Vmmr 系统研发文档

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Abstract

对实验系统进行记录。包括实验框架、实验流程和注意事项等内容。

1 System work flow

The main steps to training and test vmmr dnn model are listed as the following:

- 1. 解压数据。多个压缩包的话直接向同一目录解压, 免去之后的数据拷 贝。
- 2. 生成训练和验证集的list,及验证集的GroundTruth(TODO item)。 调用python脚本CreateLabelTrainTest.py。该脚本的使用说明如下:

Create make and make model label dict, and all , train and test label list $\,$

Positional arguments:

optional arguments:

- -h, -help: show this help message and exit
- -r TrainTestRatio, -TrainTestRatio: (Default=24) Train-TestRatio. Ratio between the num of train and test
- -sh IsRandShuffle, -RandomShuffle IsRandShuffle:(Default=1,yes) Whether shuffle list randomly. Must be true for multi-round exp or test. 0 denote not

• -tgn TrainTestGroupNum, -TrainTestGroupNum TrainTest-GroupNum: (Default=1)Train and test label list group number

Example:

 $CreateLabelTrainTest.py \sim /Projects/Vmmr/Data/V1_AAuMColor/V1_AAUMColor/V1_AAUMColor/V1_AAuMColor/V1_AAUMColor/V1_AAUMColor/V1_AAUMCO$

3. 生成测试集的list。调用CreateTestList.py, 生成测试集的list。所有测试集在,数据集目录的Test文件夹下。生成的list文件放在Test文件夹下的List目录中。 GroundTruth文件也会自动生成。 CreateTestList.py脚本的使用说明如下:

Create relpath file name list positional arguments:

- SampleFolder: Sample top folder, in next level is make model folder. E.g.: ~/Projects/VehicleRecog/Data/V1_AAuMColor/Test optional arguments:
 - -h, -help: show this help message and exit

Example:

 $CreateTestList.py \sim /Projects/VehicleRecog/Data/V1_AAuMColor/Test$

4. **生成训练数据LevelDB**。调用convert_imagesetex.bin / exe,产生一个或多个区域的杨本数据LevelDB。 convert_imagesetex应用程序使用说明如下:

Convert a set of images to the leveldb format used as input for Caffe. Usage:

convert_imagesetex DataSetNameVer(eg. V0, PreprocTypeIDs(sep by":") PatchIDs(sep by ":") NewWidth AugmentNum(¡AugTrain:AugTest¿) FuncCode(TestOrTrain, 0:testonly,1:tainonly,2: both) IsNewLdb

positional arguments:

- DataSetNameVer:(eg. V0) data set name;
- PreprocTypeIDs:(sep by":") 0 is Color, 1 is gray, 2 is gray hist equal, 3 is color hist equal;
- PatchIDs:(sep by ":") -1 is vface, 4 is LeftHLamp, ... 10 is MidLineBot.
- NewWidth:Normalized vehicle face with before cropping;
- AugmentNum: (¡AugTrain:AugTest; increase how many samples by transformation, such as adding noise, change color. 0 means not to augment.

- FuncCode: TestOrTrain(0:testonly,1:tainonly,2: both)
- IsNewLdb: 1 denote creating new db. 0 denote append data to an existing db.

Example:

convert_imagesetex.bin V1 0:1 -1:6 380 0:0 2 1

5. **计算样本的均值**。这里使用训练样本的leveldb作为caffe工具compute_image_mean的输入。为方便调用,DNNMakemodel_PrepareData.py对该工具进行了封装,其用法如下:

 $usage: DNNMakemodel_PrepareData.py \ [-h] \ [-ttlid \ TrainTestListID] \ DATASET_NAME \\ PATCH_ID \ NewWidth \ \mathbf{Example}:$

./DNNMakemodel_PrepareData.py V1_AAuMColor 6 150

- 6. 数据准备检查
 - 在生成list,类别label等文件同时,CreateLabelTrainTest.py还会调用
 GenVMMTruthFromFileName.py生成所有文件的GroundTruth信息文件。注意检查该文件是否已生成,否则测试时会因找不到该文件而报错,中止运行。
 - 一定要检查生成的make-label和makemodel-label的字典中,make及makemodel是 否按顺序排列,否则可能会影响性能。
 - 检查convert_imageset 是否转换了预期数目的文件到LevelDB数据库中。可以通过LdbImgViewer.bin或者查看转换的Log文件。
- 7. **训练或者fine tune** 网络。老版本的train_net和finetune_net现在被统一的caffe命令集替代。

```
caffe train -solver=... [-snapshot=...]
caffe train -solver=... [-weights=...]
新的caffe命令集说明如下:
caffe.bin: command line brew
usage: caffe jcommand¿ jargs¿
```

Commands:

- train: train or finetune a model
- test: score a model
- device_query: show GPU diagnostic information
- time: benchmark model execution time

Flags from tools/caffe.cpp:

• -gpu (Run in GPU mode on given device ID.) type: int32 default: -1

- -iterations (The number of iterations to run.) type: int32 default: 50
- -model (The model definition protocol buffer text file..) type: string default: ""
- -snapshot (Optional; the snapshot solver state to resume training.) type: string default: ""
- -solver (The solver definition protocol buffer text file.) type: string default: ""
- -weights (Optional; the pretrained weights to initialize finetuning. Cannot be set simultaneously with snapshot.) type: string default:

8. 在标准测试集上进行测试

- 9. 根据每个车型的样本数目生成数据子集将原始的数据集按每个车型的样本数条件,生成子集。比如:生成每个车型样本数大于等于8的子集;生成每个车型样本数小于8的子数据集。通过调用ShowClassNumHist.py和ExtractSubDataSet.py两个脚本来完成。主要分三个步骤:
 - 调用ShowClassNumHist.py生成类别-数量列表文件,该文件中安 样本数量排序。
 - 手工拷贝或删除, 生成符合样本数量条件的类别-数量列表文件。
 - 调用ExtractSubDataSet.py,以上一部生成的类别-数量文件作为参数之一,建立符合样本数量条件的新数据集。

可能导致错误的一些常见情况:

- 类别数目出错。比如: 网络模型中的类别和实际类别不一致
- 数据转换不对或不完全。只有一部分数据转换进了LevelDB,即只有一部 分数据参与训练,效果肯定不好!