Problema de Transporte: Restricción de Fuente Única *

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Resumen

[TODO]

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[TODO]

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[TODO]

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TODO

 $^{^*\}mathrm{URL}$: https://github.com/garciparedes/single-source-transportation-problem

| Coste Mínimo $c=17003$ | | Destinos $n = 12$ | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|-------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|----|----|-----|-----|
| | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Orígenes $m=8$ | 1 | 64 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 109 |
| | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 88 | 0 | 0 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 82 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 39 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 113 | 0 |
| | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 95 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 78 | 0 | 0 |
| | 6 | 0 | 0 | 95 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 112 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 8 | 0 | 98 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 77 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Tabla 1: Solución óptima para el problema aplicando la relajación lineal de varias fuentes.

| Coste Mínimo $c=21942$ | | Destinos $n = 12$ | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|-------------------|----|----|----|----|-----|----|-----|----|----|-----|-----|
| | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Orígenes $m = 8$ | 1 | 69 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 104 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 89 | 0 | 0 | 68 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 82 | 0 | 0 | 109 |
| | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 113 | 0 |
| | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 95 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 78 | 0 | 0 |
| | 6 | 0 | 0 | 95 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 112 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 8 | 0 | 98 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Tabla 2: Solución óptima para el problema aplicando la restricción de fuente única.

Apéndice A Código Fuente

A.1 Problema de Transporte con Fuente Única: Relajación Lineal

```
model "single-source-transportation-relaxation"
    ! Single Source Transportation - Relaxation
    ! Sergio García Prado - garciparedes.me
    ! April 2018
                 _____
   uses "mmxprs";
    declarations
       n, m: integer
    end-declarations
    initializations from "data.dat"
    end-initializations
    {\tt declarations}
       origins = 1..m
       destinations = 1..n
       offer: array(origins) of real
       demand: array(destinations) of real
       cost: array(origins, destinations) of real
       x: array(origins, destinations) of mpvar
    end-declarations
    initializations from "data.dat"
       offer demand cost
    end-initializations
    forall(i in origins) do
       res_ori(i) := sum(j in destinations) x(i, j) <= offer(i)
   forall(j in destinations) do
       res_dest(j) := sum(i in origins) x(i, j) >= demand(j)
    objetive := sum(i in origins, j in destinations) x(i, j) * cost(i, j)
   minimize(objetive)
   writeln("objetive = ", getobjval)
   writeln
    forall(i in origins) do
       writeln
       forall(j in destinations) do
           write(getsol(x(i,j)), "\t")
       end-do
    end-do
end-model
```

A.2 Problema de Transporte con Fuente Única: Modelo 1

```
model "single-source-transportation-model-1"
    ! Single Source Transportation - Model 1
    ! Sergio García Prado - garciparedes.me
    ! April 2018
    uses "mmxprs";
    declarations
        n, m: integer
    end-declarations
    initializations from "data.dat"
       n m
    end-initializations
    declarations
        origins = 1..m
        destinations = 1..n
        offer: array(origins) of real
        demand: array(destinations) of real
        cost: array(origins, destinations) of real
        x: array(origins, destinations) of mpvar
        y: array(origins, destinations) of mpvar
    end-declarations
    initializations from "data.dat"
       offer demand cost
    end-initializations
    forall(i in origins, j in destinations) do
        y(i, j) is_binary
        res\_logic(i, j) := x(i, j) \leftarrow minlist(offer(i), demand(j)) * y(i, j)
    forall(i in origins) do
        res_ori(i) := sum(j in destinations) x(i, j) <= offer(i)</pre>
    end-do
    forall(j in destinations) do
        res_dest(j) := sum(i in origins) x(i, j) >= demand(j)
        res\_single(j) := sum(i in origins) y(i, j) <= 1
    objetive := sum(i in origins, j in destinations) x(i, j) * cost(i, j)
    minimize(objetive)
    writeln("objetive = ", getobjval)
    forall(i in origins) do
        writeln
        forall(j in destinations) do
           write(getsol(x(i,j)), "\t")
        end-do
    end-do
end-model
```

A.3 Problema de Transporte con Fuente Única: Modelo 2

```
offer: array(origins) of real
         demand: array(destinations) of real
         cost: array(origins, destinations) of real
         y: array(origins, destinations) of mpvar
    end-declarations
    initializations from "data.dat"
        offer demand cost
    end-initializations
    forall(i in origins, j in destinations) do
        y(i, j) is_binary
    forall(i in origins) do
        res\_ori(i) := sum(j in destinations) demand(j) * y(i, j) <= offer(i)
    end-do
    forall(j in destinations) do
        res_dest(j) := sum(i in origins) y(i, j) = 1
    objetive := sum(i \text{ in origins, } j \text{ in destinations}) \text{ demand(j)} * y(i, j)* cost(i, j)
    minimize(objetive)
    writeln("objetive = ", getobjval)
    writeln
    forall(i in origins) do
         writeln
         forall(j in destinations) do
             \label{eq:write} write(\texttt{getsol}(\texttt{y}(\texttt{i},\texttt{j})) \ * \ \texttt{demand}(\texttt{j}), \ "\t")
    end-do
end-model
```

Apéndice B Datos

```
! Problema de transporte con fuente única
! Datos de un ejemplo con m = 8 y n = 12.
! Hay que resolver el problema de transporte normal y el problema con fuente única
! calculando el incremento en el coste total
m: 8
n: 12
offer:[176 163 192 152 178 105 127 175]
demand: [69 98 95 89 95 104 68 112 82 78 113 109]
6 78 31 54 56 34 83 76 74 67 62 46
96 30 94 6 59 99 34 86 41 77 89 95
 84 63 41 94 63 57 55 76 3 95 54 62
 65 94 23 56 99 70 5 71 68 97 7 53
 8 44 89 56 14 70 81 97 59 43 80 96
98 78 7 4 32 37 35 93 59 74 56 52
 4 12 32 9 29 7 18 17 34 15 61 57
 99 1 67 82 24 12 72 53 52 44 78 49]
! Solución: el incremento en el costo es de 4939 ( pasa de 17003 a 21942)
```

Referencias

- [FIC] FICO Xpress. Xpress-Mosel. http://www.maths.ed.ac.uk/hall/Xpress/FICO_Docs/mosel/mosel_lang/dhtml/moselref.html/.
- [GP18] Sergio García Prado. Network Flow Transeuro, 2018. https://github.com/garciparedes/network-flow-transeuro.
- [SA18] Jesús Sáez Aguado. Programación Entera, 2017/18. Facultad de Ciencias: Departamento de Estadística e Investigación Operativa.