Lab
10.1 - Weighted Least Squares (WLS)
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Factor Analysis ED 216B - Instructor: Karen Nylund-Gibson

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Contents

1	Get	tting started: Rprojects, Rmarkdown, Git-Github	2				
2 Steps to download repositories from Github and create a version controlled R-p							
3	Outline						
	3.1	When to use the Weighted Least Squared (WSL) method?	3				
	3.2	How to specify the Robust WSL estimator (WLSMV) in Mplus	3				
	3.3	Interpretation of χ^2 with WLS estimator	3				
4	Pre	epare data	4				
	4.1	Read in data	4				
	4.2	Reverse code for factor interpretation	4				
	4.3	Check correlations of science indicators	4				
5	Мо	del 0 - Exploratory Factor Analysis (EFA) with WLS Estimator	5				
6	\mathbf{BE}	GIN: SINGLE GROUP INVARIANCE MODELS	6				
7	Мо	del 1 - Confirmatory Factor Analysis (CFA) - Full Sample	6				
8	Мо	del 2 - CFA for group SEX = 0 (Male)	7				
9	Mo	del 3 - CFA for group SEX = 1 (Female)	8				
10		GIN: MULTI-GROUP INVARIANCE MODELS	9				
	10.1	How does update() work with MplusAutomation?	9				
11	Mo	del 4 - Configural Invariance:	9				
12	Mo	del 5 - Metric Invariance:	11				

13 Model 6 - Scalar Invariance:	13						
14 Model 7 - Strict Invariance:							
15 Model 8 - Structural Invariance (using scalar model):							
16 Create and customize tables using the package {gt}							
16.1 Read into R summary of all models	19						
16.2 Extract relevant data and generate table	19						
16.3 Save table	20						
16.4 How to use DIFFTEST?	21						
17 End of Lab 10	21						
18 References	21						

1 Getting started: Rprojects, Rmarkdown, Git-Github

- R-studio, R-Projects, Scripts: Go here
- Rmarkdown basics tutorial: Go here (also chapters 3 and 4 from above link) here
- Connect Git-Hithub with R-studio and download Repositories: Go here

2 Steps to download repositories from Github and create a version controlled R-project

- 0. Create a Github account and connect R-Studio with Git
- 1. Go to the Lab10 repository link to **Fork** and **Clone** (copy address) the repository:
- 2. Within R-studio create a **New project** and choose the **Version Control** Option (Git)
- 3. Paste the repository address copied (cloned) from Github and save locally on your computer
- 4. After making changes in your branch of the repository to update the version on Github follow the following sequence of steps: Stage, Commit (add commit message), Pull, and then Push

3 Outline

- Prepare data
- EFA (model 0)
- CFA (models 1-3)
- Invariance (models 4-7)

• Generate summary table for model comparison

DATA SOURCE: This lab exercise utilizes a subset of the HSLS public-use dataset: High School Longitudinal Study of 2009 (Ingels et al., 2011) See website: nces.ed.gov

FURTHER READING: A description of the models run in this lab exercise can be found in chapter 16 (page 411) in Kline, 2016. All specifications for invariance with the WLS estimator follow the recomendations found in this book. Example Mplus Syntax

3.1 When to use the Weighted Least Squared (WSL) method?

- 1. you have ordinal indicators (e.g., Likert scales)
- 2. you have categorical indicators (e.g., binary, or nominal)
- 3. you have a combination of ordinal, categorical, and/or continuous indicators
- 4. you have skewed continuous indicators

3.2 How to specify the Robust WSL estimator (WLSMV) in Mplus

Include the following lines of syntax:

- categorical = X1 X2 X3...; identify any categorical indicators
- estimator = wlsmv;
- parameterization = theta; to allow for error variances to be freely estimated across groups

3.3 Interpretation of χ^2 with WLS estimator

- Cannot do normal chi-square difference tests (use the DIFFTEST option)
- The scaled Satorra-Bentler correction is required

```
# load packages
library(MplusAutomation)
library(haven)
library(rhdf5)
library(tidyverse)
library(here)
library(corrplot)
library(xableExtra)
library(reshape2)
library(semPlot)
library(gt)
```

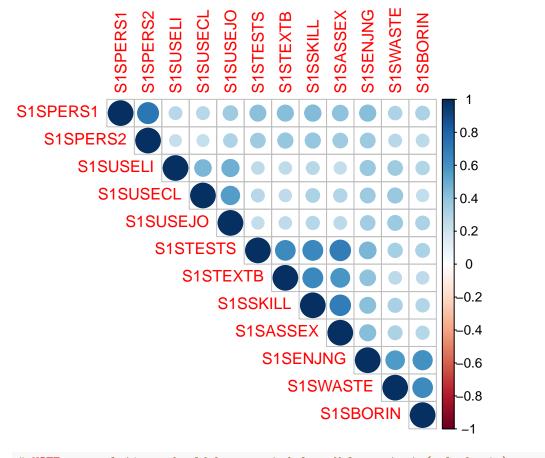
4 Prepare data

4.1 Read in data

```
data_raw <- read_csv(here("data", "hsls_fa_data_subset.csv"))</pre>
```

4.2 Reverse code for factor interpretation

4.3 Check correlations of science indicators



NOTE: correlations should be reported from Mplus output (polychoric)
the matrix estimated using "cor()" are not polychoric correlations

5 Model 0 - Exploratory Factor Analysis (EFA) with WLS Estimator

```
m.step0 <- mplusObject(
  TITLE = " WSL FACTOR ANALYSIS EFA - HSLS SCIENCE DEMO",
  VARIABLE =
  "usevar =
  S1SPERS1 S1SPERS2 S1SUSELI S1SUSECL
  S1SUSEJO S1STESTS S1STEXTB S1SSKILL
  S1SASSEX S1SENJNG S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;

categorical =
  S1SPERS1 S1SPERS2 S1SUSELI S1SUSECL
  S1SUSEJO S1STESTS S1STEXTB S1SSKILL
  S1SASSEX S1SENJNG S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;",</pre>
```

6 BEGIN: SINGLE GROUP INVARIANCE MODELS

7 Model 1 - Confirmatory Factor Analysis (CFA) - Full Sample

```
m.step1 <- mplusObject(</pre>
 TITLE = " WSL FACTOR ANALYSIS CFA - HSLS SCIENCE DEMO",
 VARIABLE =
 "usevar =
 S1SPERS1 S1SPERS2 S1SUSELI S1SUSECL
S1SUSEJO S1STESTS S1STEXTB S1SSKILL
 S1SASSEX S1SENJNG S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;
 categorical =
 S1SPERS1 S1SPERS2 S1SUSELI S1SUSECL
 S1SUSEJO S1STESTS S1STEXTB S1SSKILL
 S1SASSEX S1SENJNG S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;",
 ANALYSIS =
 "estimator=wlsmv;
 parameterization=theta; ",
    MODEL =
 "SCI_ID BY S1SPERS1* S1SPERS2;
 SCI_ID@1;
  SCI_UT BY S1SUSELI* S1SUSECL S1SUSEJO;
```

8 Model 2 - CFA for group SEX = 0 (Male)

```
m.step2 <- mplusObject(</pre>
 TITLE = " WSL FACTOR ANALYSIS CFA MALE GROUP SCIENCE",
 VARIABLE =
 "usevar =
S1SPERS1 S1SPERS2 S1SUSELI S1SUSECL
S1SUSEJO S1STESTS S1STEXTB S1SSKILL
S1SASSEX S1SENJNG S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;
 categorical =
S1SPERS1 S1SPERS2 S1SUSELI S1SUSECL
S1SUSEJO S1STESTS S1STEXTB S1SSKILL
S1SASSEX S1SENJNG S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;
 !X1SEX (1 = MALE, 2 = FEMALE)
USEOBS = X1SEX == 1;",
 ANALYSIS =
  "estimator=wlsmv; parameterization=theta;",
    MODEL =
 "SCI_ID BY S1SPERS1* S1SPERS2;
 SCI_ID@1;
 SCI_UT BY S1SUSELI* S1SUSECL S1SUSEJO;
```

9 Model 3 - CFA for group SEX = 1 (Female)

```
m.step3 <- mplusObject(</pre>
  TITLE = " WSL FACTOR ANALYSIS CFA - FEMALE GROUP SCIENCE",
  VARIABLE =
 "usevar =
 S1SPERS1 S1SPERS2 S1SUSELI S1SUSECL
 S1SUSEJO S1STESTS S1STEXTB S1SSKILL
S1SASSEX S1SENJNG S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;
 categorical =
 S1SPERS1 S1SPERS2 S1SUSELI S1SUSECL
 S1SUSEJO S1STESTS S1STEXTB S1SSKILL
 S1SASSEX S1SENJNG S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;
 !X1SEX (1 = MALE, 2 = FEMALE)
 USEOBS = X1SEX==2;",
  ANALYSIS = "estimator=wlsmv; parameterization=theta;",
    MODEL =
 "SCI_ID BY S1SPERS1* S1SPERS2;
  SCI_ID@1;
  SCI_UT BY S1SUSELI* S1SUSECL S1SUSEJO;
  SCI_UT@1;
  SCI_EFF BY S1STESTS* S1STEXTB S1SSKILL S1SASSEX;
```

10 BEGIN: MULTI-GROUP INVARIANCE MODELS

10.1 How does update() work with MplusAutomation?

- Instead of copying the whole model above and altering one line of syntax we can use the update() model function.
- A key advantage of this is that it highlights changes in code which otherwise might be easy to overlook.
- tilde (~) will replace everything in that section of the input.
- tilde-dot-plus (~.+) will update the section by adding the specified code into that section.

This coding strategy although space-efficient was not utilized for following models. Rather, code is made explicit for pedagogy.

11 Model 4 - Configural Invariance:

- free item loadings
- free intercepts
- free residuals (group 2)

Number of parameters for configural model = 108

- 16 item loadings (8 free loadings by 2 groups = 16)
- 56 intercepts (36*2groups 16 fixed = 56)
- 12 residual variances

- 12 factor co-variances
- 04 factor means
- 08 factor variances

m.step4 <- mplusObject(</pre> TITLE = " WSL FACTOR ANALYSIS - CONFIGURAL", VARIABLE = "usevar = S1SPERS1 S1SPERS2 S1SUSELI S1SUSECL S1SUSEJO S1STESTS S1STEXTB S1SSKILL S1SASSEX S1SENJNG S1SWASTE S1SBORIN; categorical = S1SPERS1 S1SPERS2 S1SUSELI S1SUSECL S1SUSEJO S1STESTS S1STEXTB S1SSKILL S1SASSEX S1SENJNG S1SWASTE S1SBORIN; grouping = X1SEX (1=MALE 2=FEMALE);", ANALYSIS = "estimator=wlsmv; parameterization=theta;", MODEL = "SCI_ID BY S1SPERS1@1 S1SPERS2; SCI_UT BY S1SUSELI@1 S1SUSECL S1SUSEJO; SCI_EFF BY S1STESTS@1 S1STEXTB S1SSKILL S1SASSEX ; SCI_INT BY S1SENJNG@1 S1SWASTE S1SBORIN; ! threshold 1 for each item is constrained across groups ! one additional threshold constrained across groups for the identification variable (ULI) [S1SPERS1\$1](f1_11); [S1SPERS1\$2](f1_12); [S1SPERS1\$3]; [S1SPERS2\$1](f1_21); [S1SPERS2\$2] ; [S1SPERS2\$3]; [S1SUSELI\$1](f2_11); [S1SUSELI\$2](f2_12); [S1SUSELI\$3]; [S1SUSECL\$1](f2_21); [S1SUSECL\$2] ; [S1SUSECL\$3]; [S1SUSEJO\$1](f2_31); [S1SUSEJO\$2] ; [S1SUSEJO\$3]; [S1STESTS\$1](f3_11); [S1STESTS\$2](f3_12); [S1STESTS\$3]; $[S1STEXTB\$1] (f3_21); \quad [S1STEXTB\$2] \qquad ; \quad [S1STEXTB\$3] ;$ [S1SSKILL\$1](f3_31); [S1SSKILL\$2] ; [S1SSKILL\$3]; [S1SASSEX\$1](f3_41); [S1SASSEX\$2] ; [S1SASSEX\$3]; [S1SENJNG\$1](f4_11); [S1SENJNG\$2](f4_12); [S1SENJNG\$3]; $[S1SWASTE\$1] (f4_21); \quad [S1SWASTE\$2] \qquad \qquad ; \quad [S1SWASTE\$3] ;$; [S1SBORIN\$3] ; [S1SBORIN\$1](f4_31); [S1SBORIN\$2] [SCI_ID-SCI_INT@0]; ! factor means are fixed to 0 in group 1 SCI_ID-SCI_INT; ! factor variances are free in group 1 S1SPERS1-S1SBORING1; ! residual variances are fixed to 1 in group 1 MODEL FEMALE: SCI_ID BY S1SPERS1@1 S1SPERS2; SCI UT BY S1SUSELI@1 S1SUSECL S1SUSEJO; SCI_EFF BY S1STESTS@1 S1STEXTB S1SSKILL S1SASSEX ; SCI INT BY S1SENJNG@1 S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;

```
[S1SPERS1$1](f1_11);
                      [S1SPERS1$2](f1_12); [S1SPERS1$3];
 [S1SPERS2$1](f1_21); [S1SPERS2$2] ;
                                           [S1SPERS2$3] ;
 [S1SUSELI$1](f2 11); [S1SUSELI$2](f2 12); [S1SUSELI$3];
 [S1SUSECL$1](f2_21); [S1SUSECL$2] ; [S1SUSECL$3]
 [S1SUSEJ0$1](f2_31); [S1SUSEJ0$2]
                                        ; [S1SUSEJ0$3]
 [S1STESTS$1](f3_11); [S1STESTS$2](f3_12); [S1STESTS$3]
 [S1STEXTB$1](f3_21); [S1STEXTB$2] ; [S1STEXTB$3]
                                        ; [S1SSKILL$3] ;
 [S1SSKILL$1](f3 31); [S1SSKILL$2]
 [S1SASSEX$1](f3 41); [S1SASSEX$2]
                                       ; [S1SASSEX$3] ;
 [S1SENJNG$1](f4_11); [S1SENJNG$2](f4_12); [S1SENJNG$3];
 [S1SWASTE$1](f4_21); [S1SWASTE$2]
                                   ; [S1SWASTE$3] ;
 [S1SBORIN$1](f4_31); [S1SBORIN$2]
                                        ; [S1SBORIN$3] ;
[SCI_ID-SCI_INT];
                      ! factor means are free in group 2
SCI_ID-SCI_INT;
                       ! factor variances are free in group 2
S1SPERS1-S1SBORIN;
                      ! residual variances are free in group 2
savedata: DIFFTEST=diff_1_2.dat;",
 usevariables = colnames(hsls data),
 rdata = hsls data)
m.step4.fit <- mplusModeler(m.step4,</pre>
                           dataout=here("wls_invar", "m4_configural_wls.dat"),
                           modelout=here("wls_invar", "m4_configural_wls.inp"),
                           check=TRUE, run = TRUE, hashfilename = FALSE)
```

12 Model 5 - Metric Invariance:

• item loadings (set to equal)

- free intercepts
- free residuals (group 2)

- 08 item loadings (8 free loadings)
- 56 intercepts (36*2groups 16 fixed = 56)
- 12 residual variances
- 12 factor co-variances
- 04 factor means
- 08 factor variances

```
m.step5 <- mplusObject(</pre>
 TITLE = "WSL FACTOR ANALYSIS - METRIC",
 VARIABLE =
 "usevar =
 S1SPERS1 S1SPERS2 S1SUSELI S1SUSECL
 S1SUSEJO S1STESTS S1STEXTB S1SSKILL
 S1SASSEX S1SENJNG S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;
  categorical =
 S1SPERS1 S1SPERS2 S1SUSELI S1SUSECL
 S1SUSEJO S1STESTS S1STEXTB S1SSKILL
 S1SASSEX S1SENJNG S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;
 grouping = X1SEX (1=MALE 2=FEMALE);",
 ANALYSIS = "estimator=wlsmv; parameterization=theta;",
 MODEL =
 "SCI_ID BY S1SPERS101 S1SPERS2;
 SCI_UT BY S1SUSELI@1 S1SUSECL S1SUSEJO;
 SCI_EFF BY S1STESTS@1 S1STEXTB S1SSKILL S1SASSEX ;
 SCI_INT BY S1SENJNG@1 S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;
 ! threshold 1 for each item is constrained across groups
 ! one additional threshold constrained across groups for the identification variable (ULI)
 [S1SPERS1$1](f1 11); [S1SPERS1$2](f1 12); [S1SPERS1$3];
 [S1SPERS2$1](f1_21); [S1SPERS2$2] ; [S1SPERS2$3];
 [S1SUSELI$1](f2_11); [S1SUSELI$2](f2_12); [S1SUSELI$3];
 [S1SUSECL$1] (f2_21); [S1SUSECL$2] ; [S1SUSECL$3] ;
 [S1SUSEJ0$1](f2_31); [S1SUSEJ0$2]
                                        ; [S1SUSEJO$3] ;
 [S1STESTS$1](f3_11); [S1STESTS$2](f3_12); [S1STESTS$3];
[S1STEXTB$1](f3_21); [S1STEXTB$2] ; [S1STEXTB$3];
[S1SSKILL$1](f3_31); [S1SSKILL$2] ; [S1SSKILL$3]; [S1SASSEX$1](f3_41); [S1SASSEX$2] ; [S1SASSEX$3];
 [S1SENJNG$1](f4_11); [S1SENJNG$2](f4_12); [S1SENJNG$3];
 [S1SWASTE$1] (f4_21); [S1SWASTE$2] ; [S1SWASTE$3];
 [S1SBORIN$1](f4_31); [S1SBORIN$2]
                                        ; [S1SBORIN$3] ;
 [SCI_ID-SCI_INT@0]; ! factor means are fixed to 0 in group 1
 SCI_ID-SCI_INT;     ! factor variances are free in group 1
S1SPERS1-S1SBORIN@1; ! residual variances are fixed to 1 in group 1
MODEL FEMALE:
 ! ***NEW TO METRIC INV*** (comment out to hold loadings equal)
 !SCI_ID BY S1SPERS101 S1SPERS2;
 !SCI_UT BY S1SUSELI@1 S1SUSECL S1SUSEJO;
 !SCI_EFF BY S1STESTS@1 S1STEXTB S1SSKILL S1SASSEX ;
 !SCI_INT BY S1SENJNG@1 S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;
 [S1SPERS1$1](f1_11); [S1SPERS1$2](f1_12); [S1SPERS1$3];
 [S1SPERS2$1](f1_21); [S1SPERS2$2] ; [S1SPERS2$3];
 [S1SUSELI$1](f2_11); [S1SUSELI$2](f2_12); [S1SUSELI$3];
```

```
[S1SUSECL$1](f2_21); [S1SUSECL$2]
                                           ; [S1SUSECL$3]
 [S1SUSEJ0$1](f2_31); [S1SUSEJ0$2]
                                           ; [S1SUSEJ0$3]
 [S1STESTS$1](f3_11); [S1STESTS$2](f3_12); [S1STESTS$3];
 [S1STEXTB$1](f3_21); [S1STEXTB$2]
                                          ; [S1STEXTB$3] ;
 [S1SSKILL$1](f3_31); [S1SSKILL$2]
                                           ; [S1SSKILL$3] ;
                                      ; [S1SASSEX$3]
 [S1SASSEX$1](f3_41); [S1SASSEX$2]
 [S1SENJNG$1](f4_11); [S1SENJNG$2](f4_12); [S1SENJNG$3];
                                       ; [S1SWASTE$3] :
 [S1SWASTE$1](f4 21); [S1SWASTE$2]
 [S1SBORIN$1](f4_31); [S1SBORIN$2]
                                              [S1SBORIN$3];
[SCI_ID-SCI_INT];     ! factor means are free in group 2
SCI_ID-SCI_INT; ! factor variances are free in group 2
S1SPERS1-S1SBORIN; ! residual variances are free in group 2
savedata: DIFFTEST=diff_2_3.dat;",
  usevariables = colnames(hsls_data),
  rdata = hsls_data)
m.step5.fit <- mplusModeler(m.step5,</pre>
                             dataout=here("wls_invar", "m5_metric_wls.dat"),
                             modelout=here("wls_invar", "m5_metric_wls.inp"),
                             check=TRUE, run = TRUE, hashfilename = FALSE)
```

13 Model 6 - Scalar Invariance:

- item loadings (set to equal)
- intercepts (set to equal)
- free residuals (group 2)

- 08 item loadings (8 free loadings)
- 36 intercepts
- 12 residual variances
- 12 factor co-variances
- 04 factor means
- 08 factor variances

```
m.step6 <- mplusObject(
  TITLE = "WSL FACTOR ANALYSIS - SCALAR",
  VARIABLE =
  "usevar =</pre>
```

```
S1SPERS1 S1SPERS2 S1SUSELI S1SUSECL
 S1SUSEJO S1STESTS S1STEXTB S1SSKILL
 S1SASSEX S1SENJNG S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;
 categorical =
 S1SPERS1 S1SPERS2 S1SUSELI S1SUSECL
 S1SUSEJO S1STESTS S1STEXTB S1SSKILL
 S1SASSEX S1SENJNG S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;
 grouping = X1SEX (1=MALE 2=FEMALE);",
 ANALYSIS = "estimator=wlsmv; parameterization=theta;",
 MODEL =
"SCI_ID BY S1SPERS1@1 S1SPERS2;
 SCI_UT BY S1SUSELI@1 S1SUSECL S1SUSEJO;
 SCI_EFF BY S1STESTS@1 S1STEXTB S1SSKILL S1SASSEX ;
 SCI_INT BY S1SENJNG@1 S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;
! ***NEW TO SCALAR INV*** (all thresholds set to equality)
[S1SPERS1$1](f1_11); [S1SPERS1$2](f1_12); [S1SPERS1$3](f1_13);
[S1SPERS2$1](f1_21); [S1SPERS2$2](f1_22); [S1SPERS2$3](f1_23);
[S1SUSELI$1](f2_11); [S1SUSELI$2](f2_12); [S1SUSELI$3](f2_13);
[S1SUSECL$1](f2_21); [S1SUSECL$2](f2_22); [S1SUSECL$3](f2_23);
[S1SUSEJ0$1](f2_31); [S1SUSEJ0$2](f2_32); [S1SUSEJ0$3](f2_33);
[S1STESTS$1](f3_11); [S1STESTS$2](f3_12); [S1STESTS$3](f3_13);
[S1STEXTB$1](f3_21); [S1STEXTB$2](f3_22); [S1STEXTB$3](f3_23);
[S1SSKILL$1](f3_31); [S1SSKILL$2](f3_32); [S1SSKILL$3](f3_33);
[S1SASSEX$1](f3_41); [S1SASSEX$2](f3_42); [S1SASSEX$3](f3_43);
[S1SENJNG$1](f4_11); [S1SENJNG$2](f4_12); [S1SENJNG$3](f4_13);
[S1SWASTE$1](f4_21); [S1SWASTE$2](f4_22); [S1SWASTE$3](f4_23);
[S1SBORIN$1](f4_31); [S1SBORIN$2](f4_32); [S1SBORIN$3](f4_33);
[SCI_ID-SCI_INT@0]; ! factor means are fixed to 0 in group 1
SCI ID-SCI INT; ! factor variances are free in group 1
S1SPERS1-S1SBORIN01; ! residual variances are fixed to 1 in group 1
MODEL FEMALE:
!SCI ID BY S1SPERS1@1 S1SPERS2;
!SCI_UT BY S1SUSELI@1 S1SUSECL S1SUSEJO;
!SCI_EFF BY S1STESTS@1 S1STEXTB S1SSKILL S1SASSEX ;
!SCI_INT BY S1SENJNG@1 S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;
! ***NEW TO SCALAR INV*** (all thresholds set to equality)
[S1SPERS1$1](f1_11); [S1SPERS1$2](f1_12); [S1SPERS1$3](f1_13);
[S1SPERS2$1](f1_21); [S1SPERS2$2](f1_22); [S1SPERS2$3](f1_23);
[S1SUSELI$1](f2_11); [S1SUSELI$2](f2_12); [S1SUSELI$3](f2_13);
[S1SUSECL$1](f2_21); [S1SUSECL$2](f2_22); [S1SUSECL$3](f2_23);
[S1SUSEJ0$1](f2_31); [S1SUSEJ0$2](f2_32); [S1SUSEJ0$3](f2_33);
[S1STESTS$1](f3_11); [S1STESTS$2](f3_12); [S1STESTS$3](f3_13);
[S1STEXTB$1](f3_21); [S1STEXTB$2](f3_22); [S1STEXTB$3](f3_23);
[S1SSKILL$1](f3_31); [S1SSKILL$2](f3_32); [S1SSKILL$3](f3_33);
```

```
[S1SASSEX$1](f3_41); [S1SASSEX$2](f3_42); [S1SASSEX$3](f3_43);
 [S1SENJNG$1](f4_11); [S1SENJNG$2](f4_12); [S1SENJNG$3](f4_13);
 [S1SWASTE$1](f4_21); [S1SWASTE$2](f4_22); [S1SWASTE$3](f4_23);
 [S1SBORIN$1](f4_31); [S1SBORIN$2](f4_32); [S1SBORIN$3](f4_33);
[SCI_ID-SCI_INT];
                       ! factor means are free in group 2
SCI_ID-SCI_INT;
                       ! factor variances are free in group 2
S1SPERS1-S1SBORIN;
                      ! residual variances are free in group 2
savedata: DIFFTEST=diff_3_4.dat;",
 usevariables = colnames(hsls_data),
 rdata = hsls_data)
m.step6.fit <- mplusModeler(m.step6,</pre>
                           dataout=here("wls_invar", "m6_scalar_wls.dat"),
                           modelout=here("wls_invar", "m6_scalar_wls.inp"),
                            check=TRUE, run = TRUE, hashfilename = FALSE)
```

14 Model 7 - Strict Invariance:

- item loadings (set to equal)
- intercepts (set to equal)
- residuals (fixed to 1)

- 08 item loadings (8 free loadings)
- 36 intercepts
- 00 residual variances
- 12 factor co-variances
- 04 factor means
- 08 factor variances

```
m.step7 <- mplusObject(
  TITLE = "WSL FACTOR ANALYSIS - STRICT",
  VARIABLE =
  "usevar =
  S1SPERS1 S1SPERS2 S1SUSELI S1SUSECL
  S1SUSEJO S1STESTS S1STEXTB S1SSKILL
  S1SASSEX S1SENJNG S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;
  categorical =</pre>
```

```
S1SPERS1 S1SPERS2 S1SUSELI S1SUSECL
 S1SUSEJO S1STESTS S1STEXTB S1SSKILL
 S1SASSEX S1SENJNG S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;
 grouping = X1SEX (1=MALE 2=FEMALE);",
 ANALYSIS = "estimator=wlsmv; parameterization=theta;",
 MODEL =
 "SCI_ID BY S1SPERS1@1 S1SPERS2;
 SCI_UT BY S1SUSELI@1 S1SUSECL S1SUSEJO;
 SCI_EFF BY S1STESTS@1 S1STEXTB S1SSKILL S1SASSEX ;
 SCI_INT BY S1SENJNG@1 S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;
 [S1SPERS1$1](f1_11); [S1SPERS1$2](f1_12); [S1SPERS1$3](f1_13);
 [S1SPERS2$1](f1_21); [S1SPERS2$2](f1_22); [S1SPERS2$3](f1_23);
 [S1SUSELI$1](f2_11); [S1SUSELI$2](f2_12); [S1SUSELI$3](f2_13);
 [S1SUSECL$1](f2_21); [S1SUSECL$2](f2_22); [S1SUSECL$3](f2_23);
 [S1SUSEJO$1](f2_31); [S1SUSEJO$2](f2_32); [S1SUSEJO$3](f2_33);
 [S1STESTS$1](f3_11); [S1STESTS$2](f3_12); [S1STESTS$3](f3_13);
 [S1STEXTB$1](f3_21); [S1STEXTB$2](f3_22); [S1STEXTB$3](f3_23);
 [S1SSKILL$1](f3_31); [S1SSKILL$2](f3_32); [S1SSKILL$3](f3_33);
 [S1SASSEX$1](f3_41); [S1SASSEX$2](f3_42); [S1SASSEX$3](f3_43);
 [S1SENJNG$1](f4_11); [S1SENJNG$2](f4_12); [S1SENJNG$3](f4_13);
 [S1SWASTE$1](f4_21); [S1SWASTE$2](f4_22); [S1SWASTE$3](f4_23);
 [S1SBORIN$1](f4 31); [S1SBORIN$2](f4 32); [S1SBORIN$3](f4 33);
 [SCI_ID-SCI_INT@0]; ! factor means are fixed to 0 in group 1
SCI_ID-SCI_INT;
                      ! factor variances are free in group 1
S1SPERS1-S1SBORIN@1; ! residual variances are fixed to 1 in group 1
MODEL FEMALE:
 !SCI_ID BY S1SPERS101 S1SPERS2;
 !SCI UT BY S1SUSELI@1 S1SUSECL S1SUSEJO;
 !SCI_EFF BY S1STESTS@1 S1STEXTB S1SSKILL S1SASSEX ;
 !SCI_INT BY S1SENJNG@1 S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;
 [S1SPERS1$1](f1 11); [S1SPERS1$2](f1 12); [S1SPERS1$3](f1 13);
 [S1SPERS2$1](f1_21); [S1SPERS2$2](f1_22); [S1SPERS2$3](f1_23);
 [S1SUSELI$1](f2_11); [S1SUSELI$2](f2_12); [S1SUSELI$3](f2_13);
 [S1SUSECL$1](f2_21); [S1SUSECL$2](f2_22); [S1SUSECL$3](f2_23);
 [S1SUSEJ0$1](f2_31); [S1SUSEJ0$2](f2_32); [S1SUSEJ0$3](f2_33);
 [S1STESTS$1](f3_11); [S1STESTS$2](f3_12); [S1STESTS$3](f3_13);
 [S1STEXTB$1](f3_21); [S1STEXTB$2](f3_22); [S1STEXTB$3](f3_23);
 [S1SSKILL$1](f3_31); [S1SSKILL$2](f3_32); [S1SSKILL$3](f3_33);
 [S1SASSEX$1](f3_41); [S1SASSEX$2](f3_42); [S1SASSEX$3](f3_43);
 [S1SENJNG$1](f4_11); [S1SENJNG$2](f4_12); [S1SENJNG$3](f4_13);
 [S1SWASTE$1](f4_21); [S1SWASTE$2](f4_22); [S1SWASTE$3](f4_23);
 [S1SBORIN$1](f4_31); [S1SBORIN$2](f4_32); [S1SBORIN$3](f4_33);
[SCI_ID-SCI_INT]; ! factor means are free in group 2
SCI_ID-SCI_INT;
                      ! factor variances are free in group 2
```

15 Model 8 - Structural Invariance (using scalar model):

- item loadings (set to equal)
- intercepts (set to equal)
- free residuals (in group 2)
- factor variances (set to equal)
- factor covariances (set to equal)

- 08 item loadings (8 free loadings)
- 36 intercepts
- 12 residual variances
- 06 factor co-variances (set to equal)
- 04 factor means
- 04 factor variances (set to equal)

```
m.step8 <- mplusObject(
  TITLE = "WSL FACTOR ANALYSIS - STRICT",
  VARIABLE =
  "usevar =
  S1SPERS1 S1SPERS2 S1SUSELI S1SUSECL
  S1SUSEJO S1STESTS S1STEXTB S1SSKILL
  S1SASSEX S1SENJNG S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;
  categorical =
  S1SPERS1 S1SPERS2 S1SUSELI S1SUSECL
  S1SUSEJO S1STESTS S1STEXTB S1SSKILL
  S1SASSEX S1SENJNG S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;</pre>
```

```
grouping = X1SEX (1=MALE 2=FEMALE);",
 ANALYSIS = "estimator=wlsmv; parameterization=theta;",
MODEL =
"SCI ID BY S1SPERS101 S1SPERS2;
 SCI_UT BY S1SUSELI@1 S1SUSECL S1SUSEJO;
 SCI EFF BY S1STESTS@1 S1STEXTB S1SSKILL S1SASSEX ;
 SCI INT BY S1SENJNG@1 S1SWASTE S1SBORIN;
[S1SPERS1$1](f1_11); [S1SPERS1$2](f1_12); [S1SPERS1$3](f1_13);
[S1SPERS2$1](f1_21); [S1SPERS2$2](f1_22); [S1SPERS2$3](f1_23);
[S1SUSELI$1](f2_11); [S1SUSELI$2](f2_12); [S1SUSELI$3](f2_13);
[S1SUSECL$1](f2_21); [S1SUSECL$2](f2_22); [S1SUSECL$3](f2_23);
[S1SUSEJ0$1](f2_31); [S1SUSEJ0$2](f2_32); [S1SUSEJ0$3](f2_33);
[S1STESTS$1](f3_11); [S1STESTS$2](f3_12); [S1STESTS$3](f3_13);
[S1STEXTB$1](f3_21); [S1STEXTB$2](f3_22); [S1STEXTB$3](f3_23);
[S1SSKILL$1](f3_31); [S1SSKILL$2](f3_32); [S1SSKILL$3](f3_33);
[S1SASSEX$1](f3_41); [S1SASSEX$2](f3_42); [S1SASSEX$3](f3_43);
[S1SENJNG$1](f4_11); [S1SENJNG$2](f4_12); [S1SENJNG$3](f4_13);
[S1SWASTE$1](f4_21); [S1SWASTE$2](f4_22); [S1SWASTE$3](f4_23);
[S1SBORIN$1](f4_31); [S1SBORIN$2](f4_32); [S1SBORIN$3](f4_33);
[SCI_ID-SCI_INT@0];
                      ! factor means are fixed to 0 in group 1
SCI_ID-SCI_INT (V1-V4); ! factor variances (set to equality)
S1SPERS1-S1SBORIN@1; ! residual variances are fixed to 1 in group 1
! factor covariances set to equality
SCI_ID with SCI_UT-SCI_INT(C1-C3);
SCI_EFF with SCI_ID(C4);
SCI_EFF with SCI_UT(C5);
SCI_UT with SCI_ID (C6);
MODEL FEMALE:
[S1SPERS1$1](f1_11); [S1SPERS1$2](f1_12); [S1SPERS1$3](f1_13);
[S1SPERS2$1](f1_21); [S1SPERS2$2](f1_22); [S1SPERS2$3](f1_23);
[S1SUSELI$1](f2_11); [S1SUSELI$2](f2_12); [S1SUSELI$3](f2_13);
[S1SUSECL$1](f2_21); [S1SUSECL$2](f2_22); [S1SUSECL$3](f2_23);
[S1SUSEJ0$1](f2_31); [S1SUSEJ0$2](f2_32); [S1SUSEJ0$3](f2_33);
[S1STESTS$1](f3_11); [S1STESTS$2](f3_12); [S1STESTS$3](f3_13);
[S1STEXTB$1](f3_21); [S1STEXTB$2](f3_22); [S1STEXTB$3](f3_23);
[S1SSKILL$1](f3_31); [S1SSKILL$2](f3_32); [S1SSKILL$3](f3_33);
[S1SASSEX$1](f3_41); [S1SASSEX$2](f3_42); [S1SASSEX$3](f3_43);
[S1SENJNG$1](f4_11); [S1SENJNG$2](f4_12); [S1SENJNG$3](f4_13);
[S1SWASTE$1](f4_21); [S1SWASTE$2](f4_22); [S1SWASTE$3](f4_23);
[S1SBORIN$1](f4_31); [S1SBORIN$2](f4_32); [S1SBORIN$3](f4_33);
[SCI_ID-SCI_INT]; ! factor means are free in group 2
SCI_ID-SCI_INT (V1-V4); ! factor variances (set to equality)
S1SPERS1-S1SBORIN; ! residual variances are free group 2
! factor covariances set to equality
```

Mean differences: Females are...

```
Means
   SCI_ID
                     -0.866
                                 0.452
                                           -1.914
                                                       0.056
  SCI_UT
                     0.010
                                 0.054
                                                       0.852
                                           0.187
   SCI_EFF
                     -0.577
                                 0.094
                                           -6.149
                                                       0.000
   SCI_INT
                     -0.062
                                 0.094
                                           -0.656
                                                       0.512
```

16 Create and customize tables using the package {gt}

16.1 Read into R summary of all models

```
all_models <- readModels(here("wls_invar"))
```

16.2 Extract relevant data and generate table

```
subtitle = ""
                   # And a subtitle
 ) %>%
 tab_options(
   table.width = pct(80)
 ) %>%
 tab_footnote(
   footnote = "Data from HSLS 2009",
   location = cells_title()
 ) %>%
 data_color(
                            # Update cell colors...
   columns = vars(CFI),
                          # ...for column
   alpha = .5,
   autocolor_text = FALSE,
   colors = scales::col_numeric(
     palette = c(
       "yellow", "blue"), # choose color
     domain = c(.98,.99)) # Scale endpoints (outside will be gray)
   ) %>%
  cols_label(
   Filename = "Model",
   Parameters = "Par",
   ChiSqM_Value = "ChiSq",
   RMSEA_Estimate = "RMSEA",
   RMSEA_90CI_LB = "Lower CI",
   RMSEA_90CI_UB = "Upper CI")
model_table
```

Fit Indices ¹												
Model	Par	ChiSq	CFI	TLI	SRMR	RMSEA	Lower CI	Upper CI				
m1_cfa_wls.out	54	657.141	0.983	0.977	0.028	0.068	0.063	0.073				
m2_cfa_males_wls.out	54	345.034	0.986	0.980	0.027	0.067	0.060	0.074				
m3_cfa_females_wls.out	54	354.320	0.981	0.974	0.032	0.068	0.062	0.075				
m4_configural_wls.out	108	699.033	0.984	0.978	0.030	0.068	0.063	0.072				
m5_metric_wls.out	100	685.895	0.984	0.980	0.030	0.064	0.059	0.068				
m6_scalar_wls.out	80	749.934	0.983	0.982	0.031	0.061	0.057	0.065				
m7_strict_wls.out	68	764.189	0.983	0.984	0.032	0.058	0.054	0.062				
m8_structural_wls.out	72	565.901	0.988	0.988	0.034	0.049	0.045	0.053				
¹ Data from HSLS 2009												

16.3 Save table

```
model_table %>% gtsave("model_fit_table_wls.png", path = here("figures"))
```

16.4 How to use DIFFTEST?

https://stats.idre.ucla.edu/mplus/faq/how-can-i-compute-a-chi-squared-test-for-nested-models-with-the-mlmv-or-wlsmv-estimators-difftest/

17 End of Lab 10

18 References

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