Universidad del Valle de Guatemala

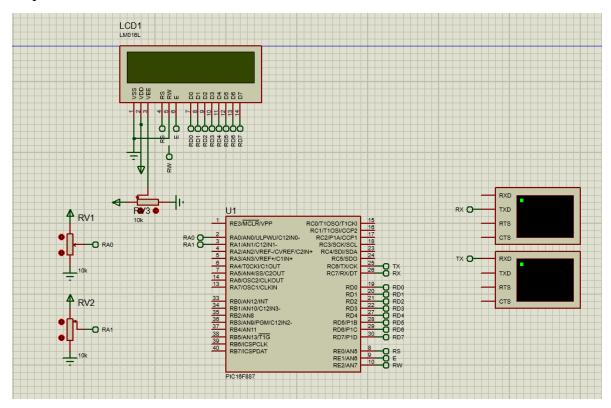
Digital 2 Sección 10

Rodrigo García 19085

Reporte Laboratorio 3

Link a Repositorio: https://github.com/gar19085/Digital2-Gar19085.git

Esquemático:

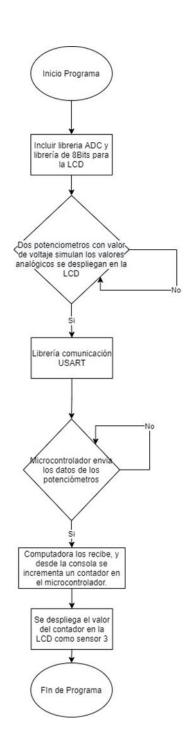


Descripción:

Configuración de Puertos:

Se utilizo el puerto D para poder conectar todos los pines del LCD para así poder escribir en el mismo, luego en los pines RE0-RE2 se habilitaron para así poder utilizar los pines E y RS para poder habilitar la LCD. En el puerto A solo se utilizaron los primeros dos pines ya que es en donde se habilitaron dos configuraciones ADC para que se encendieran el ANS0 y ANS1, los cuales funcionan mediante un toggle. En el puerto C se habilitaron los pines RC6 y RC7 para así poder configurar correctamente la enviada y recibida de datos necesarios entre la computadora y el PIC.

Seudocódigo:



Código:

PRINCIPAL

```
/*

* File: Lab031.c

* Author: RODRIGO GARCIA

*

* Created on 4 de febrero de 2021, 05:04 PM

*/
```

```
// PIC16F887 Configuration Bit Settings
// 'C' source line config statements
// CONFIG1
#pragma config FOSC = INTRC_NOCLKOUT// Oscillator Selection bits (INTOSCIO o
scillator: I/O function on RA6/OSC2/CLKOUT pin, I/O function on RA7/OSC1/CLK
#pragma config WDTE = OFF
                               // Watchdog Timer Enable bit (WDT disabled a
nd can be enabled by SWDTEN bit of the WDTCON register)
#pragma config PWRTE = OFF  // Power-up Timer Enable bit (PWRT disabled)
#pragma config MCLRE = OFF  // RE3/MCLR pin function select bit (RE3/MCL
R pin function is digital input, MCLR internally tied to VDD)
#pragma config CP = OFF
                            // Code Protection bit (Program memory code
protection is disabled)
#pragma config CPD = OFF
                               // Data Code Protection bit (Data memory cod
e protection is disabled)
#pragma config BOREN = OFF  // Brown Out Reset Selection bits (BOR disab
#pragma config IESO = OFF  // Internal External Switchover bit (Interna
L/External Switchover mode is disabled)
#pragma config FCMEN = OFF
                               // Fail-
Safe Clock Monitor Enabled bit (Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is disabled)
#pragma config LVP = OFF  // Low Voltage Programming Enable bit (RB3 p
in has digital I/O, HV on MCLR must be used for programming)
#pragma config BOR4V = BOR40V // Brown-out Reset Selection bit (Brown-
out Reset set to 4.0V)
#pragma config WRT = OFF
                             // Flash Program Memory Self Write Enable bi
ts (Write protection off)
// #pragma config statements should precede project file includes.
// Use project enums instead of #define for ON and OFF.
#include <xc.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <pic16f887.h>
#include "LCD.h"
#include "USART.h"
#include "ADC.h"
#include "Oscilador.h"
```

```
#define _XTAL_FREQ 4000000
uint8_t valorPOT1 = 0;
uint8_t valorPOT2 = 0;
uint8_t FLAG = 0;
uint8_t FLAG2 = 0;
uint8_t ADCGO = 0;
uint8_t CONTADOR;
uint8_t CONT = 0;
int CONT1;
int CONT2;
int CONT3;
int POT1;
int POT12;
int POT13;
int POT2;
int POT22;
int POT23;
char TURN = 0;
char FLG1;
char FLG2;
char VOLTAGE1;
char VOLTAGE2;
void Setup(void);
void ADCG(void);
void TURNO(void);
void INFOCONT(void);
void INFOADC1(void);
void INFOADC2(void);
const char* STRING(char C1, char C2, char C3);
const char* STRINGPOT1(char C1, char C2, char C3);
const char* STRINGPOT2(char C1, char C2, char C3);
//void TOGGLEADC(char FLG, char FLG2, char TURN1);
INTERRUPCIONES
void __interrupt() isr(void){
        if(PIR1bits.ADIF==1){ //CONFIGURACIÓN PARA LAS INTERRUPCIONES DEL AD
            PIR1bits.ADIF = 0;
```

```
if(PIR1bits.RCIF == 1){
            CONTADOR = RCREG;
        if(INTCONbits.TMR0IF == 1){ //CONFIGURACIÓN PARA UTILIZAR LA NTERR
UPCIÓN DE TMR0
            TMR0=236;
            ADCGO++;
            INTCONbits.TMR0IF = 0;
MAIN LOOP
void main(void) {
    initOsc(8);
    Setup();
   Conf_TXR();
   Conf_RXT();
    LCD_init();
    LCD_Cmd(0x8A);
    LCD_Goto(1,1);
    LCD_Print("VOLT1");
    LCD_Goto(7,1);
    LCD_Print("VOLT2");
    LCD_Goto(13,1);
    LCD_Print("CONT");
   while(1){
            if(TURN==0){
                valorPOT1 = ADRESH;
                initADC(1,0);
                TURN=1;
            else if(TURN==1){
                valorPOT2 = ADRESH;
                initADC(1,1);
                TURN = 0;
        ADCG();
        INFOCONT();
        INFOADC1();
        INFOADC2();
```

```
VOLTAGE1 = valorPOT1;
       VOLTAGE2 = valorPOT2;
       TRANSMITIR(POT1);
       TRANSMITIR(POT12);
       TRANSMITIR(POT13);
       LCD_Goto(2,2);
       LCD_Print(STRINGPOT1(POT1, POT12, POT13));
       TRANSMITIR(POT2);
       TRANSMITIR(POT22);
       TRANSMITIR(POT23);
       LCD_Goto(8,2);
       LCD_Print(STRINGPOT2(POT2, POT22, POT23));
       LCD_Goto(6,2);
       LCD_Print("V");
       LCD_Goto(12,2);
       LCD_Print("V");
                if(CONTADOR==0x2b){
                    FLG1=1; //SE ACTIVA MI BANDERA
                if(FLG1 == 1 && CONTADOR != 0x2b){
                    FLG1=0; //SE APAGA EL FLAG1
                    PORTB++;
                    CONT++;
                if(CONTADOR==0x2d){ //MISMO PROCEDIMIENTO SOLO QUE ESTE REST
A VALORES AL CONTADOR
                    FLG2=1;
                if(FLG2==1 && CONTADOR != 0x2d){
                    FLG2=0;
                    PORTB--;
                    CONT--;
       LCD_Goto(14,2);
       LCD_Print(STRING(CONT1, CONT2, CONT3));
CONFIGURACIÓN PRINCIPAL
void Setup(void){
   PORTA = 0;//LIMPIEZA DE PUERTOS
   PORTB = 0;
```

```
PORTC = 0;
    PORTD = 0;
    PORTE = 0;
    ANSEL = 0b00000011;//INDICO EL PRIMER PIN COMO ANALOGO
    ANSELH = 0;
    TRISA = 0b00000011;
    TRISB = 0;
    TRISC = 0b10000000;
    TRISD = 0;
    TRISE = 0;
    OPTION_REG = 0b00000011;
    INTCONDits.GIE = 1;//HABILITO LAS INTERRUPCIONES NECESARIAS, LA GLOBAL P
RINCIPALMENTE
    INTCONbits.PEIE = 1; //HABILITA LOS PERIPHERAL INTERRUPTS
    PIE1bits.ADIE = 1; //HABILILTO LAS INTERRUPCIONES DEL ADC
    PIR1bits.ADIF = 0;
    INTCONbits.T0IE = 1; //HABILITO LAS INTERRUPCIONES DEL TMR0
    INTCONbits.T0IF = 0;
MAPEO DE INFORMACIÓN
void INFOCONT(void){
    CONT1 = CONT/100;
    CONT2 = ((CONT-(CONT1*100))/10);
    CONT3 = (CONT-(CONT1*100))-(CONT2*10);
    CONT1 = CONT1 + 0 \times 30;
    CONT2 = CONT2 + 0 \times 30;
    CONT3 = CONT3 + 0 \times 30;
const char* STRING(char C1, char C2, char C3){
    char TEMP[3];
    TEMP[0] = C1;
    TEMP[1] = C2;
    TEMP[2] = C3;
    return TEMP;
void INFOADC1(void){
    POT1 = VOLTAGE1/51;
```

```
POT12 = (VOLTAGE1-(POT1*51))/10;
    POT13 = (VOLTAGE1-(POT1*51))-(POT12*10);
    POT1 = POT1 + 0 \times 30;
    POT12 = POT12+0x30;
    POT13 = POT13+0 \times 30;
const char* STRINGPOT1(char C1, char C2, char C3){
    char TEMP[4];
   TEMP[0] = C1;
   TEMP[1] = 0x2E;
   TEMP[2] = C2;
   TEMP[3] = C3;
    return TEMP;
void INFOADC2(void){
    POT2 = VOLTAGE2/51;
    POT22 = (VOLTAGE2-(POT2*51))/10;
   POT23 = (VOLTAGE2-(POT2*51))-(POT22*10);
   POT2 = POT2+0\times30;
   POT22 = POT22+0x30;
   POT23 = POT23 + 0 \times 30;
const char* STRINGPOT2(char C1, char C2, char C3){
    char TEMP[4];
    TEMP[0] = C1;
   TEMP[1] = 0x2E;
   TEMP[2] = C2;
   TEMP[3] = C3;
    return TEMP;
DELAY DE ADQUISICION
void ADCG(void){//GENERO UN DELAY DE ADQUISICIÓN EL CUAL FUNCIONA DE LA SIGU
IENTE MANERA
    if(ADCGO > 20){ //CUANDO ADCGO SEA MÁS GRANDE QUE 20 YA QUE ESTE VA A ES
TAR SUMANDOSE CONSTANTEMENTE EN LA INTERRUPCIÓN
        ADCGO = 0; //SE SETEA EN 0 NUEVAMENTE
        ADCONObits.GO_nDONE = 1; //SE HABILITA EL GO DEL ADC PARA QUE LA CON
FIGURACIÓN ADC FUNCIONE CORRECTAMENTE
```

```
} //DE ESTA MANERA PUEDE VOLVER A COMENZAR NU
EVAMENTE SIN PROBLEMAS
}
```

LCD

```
* File: LCD.c
 * Author: rodri
 * REFERENCIA: https://simple-circuit.com/pic-microcontroller-mplab-xc8-lcd/
 * https://electrosome.com/lcd-pic-mplab-xc8/
 * Created on 4 de febrero de 2021, 10:48 AM
#include <xc.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include "LCD.h"
#define LCD FIRST ROW
                               0x80
#define LCD SECOND ROW
                               0xC0
#define LCD_THIRD_ROW
                               0x94
#define LCD FOURTH ROW
                               0xD4
#define LCD CLEAR
                               0x01
#define LCD RETURN HOME
                               0x02
#define LCD ENTRY MODE SET
                               0x04
#define LCD CURSOR OFF
                               0x0C
#define LCD UNDERLINE ON
                               0x0E
#define LCD BLINK CURSOR ON
                               0x0F
#define LCD MOVE CURSOR LEFT
                               0x10
                               0x14
#define LCD MOVE CURSOR RIGHT
#define LCD_TURN_ON
                               0x0C
#define LCD TURN OFF
                               0x08
#define LCD_SHIFT_LEFT
                               0x18
#define LCD_SHIFT_RIGHT
                               0x1E
char a;
//LCD module connections
#define LCD RS
#define LCD EN
                 RE1
#define LCD RW
                 RE2
#define LCD D0
                 RD0
#define LCD D1
```

```
#define LCD D2
#define LCD_D3
#define LCD D4
                RD4
#define LCD D5
#define LCD_D6
                RD6
#define LCD D7 RD7
#define LCD_RS_DIR TRISE0
#define LCD_EN_DIR TRISE1
#define LCD_RW_DIR TRISE2
#define LCD_D0_DIR TRISD0
#define LCD_D1_DIR TRISD1
#define LCD_D2_DIR TRISD2
#define LCD_D3_DIR TRISD3
#define LCD_D4_DIR TRISD4
#define LCD_D5_DIR TRISD5
#define LCD D6 DIR TRISD6
#define LCD_D7_DIR TRISD7
//End LCD module connections
#define _XTAL_FREQ 8000000
void LCD_init(void);
void LCD_Goto(uint8_t col, uint8_t row);
void LCDPutC(char LCD_Char);
void LCD_Print(char *LCD_Str);
void LCD_Cmd(uint8_t Command);
void LCD_PORT(char a);
void LCD_PORT(char a){
    PORTD = a;
void LCD_init(void){
 LCD_Cmd(0x38);
 LCD_Cmd(0x0c);
 LCD_Cmd(0x06);
  LCD_Cmd(0x80);
void LCD_Goto(uint8_t col, uint8_t row){
    case 2:
      LCD_Cmd(LCD_SECOND_ROW + col - 1);
```

```
case 3:
    LCD_Cmd(LCD_THIRD_ROW + col - 1);
    break;
case 4:
    LCD_Cmd(LCD_FOURTH_ROW + col - 1);
break;
default:    // case 1:
    LCD_Cmd(LCD_FIRST_ROW + col - 1);
}

void LCDPutC(char LCD_Char){
    LCD_RS = 1;
    LCD_PORT(LCD_Char);
    LCD_EN = 1;
    __delay_us(40);
    LCD_EN = 0;
    LCD_RS = 0;
}
```

```
* File:
 * Author: RODRIGO GARCÍA
 * Comments:
 * Revision history:
// This is a guard condition so that contents of this file are not included
// more than once.
#ifndef _LCD_H_
#define _LCD_H_
#include <xc.h> // include processor files - each processor file is guarded.
#include <stdint.h>
void LCD init(void);
void LCD_Goto(uint8_t col, uint8_t row);
void LCDPutC(char LCD_Char);
void LCD_Print(char *LCD_Str);
void LCD_Cmd(uint8_t Command);
void LCD PORT(char a);
//void LCD_WRITENIBBLE(uint8_t n);
```

```
#endif /* _LCD_H_ */
```

USART

```
#include <xc.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include "USART.h"
void Conf_TXR(void);
void Conf_RXT(void);
void Conf_TXR(void){
   TXSTAbits.SYNC = 0;
   TXSTAbits.TXEN = 1;
   TXSTAbits.BRGH = 1;
   TXSTAbits.TX9 = 0;
   BAUDCTLbits.BRG16 = 0;
   SPBRG = 25;
void Conf_RXT(void){
    RCSTAbits.SPEN = 1;
    RCSTAbits.CREN = 1;
   RCSTAbits.FERR = 0;
   RCSTAbits.OERR = 0;
   RCSTAbits.RX9 = 0;
    PIE1bits.RCIE = 1;
void TRANSMITIR(char *VAL){
    TXREG = 0x2E;
```

```
/*
 * File:
 * Author: RODRIGO GARCIA
 * Comments:
 * Revision history:
 */
// This is a guard condition so that contents of this file are not included
```

```
// more than once.
#ifndef _USART_
#define _USART_
#include <xc.h> // include processor files - each processor file is guarded.
#include <stdint.h>

void Conf_TXR(void);
void Conf_RXT(void);
void TRANSMITIR(char *VAL);
#endif /* XC_HEADER_TEMPLATE_H */
```

ADC

```
/*
  * File:
  * Author: RODRIGO GARCIA
  * Comments:
  * Revision history:
  */

// This is a guard condition so that contents of this file are not included
// more than once.
#ifndef _ADC_H_
#define _ADC_H_
#define _ADC_H_
#include <xc.h> // include processor files - each processor file is guarded.
#include<stdint.h>

void initADC(uint8_t free, uint8_t can);
#endif /* XC_HEADER_TEMPLATE_H */
```

```
/*
 * File: Contador.c
 * Author: RODRIGO GARCIA
 *
 * Created on 1 de febrero de 2021, 09:52 PM
 */
```

```
INCLUIR LIBRERIAS CREADAS
#include <xc.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <pic16f887.h>
#include "ADC.h"
void initADC(uint8_t frec, uint8_t can){
    switch(frec){
        case 0:
         ADCONObits.ADCS = 0b00; //FOSC/2
        break;
        case 1:
         ADCONObits.ADCS = 0b01; //FOSC/8
        break;
        case 2:
         ADCON@bits.ADCS = @b10; //FOSC/32
        break;
        case 3:
         ADCONObits.ADCS = 0b11; //FRc (500kHz)
        break;
        default:
         ADCONObits.ADCS = 0b00;
        break;
    switch(can){
        case 0:
         ADCONObits.CHS = 0b0000; //CANAL ANO
        break;
        case 1:
         ADCONObits.CHS = 0b0001; //CANAL AN1
        break;
        case 2:
        ADCONObits.CHS = 0b0010; //CANAL AN2
        break;
        case 3:
         ADCONObits.CHS = 0b0011; //CANAL AN3
        break;
        case 4:
         ADCONObits.CHS = 0b0100; //CANAL AN4
        break;
        case 5:
```

```
ADCONObits.CHS = 0b0101; //CANAL AN5
   break;
    case 6:
     ADCONObits.CHS = 0b0110; //CANAL AN6
   break;
    case 7:
     ADCONObits.CHS = 0b0111; //CANAL AN7
    break;
   case 8:
    ADCONObits.CHS = 0b1000; //CANAL AN8
   case 9:
    ADCONObits.CHS = 0b1001; //CANAL AN9
   break;
   case 10:
    ADCONObits.CHS = 0b1010; //CANAL AN10
   break;
   case 11:
    ADCONObits.CHS = 0b1011; //CANAL AN11
   break;
   case 12:
    ADCONObits.CHS = 0b1100; //CANAL AN12
   break;
   case 13:
    ADCONObits.CHS = 0b1101; //CANAL AN13
   case 14:
    ADCONObits.CHS = 0b1110; //CVref
   break;
   case 15:
    ADCONObits.CHS = 0b1111; //Fixed Ref
   break;
   default:
    ADCONObits.CHS = 0b0000;
   break;
ADCONObits.GO = 0; //CONVERSIÓN STATUS BIT EN 0
ADCONObits.ADON = 1; //ENABLE BIT DEL ADC EN 1
ADCON1=1;
```

OSCILADOR

```
/*
* File:
```

```
* Author: RODRIGO GARCÍA
 * Comments:
 * Revision history:
// This is a quard condition so that contents of this file are not included
// more than once.
#ifndef __OSCILADOR_H_
#define __OSCILADOR_H_
#pragma config FOSC = INTRC_NOCLKOUT// Oscillator Selection bits (INTOSCIO o
scillator: I/O function on RA6/OSC2/CLKOUT pin, I/O function on RA7/OSC1/CLK
#include <xc.h> // include processor files - each processor file is guarded.
#include<stdint.h>
// Prototipo de la función para inicializar Oscilador Interno
// Parametros: Opción de frecuencia a utilizar ver pág. 62 Manual
void initOsc(uint8_t frec);
#endif /* XC_HEADER_TEMPLATE_H */
 * File: Oscilador.c
* Author: RODRIGO GARCIA
* Author Original: Pedro Mazariegos
 * Repositorio de GitHUB de el: https://github.com/pdmazariegos-
uvq/ie3027/tree/master/Ejemplos
 * Created on 1 de febrero de 2021, 10:52 PM
#include <stdint.h>
#include <pic16f887.h>
#include "Oscilador.h"
// Función para inicializar Oscilador Interno
// Parametros: Opción de frecuencia a utilizar ver pág. 62 Manual
```

// 31 KHz

void initOsc(uint8_t frec){

switch(frec){
 case 0:

```
OSCCONbits.IRCF0 = 0;
       OSCCONbits.IRCF1 = 0;
       OSCCONbits.IRCF2 = 0;
       break;
    case 1:
                                       // 125 KHz
       OSCCONbits.IRCF0 = 1;
       OSCCONbits.IRCF1 = 0;
       OSCCONbits.IRCF2 = 0;
       break;
        * Acá se debería de programar para todas las demás
         * frecuencias, colocando un caso por cada una de
         * las opciones que tiene el microcontrolador
    case 7:
       OSCCONbits.IRCF0 = 1;
       OSCCONbits.IRCF1 = 1;
       OSCCONbits.IRCF2 = 1;
       break;
    case 8:
       OSCCONbits.IRCF0 = 0;
       OSCCONbits.IRCF1 = 1;
       OSCCONbits.IRCF2 = 1;
       break;
OSCCONbits.SCS = 1; // Se utilizará el reloj interno para el sistem
```