Selected Topics of Mathematical Statistics: Quiz 5

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Task — 1-1

Quiz 5

Prove the following equation for the Standard Normal Distribution:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \cdot \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp(-itx) \cdot \varphi_X(t) dt \quad (*)$$



Proof

Let $X \sim N(0,1)$. Define

$$G(x) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \frac{1}{2\pi} \cdot \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp(-itx) \cdot \varphi_X(t) dt$$

In Quiz 4, it was shown that

$$\varphi_X(t) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \mathsf{E}\left[\exp\left(\mathsf{i}tX\right)\right] = \exp\left(-\frac{t^2}{2}\right)$$
 (1)

with $t \in \mathbb{R}$.

 \bigwedge

Proof

Hence, we get

$$G(x) \stackrel{(1)}{=} \frac{1}{2\pi} \cdot \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp(-itx) \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{t^2}{2}\right) dt$$

$$= \left\{ \frac{1}{2\pi} \cdot \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp(-itx) \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{t^2}{2}\right) dt \right\} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2\pi}}{\sqrt{2\pi}}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2\pi}}{2\pi} \cdot \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp(-itx) \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{t^2}{2}\right) dt$$

Proof

Let f_X be the probability density function of the Standard Normal Distribution. Then:

$$G(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp(-itx) \cdot f_X(t) dt$$
$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot E\left[\exp(-ixX)\right]$$
$$\stackrel{(1)}{=} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right)$$

Hence, (*) was proved.