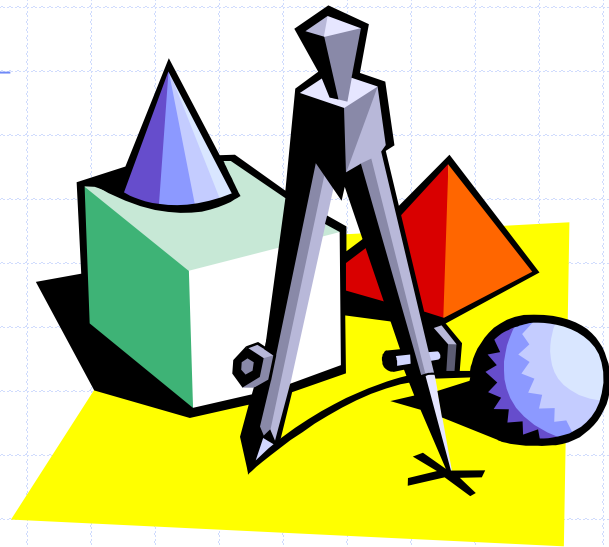
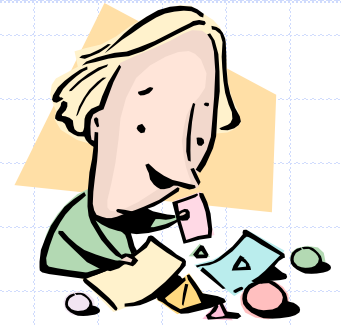


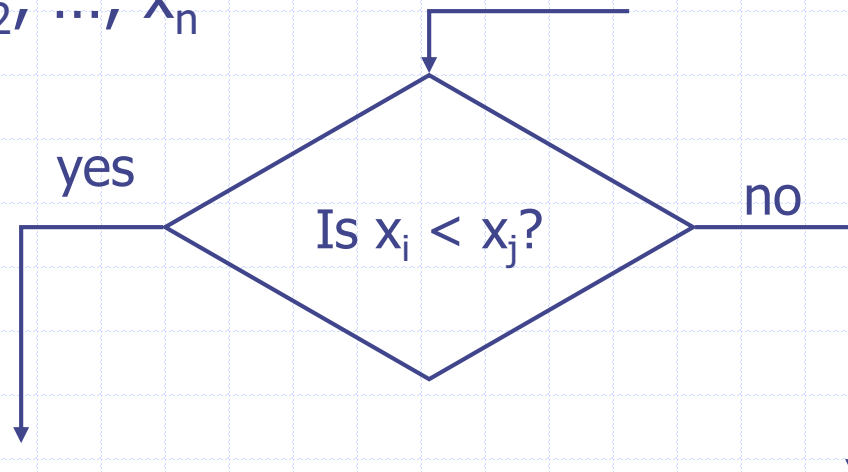
Sorting Lower Bound



Comparison-Based Sorting

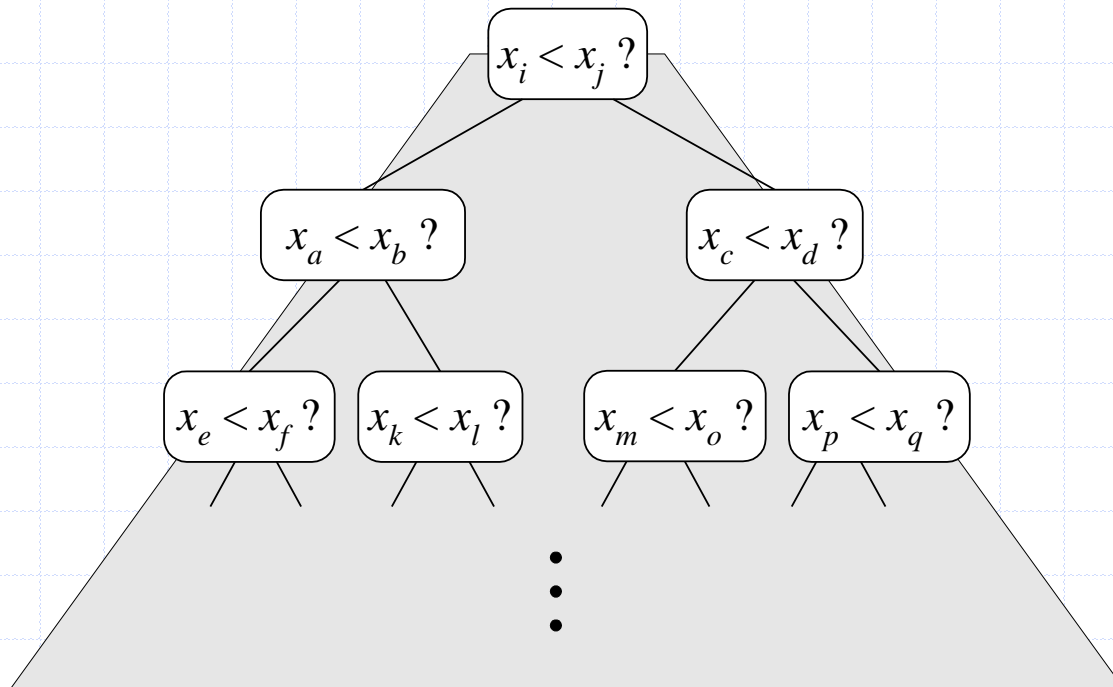


- ◆ Many sorting algorithms are comparison based
 - They sort by making comparisons between pairs of objects
 - Examples: bubble-sort, selection-sort, insertion-sort, heap-sort, merge-sort, quick-sort, ...
- ◆ Let us therefore derive a lower bound on the running time of any algorithm that uses comparisons to sort n elements, x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n



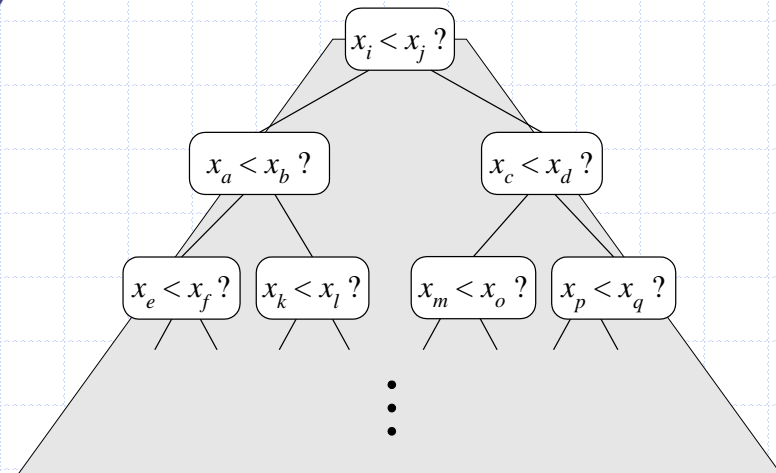
Counting Comparisons

- ◆ Let us just count comparisons then
- ◆ Each possible run of the algorithm corresponds to a root-to-leaf path in a **decision tree**



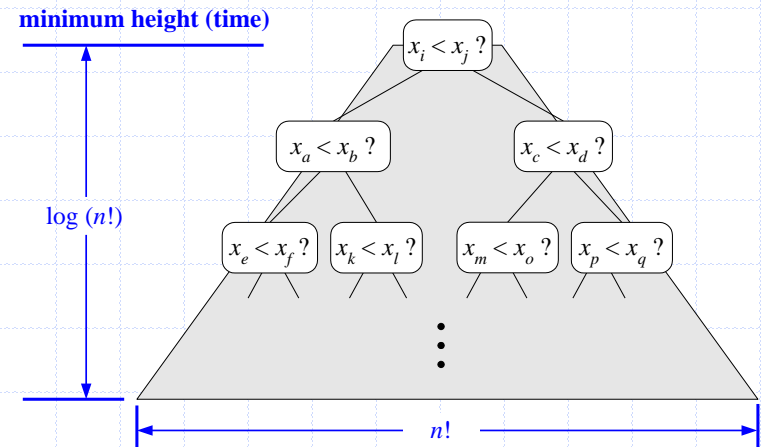
Decision Tree Height

- ◆ Height of this decision tree is a lower bound on the running time
- ◆ Every possible input permutation leads to a separate leaf output
 - If not, some input ...4...5... would have same output ordering as ...5...4..., which would be wrong.
- ◆ How many leaves are there?
 - There are $n! = 1 * 2 * \dots * n$ leaves
- ◆ What is the height of the tree?
 - The height is at least $\log(n!)$

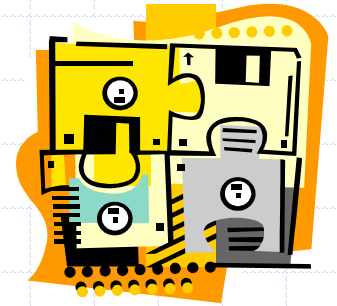


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The Lower Bound



- ◆ Any comparison-based sorting algorithm takes at least $\log(n!)$ time
- ◆ Therefore, any such algorithm takes time at least

$$\log(n!) \geq \log \left(\frac{n}{2} \right)^{\frac{n}{2}} = (n/2) \log(n/2).$$

- Why?
 - (because there are at least $(n/2)$ terms greater than $(n/2)$)
- ◆ That is, any comparison-based sorting algorithm must run in $\Omega(n \log n)$ time

Is there a way to break the $O(n \log n)$ barrier?

◆ Yes!

- Don't use comparisons
 - ◆ That is, a non-comparison based sort