.

[答案]B

W08 - **What** *if he still* doesn't pay up?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A.I have already done that.

B.I've got to hurry.

C.If it's a small amount we write it off as bad debt.For larger sums we...

[答案]C

W09 - **What's** *the purpose* of your visit today?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A.Uh,I'm not sure.

- B. Yes, I'd like to talk with you.  
C. I'm intending to ask for your advice on brand design.

[答案]C

W10 - **What's** *the purpose* of your visit today?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Uh, I'm, not sure.  
B. I'm intending to ask for your advice on brand design.  
C. Yes, I'd like to talk with you.

[答案]B

W11 - **When** *can you* effect shipment? I'm worried about late shipment.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. About in June.  
B. The shipment will be effected soon.  
C. The shipment won't be late.

[答案]A

W12 - **When** *will you* meet the general manager of Nile Co., Mr. Smith?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. At 10:00 tomorrow morning.  
B. I'll leave for Shanghai.  
C. I'll meet the president of Best way Co.

[答案]A

W13 - **Where** *shall we* have the meeting?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. In the first conference room.  
B. The first conference room is spacious.  
C. The first conference room isn't good.

[答案]A

W14 - **Where** *shall we* have the meeting?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. The first conference room is spacious.  
B. The first conference room isn't good.  
C. In the first conference room.

[答案]C

W15 - **Would** *you like to* have some rice?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Yes, please.  
B. Yes, I like.  
C. Yes, I have.

[答案]A

W16 - **Would** *you please give me* some water?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Yes, I do.  
B. Certainly.  
C. No, thanks.

[答案]B

W17 -**Would** *you please let me* know something more about the project?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A.No,the project isn't so good.

B.OK,I have divided my report into three parts,the first part is an overview of the project.

C.OK,the project is perfect.

[答案]B

Y01 -**You know**,your parents wished you had told them the truth earlier.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A.We should also find that.

B.So be careful with telling the truth.

C.Well,truth is not always pleasant.

[答案]C

Y02 -**You need to** work with other colleagues to look after that.

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A.I'm not sure.

B.Oh,sorry to bother you.

C.Thanks.I'm grateful for your suggestions.

[答案]C

Y03 -**Your** request for compensation made me surprised.What happened?

- \_\_\_\_\_.

A.It's because of the quality.

B.It's true.

C.There must be something wrong.

[答案]A

## 第二大题 词汇与结构

18 *of the EU* members have replaced their national currencies by Euro notes and coins \_\_\_\_\_ 2002.

A.for

B.at

C.since

[答案]C

A01 **A conversation** \_\_\_\_\_ between the teacher and his student.

A.goes by

B.goes on

C.goes up

[答案]B

A02 **A modern European** style cafe is in the \_\_\_\_\_ area.

A.down

B.town

C.downtown

[答案]C

A03 **A week ago**,I sent him a statement \_\_\_\_\_ the amount overdue.

A.show

B.showing

C.showed

[答案]B

A04 **Actually**, *buyers are* the group of people \_\_\_\_\_ want to buy certain goods or services.

- A.they
- B.who
- C.which

[答案]B

A05 **Actually**, *buyers are* the group of people \_\_\_\_\_ want to buy certain goods or services.

- A.they
- B.which
- C.who

[答案]C

A06 **After** *that, we* have to post \_\_\_\_\_ letters.

- A.a set of
- B.a lot
- C.a series of

[答案]C

A07 **After** *that, we* have to post \_\_\_\_\_ letters.

- A.a series of
- B.a set of
- C.a lot of

[答案]A

A08 **As** a rule, the buyer is responsible for \_\_\_\_\_ a ship or booking the shipping space.

- A.chartering
- B.making
- C.using

[答案]A

A09 **At** *university* I have never \_\_\_\_\_ my assignments in late.

- A.hand
- B.handed
- C.has handed

[答案]B

A10 **At** *university* I \_\_\_\_\_ never \_\_\_\_\_ my assignments in late.

- A.have...hand
- B.have...handed
- C.has...handed

[答案]B

B01 **But** *the charge* will be \_\_\_\_\_ and it also slows down delivery.

- A.higher
- B.more valuable
- C.cheaper

[答案]A

B02 **But** *the charge* will be \_\_\_\_\_ and it also slows down delivery.

- A.more valuable



- B.cheaper
- C.higher

[答案]C

C01 **China** held the 22nd \_\_\_\_\_ APEC economic leader's meeting in Beijing in 20.

- A.careless
- B.hard
- C.informal

[答案]C

C02 **Could** you use cardboard boxes \_\_\_\_\_ the shoes?

- A.pack
- B.packing
- C.to pack

[答案]C

D01 **Do** you think you could cut it \_\_\_\_\_ 30%?

- A.by
- B.down
- C.at

[答案]A

D02 **Domingo** Café,a modern European style café,is in the \_\_\_\_\_ area.

- A.down
- B.downtown
- C.town

[答案]B

D03 **Don't** *worry* so much \_\_\_\_\_ is my job!

- A.worried
- B.worry
- C.worrying

[答案]C

D04 **Don't** *worry* so much \_\_\_\_\_ is my job!

- A.worry
- B.worrying
- C.worried

[答案]B

E01 **Every** *business* has its ups and downs,and so \_\_\_\_\_ every person.

- A.is
- B.does
- C.do

[答案]B

E02 **Every** *business* has its ups and downs,and so \_\_\_\_\_ every person.

- A.is
- B.do
- C.does

[答案]C

F01 **Few** people realized the value of a brand,\_\_\_\_\_?

- A.were they
- B.did they
- C.didn't they

[答案]B

F02 **For** *Europeans*,red can\_\_\_\_\_danger.

- A.look for
- B.stand for
- C.wait for

[答案]B

F03 **For** *larger sums* we take legal steps to\_\_\_\_\_the money.

- A.cover
- B.recover
- C.discover

[答案]B

F04 **For** *larger sums* we take legal steps to\_\_\_\_\_the money.

- A.cover
- B.discover
- C.recover

[答案]C

G01 **Goods** are carried by several\_\_\_\_\_of transport-on road or rail,by sea or air.

- A.means
- B.roads
- C.ships

[答案]A

H01 **-Have** you got some water to drink?

-Here you are.There\_\_\_\_\_still some in the bottle.

- A.have
- B.was
- C.is

[答案]C

H02 **He** didn't seem to\_\_\_\_\_any actions.

- A.make
- B.take
- C.do

[答案]B

H03 **Helen** is\_\_\_\_\_honest man.

- A.the
- B.a
- C.an

[答案]C

H04 **-How** many children\_\_\_\_\_in the picture?

-Three.

- A.are there
- B.is there
- C.have there

[答案]A

H05 **However** nowadays,people \_\_\_\_\_ often find such advertisements on a website.

- A.a little
- B.more
- C.much

[答案]B

I01 \_\_\_\_\_ **is** *very important* that you don't make any mistakes when you calculate those figures.

- A.It
- B.What
- C.That

[答案]A

I02 \_\_\_\_\_ **is** *very important* that you don't make any mistakes when you calculate those figures.

- A.That
- B.It
- C.What

[答案]B

I03 \_\_\_\_\_ **is** *very important* that you don't make any mistakes when you calculate those figures.

- A.That
- B.What
- C.It

[答案]C

I04 \_\_\_\_\_ **improve** your service,you need to make market surveys so as to know what your customers are thinking and demanding.

- A.In order that
- B.In order to
- C.So as to

[答案]B

I05 **I believe team** work \_\_\_\_\_ important.

- A.are
- B.is
- C.was

[答案]B

I06 **I bet that** Mike wished you \_\_\_\_\_ him that earlier.

- A.told
- B.have told
- C.had told

[答案]C

I07 **I bet that** Mike wished you \_\_\_\_\_ him that earlier.

- A.had told
- B.have told
- C.told

[答案]A

I08 I *found* \_\_\_\_\_ difficult to talk in public.

- A.it
- B.that
- C.him

[答案]A

I09 I *have finished* \_\_\_\_\_ your project plan.

- A.read
- B.to read
- C.reading

[答案]C

I10 I *have finished* \_\_\_\_\_ your project plan.

- A.read
- B.reading
- C.to read

[答案]B

I11 I *have to* \_\_\_\_\_ the profit from last month.

- A.look for
- B.work out
- C.work for

[答案]B

I12 I *hope our* plan will \_\_\_\_\_ by the board.

- A.approve
- B.be approving
- C.be approved

[答案]C

I13 I *was in* \_\_\_\_\_ of the northwest region of China.

- A.charge
- B.duty
- C.change

[答案]A

I14 I *was the* \_\_\_\_\_ of the Students' Union.

- A.man
- B.chair
- C.host

[答案]B

I15 I *was the* \_\_\_\_\_ of the Students' Union.

- A.fund
- B.treasure
- C.treasurer

[答案]C

I16 I \_\_\_\_\_ *packing* in wooden cases.

- A.get

- B.prefer
- C.think

[答案]B

I17 I \_\_\_\_\_ *packing* in wooden cases.

- A.prefer
- B.get
- C.think

[答案]A

I18 I'd like to know what time we can get the container \_\_\_\_\_ it is in the port.

- A.where
- B.when
- C.why

[答案]B

I19 I'll *get your* RMB for you while you're \_\_\_\_\_ these forms.

- A.filling out
- B.working out
- C.taking out

[答案]A

I20 I'll \_\_\_\_\_ *the remittance* for you in our records.

- A.check in
- B.check out
- C.check up

[答案]C

I21 I'm *particularly* proud of \_\_\_\_\_ I organized the finances.

- A.how
- B.who
- C.which

[答案]A

I22 I'm *particularly* proud of \_\_\_\_\_ I organized the finances.

- A.who
- B.which
- C.how

[答案]C

I23 I'm *sure you* can \_\_\_\_\_ things out.

- A.straight
- B.look
- C.straighten

[答案]C

I24 I've learned \_\_\_\_\_ today.

- A.something new
- B.new something
- C.new some thing

[答案]A

[25 I'd like to know what time we can get the container\_\_\_\_\_it is in the port.

- A.why
- B.when
- C.where

[答案]B

[26 If you need any help,please feel free\_\_\_\_\_contact me.

- A.of
- B.on
- C.to

[答案]C

[27 If you want to pay\_\_\_\_\_something in another currency,you have to change your money into the other money.

- A.in
- B.for
- C.back

[答案]B

[28 In this way you will stay\_\_\_\_\_in these changing times.

- A.competence
- B.competitive
- C.compete

[答案]B

[29 It is a fact\_\_\_\_\_his wife,Josephine Dickson,always had some minor accidents.

- A.that
- B.what
- C.which

[答案]A

[30 It is better to tell someone to get it\_\_\_\_\_.

- A.fix
- B.fixed
- C.fixing

[答案]B

[31 It seems that the new project in Nanjing will be even\_\_\_\_\_than your current project.

- A.best
- B.good
- C.better

[答案]B

[32 It's better to ask for help\_\_\_\_\_you meet a problem.

- A.that
- B.when
- C.which

[答案]B

[33 I've learned\_\_\_\_\_today.

- A.something new

- B.new something
- C.new something

[答案]A

**L01 Listen**,everybody.I have \_\_\_\_\_ to tell you.

- A.something important
- B.anything necessary
- C.nothing interesting

[答案]A

**P01 Prices** may change quickly if supply or demand \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.changes
- B.change
- C.will change

[答案]A

**M01 Many** companies spend a lot of money and time \_\_\_\_\_ their trademarks.

- A.registering
- B.to register
- C.register

[答案]A

**M02 Markets are the** system that \_\_\_\_\_ some people's demands and some other people's supplies.

- A.rejects
- B.meets
- C.bridges

[答案]C

**M03 Markets are the** system that \_\_\_\_\_ some people's demands and some other people's supplies.

- A.meets
- B.bridges
- C.rejects

[答案]B

**M04 My** sister \_\_\_\_\_ stories when I was young.

- A.used to tell
- B.was used to tell
- C.used to telling

[答案]A

**N01 Not** only Tom but also Alice and Mary \_\_\_\_\_ busy.

- A.is
- B.was
- C.are

[答案]C

**N02 Now,we have** enlarged and \_\_\_\_\_ our domestic market and European market.

- A.consolidated
- B.merged
- C.purchased

[答案]A

N03 **Now**, *we have* enlarged and \_\_\_\_\_ our domestic market and European market.

- A.merged
- B.consolidated
- C.purchased

[答案]B

P01 **Prices** *may change* quickly if supply or demand \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.change
- B.will change
- C.changes

[答案]C

P01 **Prices** *may change* quickly if supply or demand \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.changes
- B.change
- C.will change

[答案]A

S01 **Small** holes should be made in the \_\_\_\_\_ cloth to let the moisture out.

- A.dry
- B.waterproof
- C.wet

[答案]B

S02 **Sometimes** buyers only purchase some \_\_\_\_\_, tangible or intangible.

- A.houses
- B.assets
- C.real estates

[答案]B

S03 **Sunday** \_\_\_\_\_ the first day of the week.

- A.is
- B.are
- C.am

[答案]A

T01 \_\_\_\_\_ **the** *expansion of* international trade, the container service has become popular.

- A.For
- B.Like
- C.With

[答案]C

T02 **The** *company will* select some people to \_\_\_\_\_ an interview.

- A.attend
- B.pretend
- C.intend

[答案]A

T03 **The** *company's Human* Resources department will then select the most suitable people to \_\_\_\_\_ an interview.

- A.attend



B.go

C.join

[答案]A

T04 **The** *marketing* department \_\_\_\_\_ the sales for the last six months.

A.has summarized

B.summarize

C.was summarize

[答案]A

T05 **The** *meeting* suggested \_\_\_\_\_ the loan first.

A.to reply

B.replied

C.repaying

[答案]A

T06 **The** *next shareholder's* meeting was \_\_\_\_\_ at the end of this year.

A.scheduled

B.used

C.made

[答案]A

T07 **The** *population of* the world \_\_\_\_\_ still \_\_\_\_\_ now.

A.has;grown

B.will;grow

C.is;growing

[答案]C

T08 **The** *quality*,specifications and prices are \_\_\_\_\_ in our contract.

A.clarity

B.clarified

C.clear

[答案]B

T09 **The** *question* \_\_\_\_\_ we should use this brand name will be decided by our marketing team.

A.which

B.whether

C.what

[答案]B

T10 **The** *question* \_\_\_\_\_ we should use this brand name will be decided by our marketing team.

A.what

B.which

C.whether

[答案]C

T11 **The** *re-examination* results indicate that one-third of the goods are not \_\_\_\_\_ standard.

A.within

B.up to

C.on

[答案]B

T12 **The** *seminar is* about \_\_\_\_\_ the new staff members.

- A.train
- B.training
- C.trained

[答案]B

T13 **The** *ten-day display* and sale \_\_\_\_\_ finished tomorrow.

- A.is
- B.will be
- C.would be

[答案]B

T14 **The** *ten-day display* and sale \_\_\_\_\_ finished tomorrow.

- A.is
- B.would be
- C.will be

[答案]C

T15 **The** *third part* is the \_\_\_\_\_ results.

- A.expect
- B.expecting
- C.expected

[答案]C

T16 **The** *third part* is the \_\_\_\_\_ results.

- A.expect
- B.expected
- C.expecting

[答案]B

T17 **The** *whole family* \_\_\_\_\_ enjoying the beautiful music now.

- A.are all
- B.all is
- C.all are

[答案]A

T18 **The** *woolen gloves* should \_\_\_\_\_ in twenty boxes.

- A.be packed
- B.pack
- C.be packing

[答案]A

T19 **The** *woolen gloves* should \_\_\_\_\_ in twenty boxes.

- A.be packing
- B.pack
- C.be packed

[答案]C

T20 **Then** *people*, \_\_\_\_\_ are interested, can apply for the job.

- A.those
- B.they

C.who

[答案]C

T21 **Then** *people*, \_\_\_\_\_ are interested, can apply for the job.

A.who

B.they

C.those

[答案]A

T22 **There** *are some visitors* \_\_\_\_\_ to our marketing department next week.

A.come

B.coming

C.to coming

[答案]B

T23 **There** *are some visitors* \_\_\_\_\_ to our marketing department next week.

A.come

B.to coming

C.coming

[答案]C

T24 **There** *are twenty* \_\_\_\_\_ in our school.

A.girls students

B.girl students

C.girl student

[答案]B

T25 **There** *was* \_\_\_\_\_ in the meeting room as the general manager predicted the company's sales target.

A.silence

B.silent

C.silently

[答案]A

T26 **There** \_\_\_\_\_ *many people* running in the park every morning.

A.is

B.were

C.are

[答案]C

T27 **There**-*examination* results indicate that one-third of the goods are not \_\_\_\_\_ standard.

A.up to

B.within

C.on

[答案]A

T28 **These** police often \_\_\_\_\_ the children across the street.

A.help

B.helps

C.is helping

[答案]A

T29 **They** \_\_\_\_\_ have no good plan for advertising on TV.

- A.look to
- B.see to
- C.seem to

[答案]C

T30 **This** *is a real bank* \_\_\_\_\_ is operated by students between 10 and 12 years old.

- A.whom
- B.which
- C.who

[答案]B

T31 **This** *story is about some* American students \_\_\_\_\_ learned business skills by operating their own banks.

- A.who
- B.which
- C.whom

[答案]A

T32 **This** *story is about some* American students \_\_\_\_\_ learned business skills by operating their own banks.

- A.which
- B.whom
- C.who

[答案]C

T33 **Those** *numbers* come to mean the world to you \_\_\_\_\_ they give you the record of how much money you've earned or lost.

- A.so that
- B.in case
- C.because

[答案]C

T34 **Those** *numbers* come to mean the world to you \_\_\_\_\_ they give you the record of how much money you've earned or lost.

- A.because
- B.so that
- C.in case

[答案]A

W01 **We** *are an authorized* foreign exchange bank and can \_\_\_\_\_ 17 kinds of currencies into RMB.

- A.extrovert
- B.invert
- C.convert

[答案]C

W02 **We** *are entitled to cancel* it if you fail to \_\_\_\_\_ the contract.

- A.honor
- B.sign
- C.draw up

[答案]A

W03 **We** *are usually very* prompt \_\_\_\_\_ settling your accounts.

- A.in

B.on

C.at

[答案]A

W04 **We** *are usually very* prompt \_\_\_\_\_ settling your accounts.

A.on

B.in

C.at

[答案]B

W05 **We** *try our* best to \_\_\_\_\_ your requirement.

A.make

B.meet

C.get

[答案]B

W06 **We** *try our* best to \_\_\_\_\_ your requirement.

A.get

B.meet

C.make

[答案]B

W07 **We** *usually ship* the goods by regular \_\_\_\_\_.

A.check

B.date

C.liner

[答案]C

W08 **We'll** *let your know* when we \_\_\_\_\_ a decision.

A.take

B.make

C.give

[答案]B

W09 **We'll** *let you know* when we \_\_\_\_\_ a decision.

A.make

B.give

C.take

[答案]A

W10 **We'll** *let you know* when we \_\_\_\_\_ a decision.

A.take

B.give

C.make

[答案]C

W11 **We're** *sorry to tell* you that your remittance \_\_\_\_\_ yet.

A.doesn't arrive

B.won't arrive

C.hasn't arrived

[答案]C

W12 **We're** *sorry to tell* you that your remittance\_\_\_\_\_yet.

- A.won't arrive
- B.hasn't arrived
- C.doesn't arrive

[答案]B

W13 **When** a company needs to\_\_\_\_\_new people,it may advertise the job in a newspaper or on a website.

- A.employ
- B.retain
- C.apply

[答案]A

W14 **Wherever** you go,exchanging money\_\_\_\_\_you in touch with international finance.

- A.asks
- B.puts
- C.takes

[答案]B

W15 **Would** you like to\_\_\_\_\_a personal interview?

- A.get
- B.arrange
- C.see

[答案]B

Y01 \_\_\_\_\_**your** *check is received* within a week we shall have no alternative.

- A.Unless
- B.As
- C.If

[答案]A

Y02 \_\_\_\_\_**your** *check is received* within a week we shall have no alternative.

- A.If
- B.As
- C.Unless

[答案]C

Y03 \_\_\_\_\_**your** *customers* what they need and more than they expect will lead customers to return to you.

- A.Giving
- B.Give
- C.Given

[答案]A

Y04 **You** *are planning* to export this product to Europe,\_\_\_\_\_?

- A.are you
- B.don't you
- C.aren't you

[答案]C

Y05 **You** *are planning* to export this product to Europe,\_\_\_\_\_?

- A.don't you

- B.aren't you  
C.are you

[答案]B

Y06 **You** look much \_\_\_\_\_ after vacation.

- A.good  
B.best  
C.better

[答案]C

Y07 **You** won't choose this brand name, \_\_\_\_\_?

- A.will you  
B.don't you  
C.won't you

[答案]A

### 第三大题 阅读理解选择题

A01 **Accounting is** More Than Numbers Accounting could date back to about 7,000 years ago.People of that time relied on old accounting methods to record the growth of crops and herds.Accounting has great l developed with the growth of joint-stock companies.

When you think of accounting,you may find pages of tables and numbers.That image doesn't usually give you too much excitement.When you have your own business,though,those numbers come to mean the world to you because they give you the record of how much money you've earned or lost.

Actually,accounting is not simply about strange dollar amounts or boring numbers i they're your sales figures,your costs,and your profits.In other words,accounting is a language of business.Once you know how to work with those numbers,how to read those numbers and how to read the story they tell,you will be able to manage your business toward greater success.

21.Accounting could date back to about \_\_\_\_\_years ago.

- A.7,000  
B.6,000  
C.5,000

[答案]A

22.People in the old days relied on old accounting methods to record \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.how much money they had  
B.the management of their business  
C.the growth of crops and herds

[答案]C

23.Accounting has greatly changed with the development of \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.crops and herds B.joint-stock companies  
C.internet companies

[答案]B

24.Accounting is very important in your business because it shows \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.how much money you've earned or lost  
B.pages full of tables and numbers  
C.strange dollar amounts or boring numbers

[答案]A

25.According to the writer,accounting is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.a language of business  
B.your sales figures,your costs,and your profits  
C.Both A and B

[答案]C

**A02 American students** learn business skills in school. Here is a story about some American students who learnt business skills by operating their own banks.

In December 1987, the Twiglet Bank was opened at an Elementary School in Miami, Florida. It is a real bank that accepts money for savings and makes loans, and it is operated by students between 10 and 12 years old. The bank is open for one hour two days a week. Students can put their money into the bank and withdraw it as they wish. Officials from a local bank helped the students start the bank. They trained twenty-three of them to do all the different kinds of bank jobs, from counting money to guarding the bank. The students needed money to start the bank. They raised more than \$ 2,000 by selling 50-dollar shares in the bank to parents, teachers, the local bank workers, and customers.

Organizing and operating the bank has taught the children a lot about the banking business. They have learned about raising and investing money and how to use computers and other banking equipment. They have also learned how to ask for a job and to be responsible for their jobs.

1. Who helped these children start a bank?

- A. Parents
- B. Teachers
- C. Bank staff

[答案]C

2. How did children raise money for their bank?

- A. Their schools provided financial support for them.
- B. They sold shares to their parents, teachers, local bank workers and customers.
- C. They found an organization to donate a set of fund.

[答案]B

3. Who is currently operating Twiglet Bank?

- A. Teenagers
- B. Community
- C. Government

[答案]A

4. Which is not TRUE for the benefits of children from operating their own banks?

- A. They learned how to use computers and banking equipment.
- B. They learned how to find a job and do it well.
- C. They learned how to produce the money.

[答案]C

5. What is the best title for this passage?

- A. A Bank of Miami
- B. A Students' Bank
- C. The Operation of American Banks

[答案]B

**D01 Does everyone** in your office always agree all the time? When someone makes a suggestion, does everyone just smile and nod in agreement? When you bring forward an idea, do people just accept it? Well, if you answered "yes" to any of these questions, you are in an extremely unusual workplace. People are people. They disagree, they argue, and they fight. You can't get around it. But you can learn to deal with it.

To hold your own, you need to learn how to argue effectively. If you've got an opinion, you need to defend it. And if you have a problem with something a colleague has done, you need to let them know. This can make for some



difficult discussions and meetings, but this is just a part of life and business.

21. From the first paragraph we can know that in the office \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. people sometimes argue
- B. people always agree
- C. people always get around it

**[答案]A**

22. The underlined sentence "People are people." means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. people are always the same
- B. people dislike each other
- C. people have their own opinions

**[答案]C**

23. The writer suggests that if you have got an opinion, you need to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. get around it
- B. fight for it
- C. argue in support of it

**[答案]C**

24. You need several skills to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. let your colleagues know
- B. argue effectively
- C. make for discussions and meetings

**[答案]B**

25. The main point of this passage is about \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. the fact of disagreement and argument in the office
- B. how to avoid disagreement and argument in the office
- C. how to argue effectively in the office

**[答案]A**

**E01 Everyone likes** living in a clean and comfortable environment. If the environment is bad, it will affect our body, and make us not feel well. Sometimes we may be terribly ill. At that time we don't want to work, and we have to stay in bed and rest at home. So the environment is very important to us.

It's the germ that makes us ill. There are germs everywhere. They are very small and you can't find them with your own eyes. You can see them with a microscope. There may be hundreds of them on a very small thing. Germs can always be found in dirty water. When we look at dirty water under the microscope, we shall see them in it. Germs can also be found in air and dust. If you cut your finger, some of the dust from the floor may go into it, and you will have much pain in it. Sometimes the germs will go into all of your body, and you will have pain everywhere,

To keep us healthy, we should try our best to make our environment become cleaner and tidier. This needs us to act together.

21. The writer tells us that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. we like working when we are ill
- B. we can't feel ill if the environment is bad
- C. we feel well when the environment is good

**[答案]C**

22. Germs are \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. very small things that you can't see with your eyes
- B. the things that don't affect people
- C. the things that you can find with your eyes

**[答案]A**

23. Where can germs be found? They can be found \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.everywhere
- B.in air and dust
- C.only in dirty water

[答案]A

24.How will you feel if germs go into the finger that is cut?

- A.I will feel nothing.
- B.I will feel tense.
- C.I will feel painful.

[答案]C

25.From the passage we know that\_\_\_\_\_.

- A.environment doesn't affect our life
- B.we don't need to improve our environment
- C.germs may make us ill

[答案]C

**E02 Exports are** either raw materials or manufactured goods.Raw materials are products of the land,such as cotton,timber or rubber.Some raw materials,such as iron ore,come from mines.These raw materials are often exported by the countries that produce them to other countries where they are made into manufactured goods.

Some countries produce food for export,for example,meat,sugar,or cereals such as wheat and maize.These countries are agricultural countries.An agricultural country needs fertile land and a good climate.A cold,dry climate is not suitable for agriculture.

A country which produces manufactured goods is known as an industrialized country.An industrialized country can not always produce enough food for its own needs.In this case,it does not export foodstuffs.Instead it has to import them.It relies on exports of manufactured products and pays for imports with the money it earns from the exported goods.

21.From the first sentence of the passage we can know that there are\_\_\_\_\_kinds of exports.

- A.two
- B.three
- C.four

[答案]A

22.Raw materials are often exported by the countries that produce them to other countries where\_\_\_\_\_.

- A.they are consumed
- B.they are made into finished products
- C.they are wasted

[答案]B

23.The countries which produce food for export,for example,meat,sugar,or cereals such as wheat and maize are\_\_\_\_\_countries.

- A.developed
- B.industrial
- C.agricultural

[答案]C

24.An industrialized country usually has to import foodstuffs because\_\_\_\_\_.

- A.it can not always produce enough food for its own needs
- B.it doesn't have fertile land and a good climate
- C.it relies on exports of manufactured products

[答案]A

25.The best title of this passage is\_\_\_\_\_.

- A.Agriculture and Industry

B.Export  
C.Production

[答案]B

## F01 February 1,2015

Dear Ms.Lin,

Special Requirements for Packing (Order No.MI 063)

With reference to the order of woolen gloves above,the packing instructions 1 (list) as follows:

The woolen gloves 2 (pack) in twenty boxes,and the boxes 3 (pack) in a carton.All the boxes 4 (put) close together in order to avoid being flattened.

The carton 5 (line) with waterproof cloth inside and 6 (strap) with metal bands outside,which is strong enough for sea transportation.

Small holes 7 (make) in the waterproof cloth to let the moisture out.

Please 8 (follow) the packing instructions above.Thank you for your attention.

Yours sincerely,  
Daniel Anderson

1.The woolen gloves should be \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.packed in a carton
- B.strong enough
- C.packed in twenty boxes

[答案]C

2.All the boxes were put close together \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.for sea transportation
- B.to avoid being crushed
- C.to be in good order

[答案]B

3.The carton was strapped with metal bands outside \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.to be strong enough
- B.to let the moisture out
- C.to be waterproof

[答案]A

4.To let the moisture out,small holes should be made \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.in twenty boxes
- B.in the waterproof cloth
- C.in the carton

[答案]B

5.The main purpose of the letter is to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.order woolen gloves
- B.follow packing instructions
- C.make packing instructions

[答案]B

**F02 From:** Bob Smith <[bobsmith@3texport.com](mailto:bobsmith@3texport.com)>

To: Tompson Harris <[tompsonharris@gmail.com](mailto:tompsonharris@gmail.com)>

10:12 AM, Monday, Dec. 21, 2015

Dear Mr. Harris,

Thank you for your cooperation for our business in the recent years. With your great help and support, we have tripled our products in the last three years. And the profits of our company increase steadily.

Now, we have enlarged and consolidated our domestic market and European market. Next step we intend to explore the North American market, especially Canada's and USA's. However, we do not have good connections in this region.

Therefore, we shall be very obliged if you could kindly introduce us to some of your reliable partners in North America who are interested in our products.

We look forward to your early reply. Merry Christmas and Happy New Year!

Yours sincerely,

Bob Smith

Project manager

1. How does Bob begin with his email?

A. With a self-introduction.

B. With his company's current situation.

C. With presenting thanks for help and support.

**[答案]C**

2. What's the current situation of Bob's company?

A. Very good.

B. Not so good.

C. Just so so.

**[答案]A**

3. What are the market areas of Bob's company?

A. Domestic and Asian market.

B. Domestic and North American market.

C. Domestic and European market.

**[答案]C**

4. What is the recent plan of Bob's company?

A. To enlarge the domestic and European market.

B. To explore the North American market.

C. To withdraw from European market and strengthen the North American market.

**[答案]B**

5. What is the purpose of the email?

A. To give best wishes for the coming Christmas and New Year.

B. To ask for the introduction of some business partners in North America.

C. To consolidate the business relationship.

**[答案]B**

**I01 If you don't** have much experience of making phone calls in English, making a business call can be a worrying experience.

Most business people,unless they feel very confident,prepare for an important phone call in a foreign language by making notes in advance.And during the call they make notes while they're talking to help them to remember what was said.

Although it's quick and convenient to phone someone to give them information or to ask questions,the disadvantage is that there is nothing in writing to help you to remember what was said.It's essential to make notes and often when an agreement is reached on the phone,one of the speakers will send a fax or e-mail to confirm the main points that were made.

Because it's so easy to be misunderstood when talking on the phone,it's a good idea to repeat any important information(especially numbers and names) back to the other person to make sure you've got it right.Always make sure you know the name of the person you're talking to.If necessary,ask them to spell it out to you,so that you can make sure you've got it right-and try to use their name during the call.And make sure that they know your name too.

21.If you don't have much experience of making phone calls in English,making a business call can be \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.an easy thing
- B.a happy experience
- C.a painful thing

**[答案]C**

22.Most business people prepare for an important phone call in a foreign language by making notes in advance because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.they are very careful
- B.their foreign language isn't so good
- C.they don't want to miss any important information

**[答案]B**

23.When the speakers reach an agreement on the phone,\_\_\_\_\_ will send a fax or e-mail in order to confirm the main points that were made.

- A.one of them
- B.both of them
- C.none of them

**[答案]A**

24.What does“it”refer to in the first sentence in Paragraph Four“...it's a good idea to repeat any important information(especially numbers and names) back to the other person to make sure you've got it right”?

- A.important information
- B.the other person
- C.a good idea

**[答案]A**

25.The best title of this passage is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.The Importance of Taking Notes
- B.Business Calls
- C.Talking on the Phone

**[答案]B**

**001 Once upon** a time,there lived a rich man.He had a servant.He and the servant loved wine and good food very much.Each time the rich man left his home,the servant would drink the wine and eat up all the nice food in the house.The rich man knew what his servant did,but he had never caught his servant doing that.

One morning,when he left home,he said that there were two bottles of poison and some nice food in the house.With these words,he went out.

But the servant knew that what the rich man had said was untrue. After the rich man was away from his home, he enjoyed a nice meal. Because he drank too much, he was drunk and fell to the ground. When the rich man came back, he couldn't find his food and his wine. He became very angry. He woke the servant up. But the servant told his story very well. He said a cat had eaten up everything. He was afraid to be punished, so he drank the poison to kill himself.

21. In the story, \_\_\_\_\_ liked wine and good food very much.

- A. the rich man
- B. the servant
- C. both A and B

**[答案]C**

22. The rich man knew that it was \_\_\_\_\_ that drank the wine and ate up all the nice food.

- A. the cat
- B. himself
- C. the servant

**[答案]C**

23. The rich man told the servant that there was poison in the two bottles, because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. there was in fact poison in the bottles
- B. he did not want the servant to drink his wine
- C. he wanted to kill the cat

**[答案]B**

24. In fact, \_\_\_\_\_ ate all the nice food and drank the wine.

- A. the servant
- B. cat
- C. the rich man

**[答案]A**

25. From the story, we know that the servant is very \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. lazy
- B. bad
- C. clever

**[答案]C**

**T01 This is** a situation you've probably experienced many times: you arrive for a meeting ten minutes early. There are several people already there. You say hello and then... What do you talk about? What do you say? In this situation, you need to be able to make a small talk. A small talk is an informal conversation. We use the term "small talk" because it is not about exchanging information or making decisions or having a serious discussion. It's away to avoid uncomfortable silences and build stronger relationships.

Small talk might seem to be about nothing important, but it is important in itself. Being able to make a small talk will allow you to make yourself part of a group. It will set the stage for more serious types of communication.

21. According to the passage, "small talk" is a kind of \_\_\_\_\_ dialog.

- A. formal
- B. informal
- C. serious

**[答案]B**

22. The purpose of making a small talk is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. to avoid uncomfortable silences
- B. to exchange information
- C. to make decisions

**[答案]A**

23. The phrase "set the stage for" in Para. 3 means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. make preparations for

- B.put an end to
- C.be suitable for

**[答案]A**

24.In the passage,you can be a member of a group through\_\_\_\_\_.

- A.playing games
- B.working together
- C.making small talks

**[答案]C**

25.The title of the passage should be\_\_\_\_\_.

- A.The Importance of Communication
- B.Small Talk Before a Meeting
- C.Don't Be Late for a Meeting

**[答案]B**

**T02 Time:2:30 p.m.,**March 5,2015

Place:Conference room,second floor of 3T Co.Ltd.

Participants:All the directors

Chairman:Chairman of the board,Mr.William Forest

Minutes keeper:Linda

The main activities at the meeting are as follows:

Firstly,Mr.William Forest,chairman of the board,made a report on the work and total sales of the company this season.Then the report was followed by a heated discussion.

Secondly,all the directors agreed to hold a press conference for the company next month.

Thirdly,the meeting suggested inviting experts from Canada to give a five-day training course to staff in the Sales Department.

The meeting finished at 3:30 p.m.

1.Who are the meeting participants?

- A.The executive assistants.
- B.The directors.
- C.The interviewees.

**[答案]B**

2.How many activities does the meeting have?

- A.The executive assistants.
- B.The directors.
- C.The interviewees.

**[答案]C**

3.Mr.William Forest made a report\_\_\_\_\_this season.

- A.on training course to staff in the Sales Department
- B.on the advertisement policies of the company
- C.on the work and total sales of the company

**[答案]C**

4.What did all the directors agree to do?

- A.To carry out a training project in the company next year.
- B.To have another board meeting of all directors next season.
- C.To have a press conference for the company next month.

**[答案]C**

5.How long did the meeting last?

- A.1.5 hours.
- B.1 hour.
- C.2 hour.

**[答案]B**

**W01 When a company** needs to employ new people, it may advertise the job in a newspaper or on a website. However nowadays, people more often find such advertisements on a website.

Then people, who are interested, can apply for the job. They send in a letter (or an email) and also a resume (or CV) as well.

The two parts are very important in job-hunting. The former is used to apply for a certain position. The latter is used to introduce his or her education background and work experiences.

But more and more companies may often ask people to fill out a standard form. The company's Human Resources Department will then select the most suitable people to attend an interview.

1. According to the passage, where can we find job advertisements more often nowadays? .

- A. In a magazine.
- B. In a newspaper.
- C. On a website.

**[答案]C**

2. How do people apply for a job? .

- A. By phone.
- B. By email.
- C. Go to visit the company.

**[答案]B**

3. Besides the application letter, what else is also important?

- A. A resume.
- B. A picture.
- C. A certificate.

**[答案]A**

4. What do companies provide to job applicants nowadays before they apply for jobs?

- A. A standard form.
- B. An invitation letter.
- C. An email address.

**[答案]A**

5. Who is in charge of selecting the applicants for the coming interview? .

- A. The manager of the company.
- B. The Human Resources Department.
- C. The secretary of the manager.

**[答案]B**

**Y01 You may get** consumers who want very high quality services satisfied, but at a higher price. And the people who want no-frills service and cheap product will also get it at the other end of the market. So competition allows a range of variety to occur in a market.

The benefit to society of competition is that it makes a major contribution to the fundamental economic issue, which is the scarcity of productive resources. It means that on the production side, there is maximum pressure to conserve the use of those scarce productive resources. On the demand side it also rations consumer demand appropriately, and it also tends to mean that the variety of consumer needs can be met.

1. From the first paragraph of the passage we can know that usually there are \_\_\_\_\_ kinds of consumers who may get satisfied in a market.

- A. two
- B. three
- C. four



[答案]A

2.What does it in the first sentence of paragraph 2 refer to?

- A.fundamental economic issue
- B.the scarcity of productive resources
- C.The benefit of competition

[答案]C

3.The sentence in paragraph 1So competition allows a range of variety to occur in a market means\_\_\_\_\_.

- A.competition makes the market supply various products and services
- B.competition makes a lot of things occur in a market
- C.competition makes different things occur in a market

[答案]A

4.On the demand side competition also\_\_\_\_\_ appropriately.

- A.meets consumer needs
- B.makes consumer rational
- C.makes consumer satisfied

[答案]B

5.The best title of this passage is\_\_\_\_\_.

- A.Fundamental Economic Issue
- B.The Benefit of Competition
- C.Consumer Demand and Market

[答案]B

## 第四大题 阅读理解判断题

**B01 Beads,stones**,seashells,paper,precious metals such as gold and silver,base metals such as iron have all been used as money.Today,money is printed on paper.A lot of countries use their own currency,with names such as dollar,pound,franc,ruble,yuan and soon.Since 2002,18 of the EU members have replaced their national currencies by Euro notes and coins.

If you want to pay for something in another currency,you have to change your money into the other money.If you want to travel outside your native country,you need to change your own country's money for the money of the country you are visiting.Most large banks sell foreign currencies.You can exchange money at a bank or at an office of a tourist agency.

Wherever you go,exchanging money puts you in touch with international finance:which is concerned with exchange rates between different currencies.Deciding the rate for the international exchange of money is one of the most complex aspects of international banking.

26.Currency only means money in the form of paper.[答案]F

27.Euro is available in all EU member countries.[答案]F

28.You need to change money if you travel abroad.[答案]T

29.Banks are a good option to get your money exchanged.[答案]T

30.The best title for this passage is“The History of Money”.[答案]F

**B02 Beads,stones**,seashells,paper,precious metals such as gold and silver,base metals such as iron have all been used as money.Today,money is printed on paper.A lot of countries use their own currency,with names such as dollar,pound,franc,ruble,yuan and soon.Since 2002,18oftheEU members have replaced their national currencies by Euro notes and coins.

If you want to pay for something in another currency,you have to change your money into the other money.If you want to travel outside your native country,you need to change your own country's money for the money of the country you are visiting.Most large banks sell foreign currencies.You can exchange money at a bank or at an

office of a tourist agency.

Wherever you go, exchanging money puts you in touch with international finance, which is concerned with exchange rates between different currencies. Deciding the rate for the international exchange of money is one of the most complex aspects of international banking.

26. This best title for this passage is "The History of Money". [答案]F

27. Euro is available in all EU member countries. [答案]F

28. Foreign exchange rates have significant impact on the economy of a country. [答案]T

29. Currency means money in the form of paper. [答案]F

30. Banks are a good option to get your money exchanged. [答案]T

**B03 Brand refers** to names, logos and slogans. For example, Nike is known for its slogan Just do it and swoosh logo. A trademark shows the origin and ownership of a product or service, which is used to protect names, logos, drawings, symbols and other characters related with a business. Coke and Coca-Cola are registered trademarks of the Coca-Cola Company.

Many companies spend a lot of money and time registering their trademarks. There are at least two good reasons for this. Firstly, if you trademark a brand, you are the only person allowed to use that Brand name, slogan etc. If others want to use that brand, they must ask your permission or pay some money. Secondly, registration also allows the owner to bring legal action against anyone who uses the trademark without authorization.

There are basic trademark symbols, e.g. TM for goods and SM for service. They tell the public that the product's name and design are the exclusive property of the company, but a registered trademark provides notice that it has indeed been registered.

1. According to the writer, it is not necessary for a company to register a trademark. [答案]F

2. A trademark may be regarded as a protection for a brand name. [答案]T

3. The trademark symbols TM and ? can be exchanged in a brand. [答案]F

4. Legal protection on a brand comes into force only after registration. [答案]T

5. A company can freely use other companies' brands. [答案]F

**I01 If you go into** the forest with friends, stay with them. If you don't, you may get lost. If you do get lost, this is what you should do.

Sit down and stay where you are. Don't try to find your friends. Let them find you. You can help them to find you by staying in one place.

There is another way to help your friends or other people find you. Give them a signal or whistling three times. Stop. Then shout or whistle three times again. Any signal given three times is a call for help.

Keep on shouting or whistling, always three times together. When people hear you, they will give two shouts or two whistles. When a signal is given twice, it is an answer to a call for help. If you don't think that you will get help before night comes, try to make a small room with branches.

What should you do if you get hungry or need drinking water? You would have to leave your little branch room to look for something to eat and drink. Don't just walk away. Pick up small branches and drop them as you walk so that you can find your way back.

The most important thing to do when you are lost is to stay in one place.

26. If you get lost in the forest, you should walk everywhere to find your friends as soon as possible. [答案]F

27. You can keep on shouting or whistling always three times together for help. [答案]T
28. When you hear two shouts or whistles, you know that people will come to help you. [答案]T
29. You can't go anywhere even when you feel thirsty or hungry. [答案]F
30. You can find your way back to your branch room easily without leaving any branches as you walk. [答案]F

**I02 It's clear** that success and failure are important and common topics. Every business has its ups and downs, and so does every person. In other words, sometimes we succeed and sometimes we fail. Another common way of saying this is "You win some and you lose some." Nobody wins all the time, not even in the great success stories that we read or hear about.

Think of a successful entrepreneur. Now, do you think that person achieved great success on his first attempt? In 99% of cases, the answer is no. Every successful businessperson learned through failure. Now have a look at your favorite business news site. You'll see that almost every story can be put into either the category of success or that of failure. Businesses either grow or shrink but they don't remain the same.

26. Every person has his or her ups and downs. [答案]T
27. A common saying "You win some and you lose some" means that sometimes we succeed and sometimes we fail. [答案]T
28. Every successful businessman achieved great success on their first try. [答案]F
29. Successful businessmen learn through failure. [答案]T
30. Businesses either shrink or remain the same. [答案]F

**T01 This is a situation** you've probably experienced many times: you arrive for a meeting ten minutes early. There are several people already there. You say hello and then ... What do you talk about? What do you say?

In this situation, you need to be able to make small talk. Small talk is an informal conversation. We use the term small talk because it is not about exchanging information or making decisions or having a serious discussion. It's a way to avoid uncomfortable silences and build stronger relationships.

Small talk might seem to be about nothing important, but it is important in itself. Being able to make small talk will allow you to make yourself part of a group. It will set the stage for more serious types of communication.

1. Small talk is a kind of formal dialog. [答案]F
2. The term small talk means there are only two persons in the dialog. [答案]F
3. Small talk is a useful ice-breaker and can build stronger relationships. [答案]T
4. Small talk is not at all important. [答案]F
5. Making small talk will allow you to be a member of a group. [答案]T

**T02 Tom was three** years old. He liked to watch TV with his parents after supper, but his parents never let him stay long. "It's eight o'clock now. It's time for you to go to bed, Tom." Mother would say so.

"But why don't you go to bed, too?" Tom always asked. "We are adults." Mother would say, "and adults go to bed late."

One evening Tom asked his mother for an apple. "But it's too late." His mother didn't want to give him anything to eat at bedtime. "The apples are already asleep." "But not all of them, Mom." Tom said, "The baby apples are perhaps asleep, but their parents are surely awake."

26. Tom liked to watch TV with his sister after supper. [答案]F

- 27.His parents never let him stay long.[答案]T  
28.One evening Tom masked his mother for an apple.[答案]T  
29.His mother didn't want to give anything to him to eat at bedtime.[答案]T  
30.From the story we know Tom was a quiet boy.[答案]F

**T03 Transport plays** an important part in international business because goods produced have to be delivered to the buyers abroad, and the delivery of goods is to be made possible by transport services. Goods are carried by several means of transport—on road or rail, by sea or air. And in recent years, combined transport which is a road-sea-rail carriage appeared.

With the expansion of international trade, the container service has become popular. The use of containers provides a highly effective form of transport by road, rail and sea. Basically, about 98% of world trade is carried out by sea transport. Besides transport by sea, road or rail, nowadays in order to speed up delivery, carriage by air has also become popular.

- 26.Transport plays an important part in international business because goods produced have to be sent to everywhere in the world.[答案]F  
27.In recent years, combined transport which is a road-sea-rail carriage appeared.[答案]T  
28.With the expansion of international trade, the combined transport service has become popular.[答案]F  
29.The use of containers gives a very helpful method of transport.[答案]T  
30.Today carriage by air has become popular because it can speed up delivery.[答案]T

## 第五大题 翻译题

**A01 A free market** is an economic system in which the price of goods and services is affected by supply and demand rather than controlled by a government.

- A.自由市场是一种经济体系,其中的商品和服务价格往往受供给和需求的影响,而不是由政府来控制。  
B.在一个自由的市场经济体系中,商品和服务的价格是由供给和需求所决定,而不是受政府的影响。  
C.自由市场是一种经济体系,在这个体系中,商品和服务的价格不仅由供给和需求所决定,也由政府来控制。

[答案]A

**A02 A job interview** is a kind of employment test and usually very formal.

- A.工作面试既是一种就业测试,也是形式上必要的。  
B.求职面试是一种就业测试,通常都很正式。  
C.工作会谈是一种雇佣测试,通常是很注意方式的。

[答案]B

**A03 All the boxes** should be packed in a carton.

- A.所有的盒子都应当装在纸板箱里。  
B.各种盒子都应当装在纸板箱里。  
C.纸板箱都应当装在所有的盒子里。

[答案]A

**A04 All the boxes** should be packed in a carton.

- A.纸板箱都应当装在所有的盒子里。  
B.各种盒子都应当装在纸板箱里。  
C.所有的盒子都应当装在纸板箱里。

[答案]C

**H01** **However**,some tend to purchase intangible ones,like shares,futures,etc.

- A.然而,一些人趋向购买无形的资产,他们喜欢股票、期货等。
- B.然而,一些人趋向购买无形的资产,例如股票、期货等。
- C.然而,一些人趋向购买无形的资产,他们喜欢分享期货等。

**[答案]B**

**I01** **I am very sorry** for coming late,but something urgent came up at the last minute.

- A.我很抱歉来晚了,但我在最后一分钟里想起了某件事儿。
- B.我很抱歉迟到了,但我临走时突然遇到了急事儿。
- C.我很抱歉要迟来,但我将在最后一分钟里紧急处理好某件事情。

**[答案]B**

**I02** **I think it's** preferable for you to change the brand name.

- A.我认为您最好换一个商标。
- B.我宁愿让您换个商标名。
- C.我考虑您必须取消这个商标名。

**[答案]A**

**I03** **I want to know** when he is leaving for New York tomorrow.

- A.我想知道他明天什么时候离开纽约。
- B.我想知道他明天什么时候正在去纽约。
- C.我想知道他明天什么时候动身去纽约。

**[答案]C**

**I04** **I'd** like to know whether a remittance of fifty thousand dollars from New York has arrived.

- A.我想确认我在纽约是否可以汇出金额是 5 万美金的汇款。
- B.我想知道是否可以向纽约汇一笔 5 万美金的汇款。
- C.我想了解从纽约汇出的一笔 5 万美金的汇款是否已经到账。

**[答案]C**

**I05** **I'll** give you a call when the remittance arrives.

- A.汇款到帐后我就给您打电话。
- B.我给您打电话询问汇款什么时候到帐。
- C.我给您打电话后,汇款才到帐。

**[答案]A**

**I06** **If there are** any items you would like to list on the agenda,please let me know by e-mail before the end of this week.

- A.如果各位想要参加会议,请在本周末之前通过电子邮件与我联系。
- B.如果各位有想纳入会议议程表的事项,请在本周末之前通过电子邮件与我联系。
- C.如果各位有事项想要纳入会议议程表,请在本周末之前告知我电子邮件地址。

**[答案]B**

**I07** **If you need any** help,please feel free to contact Mr.Zhang.

- A.如果你需要任何帮助,请随时联系张先生。
- B.如果你需要任何帮助,请自由联系张先生。
- C.如果你需要任何帮助,请在有空时联系张先生。

**[答案]A**

**I08 In** order to be employed,you need to make a very good first impression.

- A.为了工作,你需要做出一个良好的第一印象。
- B.为了受聘,你需要给人一个深刻的良好印象。
- C.为了得到工作,你需要给人一个良好的第一印象。

**[答案]C**

**I09 It looks like** you achieved a lot during your time at university.

- A.它看起来像你在上大学时取得优异成绩。
- B.看起来你在上大学时取得了很大成就。
- C.看起来你在上大学时得到了很多。

**[答案]B**

**I10 It takes around** two working days to unload the containers.

- A.卸下这些集装箱大概需要用两个工作日。
- B.卸下这些集装箱需要工作两天。
- C.卸下这些集装箱工人们需要围绕其工作两天。

**[答案]A**

**I11 It's** a way to avoid uncomfortable silences and build stronger relationships.

- A.用了这种方式,结果避免了令人不快的沉默并且建立了更牢固的关系。
- B.这是一种避免不自在的沉默并且建立更牢固关系的方式。
- C.为了避免令人不快的沉默并且建立更牢固关系,需要一种方式。

**[答案]B**

**L01 Let's** get down to business.

- A.让我们坐下来谈买卖吧!
- B.我们一起做生意吧!
- C.我们谈正事吧!

**[答案]C**

**M01 Modern** logistics is one of the most exciting jobs in the world.

- A.现代物流是世界上最激动人心的工作。
- B.现代物流是世界上最激动人心的工作之一。
- C.世界上令人激动的工作是现代物流。

**[答案]B**

**N01 No** problem,I will handle it for you.

- A.没问题,我来替你控制这个手柄。
- B.没问题,我为你操纵这个手柄。
- C.没问题,我来替你处理这个事情。

**[答案]C**

**O01 Organizing** and operating the bank has taught the children a lot about the banking business.

- A.银行业务包含如何教授孩子们管理和经营。
- B.管理和经营银行使孩子们学到了很多有关银行业务的知识。
- C.孩子们把所学的银行知识应用在管理和经营银行。

**[答案]B**



**P01 Precious** metals such as gold and silver have been used as money.

- A. 贵金属里包括黄金、白银和货币。
- B. 诸如黄金和白银等这类贵金属曾经作为货币使用过。
- C. 贵金属里的黄金、白银都被货币所替代。

**[答案]B**

**S01 So** in markets, price matters a lot.

- A. 所以在市场上, 价格很重要。
- B. 所以在市场上, 价格意味着很多。
- C. 所以在市场上, 价格方面的事情很多。

**[答案]A**

**T01 The** profits of our company increases steadily.

- A. 我们公司的利润总是在增长。
- B. 我们公司的利润一直在增长。
- C. 我们公司的利润稳步增长。

**[答案]C**

**T02 Then** the report was followed by a heated discussion.

- A. 报告之后是大家热烈的讨论。
- B. 热烈的讨论之后是一个报告。
- C. 报告和讨论都进行得很热烈。

**[答案]A**

**T03 They** send in a letter (or an email) and also a resume as well.

- A. 他们发一封信(或电子邮件), 同时也发一份简历。
- B. 他们发一封信(或电子邮件), 不过还是发一份简历好。
- C. 他们发一封信(或电子邮件), 不妨发一份好的简历。

**[答案]A**

**T04 Transport** plays an important part in international business because goods produced have to be delivered to the buyers abroad.

- A. 运输在国际贸易当中担当着重要任务, 因为国外的买者需要发送生产出的产品。
- B. 运输在国际贸易当中承担重要的部分, 因为制造产品需要发送给国外的购买者。
- C. 运输在国际贸易当中起着重要的作用, 因为生产出的产品需要发送给国外的购买者。

**[答案]C**

**W01 We** usually make a direct shipment unless the customers require transshipment.

- A. 我们通常直接制造船只, 除非客户要求间接制造。
- B. 我们通常采取直运, 除非客户要求转运。
- C. 我们通常采取直运, 这样客户才要求转运。

**[答案]B**

**W02 We've** prepared the name cards to be put on the conference table for guests to sit by.

- A. 我们已经准备了名片, 放置在会议桌上提供给来宾。
- B. 我们已经准备了名单, 提醒来宾放在会议桌上。
- C. 我们已经准备在会议桌上放置桌签, 以便来宾按桌签就坐。

**[答案]C**

**W03 What** shall I do if a customer doesn't pay upon the due date?

- A.要是客户拒绝付款,我该怎么去做呢?
- B.要是客户不按照约定日期付清款项,我该怎么去做呢?
- C.要是客户提前付款,我该怎么去做呢?

**[答案]B**

**W04 When** familiar guests meet each other,a greeting with a friendly smiling,nodding or shaking hands is usually a decent way to show your good manners.

- A.当与熟悉的人见面时,以友好的微笑、点头或者握手致意,通常是一种显示良好教养的得体方式。
- B.当与熟悉的人见面时,为了显示良好的教养,他们以得体的方式友好微笑、点头或者握手。
- C.当与熟悉的人见面时,人们友好微笑、点头或者握手报以致意,以这样一种得体的方式显示了他们良好的教养。

**[答案]A**

**W05 Would** you think it over for the sake of our long partnership?

- A.您能考虑继续我们的长期合作吗?
- B.您想和我们一起合作吗?
- C.为了我们长期的合作,您能否再做考虑呢?

**[答案]C**