The ACM International Conference on the Foundations of Software Engineering (FSE 2024)



PyRadar: Towards Automatically Retrieving and Validating Source Code Repository Information for PyPI Packages



Kai Gao (高恺)

gaokai19@pku.edu.cn



Weiwei Xu

xuww@stu.pku.edu.cn



Wenhao Yang

yangwh@stu.pku.edu.cn

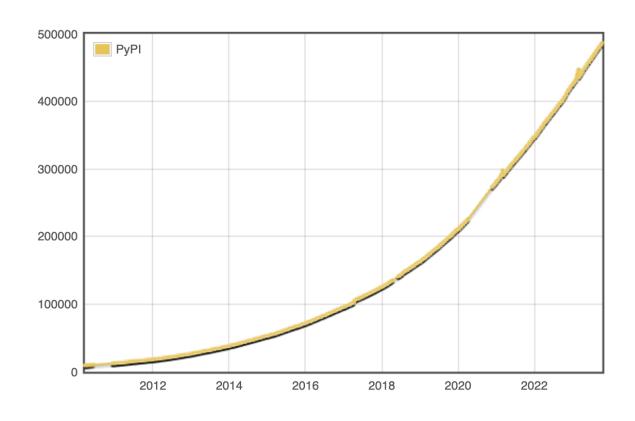


Minghui Zhou

zhmh@pku.edu.cn

Porto de Galinhas, July 18, 2024

Rapid Growth and Wide Adoption of PyPI Packages



1.6 Billion

Downloads per day

9.2 Billion

Downloads per week

34.2 Billion

Downloads per month

PyPI Package Count

(http://www.modulecounts.com/)

https://pypistats.org/packages/__all__

Critical Problems of Reusing Third-party Packages

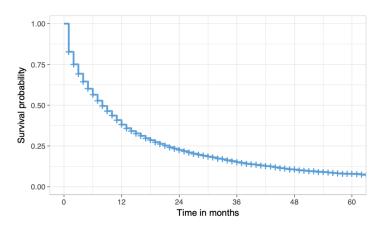


Which package to use?





Security Vulnerabilities



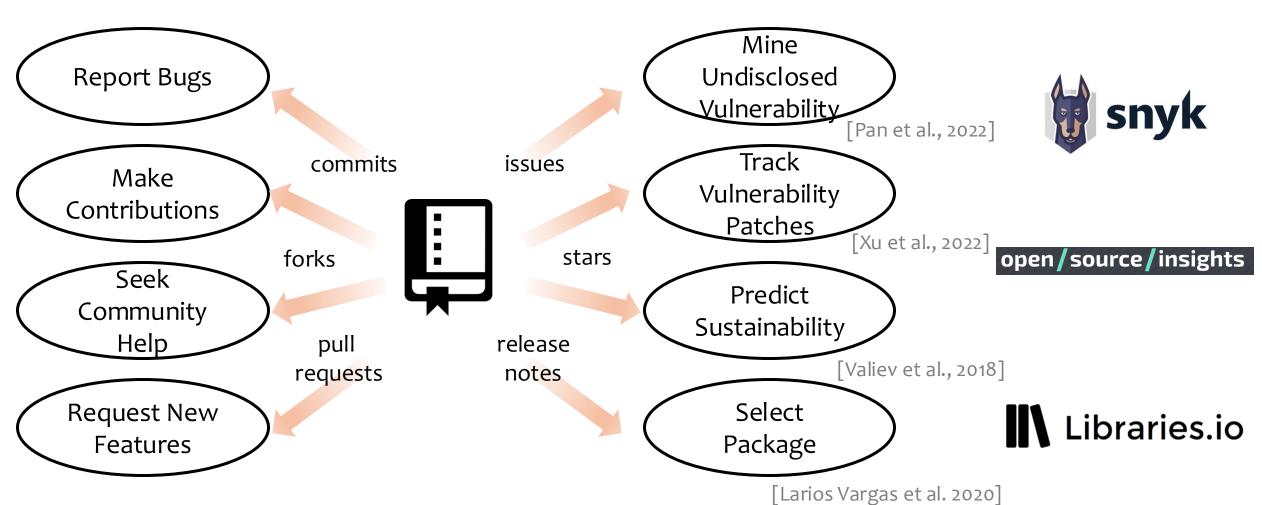
[Valiev et al., 2018]

Lack of Maintenance

Package Selection

Risk Monitoring

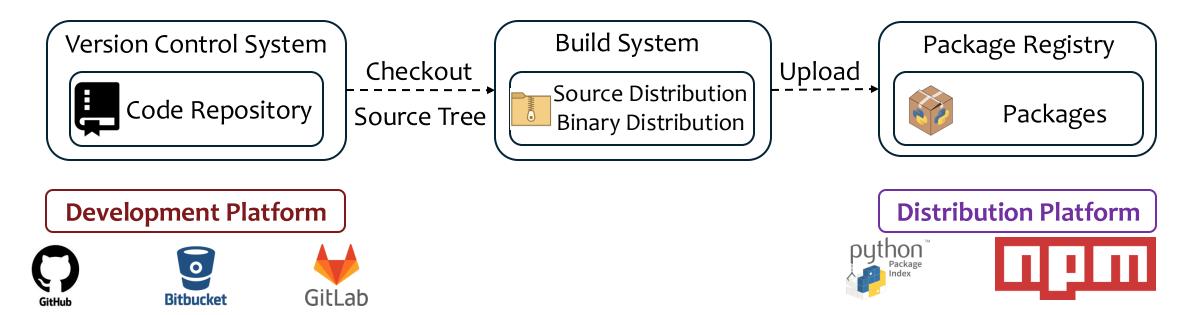
The Package's Source Code Repository Comes to the Rescue



usage, risk identification and mitigation

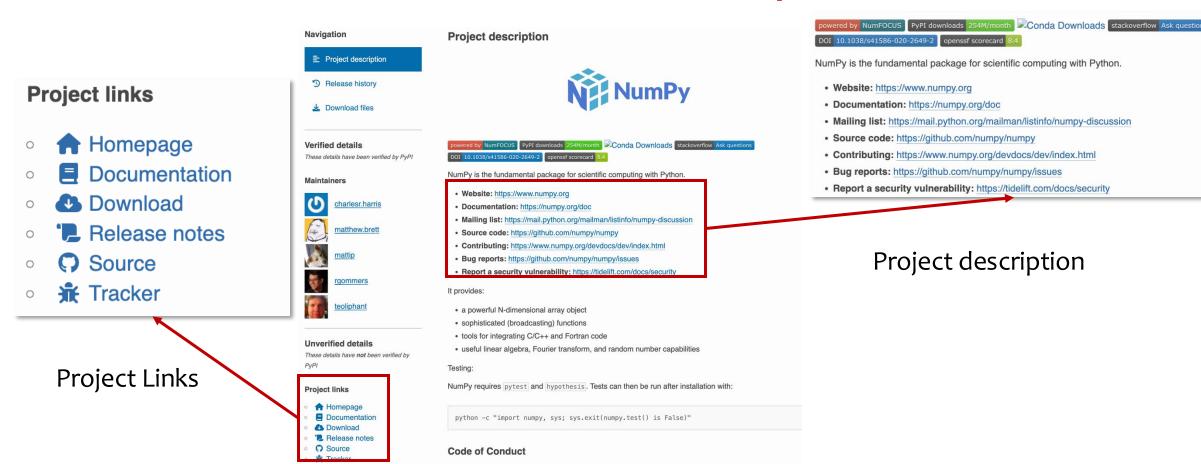
Disconnections between Packages and Their Source Code Repositories

 Most programming languages communities adopt the developmentdistribution separation strategies to manage third-party packages



The typical workflow of publishing packages

How to Manually Recover Links Between Packages and Their Source Code Repositories



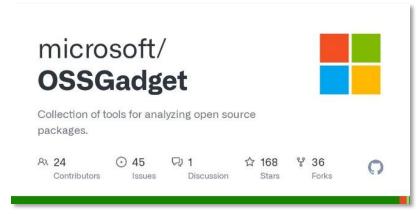
The PyPI project page of the numpy package, which are generated from the package's **metadata**.

Existing Automated Tools: Metadata-based



PyPI GitHub Statistics





OSS Find Source



py2src [Vu D L, 2021]

Employ different heuristics to retrieve a source code repository URL from the package's metadata.

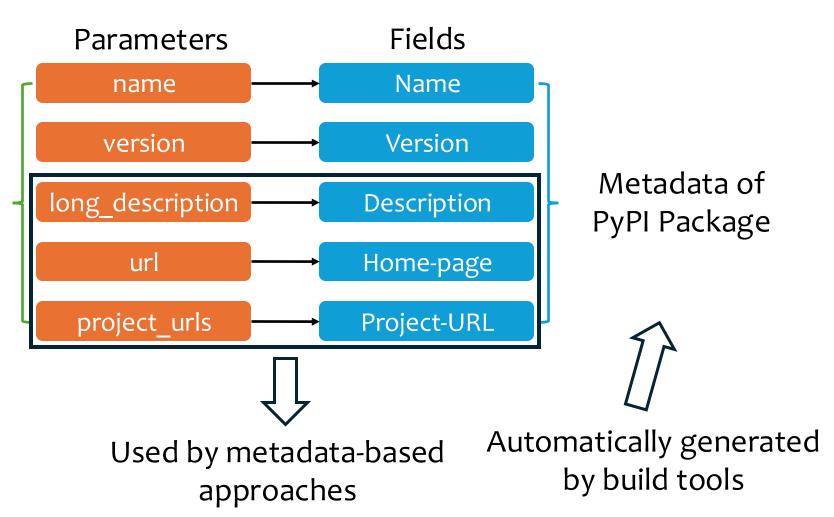
How are Metadata Generated?

Package Specification Files in Code Repository

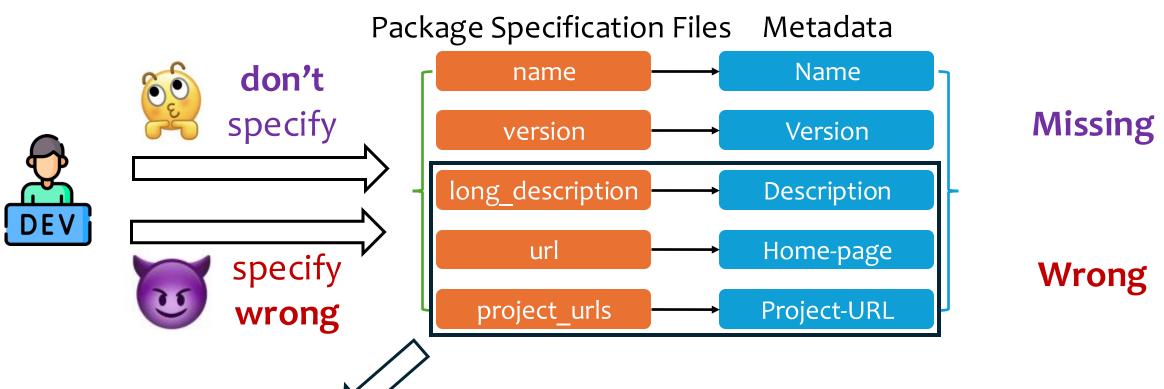
- setup.py
- pyproject.toml
- setup.cfg



Manually specified by package developers



Limitations of Metadata-based Approaches



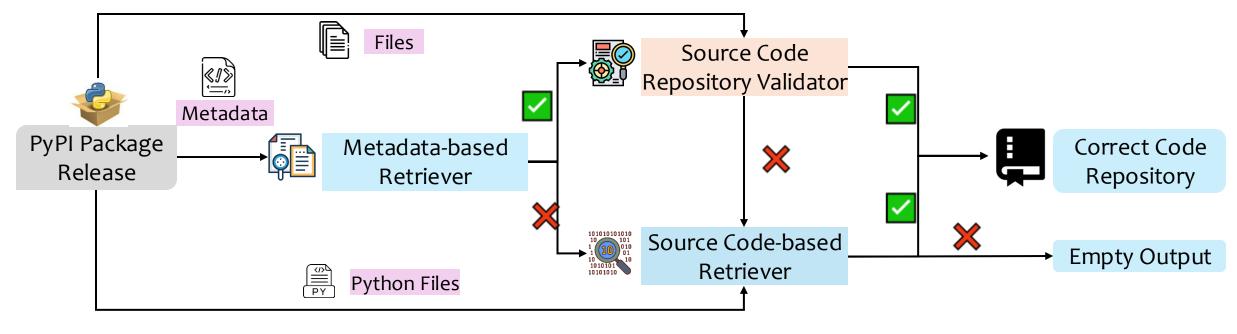
Used by metadata-based approaches

Fail to retrieve the source code repository URL

Retrieve the incorrect source code repository URL

Our Solution to Address the Two Limitations—— PyRadar

Intuitions: PyPI packages do not just have metadata, they also have **source code** in their distributions!

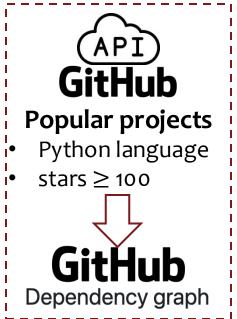


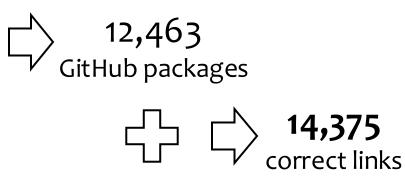
Overview of PyRadar

How to Collect the Correct and Incorrect Package-Repository Links?

A heuristic approach: collect correct links first, then incorrect links

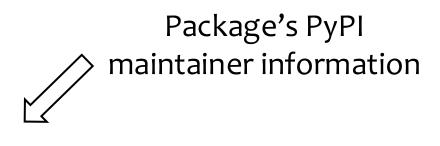
Assumption 1: the linkage between **popular packages** and **popular source code repositories** should be correct.





4,000 top downloaded PyPI package

Assumption 2: Packages published by the same source code repository should have **the same PyPI maintainers**.

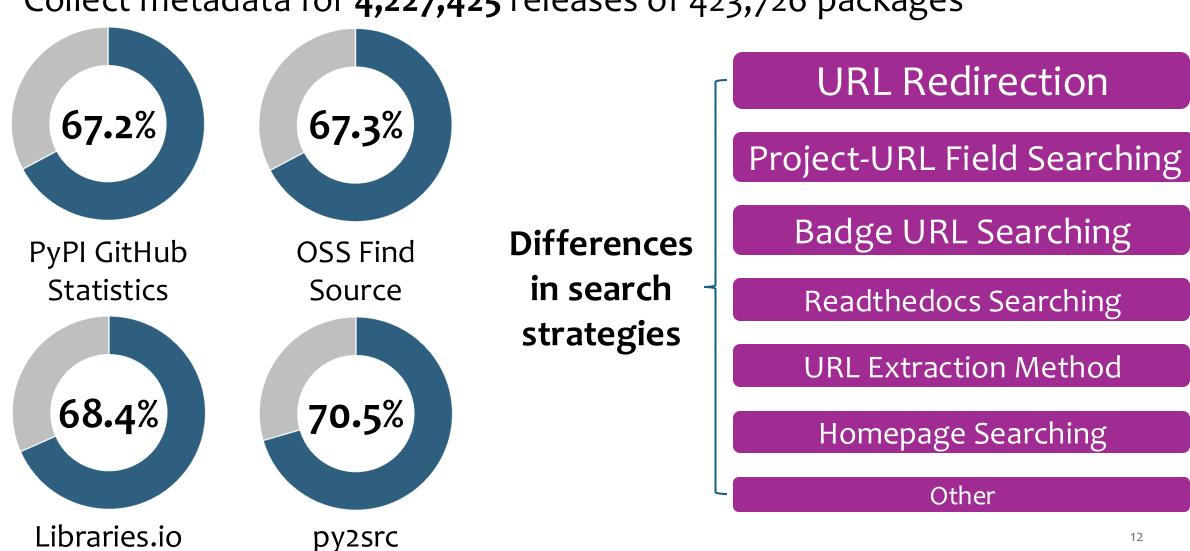




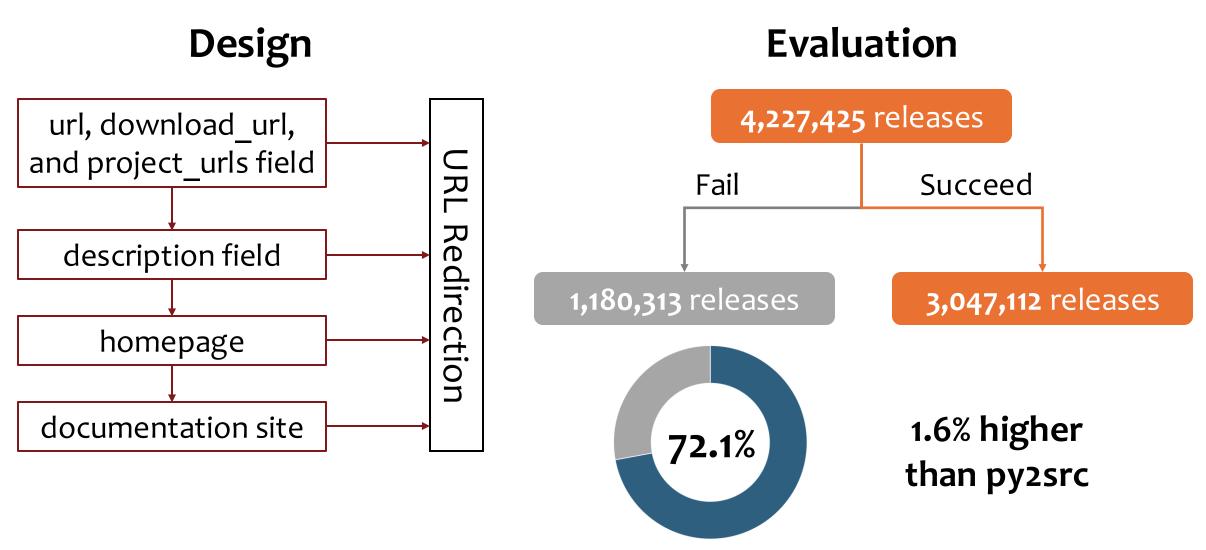
2,064 incorrect links

The Metadata-based Retriever: Evaluation of existing methods

Collect metadata for 4,227,425 releases of 423,726 packages



The Metadata-based Retriever: Design & Evaluation



The Source Code Repository Validator: Phantom File Analysis

Phantom files¹: files appearing in the release's distribution but not in the package's source code repository

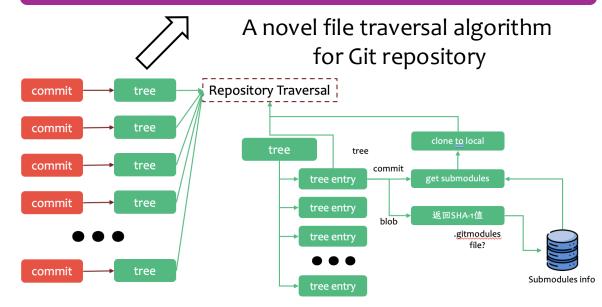


hashes of files in the release's distribution

hashes of files in the package's source code repository

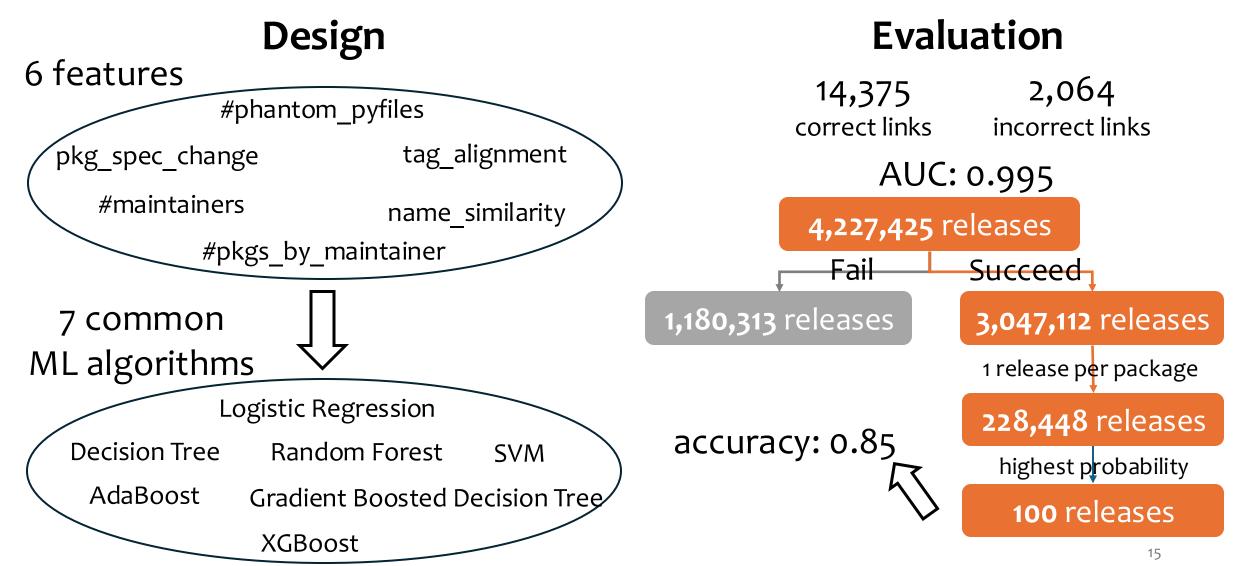
Key Findings:

- Incorrect links have more phantom (Python) files than correct links.
- 2. The package specification file **setup.py or pyproject.toml** is more likely to be a phantom file in the incorrect links.
- 3. **Python files** typically remain the same in the correct links.



1. Vu D L, Massacci F, Pashchenko I, et al. Lastpymile: identifying the discrepancy between sources and packages. ESEC/FSE 2021

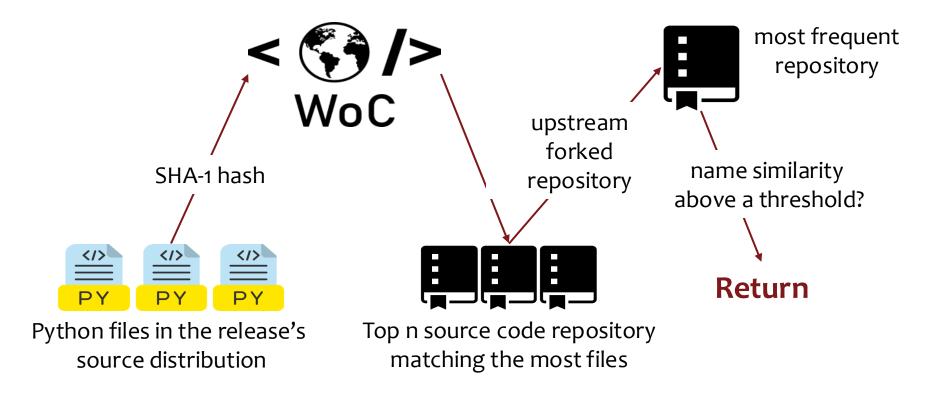
The Source Code Repository Validator: Design & Evaluation



The Source Code-based Retriever: Design

Key evidence: Python files are bridge between the package and its source code repository based on the results of phantom file analysis

Design: A hash matching and name similarity-based heuristic retrieval algorithm



The Source Code-based Retriever: Evaluation

14,375 correct links keep links whose repository is indexed by WoC 12,375 correct links run the Source code-based retriever Succeed for 11,165 (90.2%) releases with an accuracy of 0.970



PyRadar: Overall Evaluation

14,375 correct links

2,064 incorrect links

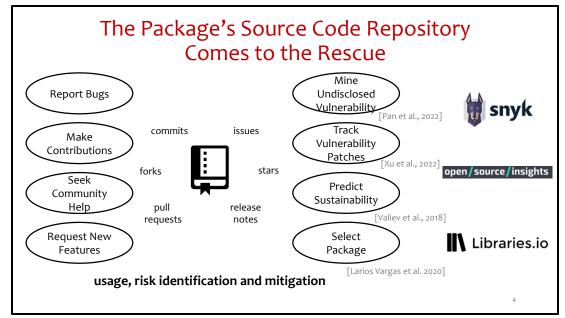
Accuracy: 0.88

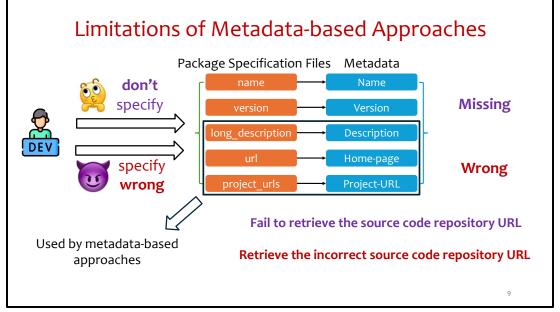
Discussion

- Future Improvement
 - Cross-link accounts between code hosting platforms and package registries.
 - Mechanisms: account binding and account mutual authentication
 - Automatic methods.
 - Finer-grained **code analysis** to identify normal and abnormal changes in the build process.
 - Package registries (e.g., PyPI) and package management tools (e.g., pip) should **integrate validation mechanisms** to notify users if a package's repository information is problematic when searching or installing package.
- What about other PL communities that adopts the development-distribution separation strategies?
 - NPM, Maven, etc

Go

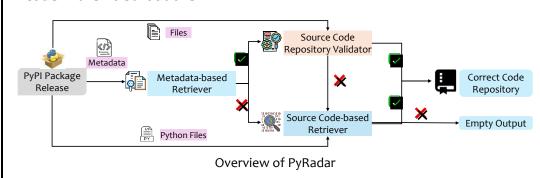
Summary





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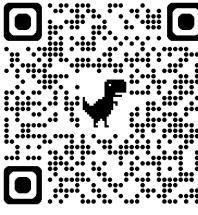
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Thank You!



Code





Kai Gao (高恺)

Weiwei Xu



Wenhao Yang



Minghui Zhou

xuww@stu.pku.edu.cn

yangwh@stu.pku.edu.cn

zhmh@pku.edu.cn